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Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China









2.5V Differential 1:5 Clock Buffer Terabuffer™

DATA SHEET

FEATURES:

- Guaranteed Low Skew < 60ps (max)
- Very low duty cycle distortion < 300ps (max)
- High speed propagation delay < 2ns (max)
- · Up to 250MHz operation
- Very low CMOS power levels
- Hot insertable and over-voltage tolerant inputs
- · 3-level inputs for selectable interface
- Selectable HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V / 2.5V LVTTL, or LVEPECL input interface
- · Selectable differential or single-ended inputs and five differential outputs
- 2.5V VDD
- Available in TSSOP package

APPLICATIONS:

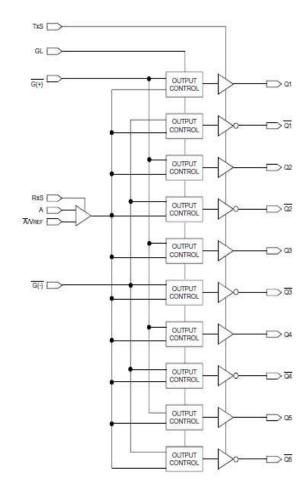
· Clock and signal distribution

DESCRIPTION:

The 5T915 2.5V differential (DDR) clock buffer is a user-selectable single-ended or differential input to five differential outputs built on advanced metal CMOS technology. The differential clock buffer fanout from a single or differential input to five differential or single-ended outputs reduces loading on the preceding driver and provides an efficient clock distribution network. The 5T915 can act as a translator from a differential HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL, LVEPECL, or single-ended 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL input to HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL outputs. Selectable interface is controlled by 3-level input signals that may be hard-wired to appropriate high-mid-low levels.

The 5T915 true or complementary outputs can be asynchronously enabled/disabled. Multiple power and grounds reduce noise.

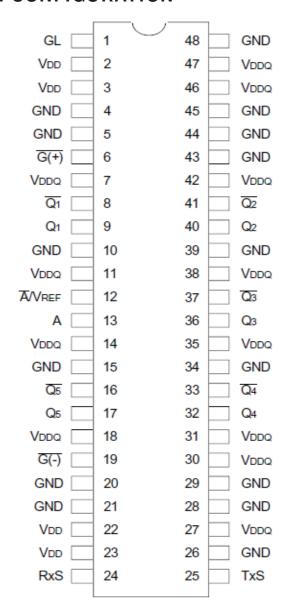
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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PIN CONFIGURATION



TSSOP TOP VIEW

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Symbol	Description	Max	Unit
VDD	Power Supply Voltage®	-0.5 to +3.6	V
VDDQ	Output Power Supply®	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Vı	Input Voltage	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Vo	Output Voltage®	-0.5 to VDDQ +0.5	V
VREF	Reference Voltage	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-65 to +165	°C
TJ	Junction Temperature	150	°C

NOTES:

- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- 2. VDDQ and VDD internally operate independently. No power sequencing requirements need to be met.
- 3. Not to exceed 3.6V.

CAPACITANCE(1,2) (TA = +25°C, F = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	_	3.5	_	pF

NOTES:

- 1. This parameter is measured at characterization but not tested.
- 2. Capacitance applies to all inputs except RxS and TxS.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Description	Min.	Tvp.	Max.	Unit
TA	Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	+25	+85	°C
$V_{DD^{(1)}}$	Internal Power Supply Voltage	2.4	2.5	2.6	V
	HSTL Output Power Supply Voltage	1.4	1.5	1.6	V
$V_{DDQ^{(1)}}$	Extended HSTL and 1.8V LVTTL Output Power Supply Voltage	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
	2.5V LVTTL Output Power Supply Voltage		VDD		V
VT	Termination Voltage		VDDQ/2		V

^{1.} All power supplies should operate in tandem. If VDD or VDDQ is at maximum, then VDDQ or VDD (respectively) should be at maximum, and vice-versa.



PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	I/O	Type	Description
A		Adjustable ⁽¹⁾	Clock input. A is the "true" side of the differential clock input. If operating in single-ended mode, A is the clock input.
Ā/Vref	I	Adjustable ⁽¹⁾	Complementary clock input. \overline{A}/V_{REF} is the "complementary" side of A if the input is in differential mode. If operating in single-ended mode, \overline{A}/V_{REF} is connected to GND. For single-ended operation in differential mode, \overline{A}/V_{REF} should be set to the desired toggle voltage for A:
			2.5V LVTTL VREF = 1250mV
			1.8V LVTTL, eHSTL VREF = 900mV
			HSTL VREF = 750mV
			LVEPECL VREF = 1082mV
<u>G(+)</u>	I	LVTTL ⁽⁵⁾	Gate control for "true", Qn, outputs. When $\overline{G(+)}$ is LOW, the "true" outputs are enabled. When $\overline{G(+)}$ is HIGH, the "true" outputs are asynchronously disabled to the level designated by $GL^{(4)}$.
<u>G(-)</u>	Ι	LVTTL ⁽⁵⁾	Gate control for "complementary", \overline{Qn} , outputs. When $\overline{G(-)}$ is LOW, the "complementary" outputs are enabled. When $\overline{G(-)}$ is HIGH, the "complementary" outputs are asynchronously disabled to the opposite level as $GL^{(4)}$.
GL	Ι	LVTTL ⁽⁵⁾	Specifies output disable level. If HIGH, "true" outputs disable HIGH and "complementary" outputs disable LOW. If LOW, "true" outputs disable LOW and "complementary" outputs disable HIGH.
Qn	0	Adjustable ⁽²⁾	Clock outputs
Qn	0	Adiustable ⁽²⁾	Complementary clock outputs
RxS		3 Level ⁽³⁾	Selects single-ended 2.5V LVTTL (HIGH), 1.8V LVTTL (MID) clock input or differential (LOW) clock input
TxS	Ι	3 Level ⁽³⁾	Sets the drive strength of the output drivers to be 2.5V LVTTL (HIGH), 1.8V LVTTL (MID) or HSTL (LOW) compatible. Used in conjuction with VDDQ to set the interface levels.
VDD		PWR	Power supply for the device core and inputs
VDDQ		PWR	Power supply for the device outputs. When utilizing 2.5V LVTTL outputs, VDDQ should be connected to VDD.
GND		PWR	Power supply return for all power

NOTES:

1. Inputs are capable of translating the following interface standards. User can select between:

Single-ended 2.5V LVTTL levels

Single-ended 1.8V LVTTL levels

or

Differential 2.5V/1.8V LVTTL levels

Differential HSTL and eHSTL levels

Differential LVEPECL levels

- 2. Outputs are user selectable to drive 2.5V, 1.8V LVTTL, eHSTL, or HSTL interface levels when used with the appropriate VDDQ voltage.
- 3. 3-level inputs are static inputs and must be tied to VDD or GND or left floating. These inputs are not hot-insertable or over voltage tolerant.
- 4. Because the gate controls are asynchronous, runt pulses are possible. It is the user's responsibility to either time the gate control signals to minimize the possibility of runt pulses or be able to tolerate them in down stream circuitry.
- 5. Pins listed as LVTTL inputs will accept 2.5V signals when RxS = HIGH or 1.8V signals when RxS = LOW or MID.



INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION(1)

INTOT/OUT OF SELECTION				
Input	Output			
2.5V LVTTL SE	2.5V LVTTL			
1.8V LVTTL SE				
2.5V LVTTL DSE				
1.8V LVTTL DSE				
LVEPECL DSE				
eHSTL DSE				
HSTL DSE				
2.5V LVTTL DIF				
1.8V LVTTL DIF				
LVEPECL DIF				
eHSTL DIF				
HSTL DIF				
2.5V LVTTL SE	1.8V LVTTL			
1.8V LVTTL SE				
2.5V LVTTL DSE				
1.8V LVTTL DSE				
LVEPECL DSE				
eHSTL DSE				
HSTL DSE				
2.5V LVTTL DIF				
1.8V LVTTL DIF				
LVEPECL DIF				
eHSTL DIF				
HSTL DIF				

Input	Output
2.5V LVTTL SE	eHSTL
1.8V LVTTL SE	
2.5V LVTTL DSE]
1.8V LVTTL DSE]
LVEPECL DSE]
eHSTL DSE	
HSTL DSE	
2.5V LVTTL DIF	
1.8V LVTTL DIF]
LVEPECL DIF]
eHSTL DIF	
HSTL DIF	
2.5V LVTTL SE	HSTL
1.8V LVTTL SE	
2.5V LVTTL DSE	
1.8V LVTTL DSE	
LVEPECL DSE]
eHSTL DSE]
HSTL DSE]
2.5V LVTTL DIF]
1.8V LVTTL DIF]
LVEPECL DIF]
eHSTL DIF]
HSTL DIF	

NOTE:

