imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





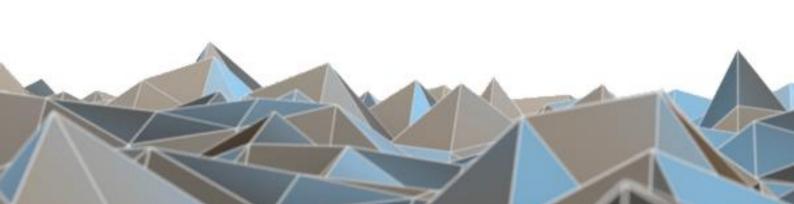
BLUETECHNIX Embedding Ideas

Sentis-ToF-M100

Hardware User Manual

Version 0.10







Bluetechnix

Waidhausenstraße 3/19 A-1140 Vienna AUSTRIA

office@bluetechnix.com www.bluetechnix.com

Sentis-ToF-M100 – Hardware User Manual

Document No.: 900-308 / A

Publication date: January 26, 2015

Subject to change without notice. Errors excepted.

This document is protected by copyright. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted for any purpose in any form or by any means, electronically or mechanically, without expressly written permission by Bluetechnix GmbH.

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft.



Table of Contents

| 1 | G | ieneral | Information6 |
|---|------|---------|-----------------------------|
| | 1.1 | Syr | nbols Used6 |
| | 1.2 | Cei | tification7 |
| | 1.3 | Saf | ety instructions7 |
| | 1.4 | Ele | ctrical connection7 |
| 0 | verv | iew | |
| | 1.5 | Co | nponents |
| | 1.6 | Inte | erfaces and Connectors |
| 2 | Н | lardwa | re Installation |
| | 2.1 | Мо | unting 10 |
| | 2. | .1.1 | Tripod Socket (a) |
| | 2. | .1.2 | Mounting Holes (b) 10 |
| | 2. | .1.3 | Mount Spacing10 |
| | 2.2 | Pro | cessor cooling |
| | 2.3 | Op | tical Isolation (a) |
| | 2.4 | Ler | is and focus |
| | 2.5 | Ext | ernal ToF-Flash |
| 3 | В | oard E | Description |
| | 3.1 | Sig | nal naming |
| | 3.2 | Co | nnector Numbering |
| | 3.3 | Ма | in-Board |
| | 3. | .3.1 | Interface-Board Connector15 |
| | 3. | .3.2 | Debug Interface |
| | 3. | .3.3 | LED-Board Interface |
| | 3.4 | ToF | F-Flash Adapter |
| | З. | .4.1 | Adapter Assembling |
| | 3. | .4.2 | Modulation Signal Interface |
| | 3.5 | Inte | erface-Board |
| | 3. | .5.1 | Main-Board Connector |
| | З. | .5.2 | Power Connector (a) |
| | З. | .5.3 | Ethernet (b) |
| | 3. | .5.4 | GPIO (c) |
| | 3. | .5.5 | RS232/RS485 (d) |
| | 3. | .5.6 | DIP-Switch (e) |
| 4 | S | oftwar | e |
| | 4.1 | Firr | nware |



