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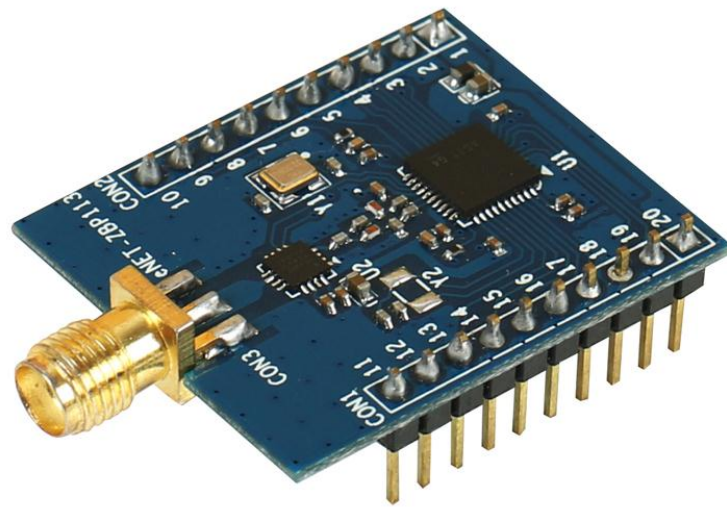
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User Manual

V1.0 – August 16, 2014

BestU

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Version Updated:

| Version | Updated Date | Description |
|---------|--------------|-------------|
| 1.0 | 2014-08-16 | Released |

Catalogue

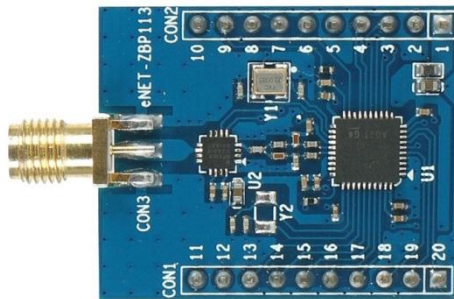
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1 Product Overview

1.1 Product Description

eNet-ZBP113 module is a ZigBee embedded wireless module which is based on TI CC2530F256 and designed by BestU. The features of the chip, such as low power, excellent performance of a leading RF transceiver, SoC for IEEE 802.15.4 with 8051MCU, TI Z-Stack™ protocol stack and etc. make it a robust and complete ZigBee RF4CE remote-control solution.