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

	<u> LOTTITOAL OTTATIAOT</u>		V EIL OI EILAIII G	<u>IIAII ME</u>		
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max	Unit
VIHH	Input HIGH Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		V _{DD} – 0.4	_	V
Vімм	Input MID Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		V _{DD} /2 - 0.2	V _{DD} /2 + 0.2	V
VILL	Input LOW Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		_	0.4	V
		VIN = VDD	HIGH Level	_	200	
l3	3-Level Input DC Current (RxS, TxS)	VIN = VDD/2	MID Level	-50	+50	μΑ
		V _{IN} = GND	LOW Level	-200	_	· ·

^{1.} The INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION Table describes the total possible combinations of input and output interfaces. Single-Ended (SE) inputs in a single-ended mode require the AVREF pin to be connected to GND. Differential Single-Ended (DSE) is for single-ended operation in differential mode, requiring a VREF. Differential (DIF) inputs are used only in differential mode.

^{1.} These inputs are normally wired to VDD, GND, or left floating. Internal termination resistors bias unconnected inputs to VDD/2.



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR HSTL(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. ⁽⁷⁾	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics						
Іш	Input HIGH Current ⁽⁹⁾	V _{DD} = 2.6V	VI = VDDQ/GND	_	_	±5	цΑ
lıL	Input LOW Current ⁽⁹⁾	V _{DD} = 2.6V	VI = GND/VDDQ		_	±5	
Vik	Clamp Diode Voltage	V _{DD} = 2.4V, I _{IN} =	-18mA		- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage ^(2,8)			0.2			V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage(3,8)			680	750	900	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH(4,5,8)			VREF + 100		_	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW ^(4,6,8)					VREF - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage ^(4,8)			_	750	_	mV
Output Cha	racteristics						
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Іон = -8mA		VDDQ - 0.4			V
		Іон = -100иА		V _{DDQ} - 0.1		_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	loL = 8mA		_		0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA		_		0.1	V

NOTES:

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. Voir specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VcP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation, in differential mode, AVREF is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 5. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.5V, $+25^{\circ}C$ ambient.
- 8. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 9. For differential mode (RxS = LOW), A and \overline{A}/V_{REF} must be at the opposite rail.

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR HSTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions ⁽²⁾	Typ.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent VDD Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW ⁽³⁾	20	30	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddqq	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	0.1	0.3	mA
		Outputs enabled. All outputs unloaded			
IDDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	20	30	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
DDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	30	50	μΑ/MHz
	Current per Output	·			·
Ітот	Total Power VDD Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	20	40	mA
		VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	35	50	
Ітото	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	35	70	mA
		VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	60	120	

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. The termination resistors are excluded from these measurements.
- 3. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.



DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR HSTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing(1)	1	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point ⁽²⁾	750	mV
VTHI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level(3)	Crossina Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽⁴⁾	1	V/ns

NOTES:

- 1. The 1V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 750mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR eHSTL(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. ⁽⁷⁾	Max	Unit
Input Chara	octeristics						
lıн	Input HIGH Current ⁽⁹⁾	VDD = 2.6V	VI = VDDQ/GND		_	±5	uА
lıL	Input LOW Current ⁽⁹⁾	VDD = 2.6V	Vi = GND/Vddq			±5	
Vik	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.4V, In =	-18mA		- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage(2,8)			0.2			V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage(3,8)			800	900	1000	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH(4,5,8)			V _{REF} + 100			mV
VIL	DC Input LOW ^(4,6,8)					V _{REF} - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage ^(4,8)			-	900	_	mV
Output Cha	racteristics			=======================================		=	
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Iон = -8mA		VDDQ - 0.4		_	V
		Іон = -100μΑ		V _{DDQ} - 0.1		_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	lo∟ = 8mA				0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA		_		0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. VDIF specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VCP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation, in a differential mode, $\overline{\text{A}}/\text{VREF}$ is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 5. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.8V, +25°C ambient.
- 8. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 9. For differential mode (RxS = LOW), A and AVREF must be at the opposite rail.



POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR eHSTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions ⁽²⁾	Typ.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent Vdd Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	20	30	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddqq	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	0.1	0.3	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
lodd	Dynamic VDD Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	20	30	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
Idddq	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	40	60	μA/MHz
	Current per Output	·			,
Ітот	Total Power VDD Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	20	40	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V. FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz. CL = 15pF	35	50	
Ιτοτα	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	40	80	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	80	160	

NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. The termination resistors are excluded from these measurements.
- 3. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR eHSTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing(1)	1	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point ⁽²⁾	900	mV
V _{THI}	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level(3)	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽⁴⁾	1	V/ns

NOTES:

