



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



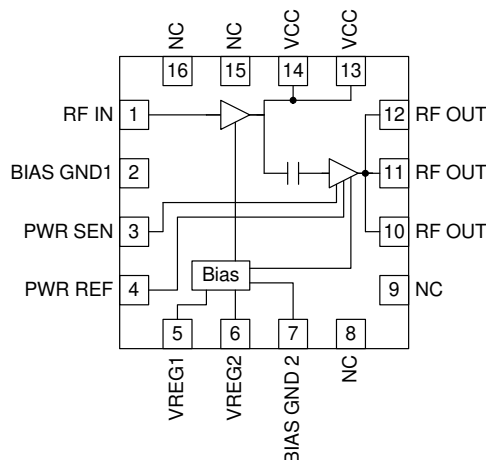


**Features**

- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- +30dBm Saturated Output Power
- 26dB Small Signal Gain
- High Linearity
- 1800MHz to 2800MHz Frequency Range
- +17dBm P<sub>O</sub>, 11G, <3% EVM

**Applications**

- IEEE802.11B WiFi Applications
- IEEE802.11G WiFi Applications
- 2.5GHz ISM Band Applications
- Commercial and Consumer Systems
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Spread-Spectrum and MMDS Systems



Functional Block Diagram

**Product Description**

The RF5117 is a linear, medium-power, high-efficiency amplifier IC designed specifically for battery-powered WiFi applications such as PC cards, mini PCI, and compact flash applications. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, and has been designed for use as the final RF amplifier in 2.5GHz WiFi and other spread-spectrum transmitters. The device is provided in a 3mmx3mm, 16-pin, leadless chip carrier with a backside ground. The RF5117 is designed to maintain linearity over a wide range of supply voltage and power output.

**Ordering Information**

RF5117	Standard 25 piece bag
RF5117SR	Standard 100 piece reel
RF5117TR7	Standard 2500 piece reel
RF5117PCK-410	Fully assembled evaluation board tuned for 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz and 5 piece loose samples

**Optimum Technology Matching® Applied**

- |  |                                      |                                     |                                   |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GaAs HBT | <input type="checkbox"/> SiGe BiCMOS | <input type="checkbox"/> GaAs pHEMT | <input type="checkbox"/> GaN HEMT |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GaAs MESFET         | <input type="checkbox"/> Si BiCMOS   | <input type="checkbox"/> Si CMOS    |                                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> InGaP HBT           | <input type="checkbox"/> SiGe HBT    | <input type="checkbox"/> Si BJT     |                                   |

RF MICRO DEVICES®, RFMD®, Optimum Technology Matching®, Enabling Wireless Connectivity™, PowerStar®, POLARIS™ TOTAL RADIO™ and UltimateBlue™ are trademarks of RFMD, LLC. BLUETOOTH is a trademark owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc., U.S.A. and licensed for use by RFMD. All other trade names, trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. ©2006, RF Micro Devices, Inc.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +6.0	V <sub>DC</sub>
Power Control Voltage (V <sub>REG</sub> )	-0.5 to 3.5	V
DC Supply Current	600	mA
Input RF Power	+10	dBm
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Moisture Sensitivity	JEDEC Level 2	



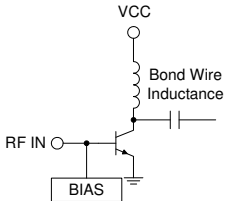
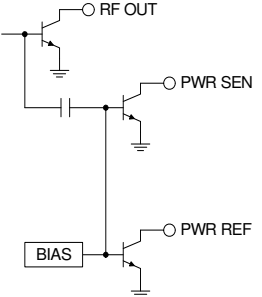
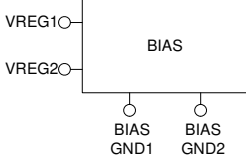
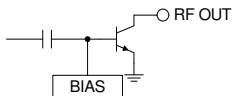
**Caution!** ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