| | 4.2 | Der | no Application | 26 |
|---|-----|-------|--|------|
| | 4.3 | Get | tting Started Software Development Example | 26 |
| | 4.4 | Car | mera Firmware Development KITs | 26 |
| | 4.4 | l.1 | VDSP++ Development Package | 26 |
| | 4.4 | l.2 | μCLinux Development Package | 27 |
| 5 | Ар | pend | lix | 28 |
| | 5.1 | Ope | erating Conditions | 28 |
| | 5.1 | .1 | Input current | 28 |
| | 5.2 | Opt | tical Characteristics | 29 |
| | 5.3 | Mea | asurement Specifications | 29 |
| | 5.3 | 3.1 | Measurement Environmental Conditions | 29 |
| | 5.3 | 3.2 | Typical Reproducibility | 29 |
| | 5.3 | 3.3 | Typical Integration Time | 30 |
| | 5.3 | 8.4 | Typical Range | 30 |
| | 5.3 | 8.5 | Accuracy of Distances | 30 |
| | 5.4 | Env | vironmental considerations | 31 |
| | 5.4 | l.1 | Temperature on the Cooling Plate | 31 |
| | 5.4 | 1.2 | Integration Time vs. Frame-rate | 32 |
| | 5.5 | Me | chanical Outline | . 32 |
| 6 | Su | pport | t | 34 |
| | 6.1 | .1 | General Support | .34 |
| | 6.2 | Sof | tware Packages | .34 |
| | 6.3 | Rela | ated Products | 34 |
| 7 | Pro | oduct | History | 35 |
| | 7.1 | Ver | sion Information | . 35 |
| | 7.1 | .1 | Sentis-ToF-M100 | 35 |
| | 7.2 | Anc | omalies | 35 |
| | 7.3 | Doc | cument Revision History | 35 |
| 8 | Inc | lex | | . 36 |



© Bluetechnix GmbH 2015

All Rights Reserved.

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as a guarantee of characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights of technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Bluetechnix makes and you receive no warranties or conditions, express, implied, statutory or in any communication with you. Bluetechnix specifically disclaims any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

Bluetechnix takes no liability for any damages and errors causing of the usage of this board. The user of this board is responsible by himself for the functionality of his application. He is allowed to use the board only if he has the qualification. More information is found in the General Terms and Conditions (AGB).

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact Bluetechnix (http://www.bluetechnix.com).

Warning

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

1 General Information

This guide applies to the Sentis-ToF-M100 camera platform from Bluetechnix GmbH. Follow this guide chapter by chapter to set up and understand your product. If a section of this document only applies to certain camera parts, this is indicated at the beginning of the respective section.

The document applies to X-Grade product from V0.2.0.

1.1 Symbols Used

This guide makes use of a few symbols and conventions:



Warning

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage or damage to the device.



Caution

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor damage to the device, in malfunction of the device or in data loss.



Note

Notes provide information on special issues related to the device or provide information that will make operation of the device easier.

Procedures

A procedure always starts with a headline

1. The number indicates the step number of a certain procedure you are expected to follow. Steps are numbered sequentially.

This sign > indicates an expected result of your action.

References

This symbol indicates a cross reference to a different chapter of this manual or to an external document.



Certification

Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

X-Grade Version

X-Grade version of the products are not intended for sale and have therefore no certifications. The user is responsible for a correct usage in order with federal laws.

1.3 Safety instructions



1.2

Important

This manual is part of the device and contains information and illustrations about the correct handling of the device and must be read before installation or use. Observe the operating instructions. Non-observance of the instructions, operation which is not in accordance with use as prescribed below, wrong installation or handling can affect the safety of people and machinery.

The installation and connection must comply with the applicable national and international standards. Responsibility lies with the person installing the unit.

1.4 Electrical connection



Note

The unit must be connected by a qualified electrician.

Device of protection class III (PC III).

The electric supply must only be made via PELV circuits.

The device must only be powered by a limited energy source ($\leq 30V$; $\leq 8A$; $\leq 100VA$). Disconnect power before connecting the unit.





Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

Overview

1.5 Components

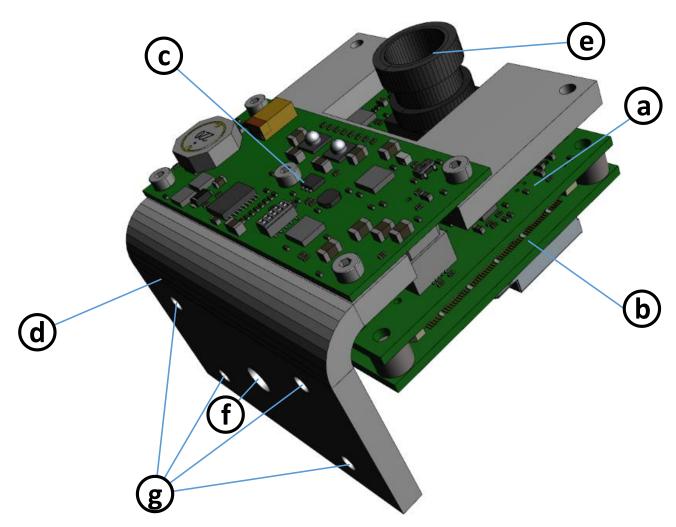


Figure 0-1: Sentis-ToF-M100 components

- a. Main-Board
- b. Interface-Board
- c. LED-Board
- d. Cooling Plate
- e. Sensor Lens
- f. Tripod Socket
- g. Mounting Holes (Use M3 screws for mounting the device to an additional cooling plate)



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

1.6 Interfaces and Connectors

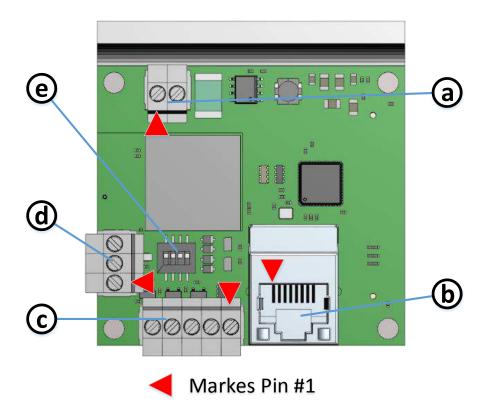


Figure 0-2: Sentis-ToF-M100 connectors and interfaces

- a. Power Supply
- b. Ethernet (RJ45) 10/100Base-T
- c. GPIOs
- d. RS232/485
- e. Configuration DIP-Switch



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

2 Hardware Installation

2.1 Mounting



Caution

Cooling plate may become hot!

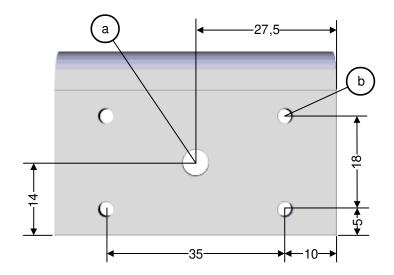


Figure 2-1: Mounting Holes for the Cooling Plate

2.1.1 Tripod Socket (a)

This is a 1/4"-20 screw thread, which allows mounting the Sentis-ToF-M100 to any standard camera tripod.

2.1.2 Mounting Holes (b)

The cooling plate has four M3 screw threads that allows mounting the Sentis-ToF-M100 to a heat spreader.

2.1.3 Mount Spacing

If the Sentis^{ToF} - M100 is used without any additional heat sink attached to the cooling plate, the recommended minimum spacing between hardware and surrounding is 10mm in each direction.

Note

By mounting the camera onto a heat sink, it's allowed to decrease the recommended minimum spacing. In this case the customer is responsible for an adequate cooling.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