- 1. The 1V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 900mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR LVEPECL(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	nditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics						
Іін	Input HIGH Current ⁽⁶⁾	V _{DD} = 2.6V	VI = VDDQ/GND	_		±5	uА
lı∟	Input LOW Current ⁽⁶⁾	VDD = 2.6V	VI = GND/VDDQ	_		±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.4V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		3.6	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage(3,5)			915	1082	1248	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage(4,5)			_	1082	_	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH			1275	_	1620	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW			555	_	875	mV

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. Typical values are at $V_{DD} = 2.5V$, $+25^{\circ}C$ ambient.
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VcP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation while in differential mode, A/VREF is tied to the DC Voltage VREF.
- 5. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 6. For differential mode (RxS = LOW), A and $\overline{A}/VREF$ must be at the opposite rail.



DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR LVEPECL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing(1)	732	mV
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point ⁽²⁾	1082	mV
VTHI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level(3)	Crossina Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽⁴⁾	1	V/ns

NOTES:

- The 732mV peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF
 (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 1082mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR 2.5V

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	onditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽⁸⁾	Max	Unit
Input Chara	acteristics			-			
Іін	Input HIGH Current(10)	V _{DD} = 2.6V	$V_I = V_{DDQ}/GND$	_		±5	uА
lı∟	Input LOW Current(10)	V _{DD} = 2.6V	$V_I = GND/V_{DDQ}$			±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.4V, In =	-18mA		- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
Single-End	ed Inputs ⁽²⁾						
Vih	DC Input HIGH			1.7		_	V
VIL	DC Input LOW					0.7	V
Differential	Inputs						
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage(3,9)			0.2		_	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage(4,9)			1150	1250	1350	mV
VIH	DC Input HIGH(5,6,9)			VREF + 100			mV
VIL	DC Input LOW ^(5,7,9)					VREF - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage ^(5,9)			_	1250	_	mV
Output Cha	racteristics						
Voн	Output HIGH Voltage	Iон = -12mA		VDDQ - 0.4		_	V
		Іон = -100μΑ		VDDQ - 0.1			V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	loL = 12mA				0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA				0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. For 2.5V LVTTL single-ended operation, the RxS pin is tied HIGH and $\overline{\text{A}}/\text{VREF}$ is tied to GND.
- 3. VDIF specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VCP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 5. For single-ended operation, in differential mode, AVREF is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 8. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = VDD, +25°C ambient.
- 9. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 10. For differential mode (RxS = LOW), A and \overline{A}/V_{REF} must be at the opposite rail.



POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5V LVTTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions ⁽²⁾	Typ.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent VDD Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	20	30	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDQQ	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW ⁽³⁾	0.1	0.3	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	25	40	μΑ/MHz
	Current per Output	·			·
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	45	70	μΑ/MHz
	Current per Output	·			·
Ітот	Total Power VDD Supply Current	VDDQ = 2.5V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	25	40	mA
		VDDQ = 2.5V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz, CL = 15pF	45	70	
Ітото	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 2.5V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	40	80	mA
		VDDQ = 2.5V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz, CL = 15pF	100	200	

NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. The termination resistors are excluded from these measurements.
- 3. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 2.5V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing(1)	V _{DD}	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point ⁽²⁾	V _{DD} /2	V
VTHI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level ⁽³⁾	Crossina Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽⁴⁾	2.5	V/ns

NOTES:

- 1. A nominal 2.5V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Voir (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A nominal 1.25V crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 2.5V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

SINGLE-ENDED INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 2.5V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
ViH	Input HIGH Voltage	VDD	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	0	V
VTHI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level(1)	Vpp/2	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽²⁾	2	V/ns

- 1. A nominal 1.25V timing measurement reference level is specified to allow constant, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment.
- $2. \ \, \text{The input signal edge rate of 2V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 10\% to 90\% range of the input waveform.}$