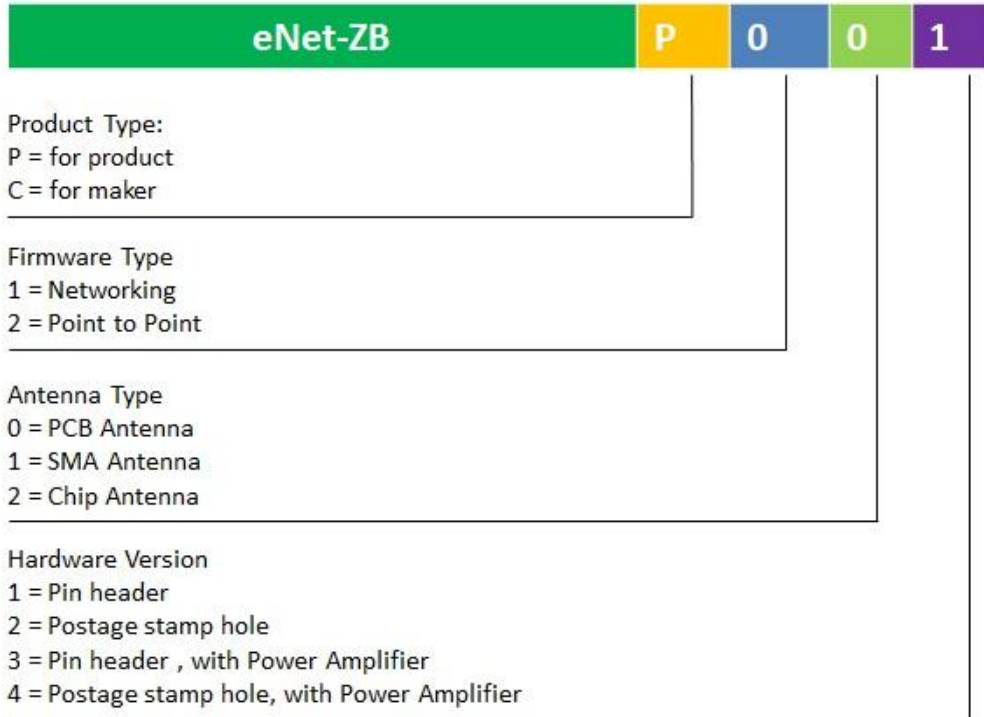


eNet-ZBP113 module operates in the unlicensed 2.4GHz ISM(Industrial, Scientific and Medical) band with data rate up to 250kb/s. Sixteen channels are allocated in the 2.4 GHz band, with each channel requiring 5 MHz of bandwidth. Self-organizing network and easy to use are the main features of eNet-ZBP113module. It is not necessary for you to understand complex ZigBee protocol. All the processing part of ZigBee protocol can be done internally by eNet-ZBP113 module. What you only need to do is to sending and receiving data via serial port, which can shorten lead time of product tremendously. Meanwhile eNet-ZBP113 module has the advantage of low-power and low-cost. As a consequence, eNet-ZBP113 module is the best choice for remote monitoring application, such as smart home, smart grid, industrial automation and security monitoring and etc.

BestU provides two kinds of ZigBee application protocols within the eNet-ZBP113 module, one for networking communication protocol, another for point-to-point communication protocol.

The eNet-ZB series modules are named according to their hardware and software features in the

following form:





1.2 Package List

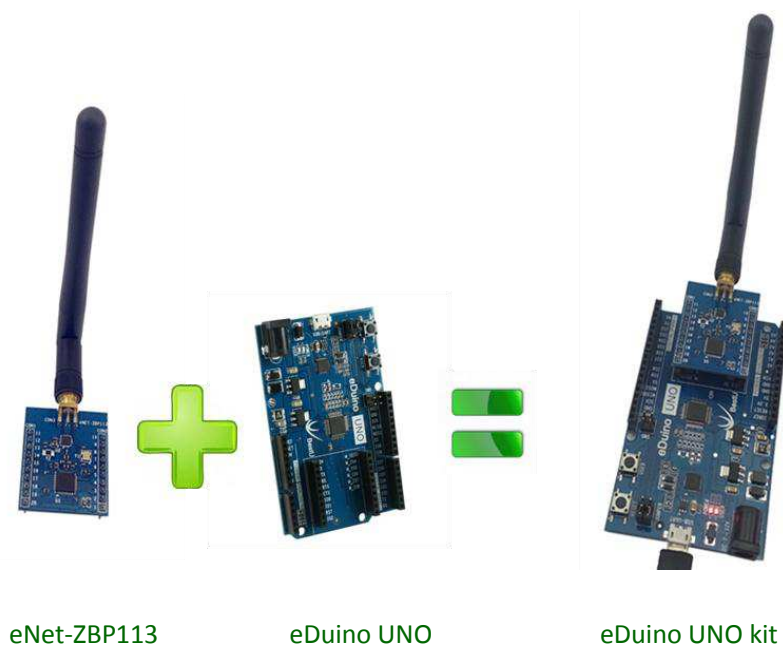
Table 1-1 Package list

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Product Name | eNet-ZBP113 |
| Standard Configuration | 1) eNet-ZBP113 * 1 2) 2.4G Antenna *1 |
| Optional Accessories | 1) eDuino UNO 2) eNet-Test-A base board |

1.3 Development Kits

There are two available development kits for eNet-ZBP113, eDuino UNO wireless kit and Simple Wireless kit.