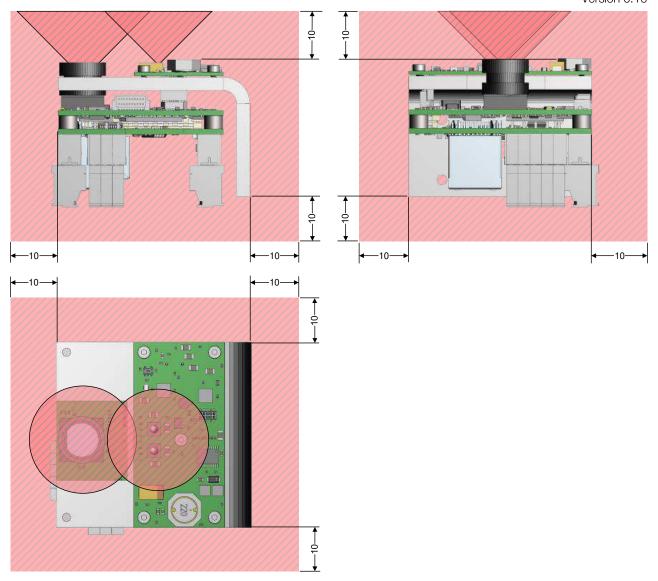


Figure 2-2: Recommended minimum spacing for air circulation

2.2 Processor cooling

In harsh environment or when the Sentis^{ToF} - M100 is used within a case without appropriate cooling it may be necessary to provide a head sink for the processor. Therefore the Interface-Board has a cut-out for gluing an appropriate heat sink onto the processor as shown in the Figure 2-3.





Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

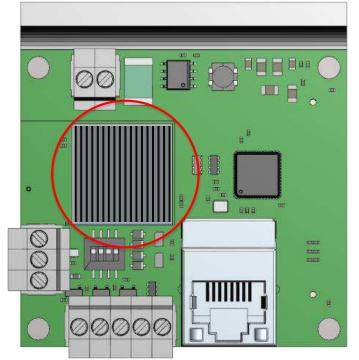


Figure 2-3: Processor with glued heat sink

2.3 Optical Isolation (a)

To prevent direct irradiation from the LED into the camera lens, an optical barrier has to be applied. The following pictures shows the maximum height of two types of such an isolation, dependent of the mounting position.

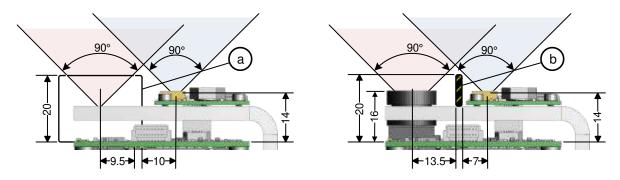


Figure 2-4: Optical Barrier

The isolation can be implemented as a straight barrier (Figure 2-4 b), or a surrounding rectangle barrier (Figure 2-4 a). Figure 2-5 shows a 3D model of both possibilities.



Caution

The optical barrier has to be completely non-transparent for infrared light. Be aware, that many black materials may be transparent for infrared light!



User Manual - Sentis-ToF-M100 Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

Figure 2-5: Optical Barriers (3D Model)

Figure 2-6 shows the recommended dimension of a surrounding optical isolator. On the PCB in the rectangle shown, there are no components placed, therefore the barrier can go down to the PCB.

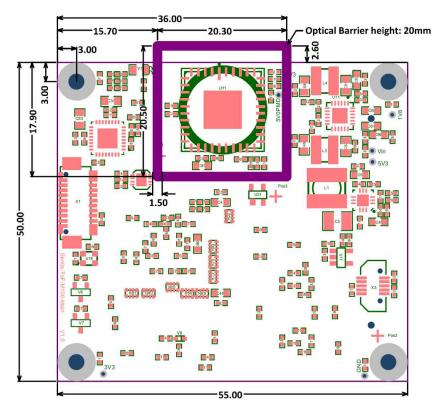


Figure 2-6: Mechanical dimensions for a sensor surrounding optical barrier

2.4 Lens and focus

The M12 lens is not glued onto the lens holder so you can use other lenses or change the focus. If you use other lenses they should be of type "fast lens". Be aware that in that case you may have to recalibrate the sensor.

The sensor array is 7.2mm x 5.4mm.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

2.5 External ToF-Flash

In case you want to use the external ToF-Flash or another external light source you can connect them to the Sentis-ToF-M100 by mounting an appropriate adapter board. Please refer to 3.4.1 to see how to mount the adapter board.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

3 Board Description

3.1 Signal naming

Signal names are usually written in capital letters. They are noted in positive logic (positive asserted). If the signal is negative asserted an "n" will be added as prefix to the signal name.

