## : ©hipsmall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation, and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!


## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832
Email \& Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, \#122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

## DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines


## 74HC/HCT4016 Quad bilateral switches

File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

## FEATURES

- Low "ON" resistance:
$160 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
$120 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$
$80 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- Individual switch controls
- Typical "break before make" built in
- Output capability: non-standard
- I ICC category: SSI


## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT4016 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with the " 4016 " of the
"4000B" series. They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT4016 have four independent analog switches (transmission gates).
Each switch has two input/output terminals $\left(Y_{n}, Z_{n}\right)$ and an active HIGH enable input $\left(E_{n}\right)$. When $E_{n}$ is connected to $V_{C C}$, a low bidirectional path between $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ is established (ON condition). When $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ is connected to ground (GND), the switch is disabled and a high impedance between $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ is established (OFF condition).

Current through a switch will not cause additional $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ current provided the voltage at the terminals of the switch is maintained within the supply voltage range; $V_{C C} \gg\left(V_{Y}, V_{Z}\right) \gg$ GND. Inputs $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ are electrically equivalent terminals.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA
GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | TYPICAL |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | HC | HCT |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 17 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ |  | 14 | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | 3.5 | 3.5 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation capacitance per switch | notes 1 and 2 | 12 | 12 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{S}$ | max. switch capacitance |  | 5 | 5 | pF |

## Notes

1. $\mathrm{C}_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ in $\mu \mathrm{W}$ ):

$$
P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}^{2} \times f_{i}+\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}^{2} \times f_{o}\right\} \text { where: }
$$

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=$ input frequency in MHz
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz
$\Sigma\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{0}\right\}=$ sum of outputs
$C_{L}=$ output load capacitance in pF
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=$ max. switch capacitance in pF
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V
2. For HC the condition is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$

For HCT the condition is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \mathrm{~V}$

## ORDERING INFORMATION

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information".

Quad bilateral switches

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NO. | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,4,8,11$ | $\mathrm{Y}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{Y}_{3}$ | independent inputs/outputs |
| 7 | GND | ground (0 V) |
| $2,3,9,10$ | $\mathrm{Z}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{Z}_{3}$ | independent inputs/outputs |
| $13,5,6,12$ | $\mathrm{E}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{E}_{3}$ | enable inputs (active HIGH) |
| 14 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | positive supply voltage |



Fig. 1 Pin configuration.


Fig. 2 Logic symbol.

(a)

Fig. 3 IEC logic symbol.


Fig. 4 Functional diagram.

## APPLICATIONS

- Signal gating
- Modulation
- Demodulation
- Chopper


## FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT <br> $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{n}}$ | CHANNEL <br> IMPEDANCE |
| :---: | :---: |
| L | high |
| H | low |

## Notes

1. $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{HIGH}$ voltage level

L = LOW voltage level


Fig. 5 Schematic diagram (one switch).

## RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC supply voltage | -0.5 | +11.0 | V |  |
| $\pm{ }_{\text {IK }}$ | DC digital input diode current |  | 20 | mA | for $\mathrm{V}_{1}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{1}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {SK }}$ | DC switch diode current |  | 20 | mA | for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | DC switch current |  | 25 | mA | for $-0.5 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \pm_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC V ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ or GND current |  | 50 | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature range | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | power dissipation per package plastic DIL |  | 750 | mW | for temperature range: -40 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ 74HC/HCT <br> above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : derate linearly with $12 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ |
|  | plastic mini-pack (SO) |  | 500 | mW | above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : derate linearly with $8 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {S }}$ | power dissipation per switch |  | 100 | mW |  |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | 74HC |  |  | 74HCT |  |  | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | typ. | max. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | DC supply voltage | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | DC input voltage range | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {S }}$ | DC switch voltage range | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | V |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | operating ambient temperature range | -40 |  | +85 | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | see DC and AC |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | operating ambient temperature range | -40 |  | +125 | -40 |  | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | CHARACTERISTICS |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | input rise and fall times |  | 6.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1000 \\ & 500 \\ & 400 \\ & 250 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 6.0 | 500 | ns | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |

## Quad bilateral switches

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

For 74HC: $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0,4.5,6.0$ and 9.0 V
For 74HCT: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC/HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ <br> (V) | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{S}} \\ (\mu \mathrm{A}) \end{gathered}$ | $V_{\text {is }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance (peak) |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 160 \\ & 120 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & 240 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & 300 \\ & 213 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & 360 \\ & 255 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $V_{I L}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance (rail) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 160 \\ 80 \\ 70 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 160 \\ & 140 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 175 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 240 \\ & 210 \\ & 180 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $V_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance (rail) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 170 \\ 90 \\ 80 \\ 65 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & 160 \\ & 135 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \\ & 200 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 270 \\ & 240 \\ & 205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \Omega \\ \Omega \\ \Omega \\ \Omega \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 100 \\ & 1000 \\ & 1000 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | maximum $\triangle \mathrm{ON}$ resistance between any two channels |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 16 \\ & 12 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |

## Notes to the DC Characteristics

1. At supply voltages approaching 2.0 V the analog switch ON -resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.
2. For test circuit measuring $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ see Fig.6.



Fig. 8 Test circuit for measuring ON-state current.


Fig. 9 Typical Ron as a function of input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.

## Quad bilateral switches

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ <br> (V) | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH level input voltage | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.5 \\ 3.15 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.2 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 4.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.5 \\ 3.15 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.5 \\ 3.15 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ |  | V | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | LOW level input voltage |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.8 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.8 \\ 4.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.50 \\ 1.35 \\ 1.80 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.50 \\ & 1.35 \\ & 1.80 \\ & 2.70 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.50 \\ 1.35 \\ 1.80 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$ | V | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\pm I_{1}$ | input leakage current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|} 1.0 \\ 2.0 \end{array}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.0 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch OFF-state current per channel |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 10.0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.7) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch ON-state current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 10.0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or VIL | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.8) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| ICC | quiescent supply current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20.0 \\ & 40.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40.0 \\ & 80.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.0 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\text { GND or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or GND } \end{aligned}$ |

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC
GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Tamb $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | propagation delay $V_{\text {is }}$ to $V_{\text {os }}$ |  | 17 6 5 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 60 \\ & 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 15 \\ & 13 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 18 \\ & 15 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | ns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Fig.16) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 52 \\ & 19 \\ & 15 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 190 \\ 38 \\ 32 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 240 \\ 48 \\ 41 \\ 35 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 235 \\ & 57 \\ & 48 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | ns | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $R_{L}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 17 and 18) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 47 \\ & 17 \\ & 14 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 145 \\ 29 \\ 25 \\ 22 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 180 \\ 36 \\ 31 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 220 \\ 44 \\ 38 \\ 33 \end{array}$ | ns | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 17 and 18) |

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Tamb $\left(^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{\text {Cc }}$ <br> (V) | $V_{1}$ | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH level input voltage | 2.0 | 1.6 |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  | V | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW level input voltage |  | 1.2 | 0.8 |  | 0.8 |  | 0.8 | V | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\pm 1$ | input leakage current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch OFF-state current per channel |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ \text { (see Fig.7) } \end{array}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch ON-state current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.8) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ICC | quiescent supply current |  |  | 2.0 |  | 20.0 |  | 40.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.5 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ <br> or GND | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\text { GND or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } G N D \end{aligned}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | additional quiescent supply current per input pin for unit load coefficient is 1 (note 1) |  | 100 | 360 |  | 450 |  | 490 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & -2.1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |

## Note

1. The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given here.

To determine $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

| INPUT | UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | 1.00 |

AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT
$\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | propagation delay $V_{\text {is }} \text { to } V_{\text {os }}$ |  | 6 | 12 |  | 15 |  | 18 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Fig.16) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}$ |  | 19 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $R_{L}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ $\text { (see Figs } 17 \text { and 18) }$ |
| $t_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $E_{n}$ to $V_{\text {os }}$ |  | 20 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figs 17 and 18) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | 23 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figs 17 and 18) |

## ADDITIONAL AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

Recommended conditions and typical values
GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | typ. | UNIT | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) | $V_{i s(p-p)}$ <br> (V) | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | sine-wave distortion $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.80 \\ & 0.40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \% \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (see Fig. 14) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | sine-wave distortion $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.40 \\ & 1.20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \% \\ \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (see Fig.14) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | switch "OFF" signal feed-through | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline-50 \\ -50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | note 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (see Figs } 10 \text { and } 15 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | crosstalk between any two switches | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline-60 \\ -60 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{dB} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | note 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (see Fig. 12) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{(p-p)}$ | crosstalk voltage between enable or address input to any switch (peak-to-peak value) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 110 \\ & 220 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{mV} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ;$ <br> $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}\right.$, square wave between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and GND, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$ ) (see Fig. 13) |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {max }}$ | minimum frequency response $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 160 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{MHz} \\ \mathrm{MHz} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | note 4 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 11 and 14) |
| $\mathrm{C}_{S}$ | maximum switch capacitance | 5 | pF |  |  |  |

## Notes

1. $V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a $Y_{n}$ or $Z_{n}$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
2. $V_{o s}$ is the output voltage at a $Y_{n}$ or $Z_{n}$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.
3. Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level $(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $600 \Omega)$.
4. Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ for $1 \mathrm{MHz}(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $50 \Omega)$.

Test conditions:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$R_{L}=50 \Omega ; R_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.


Fig. 10 Typical switch "OFF" signal feed-through as a function of frequency.

Test conditions:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$R_{L}=50 \Omega ; R_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.


Fig. 11 Typical frequency response.

(a)

(b)

222447

Fig. 12 Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between any two switches.
(a) channel ON condition; (b) channel OFF condition.

The crosstalk is defined as follows (oscilloscope output):


Fig. 13 Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control and any switch.


Fig. 14 Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion and minimum frequency response.


Fig. 15 Test circuit for measuring switch "OFF" signal feed-through.

Quad bilateral switches

## AC WAVEFORMS

(1) $\mathrm{HC}: \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}=50 \%$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. HCT: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}=1.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to 3 V .


Fig. 16 Waveforms showing the input $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}\right)$ to output $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}\right)$ propagation delays.


Quad bilateral switches

## TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

## Conditions

| TEST | SWITCH | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {is }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $t_{\text {PZH }}$ | $G N D$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZL}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
| $t_{\text {PHZ }}$ | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $t_{\text {PLZ }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
| others | open | pulse |


$C_{L}=$ load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ termination resistance should be equal to the output
impedance $Z_{0}$ of the pulse generator.
$t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$; when measuring $f_{\text {max }}$, there is no constraint $t_{r}, t_{f}$ with $50 \%$ duty factor.

| FAMILY | AMPLITUDE | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}} ; \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{f}_{\text {max }} ;$ <br> PULSE WIDTH | OTHER |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $50 \%$ | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |
| 74 HCT | 3.0 V | 1.3 V | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |

Fig. 18 Test circuit for measuring AC performance.
$C_{L}=$ load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance $Z_{0}$ of the pulse generator.
$t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$; when measuring $f_{\text {max }}$, there is no constraint $t_{r}, t_{f}$ with $50 \%$ duty factor.

| FAMILY | AMPLITUDE | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}} ; \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{f}_{\text {max }} ;$ <br> PULSE WIDTH | OTHER |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $50 \%$ | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |
| 74 HCT | 3.0 V | 1.3 V | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |

Fig. 19 Input pulse definitions.

## PACKAGE OUTLINES

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines".