1.3.1 eDuino UNO Wireless Kit



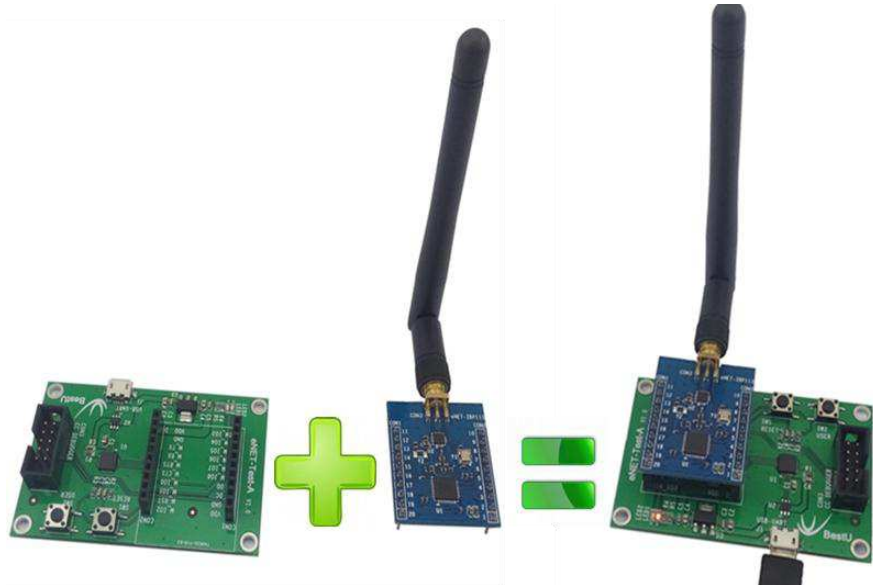
What's included in the eDuino UNO kit:

Table 1-2 Package List of eDuino UNO Kit

| Part Description | Quantity / PCS |
|------------------------|----------------|
| eNet-ZBP113 | 1 |
| 2.4GHz Antenna(2.5dBi) | 1 |
| eDuino UNO | 1 |
| Jumper | 2 |



1.3.2 Simple Wireless Kit



eNet-Test-A

eNet-ZBP113

Simple Wireless kit

What's included in the Simple Wireless kit:

Table 1-3 Package List of Simple Wireless Kit

| Part Description | Quantity / PCS |
|------------------------|----------------|
| eNet-ZBP113 | 1 |
| 2.4GHz Antenna(2.5dBi) | 1 |
| eNet-Test-A | 1 |