Type:

The type describes the electrical characteristics of the signal. The following types are available:

- I Input
- O Output
- DN Negative Differential Output
- DP Positive Differential Output
- P Power supply
- 3.3V TTL TTL compatible signal with 3.3V high level and 0V low level
- 5V tolerant Accepts 5V input level

3.2 Connector Numbering

All pins no. 1 of each connector are marked in the figures with a red arrow. The connector numbering always starts at this pin, continuing in this row, and going backwards at the opposite side.



3.3 Main-Board

The Main-Board can be used in connection with a customized daughter-board. In that case you have the possibility to develop a customized board with the interfaces of your need. The Sentis^{ToF} - M100 Main-Board in that case must be connected with the daughter-board using the 100pol board to board connector.

3.3.1 Interface-Board Connector

Mating connector: FX10A-100P/10-SV from Hirose



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

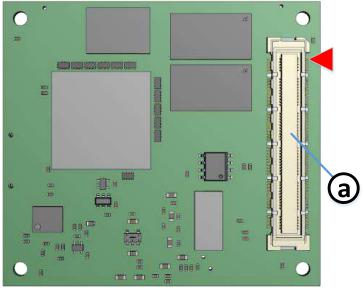


Figure 3-1: Main Board Interface Connector Location

Note

This mezzanine connectors are not reverse polarity protected.

| No | Signal | Туре | Description |
|----|----------|----------|--|
| 1 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 2 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 3 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 4 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 5 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 6 | A1 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 1 |
| 7 | A2 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 2 |
| 8 | A3 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 3 |
| 9 | A4 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 4 |
| 10 | A5 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 5 |
| 11 | A6 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 6 |
| 12 | A7 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 7 |
| 13 | A8 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 8 |
| 14 | A9 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 9 |
| 15 | A10 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Address 10 |
| 16 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 17 | nAMS1 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Select 1 |
| 18 | nAMS2 | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Select 2 |
| 19 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 20 | SPI.MOSI | 0 | Serial Peripheral Interface Data Output |
| 21 | SPI.MISO | I | Serial Peripheral Interface Data Input |
| 22 | SPI.SCLK | 0 | Serial Peripheral Interface Serial Clock |
| 23 | SPI.SS | 0 | Serial Peripheral Interface Slave Select |
| 24 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 25 | I2C.A0 | I | I ² C Slave Address Selection 0 |
| 26 | I2C.A1 | <u> </u> | I ² C Slave Address Selection 1 |