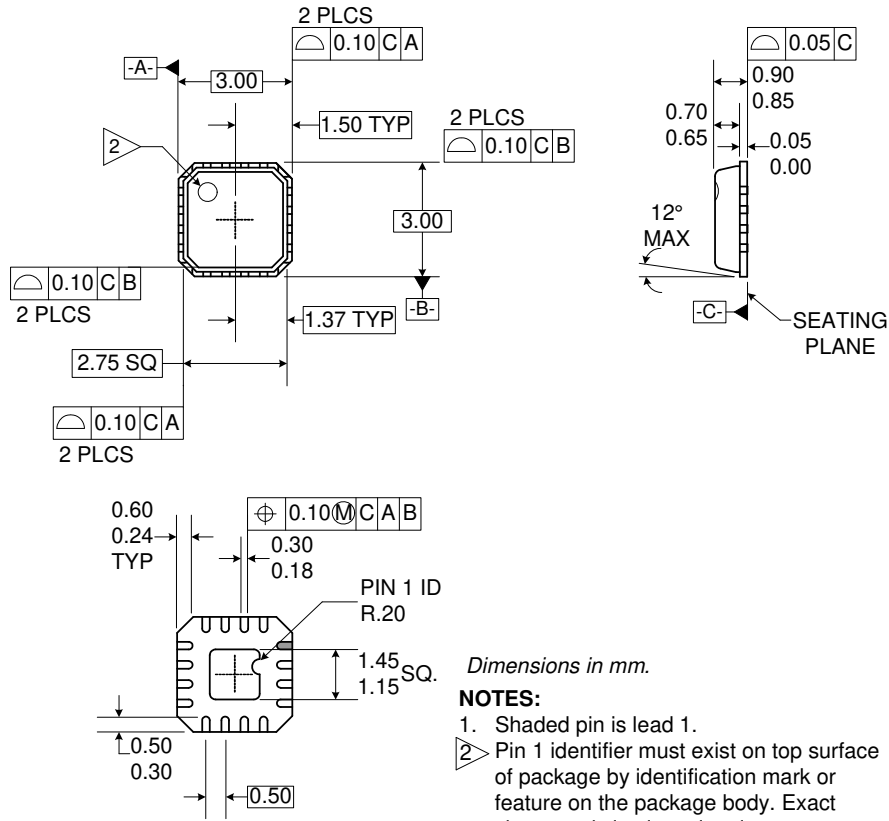
RoHS status based on EU Directive 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

The information in this publication is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by RF Micro Devices, Inc. ("RFMD") for its use, nor for any infringement of patents, or other rights of third parties, resulting from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of RFMD. RFMD reserves the right to change component circuitry, recommended application circuitry and specifications at any time without prior notice.

Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition
	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
<b>Overall</b>					T=25 °C, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V, V <sub>REG</sub> =2.7V, Freq=2450MHz, circuit per evaluation board schematic.
Frequency Range		1800 to 2800		MHz	
Maximum Linear Output Power					With 802.11B modulation (11Mbit/s) and meeting 802.11B spectral mask.
V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V		22		dBm	
V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V		27		dBm	
Linear Efficiency		25		%	
Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)		2.5		%	P <sub>0</sub> = 17 dBm, EVM increases over 11g, 54 MBPS signal input
Small Signal Gain	24	26	28.5	dB	P <sub>IN</sub> = -7 dBm
Reverse Isolation	30			dB	
Second Harmonic		-35		dBc	
802.11B Adjacent Channel Power		-38	-32	dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 21 dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V
Alternate Channel Power		-56	-52	dBc	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 21 dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V
Isolation	35	45		dB	In "OFF" state, P <sub>IN</sub> = -5.0 dBm
Input Impedance		50		Ω	With external matching
Input VSWR		2:1			With external matching
<b>Power Down</b>					
V <sub>REG</sub> "ON"	2.1	2.7	3.0	V	Voltage supplied to control input; device is "ON"
V <sub>REG</sub> "OFF"		0	0.5	V	Voltage supplied to control input; device is "OFF"
<b>Power Supply</b>					
Operating Voltage		3.0 to 5.0		V	
Current Consumption		500		mA	At max output power
		200	220	mA	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 21 dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V
		110		mA	Idle current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>REG</sub> = 2.7V
V <sub>REG</sub> Current (Total)		5	10	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V
		10	15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V

Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	RF IN	RF input. Matching network with DC block required, see evaluation board schematic for details.	
2	BIAS GND1	Ground for first stage bias circuit. Not connected.	See pin 5.
3	PWR SEN	The PWR SEN and PWR REF pins can be used in conjunction with an external feedback path to provide an RF power control function for the RF5117. The power control function is based on sampling the RF drive to the final stage of the RF5117.	
4	PWR REF	Same as pin 3.	See pin 3.
5	VREG1	This pin requires a regulated supply to maintain nominal bias current.	
6	VREG2	Same as pin 5.	See pin 5.
7	BIAS GND2	Ground for second stage bias circuit. For best performance connect to ground with a 10nH inductor.	See pin 5.
8	NC	Not connected.	
9	NC	Not connected.	
10	RF OUT	RF output and bias for the output stage. The power supply for the output transistor needs to be supplied to this pin. This can be done through a quarter-wave length microstrip line that is RF grounded at the other end, or through an RF inductor that supports the required DC currents.	
11	RF OUT	Same as pin 10.	See pin 10.
12	RF OUT	Same as pin 10.	See pin 10.
13	VCC	Interstage match and bias for first stage output. Connect interstage matching capacitor to this pad with a short trace. Connect low-frequency bypass capacitors to this pin with a long trace. See evaluation board layout for details.	See pin 1.
14	VCC	Same as pin 13.	See pin 1.
15	NC	Not connected.	
16	NC	Not connected.	
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The backside of the package should be connected to the ground plane through a short path, i.e., vias under the device will be required.	