2 Hardware Feature

2.1 Dimensions

UNIT: mm

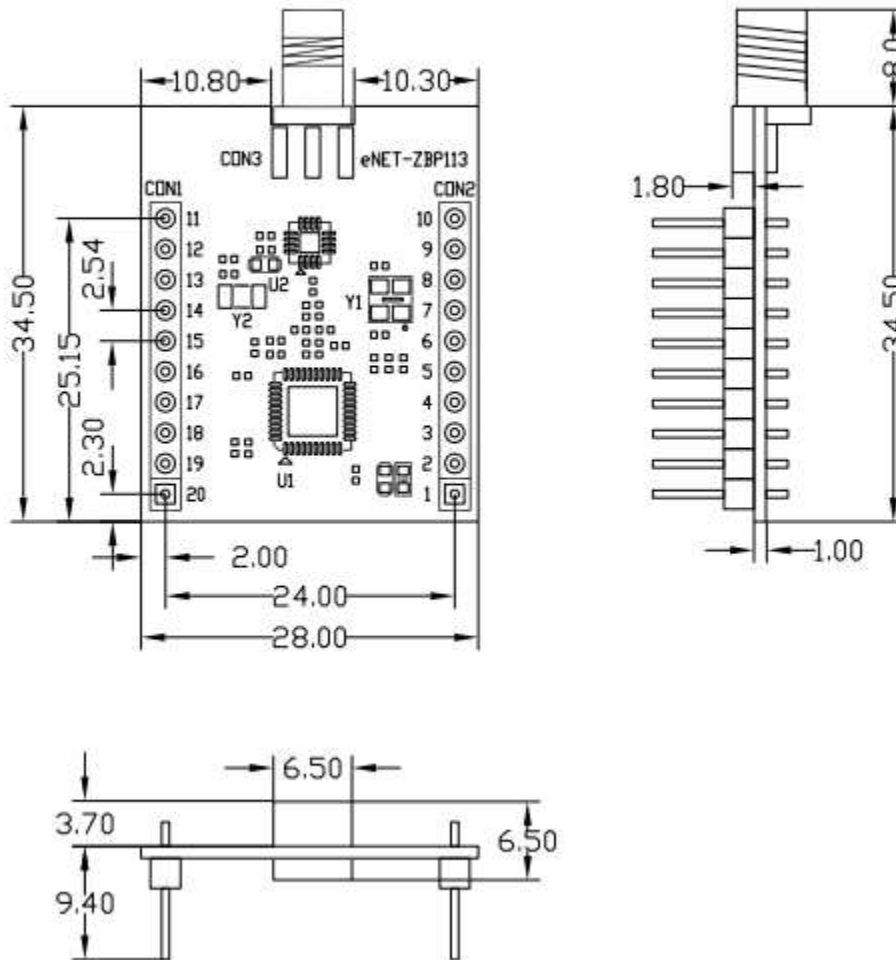


Figure 2-1 Dimensions

2.2 Pin-Out

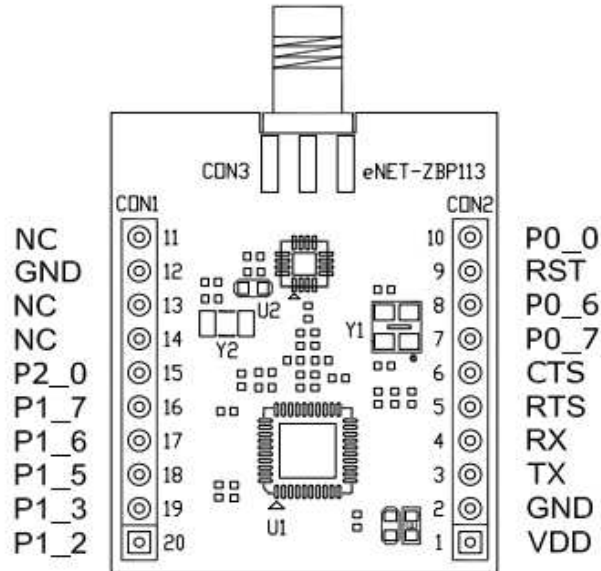


Figure 2-2 Pin out diagram

Table 2-1 Pin out description

| Pin NO | Pin Name | Direction | Function | Remark |
|--------|----------|-----------|--------------------------|---|
| 1 | VDD | — | 3.3V Power | |
| 2 | GND | — | GND | |
| 3 | TX | O | TXD | TTL (3.3V) |
| 4 | RX | I | RXD | TTL (3.3V) |
| 5 | RTS | — | NC | Reserve |
| 6 | CTS | — | NC | Reserve |
| 7 | P0_7 | O | Communication State | 1HZ square wave output |
| 8 | P0_6 | O | Network Connection State | 1HZ square wave output in specific case |
| 9 | RST | I | RST | Reserve. |
| 10 | P0_0 | — | NC | Reserve |
| 11 | NC | — | | |
| 12 | GND | — | | |
| 13 | NC | — | | |
| 14 | NC | — | | |
| 15 | P2_0 | — | NC | Reserve |

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| | | | | |
|----|------|---|----|---------|
| 16 | P1_7 | — | NC | Reserve |
| 17 | P1_6 | — | NC | Reserve |
| 18 | P1_5 | — | NC | Reserve |
| 19 | P1_3 | — | NC | Reserve |
| 20 | P1_2 | — | NC | Reserve |



Note: The reserved pins mentioned above do not need to pay attention in actual case. Only need to connect RX, TX, VDD and GND.

- P0_6 & P0_7 Output Specification
 - ◆ When configured as Coordinator

P0_6 outputs high level after reset. If ZigBee protocol working regularly, P0_6 outputs 1HZ square wave.

P0_7 outputs low level after reset. It will output a high level when receive data (The hold time is determined by the total receive time of a package data).
 - ◆ When configured as Router or End Devices

P0_6 outputs high level after reset. If the module has connected to a network, P0_6 will output 1HZ square wave.

P0_7 outputs low level after reset. It will output a high level when receive data (The holding time is determined by the total receive time of a package data).
- Serial port default settings:
 - ◆ Default baud rate: 38400bps

Recommended configuration: 38400bps

Baud rate range: 1200~38400bps.
 - ◆ Parity: None
 - ◆ Data: 8bit
 - ◆ Stop: 1bit
- Serial port data sending limitation

Max package size: 256 Byte.