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

| No | Signal | Туре | Description |
|----------|--------------|----------|--|
| 27 | PEN | I | Power Enable |
| 28 | I2C.SDA | Ю | I ² C Data IO |
| 29 | I2C.SCL | I | I ² C Clock Input |
| 30 | BM1 | | Boot-Mode Selection |
| 31 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 32 | PPI.CLK | | Parallel Peripheral Interface Clock Input |
| 33 | PPI.SYNC1 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Frame Sync 1 |
| 34 | PPI.SYNC2 | 10 | Parallel Peripheral Interface Frame Sync 2 |
| 35 | PPI.D7 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 7 |
| 36 | PPI.D6 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 6 |
| 37 | PPI.D5 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 5 |
| 38 | PPI.D4 | 10 | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 4 |
| 39 | PPI.D3 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 3 |
| 40 | PPI.D2 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 2 |
| 41 | PPI.D1 | Ю | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 1 |
| 42 | PPI.D0 | 10 | Parallel Peripheral Interface Data 0 |
| 43 | IV2 | I | Interface Board Version Control 2 |
| 44 | IV1 | I | Interface Board Version Control 1 |
| 45 | IV0 | I | Interface Board Version Control 0 |
| 46 | 3V3 | Р | 3.3V Power output (max. 200mA) |
| 47 | 3V3 | Р | 3.3V Power output (max. 200mA) |
| 48 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 49 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 50 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 51 | VIN | Р | Main Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) |
| 52 | VIN | Р | Main Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) |
| 53 | VIN | Р | Main Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) |
| 54 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 55 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 56 | SSDI.MnS | | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Master/Slave selection |
| 57 | SSDI.nSS | IO | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Slave Select |
| 58 | SSDI.DIN | | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Data Input |
| 59 | SSDI.CLK | 10 | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Clock |
| 60 | SSDI.DOUT0 | 0 | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Data Output 0 |
| 61 | SSDI.DOUT1 | 0 | Synchronous Serial Data Interface data Output 1 |
| 62 | nRST_OUT | 0 | Reset Output |
| 63 | nRST_IN | | Reset Input |
| 64 05 | EXT.MOD_N | DN | Differential Modulation Signal for External Flash |
| 65 | EXT.MOD_P | DP | Differential Modulation Signal for External Flash |
| 66 | OWI | 10 | One Wire Interface |
| 67 67 | PF40 | 10 | GPIO |
| 68 60 | PF39 | 10 10 | GPIO |
| 69 70 | PF38 | 10 | GPIO |
| 70 71 | PF37 | 10 | GPIO GPIO |
| 71 72 | PF36 PF11 | 10 10 | GPIO GPIO |
| 72 73 | UART.TX | 0 | UART transmit data |
| 73 74 | UART.RX | 1 | UART receive data |
| 74 75 | GND | P | Power Ground |
| 75 76 | nARE | P 0 | Asynchronous Memory Read Enable |
| 76 77 | nARE | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Write Enable |
| 11 | HAWE | 0 | Asynchionous Memory While Endule |



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

| No | Signal | Туре | Description | |
|-----|--------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 78 | nAOE | 0 | Asynchronous Memory Output Enable | |
| 79 | GND | Р | Power Ground | |
| 80 | D15 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 15 | |
| 81 | D14 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 14 | |
| 82 | D13 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 13 | |
| 83 | D12 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 12 | |
| 84 | D11 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 11 | |
| 85 | D10 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 10 | |
| 86 | D9 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 9 | |
| 87 | D8 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 8 | |
| 88 | D7 | IO | Asynchronous Memory Data 7 | |
| 89 | D6 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 6 | |
| 90 | D5 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 5 | |
| 91 | D4 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 4 | |
| 92 | D3 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 3 | |
| 93 | D2 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 2 | |
| 94 | D1 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 1 | |
| 95 | D0 | Ю | Asynchronous Memory Data 0 | |
| 96 | VLED | Р | LED Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) | |
| 97 | VLED | Р | LED Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) | |
| 98 | VLED | Р | LED Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) | |
| 99 | VLED | Р | LED Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) | |
| 100 | VLED | Р | LED Supply Voltage (12V to 30V) | |

Table 3-1: 100-pole Main Board Connector Description

3.3.2 Debug Interface

The debug interface is only needed if you want to develop your own application running on the Sentis^{ToF} - M100. Please refer to 4.4.

The mating connector types are: IL-WX-20PB-VF-BE (straight)

IL-WX-20PB-VF-BE (straight) IL-WX-20PB-HF-HD-S-BE (right angle)

Note

ā

This connector is not reverse polarity protected.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