## Package Drawing



Dimensions in mm.

**NOTES:**

1. Shaded pin is lead 1.
2. Pin 1 identifier must exist on top surface of package by identification mark or feature on the package body. Exact shape and size is optional.

## Theory of Operation and Application Information

The RF5117 is a two-stage device with a nominal gain of 26dB in the 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz ISM band. The RF5117 is designed primarily for IEEE802.11B/11G WiFi applications where the available supply voltage and current are limited. This amplifier will operate to (and below) the lowest expected voltage made available by a typical PCMCIA slot in a laptop PC, and will maintain required linearity at decreased supply voltages.

The RF5117 requires only a single positive supply of 3.0V nominal (or greater) to operate to full specifications. Power control is provided through two bias control input pins ( $V_{REG1}$  and  $V_{REG2}$ ), but in most applications these are tied together and used as a single control input.

There is some external matching on the input and output of the part, thus allowing the part to be used in other applications outside the 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz ISM band (such as MMDS). Both the input and the output of the device need a series DC-blocking capacitor. In some cases, a capacitor used as a matching component can also serve as the blocking cap. The circuit used on the evaluation board is optimized for 3.0V nominal applications.

For best results, the PA circuit layout from the evaluation board should be copied as closely as possible, particularly the ground layout and ground vias. Other configurations may also work, but the design process is much easier and quicker if the layout is copied from the RF5117 evaluation board. Gerber files of our designs can be provided upon request.

The RF5117 is not a difficult part to implement, but care in circuit layout and component selection is always advisable when designing circuits to operate at 2.5GHz. The most critical passive components in the circuit are the input, interstage and output matching components (C1, C5, and C11). In these cases, high-Q capacitors suitable for RF applications are used on our evaluation board (a BOM is available on request). High-Q parts are not required in every design, but it is very strongly recommended that the original design be implemented with the same or similar parts used on our evaluation board. Then, less costly components can be substituted in their place, making it easy to test the impact of cheaper components on performance. General RFMD experience has indicated that the slightly higher cost of better quality passive components is more than offset by the significant improvements in production yields in large-volume manufacturing. Using less costly components will typically result in a 1 to 2dB degradation in gain.

The interstage matching capacitor, C11, along with the combined inductance of the internal bond wire, the short length of circuit board trace, and the parasitic inductance of this capacitor, tunes the peak of the small-signal gain response. The trace length between C11 and pins 13 and 14 should be kept as short as possible.

In practice,  $V_{CC}$  and the supply for the output stage bias will be tied to the same supply. It is important to isolate C11 from other RF and low-frequency bypass capacitors on this supply line. This can be accomplished using a suitably long transmission line which is RF shorted on the other end. Ideally the length of this line will be a quarter wavelength, but it only needs to be long enough so that the effects of other supply bypass capacitors on the interstage match are minimized. If board space is a concern, this isolation can also be accomplished with an RF choke inductor or ferrite bead. Additionally, a higher-value capacitor than shown on the application schematic can be used if bypass capacitors must be closer. A Smith Chart can be used to provide initial guidance for value selection and parts placement. Be aware of the self-resonant frequency (SRF) of higher-valued capacitors. The SRF must be above the frequency of operation.