2.3 Product Specification

Table 2-2 Product Specification

| Typical DC Character (VDD=3.3V @ +25°C) | | Remark |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| mA(TXD) | 120mA(Max) | |
| mA(RXD) | 40mA(Max) | |
| mA(Standby) | 35 mA(Max) | |
| Typical RF Character | | |
| Frequency Range | 2.405GHz~2.480GHz | |
| RF Channel Quantities | 16 | |
| TX Rate | 250Kbps(Max) | |
| RX sensitivity | -97dBm | |
| TX Power | 10-20 dBm | Adjustable.20dBm default |
| Output Impedance | 50 ohm | |
| Typical Networking Character | | |
| Wireless Protocol | ZigBee 2007 | |
| Network Node | 65535(Max) | |
| Configured Node | Coordinator / Router | |
| Network Topology | Mesh Network (MESH) | |
| Distance | 1600 meters | Visible, open transmission distance |

2.4 Electric Property

2.4.1 Absolute Ratings

Table 2-3 Absolute Ratings

| Parameter | Min | Max | Remark |
|----------------|-------|----------|--------|
| Supply Voltage | -0.3V | 3.6V | |
| Pin | -0.3V | VDD+0.6V | |
| Temp Range | -40°C | 85°C | |

2.4.2 Operating Ratings

Table 2-4 Operating Ratings

| Parameter | Min | Max | Remark |
|----------------|-------|------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage | 2.7V | 3.3V | |
| Temp Range | -40°C | 85°C | |
| Humidity Range | 0% | 90% | No Condensation |

2.5 Typical Application

eNet-ZB serials modules provide transparent data transmission through serial port. The typical application as below:

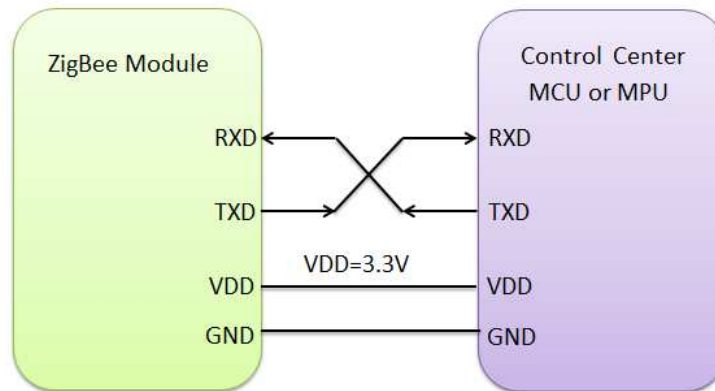


Figure 2-3 Typical Application Diagram

3 Configuration

eNet-ZBP113 provides convenient and efficient configuration methods. Users can reconfigure parameters with configuration commands or with configuration software tool on PC. The module will work with new parameters after reset.

3.1 Configuration command

Configuration commands are need if you want to change the configuration with using a MCU or MPU. Please refer to [Figure 2-3 Typical Application Diagram](#) and [4.2 configuration command description](#).

3.2 Configuration software

- 1) To connect the module with Serial Port. Click **Connect** button.

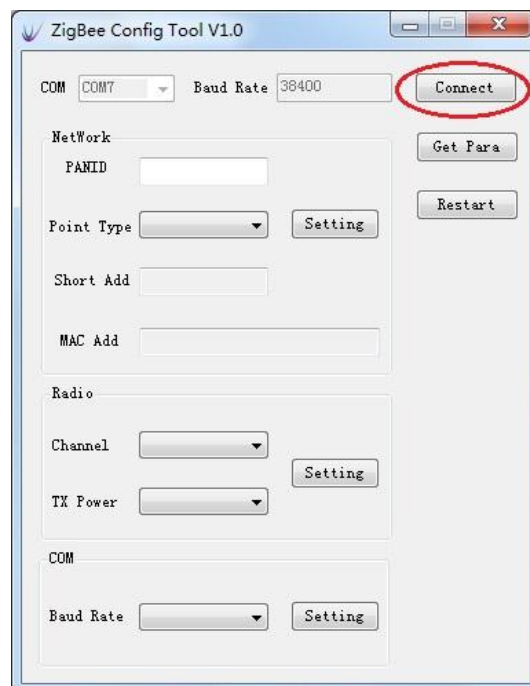


Figure 3-1 Connect the Module

- 2) Get the parameters from the Module.

Click the **Get Para** to get the current parameters of the module.