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR 1.8V

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	nditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽⁸⁾	Max	Unit
nput Chara	acteristics						
Іін	Input HIGH Current ⁽¹²⁾	VDD = 2.6V	VI = VDDQ/GND	_		±5	uА
lıL	Input LOW Current ⁽¹²⁾	VDD = 2.6V	VI = GND/VDDQ			±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.4V, IN =	-18mA		- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		V _{DDQ} + 0.3	V
ingle-Ende	ed Inputs(2)						
VIH	DC Input HIGH			1.073(11)		_	V
VIL	DC Input LOW			_		0.683(11)	V
ifferential	Inputs						
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage(3,9)			0.2		_	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage(4,9)			825	900	975	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH(5,6,9)			VREF + 100			mV
VIL	DC Input LOW ^(5,7,9)					VREF - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage ^(5,9)				900		mV
utput Cha	racteristics						
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Iон = -6mA		VDDQ - 0.4			V
		Іон = -100μΑ		VDDQ - 0.1			V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 6mA				0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA		_		0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. For 1.8V LVTTL single-ended operation, the RxS pin is allowed to float or tied to VDD/2 and AVREF is tied to GND.
- 3. VDIF specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VCP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 5. For single-ended operation in differential mode, AVREF is tied to the DC voltage VREF. The input is guaranteed to toggle within ±200mV of VREF when VREF is constrained within +600mV and VDDI-600mV, where VDDI is the nominal 1.8V power supply of the device driving the A input. To guarantee switching in voltage range specified in the JEDEC 1.8V LVTTL interface specification, VREF must be maintained at 900mV with appropriate tolerances.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 8. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.8V, +25°C ambient.
- 9. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 10. This value is the worst case minimum V_{IH} over the specification range of the 1.8V power supply. The 1.8V LVTTL specification is V_{IH} = 0.65 V_{DD} where V_{DD} is 1.8V ± 0.15V. However, the LVTTL translator is supplied by a 2.5V nominal supply on this part. To ensure compliance with the specification, the translator was designed to accept the calculated worst case value (V_{IH} = 0.65 [1.8 0.15V]) rather than reference against a nominal 1.8V supply.
- 11. This value is the worst case maximum V_{IL} over the specification range of the 1.8V power supply. The 1.8V LVTTL specification is V_{IL} = 0.35 V_{DD} where V_{DD} is 1.8V ± 0.15V. However, the LVTTL translator is supplied by a 2.5V nominal supply on this part. To ensure compliance with the specification, the translator was designed to accept the calculated worst case value (V_{IL} = 0.35 [1.8 + 0.15V]) rather than reference against a nominal 1.8V supply.
- 12. For differential mode (RxS = LOW), A and A/VREF must be at the opposite rail.



POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR 1.8V LVTTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions ⁽²⁾	Typ.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent VDD Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	20	30	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddqq	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(3)	0.1	0.3	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	20	40	μΑ/MHz
	Current per Output				
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	55	80	μΑ/MHz
	Current per Output				·
Ітот	Total Power VDD Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	25	40	mA
	,	VDDQ = 1.8V FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz. CL = 15pF	40	60	
Ιτοτα	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	50	100	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V., FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz, CL = 15pF	120	240]

NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. The termination resistors are excluded from these measurements.
- 3. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 1.8V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing(1)	Vddi	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point ⁽²⁾	VDDI/2	mV
V _{THI}	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level ⁽³⁾	Crossing Point	V
ts. ts	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽⁴⁾	1.8	V/ns

NOTES:

- 1. VDDI is the nominal 1.8V supply (1.8V ± 0.15V) of the part or source driving the input. A nominal 1.8V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A nominal 900mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1.8V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

SINGLE-ENDED INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 1.8V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage ⁽¹⁾	Vddi	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	0	V
VTHI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level ⁽²⁾	V _{DDI} /2	mV
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate ⁽³⁾	2	V/ns

- 1. VDDI is the nominal 1.8V supply (1.8V \pm 0.15V) of the part or source driving the input.
- 2. A nominal 900mV timing measurement reference level is specified to allow constant, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment.
- 3. The input signal edge rate of 2V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 10% to 90% range of the input waveform.



AC ELECTBICAL CU	HARACTERISTICS OVER	ODEDATING DANGE(5)
A(, F F(, B (, A (, F	1464C.IEBI3IIC3 CVEB	CIPEBALING BANGE

Symbol	Parameter			Тур.	Max	Unit
kew Parameters						
tsk(o)	Same Device Output Pin-to-Pin Skew(1)	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_	_	60	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	60		
tsk(INV)	Inverting Skew ⁽²⁾	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_		300	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	300		
tsk(p)	Pulse Skew ⁽³⁾	Single-Ended and Differential Modes			300	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	300		
tsk(PP)	Part-to-Part Skew ⁽⁴⁾	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_	_	300	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	300		
Vox	HSTL and eHSTL Differential True and Complementary Output Crossing Voltage Level		V _{DDQ} /2 - 200	V _{DDQ} /2	V _{DDQ} /2 + 200	mV
ropagation Delay						
tplH	Propagation Delay A to Qn/Qn	2.5V / 1.8V LVTTL Outputs	_	_	2.5	ns
t _{PHL}		HSTL / eHSTL Outputs	_	_	2	
tr	Output Rise Time (20% to 80%)	2.5V / 1.8V LVTTL Outputs	350	_	1050	ps
	· · · · · · · ·	HSTL / eHSTL Outputs	350	_	1350	·
tF	Output Fall Time (20% to 80%)	2.5V / 1.8V LVTTL Outputs	350	_	1050	ps
		HSTL / eHSTL Outputs	350	_	1350	·
fo	Frequency Range (HSTL/eHSTL outputs)		_	_	250	MHz
	Frequency Range (2.5V/1.8V LVTTL outputs)		_	_	200	
utput Gate Enab	ole/Disable Delay	•				
tpge	Output Gate Enable to Qn/Qn		_	_	3.5	ns
tpgp	Output Gate Enable to Qn/Qn Driven to GL Designated Level			_	3	ns