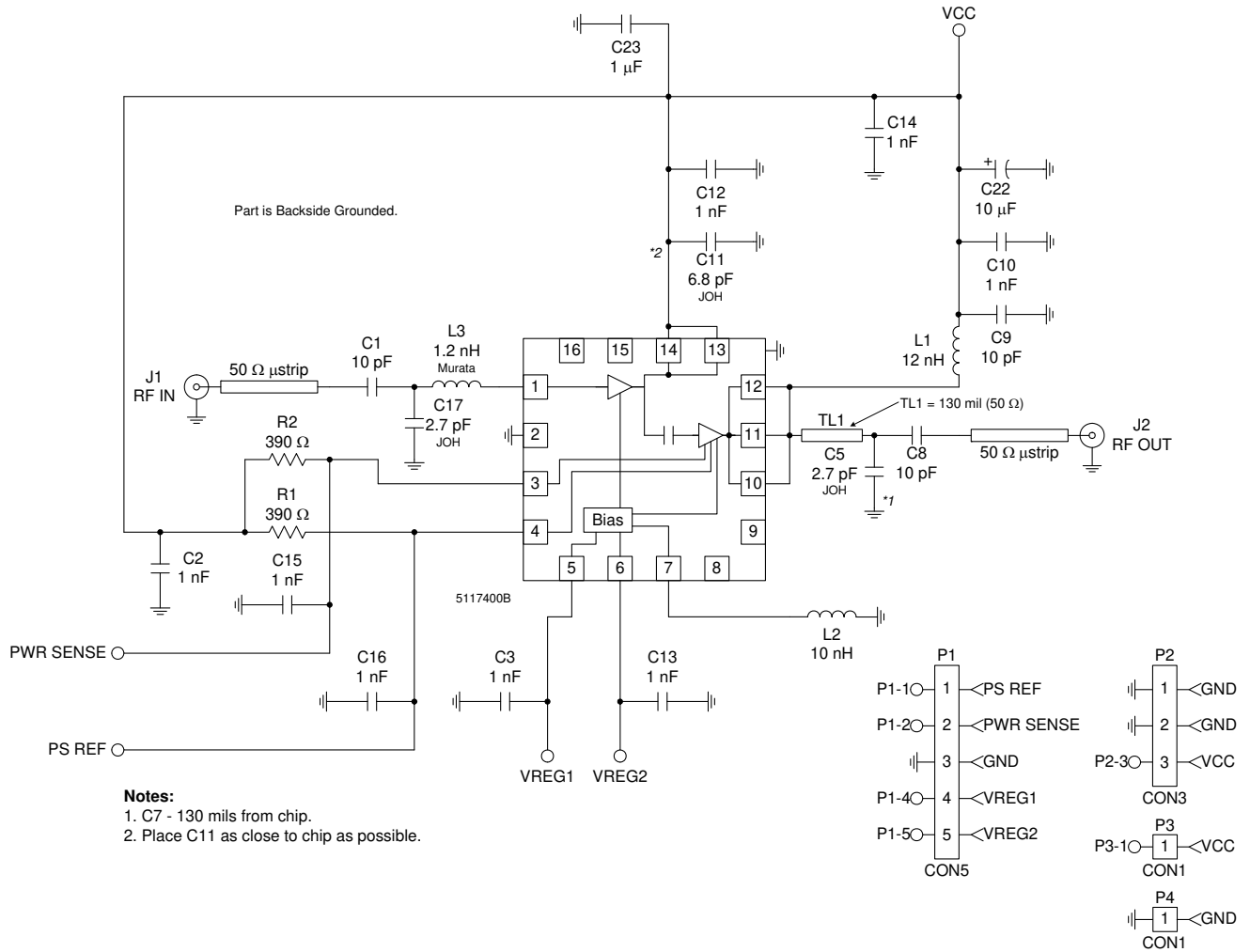
The output matching capacitor is C5, located 130mils from the IC (this distance should be duplicated as closely as possible). Due to variations in FR-4 characteristics and PCB manufacturer process variations, some benefit will be obtained from small adjustments to these transmission line lengths when the evaluation board layout is duplicated on another design. Prior to full rate manufacturing, the board layout of early prototypes should include some additional exposed ground areas around C5 to optimize this part of the circuit. A Smith Chart can help determine the desired value and transmission line length, which can be similarly adjusted on the board prior to production.

The RF5117 can be used with an IEEE802.11g modulation with a few modifications. Pin 2 should not be connected to ground and a 4.7k $\Omega$  resistor should be placed on the  $V_{REG1}$  line. This is done on the evaluation board by cutting the  $V_{REG1}$  trace and placing the resistor on the open line. All other components should not be modified and the IEEE802.11g schematic should be followed as closely as possible.

Power sensing is implemented with the PWR SEN and PWR REF lines. The outputs of these pins are transistor collectors and need to be pulled up to the supply through a resistor. PWR REF provides an output current proportional to the output stage bias current, and PWR SEN provides an output current proportional to the total (RF and bias) current of the output stage. The pull-up resistors convert these currents to voltages, and the voltage difference between these two pins is proportional to the RF current. See the graph, " $V_{REF}-V_{SENSE}$  versus  $P_{OUT}$ ", for the response of this signal. This difference signal can be fed to a power control circuit elsewhere in the end product, or it can be processed at the PA with additional circuitry and used to adjust the  $V_{REG}$  voltage(s) to implement automatic level control. Contact RFMD Sales or Applications Engineering for additional data and guidance in using this feature.