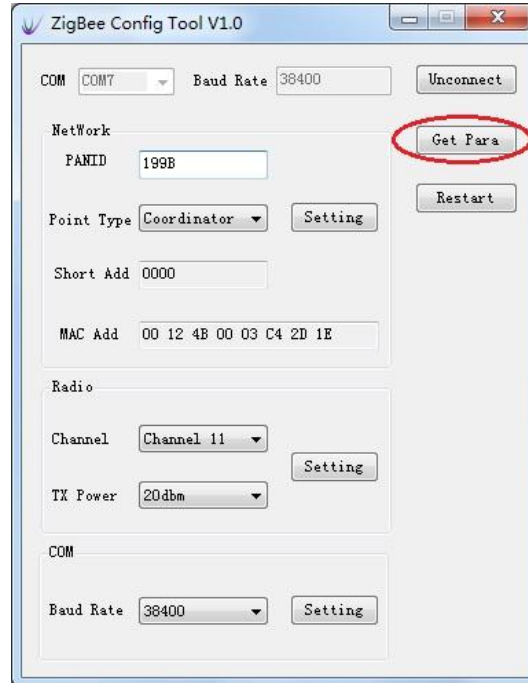


Figure 3-2 Get the parameters

- 3) Set the **Network** parameters.

Set the **PANID** or change the **Point type**. Click **Setting** button to finish the setting.

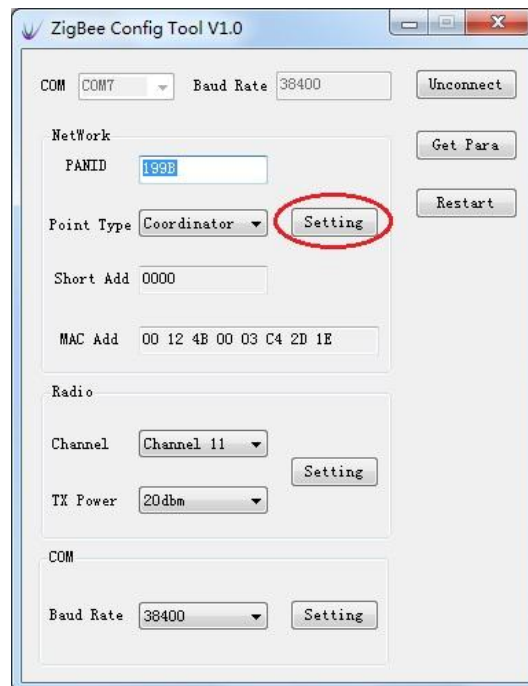


Figure 3-3 Set the network parameters

- 4) Set the **Radio** parameters.

Set the **Channel** or **TX Power** and click **Setting** to finish the setting.

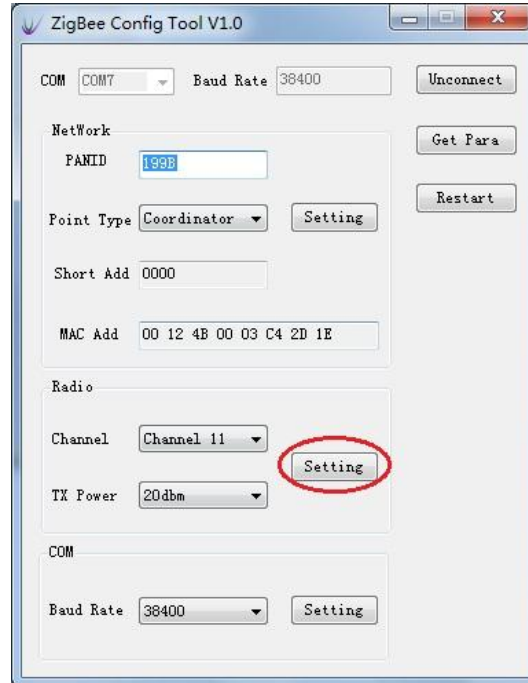


Figure 3-4 Set the Radio parameters

- 5) Set the **COM** parameters.

Set the **Baud Rate** and click the **Setting** to finish the Setting.