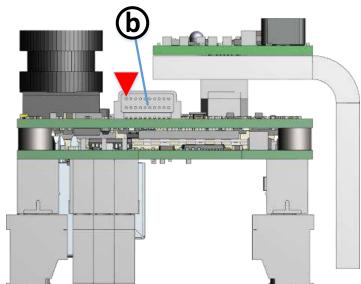


Figure 3-2: Debug Connector Location

| No | Signal | Туре | Description |
|----|------------|------|---|
| 1 | SSDI.TCLK | Ю | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Clock |
| 2 | SSDI.DTPRI | 0 | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Clock |
| 3 | SSDI.DRPRI | I | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Clock |
| 4 | SSDI.TFS | Ю | Synchronous Serial Data Interface Frame Synchronization |
| 5 | JTAG.EMU | 0 | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 6 | JTAG.TMS | I | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 7 | JTAG.TCK | I | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 8 | JTAG.TRST | I | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 9 | JTAG.TDI | I | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 10 | JTAG.TDO | 0 | Blackfin JTAG Interface |
| 11 | 3V3 | Р | 3.3V Power Output (max. 50mA) |
| 12 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 13 | Reserved | | Leave this pin unconnected |
| 14 | Reserved | | Leave this pin unconnected |
| 15 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 16 | Reserved | | Leave this pin unconnected |
| 17 | Reserved | | Leave this pin unconnected |
| 18 | PF38 | 10 | Blackfin GPIO |
| 19 | PF39 | Ю | Blackfin GPIO |
| 20 | GND | Р | Power Ground |

Table 3-2: Debug Connector Interface Description



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

3.3.3 LED-Board Interface

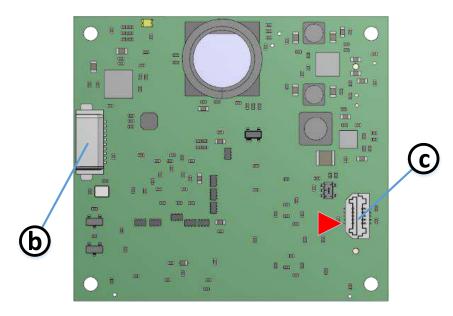


Figure 3-3: LED-Board Interface Connector Location

| No | Signal | Туре | Description |
|----|-----------|------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | I2C.SDA | IO | I ² C Data IO |
| 2 | I2C.SCL | 0 | I ² C Clock Output |
| 3 | LED.EN0 | 0 | LED Enable |
| 4 | LED.MOD_N | DN O | Negative LVDS Modulation Signal |
| 5 | LED.MOD_P | DP O | Positive LVDS Modulation Signal |
| 6 | VLED | Р | LED Voltage Supply |
| 7 | VLED | Р | LED Voltage Supply |
| 8 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 9 | GND | Р | Power Ground |
| 10 | 3V3 | Р | 3.3V Supply (max. 50mA) |

Table 3-3: LED-Board Interface Description

3.4 ToF-Flash Adapter

3.4.1 Adapter Assembling

In case it would be necessary to use an external illumination to extend the range of the Sentis^{ToF} - M100 you can use the modulation signal interface to synchronize this light source with the Sentis^{ToF} - M100. There ate two Adapters, one with the connector facing inside the module, the other facing outside. Perform the following steps to modify the Sentis^{ToF} - M100 for external illuminations.

1. Remove the two mounting screws at the board edge as shown in the picture below



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10



2. Remove the LED-Board while leaving the Cooling Plate.



3. Attach the modulation light interface adapter



4. Screw the adapter with two of the LED-Board screws



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

3.4.2 Modulation Signal Interface

Once the adapter is mounted you can connect an external illumination module using the "Modulation Signal Interface" connector (a) on the Adapter.

Mating Connector Type: MQ172X-4SA-CV

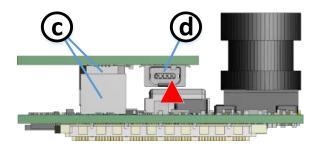


Figure 3-4: Modulation Light Connector Location

The Modulation Light Interface provides the modulation signal for an external illumination module (differential LVDS).