- 1. Skew measured between all outputs or output pairs under identical input and output interfaces, transitions and load conditions on any one device. For single ended and differential LVTTL outputs, this measurement is made when each output voltage passes through VDDQ/2. For differential LVTTL outputs, the true outputs are compared only with other true outputs and the complementary outputs are compared only with other complementary outputs. For differential HSTL outputs, the measurement takes place at the crossing point of the true and complementary signals.
- 2. For operating with either 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL output interfaces with both true and complementary outputs enabled. Inverting skew is the skew between true and complementary outputs switching in opposite directions under identical input and output interfaces, transitions and load conditions on any one device.
- 3. Skew measured is the difference between propagation delay times tehl and telh of any output or output pair under identical input and output interfaces, transitions and load conditions on any one device. For single ended and differential LVTTL outputs, this measurement is made when each output voltage passes through VDDO/2. The measurement applies to both true and complementary signals. For differential HSTL outputs, the measurement takes place at the crossing point of the true and complementary signals.
- 4. Skew measured is the magnitude of the difference in propagation times between any outputs or output pairs of two devices, given identical transitions and load conditions at identical VDD/VDDO levels and temperature.
- 5. Guaranteed by design.



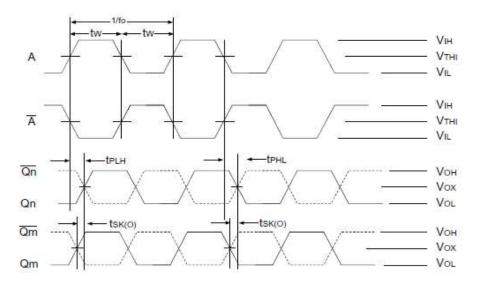
AC DIFFERENTIAL INPUT SPECIFICATIONS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Tvp.	Max	Unit	
t w	Reference Clock Pulse Width HIGH or LOW (HSTL/eHSTL outputs)(2)	1.73	_	_	ns	
	Reference Clock Pulse Width HIGH or LOW (2.5V / 1.8V LVTTL outputs)(2)	2.17	_	_		
HSTL/eHSTL/1.8V LVTTL/2.5V LVTTL						
VDIF	AC Differential Voltage ⁽³⁾	400	_	_	mV	
Vih	AC Input HIGH ^(4,5)	Vx + 200	_	_	mV	
VIL	AC Input LOW ^(4,6)	_	_	Vx - 200	mV	
LVEPECL						
Vdif	AC Differential Voltage ⁽³⁾	400	_	_	mV	
ViH	AC Input HIGH ⁽⁴⁾	1275	_	_	mV	
VIL	AC Input LOW ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	875	l _{mV}	

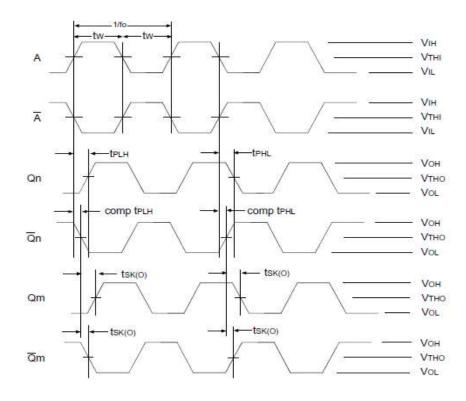
- 1. For differential input mode, RxS is tied to GND.
- 2. Both differential input signals should not be driven to the same level simultaneously. The input will not change state until the inputs have crossed and the voltage range defined by VDIF has been met or exceeded.
- 3. Differential mode only. VDIF specifies the minimum input voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. For single-ended operation, AVREF is tied to DC voltage (VREF). Refer to each input interface's DC specification for the correct VREF range.
- 5. Voltage required to switch to a logic HIGH, single-ended operation only.
- 6. Voltage required to switch to a logic LOW, single-ended operation only.