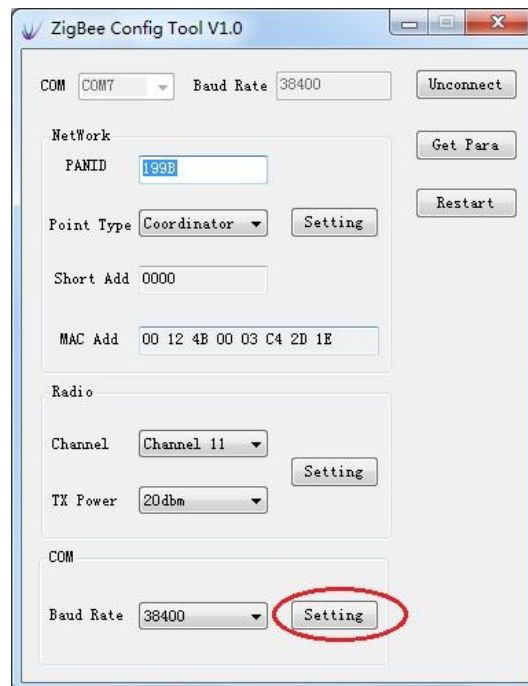


Figure 3-5 Set the UART parameters

- 6) **Restart** the module.

Click the **Restart** to make the module work with the parameters set by steps before after restart.

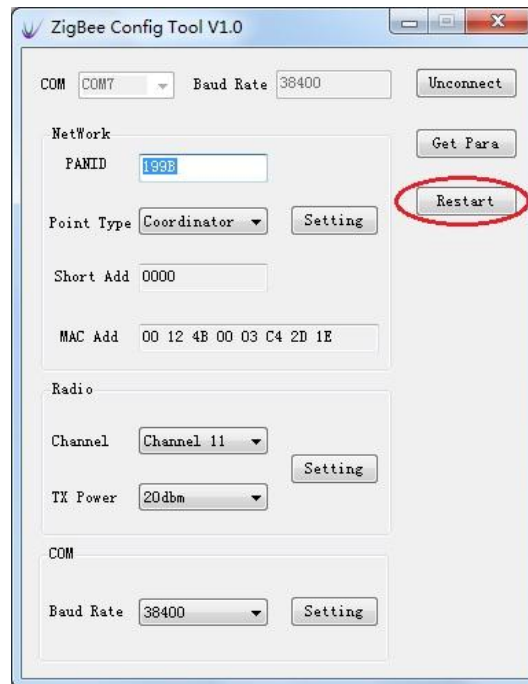


Figure 3-6 Restart module

- 7) Connect the module. Click **Get Para** and check the parameters is right .

4 Configuration Command

4.1 Configuration Command Format

Configuration Command is composed of **Beginning Characters**, **Length**, **Control Field**, **Data** and **Checksum**.



Figure 4-1 Configuration Command Format

- 1) **Beginning Characters**: Consists of 1byte, 0xFE by default.
- 2) **Length**: Consists of 1byte.It's the number of byte of Control Field and Data.
- 3) **Control Field**: It consists of 1byte and indicates the current command type. The configuration command list of eNet-ZB module is shown as below.

Table 4-1 Configuration Command List

| NO. | Control Field (HEX) | Description |
|-----|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | 0x01 | Read PANID |
| 2 | 0x41 | Set PANID |
| 3 | 0x02 | Read device type |
| 4 | 0x42 | Set device type |
| 5 | 0x03 | Read Short Address |
| 6 | 0x04 | Read communication channel |
| 7 | 0x44 | Set communication channel |
| 8 | 0x05 | Read Serial port baud rate |
| 9 | 0x45 | Set Serial port baud rate |
| 10 | 0x06 | Read user ID |
| 11 | 0x46 | Set user ID |
| 12 | 0x07 | Read transmission mode |
| 13 | 0x47 | Set transmission mode |
| 14 | 0x08 | Read transmission power |



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| NO. | Control Field (HEX) | Description |
|-----|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 15 | 0x48 | Set transmission power |
| 16 | 0x09 | Read device MAC address |
| 17 | 0x4A | Reset system |

- 4) **Data:** There are many kinds of command. For more details, refer to [4.2 Configuration Command description](#).
- 5) **Checksum:** it's octal arithmetic sum of **Beginning Character, Length, Control Field** and **User ID**.

4.2 Configuration Command Description

4.2.1 Set PANID (0x41)

This command is used to set PANID. The format of this command is as below:

Table 4-2 PANID Command format

| Name | Length(Byte) | Description |
|---------|--------------|----------------------------|
| PANID_H | 1 | High Byte of current PANID |
| PANID_L | 1 | Low Byte of current PANID |

Example: The PANID need to be set as 0x199B.