Caution

Overvoltage on the Modulation Light Interface will destroy the Sentis-ToF-M100.

| Pin No. | Signal Name | Туре | Description |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | DATA_EX ¹⁾ | IO (3.3V TTL) | Data exchange signal |
| 2 | EXT.MOD_N | DN | Modulation signal output- |
| 3 | EXT.MOD_P | DP | Modulation signal output+ |
| 4 | GND | Р | Reference ground |

Table 3-4: Modulation Signal Interface



1) Note

The usage of this pin may depend on the firmware version.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

3.5 Interface-Board

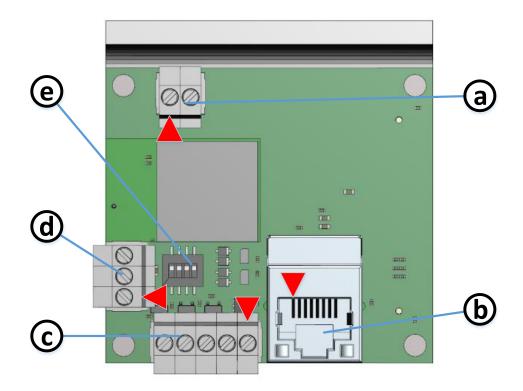


Figure 3-5: Interface Board Connector Location

3.5.1 Main-Board Connector

The Main-Board Connector is described in chapter 3.3.1.

3.5.2 Power Connector (a)

This 3.5mm terminal connector allows plugging a cable entry plug like: **691361100002** from Würth Elektronik. Compatible connectors from other manufacturers may be found as well.

Pin #1 is the positive supply voltage, pin #2 is power ground. This pins are protected against wrong polarity.

Voltage range: 12V to 30V.



Note

Use inherently limited power sources only!

3.5.3 Ethernet (b)

This is a standard straight RJ45 10/100 Base-T compatible Ethernet connector.



3.5.4 GPIO (c)

This 5 pole 3.5mm terminal connector allows plugging a cable entry plug like: **691361100005** from Würth Elektronik.

| No. | BF561 Signal | Туре | Description |
|-----|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | GND | Р | Signal Ground |
| 2 | PF38 | I | General Purpose Input |
| 3 | PF37 PF47 | l O (open drain) | General Purpose Input and Output |
| 4 | PF36 PF40 | l O (open drain) | General Purpose Input and Output |
| 5 | PF11 PF39 | l O (open drain) | General Purpose Input and Output |

Table 3-5: GPIO Connector Description

For the software usage of this GPIOs please refer to the Software User Manual.

This GPIO pins have 12V tolerant inputs. If they are used as outputs, they must be externally pulled up to the IO-voltage.



Caution

Overvoltage on the GPIO input pins (12V max) may permanently damage the device.

3.5.5 RS232/RS485 (d)

This 3 pole 3.5mm terminal connector allows plugging a cable entry plug like: **691361100003** from Würth Elektronik.

| No. | Signal | Туре | Description |
|-----|-------------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | GND | Р | Signal Ground |
| 2 | RS232 RxD ¹⁾ | IO | RS232 Receive Data |
| | RS485 A/Y | DN | RS485 Negative Differential Data |
| 3 | RS232 TxD ¹⁾ | IO | RS232 Transmit Data |
| | RS485 B/Z | DP | RS485 Positive Differential Data |

Table 3-6: GPIO Connector Description



1) Note

The Interface-Mode can be selected with the DIP-Switch 1 (see table below).

Both interfaces are running in half duplex mode only.



Last change: 26 January 2015 Version 0.10

3.5.6 DIP-Switch (e)

The DIP-Switch allows configuring the RS232/RS485 transceiver. The following table shows the functionality of each switch.

| No. | Name | Description |
|-----|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Boot Mode | ON: Boot from 8-bit/16-bit flash OFF: Boot from SPI serial EEPROM |
| 2 | RS485 Enable | ON: Transceiver works in RS485 mode OFF: Transceiver works in RS232 mode |
| 3 | NU | Not Used |
| 4 | RS485 Termination | ON: Enables the 120Ω RS485 termination resistor OFF: No termination resistor is active |

Table 3-7: DIP-Switch Description



Note

Make sure that the termination resistor is always disabled, if the driver runs in RS232 mode.