DIFFERENTIAL AC TIMING WAVEFORMS



HSTL and eHSTL Output Propagation and Skew Waveforms



1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL Output Propagation and Skew Waveforms

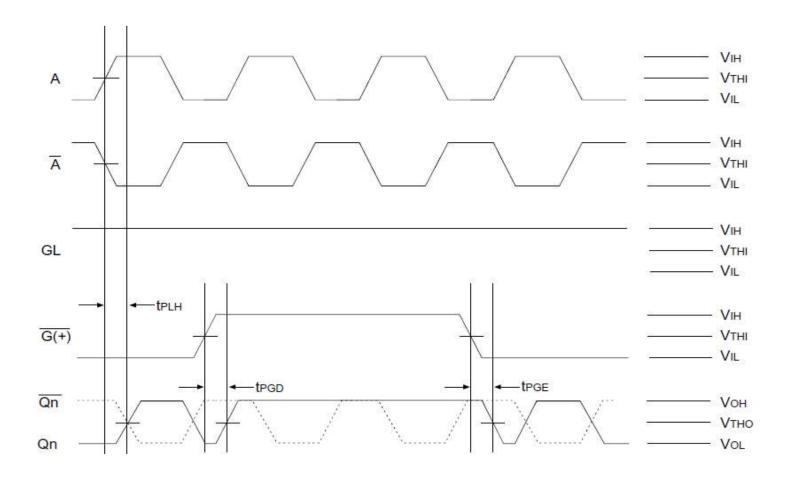
NOTES:

- 1. For the HSTL and eHSTL outputs, the and the are measured from the input passing through VTHI or input pair crossing to the crossing point of each Qn and \(\overline{Q} \)n.
- 2. For 1.8V and 2.5V LVTTL outputs, tehl and tell are measured from the input passing through VTHI or input pair crossing to the slower of Qn or \overline{Q} n passing through VTHO.
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{3}}.$ Pulse skew is calculated using the following expression:

tsk(P) = |tPHL - tPLH|

where tphl and tplh are measured on the controlled edges of any one output from the rising and falling edges of a single pulse. Note that the tphl and tplh shown above are not valid measurements for this calculation because they are not taken from the same pulse.



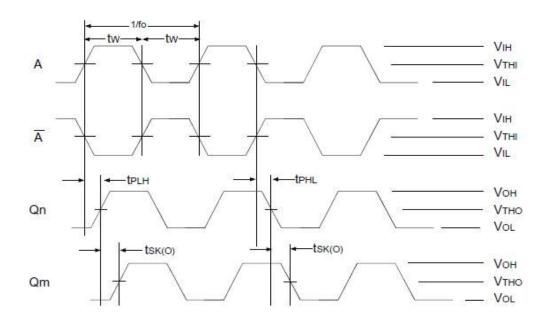


Differential Gate Disable/Enable Showing Runt Pulse Generation

- 1. The waveforms shown only gate "true" output, Qn.
- 2. As shown, it is possible to generate runt pulses on gate disable and enable of the outputs. It is the user's responsibility to time their Gx signals to avoid this problem.



SDR AC TIMING WAVEFORMS

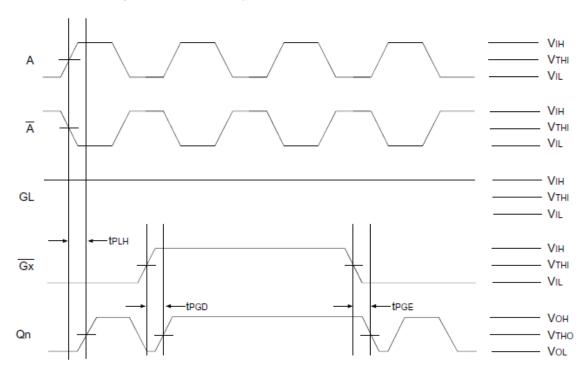


Propagation and Skew Waveforms

NOTES:

- 1. tpнL and tpLH signals are measured from the input passing through VтнI or input pair crossing to Qn passing through Vтно.
- 2. Pulse Skew is calculated using the following expression:

where tphl and tplh are measured on the controlled edges of any one output from rising and falling edges of a single pulse. Please note that the tphl and tplh shown are not valid measurements for this calculation because they are not taken from the same pulse.



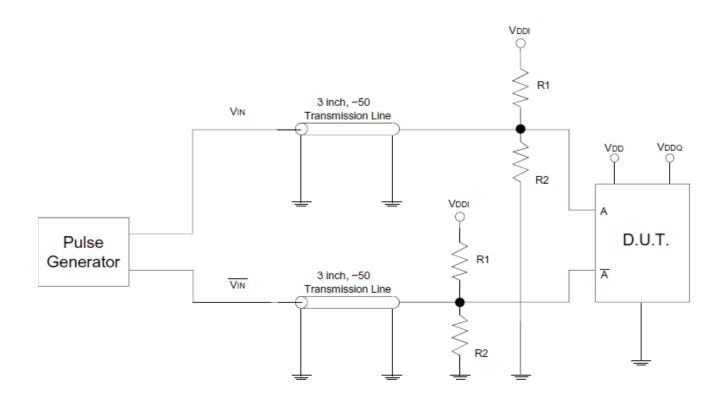
SDR Gate Disable/Enable Showing Runt Pulse Generation

NOTE:

As shown, it is possible to generate runt pulses on gate disable and enable of the outputs. It is the user's responsibility to time their Gx signals to avoid this problem.



TEST CIRCUITS AND CONDITIONS



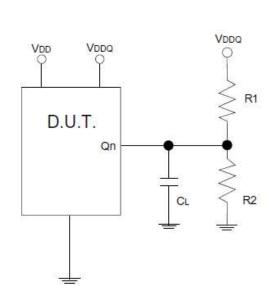
Test Circuit for Differential Input(1)

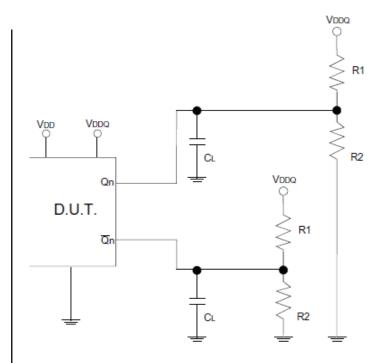
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TEST CONDITIONS

Symbol	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 0.1V$	Unit
R1	100	Ω
R2	100	Ω
Vddi	Vcm*2	V
Vтні	HSTL: Crossing of A and \overline{A} eHSTL: Crossing of A and \overline{A} LVEPECL: Crossing of A and \overline{A} 1.8V LVTTL: VDDI/2 2.5V LVTTL: VDD/2	V

This input configuration is used for all input interfaces. For single-ended testing, the V_{IN} input is tied to GND. For testing single-ended in differential input mode, the V_{IN} is left floating.







Test Circuit for SDR Outputs

Test Circuit for Differential Outputs

SDR OUTPUT TEST CONDITIONS

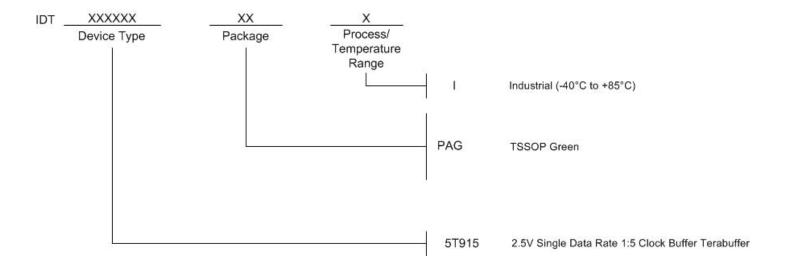
Symbol	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 0.1V$	Unit
	VDDQ = Interface Specified	
CL	15	pF
R1	100	Ω
R2	100	Ω
Vтно	VDDQ/2	V

DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT TEST CONDITIONS

Symbol	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 0.1V$	Unit
	VDDQ = Interface Specified	
CL	15	pF
R1	100	Ω
R2	100	Ω
Vox	HSTL: Crossing of Qn and $\overline{\rm Qn}$	V
	eHSTL: Crossing of Qn and Qn	
Vтно	1.8V LVTTL: VDDQ/2	V
	2.5V LVTTL: VDDQ/2	



ORDERING INFORMATION





REVISION HISTORY

Rev	Table	Page	Discription of Change	Date
А		1	NRND - Not Recommended for New Designs	5/5/13
А		1	Product Discontinuation Notice - Last time buy expires November 2, 2016. PDN# CQ-15-05 Updated data sheet format	11/3/15



Corporate Headquarters

6024 Silver Creek Valley Road San Jose, California 95138 Sales

800-345-7015 or +408-284-8200 Fax: 408-284-2775 www.IDT.com Technical Support email: clocks@idt.com

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