Send: FE 03 41 19 9B F6

Right Response: FE 02 C1 00 C1

Error Response: FE 02 C1 01 C2

4.2.2 Read PANID (0x01)

This command is used to set PANID. For the format of this command, refer to [Table 4-2 PANID Command format](#).

Example: The current PANID is 0x199B.

Send: FE 01 01 00

Response: FE 03 81 19 9B 36

4.2.3 Set Device Type (0x42)

This command is used to configure device type (Coordinator or Router). The format of this command is as below:

Table 4-3 Device Type

| Name | Length(Byte) | Description |
|-------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Device Type | 1 | 0x00: Coordinator |
| | | 0x01: Router |

Example: The module needs to be set as Coordinator.

Send: FE 02 42 **00** 42

Right Response: FE 02 C2 **00** C2

Error Response: FE 02 C2 **01** C3

4.2.4 Read Device Type (0x02)

This command is used to read current device type. For the format of this command, refer to Table [4-3 Device Type](#).

Example: The module is Router type.

Send: FE 01 02 01

Response: FE 02 82 **01** 83

4.2.5 Read Device Short Address (0x03)

This command is used to read current short address. The format of this command is as follow:

Table 4-4 Short Address

| Name | Length(Byte) | Description |
|--------|--------------|---|
| ADDR_H | 1 | Current Network short address high byte |
| ADDR_L | 1 | Current Network short address low byte |

Example: The device's network short address is 0x1ED6.

Send: FE 01 03 02

Response: FE 03 83 **1E D6** 78

4.2.6 Set Communication Channel (0x44)

This command is used to configure communication channel (there are 16 channels, which from 11 to 26, located in 2.4GHz band). The format of this command is as follow:

Table 4-5 Communication Channel

| Name | Length(Byte) | Description |
|---------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Channel | 4 | 0x00000800 Channel 11, 2405MHz |
| | | 0x00001000 Channel 12, 2410MHz |
| | | 0x00002000 Channel 13, 2415MHz |
| | | 0x00004000 Channel 14, 2420MHz |
| | | 0x00008000 Channel 15, 2425MHz |
| | | 0x00010000 Channel 16, 2430MHz |
| | | 0x00020000 Channel 17, 2435MHz |
| | | 0x00040000 Channel 18, 2440MHz |
| | | 0x00080000 Channel 19, 2445MHz |
| | | 0x00100000 Channel 20, 2450MHz |
| | | 0x00200000 Channel 21, 2455MHz |
| | | 0x00400000 Channel 22, 2460MHz |
| | | 0x00800000 Channel 23, 2465MHz |
| | | 0x01000000 Channel 24, 2470MHz |
| | | 0x02000000 Channel 25, 2475MHz |
| | | 0x04000000 Channel 26, 2480MHz |

Example: Set the communication channel as20.

Send: FE 05 44 00 00 10 00 57

Right Response: FE 02 C4 00 C4

Error Response: FE 02 C4 01 C5

4.2.7 Read Communication Channel (0x04)

This command is used to read current communication channel. For the format of return data, refer to [Table 4-5 Communication Channel](#).

Example: The current communication channel is 21.

Send: FE 01 04 03

Response: FE 05 84 00 00 20 00 A7

4.2.8 Set Serial Port Rate (0x45)

This command is used to set UART rate. The format of this command is as follow:

Table 4-6 Serial Port Rate

| Name | Length(Byte) | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Serial Port Badu Rate | 1 | 0x00:Baud Rate 9600 |
| | | 0x01:Baud Rate 19200 |
| | | 0x02:Baud Rate 38400 |
| | | 0x03:Baud Rate 57600 |
| | | 0x04:Baud Rate 115200 |

Example: Set Serial Rate as 115200.

Send: FE 02 45 04 49

Right Response: FE 02 C5 00 C5

Error Response: FE 02 C5 01 C6

4.2.9 Read Serial Rate (0x05)

This command is used to read current serial rate. For the format of this command, refer to [Table 4-6 Serial Port Rate](#).

Example: Current Serial Rate is 115200.

Send: FE 01 05 04

Response: FE 02 85 04 89