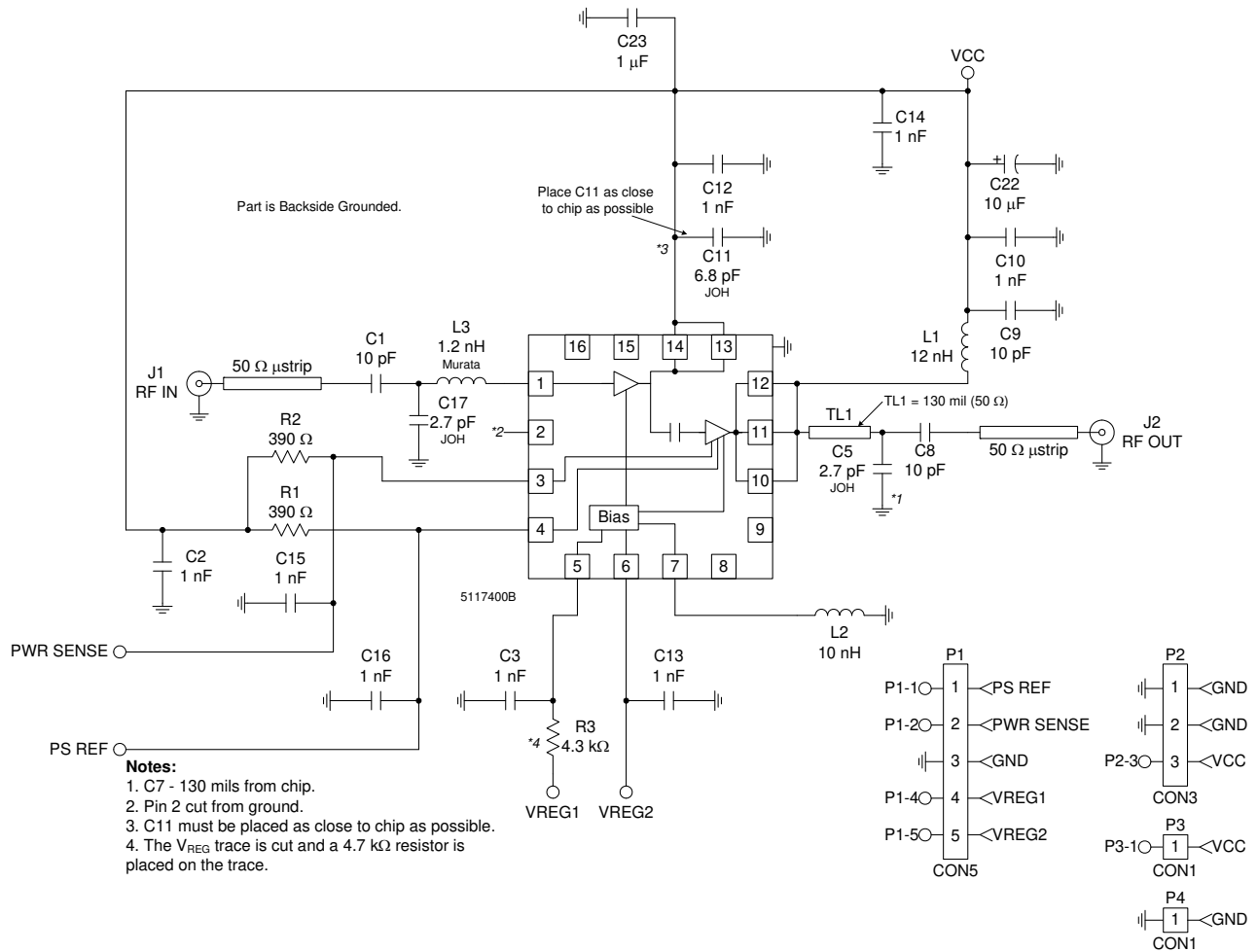
The RF5117 has primarily been characterized with a voltage on  $V_{REG1}$  and  $V_{REG2}$  of  $2.7V_{DC}$ . However, the RF5117 will operate from a wide range of control voltages. If you prefer to use a control voltage that is significantly different than  $2.7V_{DC}$ , contact RFMD Sales or Applications Engineering for additional data and guidance.

## Evaluation Board Schematic - IEEE802.11b 2400MHz to 2483MHz



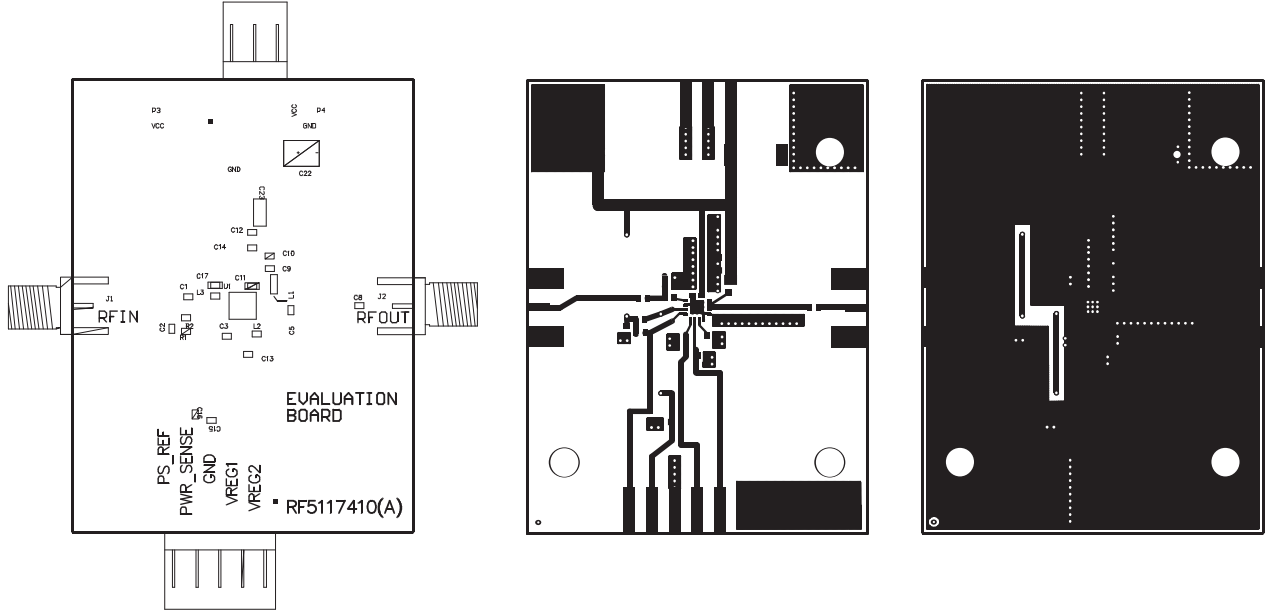


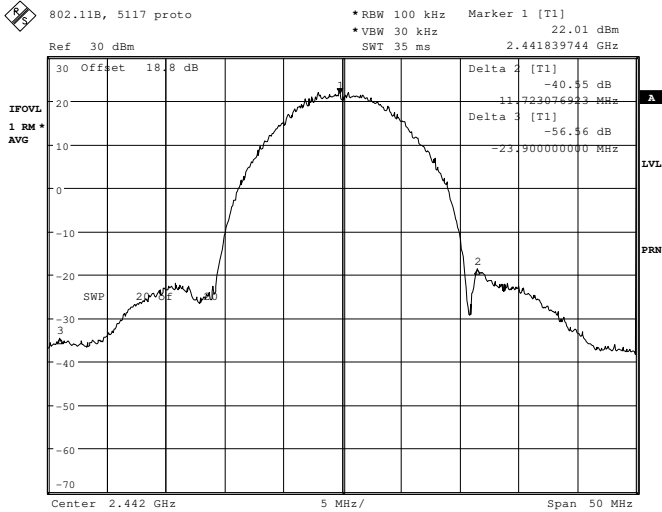
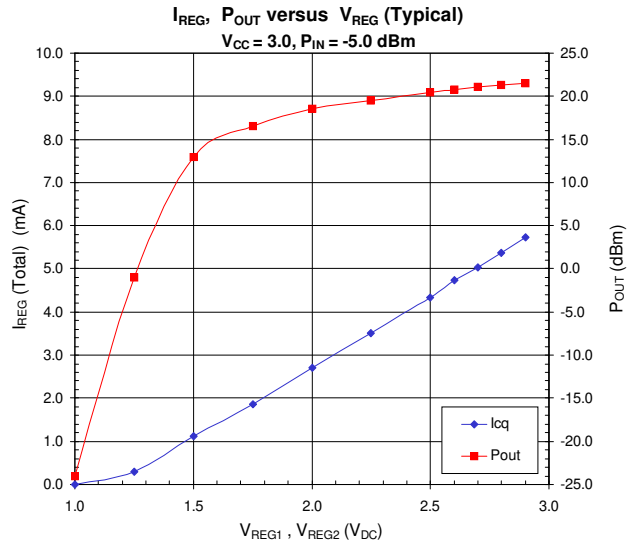
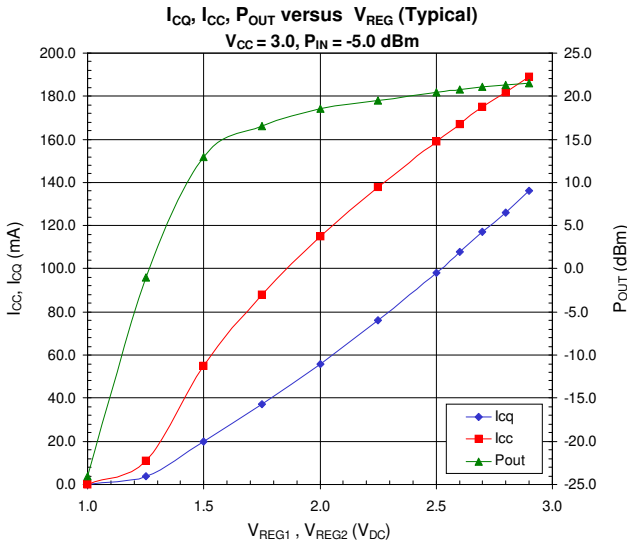
## Evaluation Board Schematic - IEEE802.11g 2400MHz to 2483MHz



**Evaluation Board Layout  
Board Size 1.5" x 2.0"**

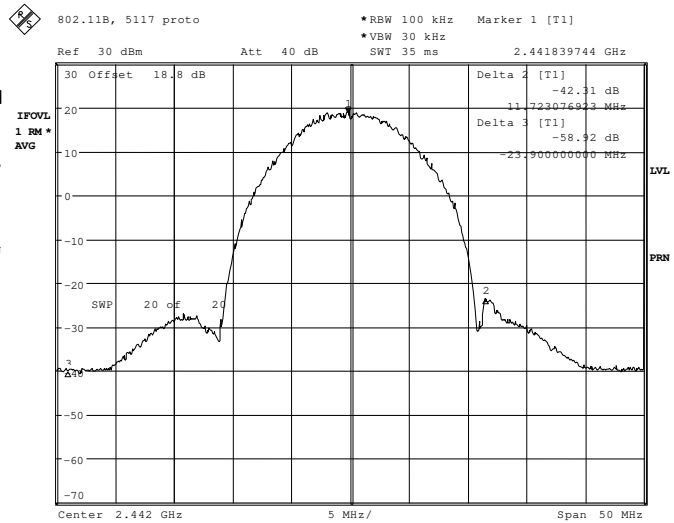
**Board Thickness 0.031", Board Material FR-4, Multi-Layer**





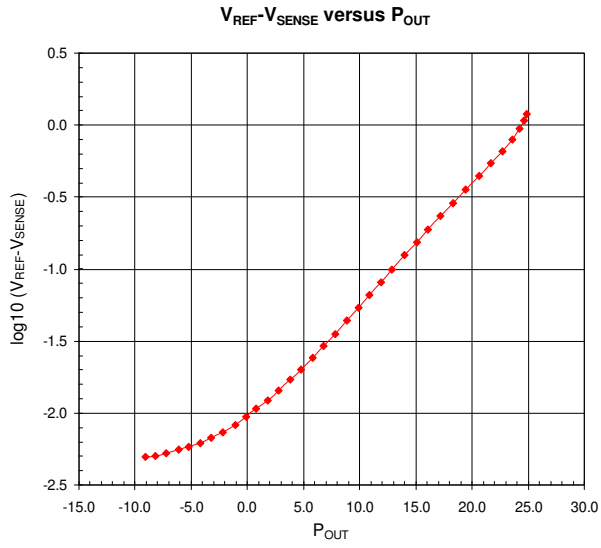
Comment A: 8 MHz int LPF's, Vcc=3.0 Vreg= 2.7, 200 mA  
Date: 26.SEP.2001 01:10:29

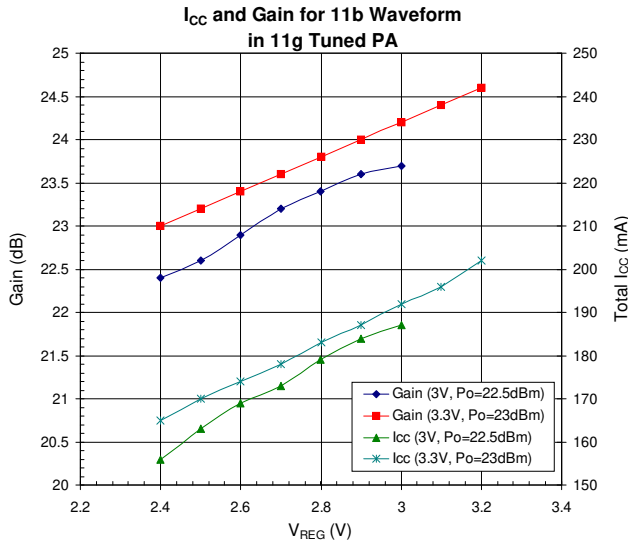
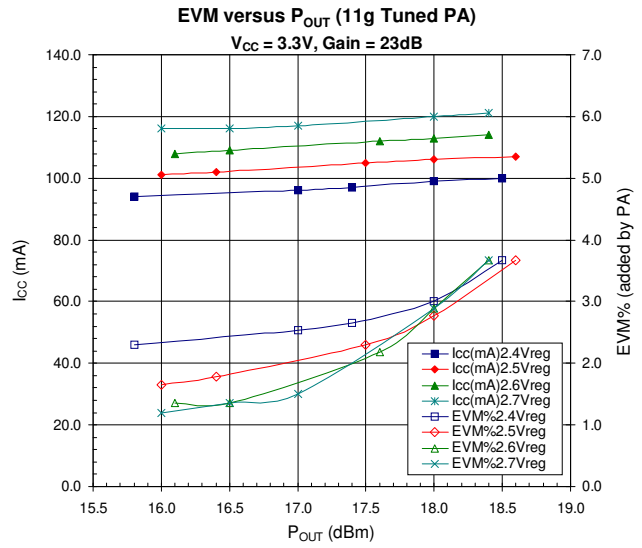
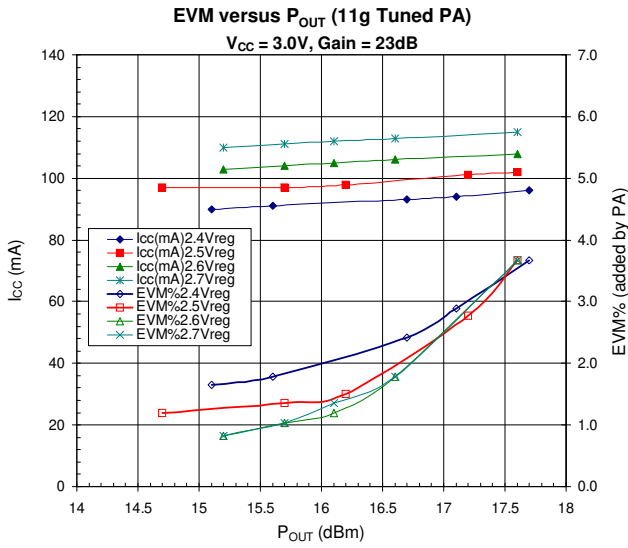
**Spectral Plot:  $V_{CC}=3.0V$ ,  $V_{REG1}=V_{REG2}=2.7V$   
 $P_{OUT}=22.05dBm$ ,  $P_{IN}=-4.1dBm$ ,  $I_{CC}\sim 200mA$**



Comment A: 8 MHz int LPF's, Vcc=Vreg= 2.7, 150 mA  
Date: 26.SEP.2001 01:11:53

**Spectral Plot:  $V_{CC}=2.7V$ ,  $V_{REG1}=V_{REG2}=2.7V$   
 $P_{OUT}=19.05dBm$ ,  $P_{IN}=-6.8dBm$ ,  $I_{CC}\sim 150mA$**





### Evaluation Board with 11g Tuning

**RoHS\* Banned Material Content**

RoHS Compliant: Yes  
 Package total weight in grams (g): 0.021  
 Compliance Date Code: 0431  
 Bill of Materials Revision: B  
 Pb Free Category: e3

Bill of Materials	Parts Per Million (PPM)					
	Pb	Cd	Hg	Cr VI	PBB	PBDE
Die	0	0	0	0	0	0
Molding Compound	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lead Frame	0	0	0	0	0	0
Die Attach Epoxy	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solder Plating	0	0	0	0	0	0

**This RoHS banned material content declaration was prepared solely on information, including analytical data, provided to RFMD by its suppliers, and applies to the Bill of Materials (BOM) revision noted above.**

\* DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment