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## 74VCX16374 Low Voltage 16-Bit D-Type Flip-Flops with 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

#### **General Description**

The VCX16374 contains sixteen non-inverting D-type flipflops with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for bus oriented applications. The device is byte controlled. A buffered clock (CP) and output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) are common to each byte and can be shorted together for full 16-bit operation.

The 74VCX16374 is designed for low voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with I/O compatibility up to 3.6V.

The 74VCX16374 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining low CMOS power dissipation.

#### Features

- 1.2V to 3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> supply operation
- 3.6V tolerant inputs and outputs

■ t<sub>PD</sub>

3.0 ns max for 3.0V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$ 

Power-off high impedance inputs and outputs

October 1997

Revised June 2005

- Supports live insertion and withdrawal (Note 1)
- Static Drive (I<sub>OH</sub>/I<sub>OL</sub>) ±24 mA @ 3.0V V<sub>CC</sub>
- Uses proprietary noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 300 mA
- ESD performance:
  - Human body model > 2000V Machine model > 200V
- Also packaged in plastic Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)

Note 1: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pull-up resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

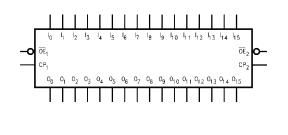
#### **Ordering Code:**

| Order Number                    | Package Number | Package Descriptions  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 74VCX16374G<br>(Note 2)(Note 3) | BGA54A         | 54-Ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA), JEDEC MO-205, 5.5mm Wide         |
| 74VCX16374MTD<br>(Note 3)       | MTD48          | 48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide |

Note 2: Ordering code "G" indicates Trays.

Note 3: Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

#### Logic Symbol



# 74VCX16374

#### **Connection Diagrams** Pin Assignment for TSSOP 48 0E<sub>1</sub> -- CP1 o<sub>0</sub> -47 - I<sub>0</sub> 2 01 -46 - I<sub>1</sub> 3 GND — 4 45 - GND 0<sub>2</sub> -5 44 - 1<sub>2</sub> 0<sub>3</sub> -43 - 1<sub>3</sub> 42 Vcc - v<sub>cc</sub> 41 - 1<sub>4</sub> 0<sub>4</sub> -8 05 9 40 - 1<sub>5</sub> GND -10 39 — GND 0<sub>6</sub> — 0<sub>7</sub> — 11 38 - 1<sub>6</sub> 12 37 36 | 8 35 | 9 0<sub>8</sub> — 0<sub>9</sub> — 13 14 GND -34 - GND 15 °10 – 16 33 - 40 32 - I<sub>11</sub> 011 -17 v<sub>cc</sub> – 18 31 - v<sub>cc</sub> 30 - I<sub>12</sub> 0<sub>12</sub> -19 29 |<sub>13</sub> 28 GND 0<sub>13</sub> — 20 21 GND · 27 — I<sub>14</sub> 014 22 0<sub>15</sub> — 23 26 - 45 0E2 24 25 CP2 Pin Assignment for FBGA 1 2 3 4 5 6 000000 ۲ 000000 ш υ 000000 Ω 000000 000000 ш ш 000000 G 000000 000000 т 000000 -(Top Thru View)

#### **Pin Descriptions**

| Pin Names                             | Description                      |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| OEn                                   | Output Enable Input (Active LOW) |
| CPn                                   | Clock Pulse Input                |
| I <sub>0</sub> -I <sub>15</sub>       | Inputs                           |
| O <sub>0</sub> -O <sub>15</sub>       | Outputs                          |
| 0 <sub>0</sub> –0 <sub>15</sub><br>NC | No Connect                       |

#### **FBGA Pin Assignments**

|   | 1               | 2               | 3               | 4               | 5               | 6               |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Α | O <sub>0</sub>  | NC              | OE <sub>1</sub> | CP1             | NC              | I <sub>0</sub>  |
| В | 0 <sub>2</sub>  | 0 <sub>1</sub>  | NC              | NC              | I <sub>1</sub>  | l <sub>2</sub>  |
| С | O <sub>4</sub>  | O <sub>3</sub>  | V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | l <sub>3</sub>  | I <sub>4</sub>  |
| D | O <sub>6</sub>  | O <sub>5</sub>  | GND             | GND             | I <sub>5</sub>  | I <sub>6</sub>  |
| Е | 0 <sub>8</sub>  | 0 <sub>7</sub>  | GND             | GND             | ۱ <sub>7</sub>  | I <sub>8</sub>  |
| F | O <sub>10</sub> | O <sub>9</sub>  | GND             | GND             | lg              | I <sub>10</sub> |
| G | O <sub>12</sub> | O <sub>11</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | I <sub>11</sub> | I <sub>12</sub> |
| Н | 0 <sub>14</sub> | 0 <sub>13</sub> | NC              | NC              | I <sub>13</sub> | I <sub>14</sub> |
| J | O <sub>15</sub> | NC              | OE <sub>2</sub> | CP2             | NC              | I <sub>15</sub> |

#### **Truth Tables**

|              | Inputs                    |  | Outputs                                    |
|--------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| CP1          | OE <sub>1</sub>           | I <sub>0</sub> —I <sub>7</sub>           | 0 <sub>0</sub> –0 <sub>7</sub>             |
| ~            | L                         | Н  | Н  |
| ~            | L                         | L  | L  |
| L            | L                         | Х  | O <sub>0</sub>                             |
| Х            | Н                         | Х  | Z  |
|              |                           |  | -  |
|              | Inputs                    |  | Outputs                                    |
| CP2          | Inputs<br>OE <sub>2</sub> | I <sub>8</sub> —I <sub>15</sub>          | Outputs<br>O <sub>8</sub> –O <sub>15</sub> |
| CP2          |                           | <b>I<sub>8</sub>–I<sub>15</sub></b><br>Н |  |
| CP2<br>      | 0E2                       |  | 0 <sub>8</sub> –0 <sub>15</sub>            |
| CP2<br><br>L | DE <sub>2</sub>           | Н  | <b>О<sub>8</sub>-О<sub>15</sub></b><br>Н   |

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level X = Immaterial (HIGH or LOW, inputs may not float) Z = High Impedance

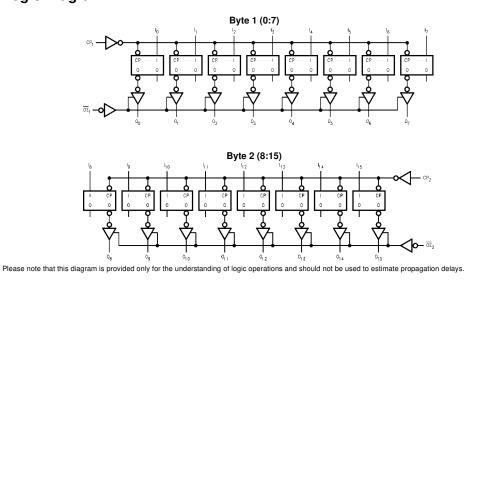
 $O_0 = Previous O_0$  before HIGH-to-LOW of CP

#### **Functional Description**

The 74VCX16374 consists of sixteen edge-triggered flip-flops with individual D-type inputs and 3-STATE true outputs. The device is byte controlled with each byte functioning identically, but independent of the other. The control pins can be shorted together to obtain full 16-bit operation. Each clock has a buffered clock and buffered Output Enable common to all flip-flops within that byte. The description which follows applies to each byte. Each

flip-flop will store the state of their individual I inputs that meet the setup and hold time requirements on the LOW-to-HIGH Clock (CP<sub>n</sub>) transition. With the Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}_n$ ) LOW, the contents of the flip-flops are available at the outputs. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is HIGH, the outputs go to the high impedance state. Operations of the  $\overline{OE}_n$  input does not affect the state of the flip-flops.

### Logic Diagram



# 74VCX16374

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 4)

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )                                      | -0.5V to +4.6V                 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| DC Input Voltage (VI)  | -0.5V to +4.6V                 |
| Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )                                       |                                |
| Outputs 3-STATED   | -0.5V to +4.6V                 |
| Outputs Active (Note 5)  | –0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5V |
| DC Input Diode Current (I <sub>IK</sub> ) V <sub>I</sub> < 0V          | –50 mA                         |
| DC Output Diode Current (I <sub>OK</sub> )                             |                                |
|  |                                |
| V <sub>O</sub> < 0V  | –50 mA                         |
| V <sub>O</sub> < UV<br>V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub>                | –50 mA<br>+50 mA               |
| 0  |                                |
| $V_{O} > V_{CC}$   |                                |
| $V_0 > V_{CC}$<br>DC Output Source/Sink Current                        | +50 mA                         |
| $V_{O} > V_{CC}$<br>DC Output Source/Sink Current<br>$(I_{OH}/I_{OL})$ | +50 mA                         |

| Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 6)          | l              |
|--|----------------|
| Power Supply                                       |                |
| Operating  | 1.2V to 3.6V   |
| Input Voltage                                      | -0.3V to +3.6V |
| Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )                   |                |
| Output in Active States                            | 0V to $V_{CC}$ |
| Output in "OFF" State                              | 0.0V to 3.6V   |
| Output Current in I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub> |                |
| V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V                     | ±24 mA         |
| V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V                     | ±18 mA         |
| V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V to 2.3V                    | ±6 mA          |
| V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V                     | ±2 mA          |
| $V_{CC} = 1.2V$                                    | ±100 μA        |

Free Air Operating Temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)

Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ )

 $V_{IN} = 0.8V$  to 2.0V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ 10 ns/V

-40°C to +85°C

Note 4: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Rat-ings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the condi-tions for actual device operation.

Note 5:  $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$  Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 6: Floating or unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW.

| <b>DC Electrical</b> | Characteristics |
|----------------------|-----------------|
|----------------------|-----------------|

| Symbol          | Parameter                 | Conditions                | V <sub>CC</sub><br>(V) | Min                   | Max                  | Units |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|
| VIH             | HIGH Level Input Voltage  |                           | 2.7 - 3.6              | 2.0                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 2.3 - 2.7              | 1.6                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.65 - 2.3             | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$  |                      | V     |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.4 - 1.6              | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$  |                      |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.2                    | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$  |                      |       |
| VIL             | LOW Level Input Voltage   |                           | 2.7 - 3.6              |                       | 0.8                  |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 2.3 - 2.7              |                       | 0.7                  |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.65 - 2.3             |                       | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ | V     |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.4 - 1.6              |                       | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ |       |
|                 |                           |                           | 1.2                    |                       | $0.05 \times V_{CC}$ |       |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | HIGH Level Output Voltage | I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA | 2.7 - 3.6              | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 |                      |       |
|                 |                           | I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA  | 2.7                    | 2.2                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$ | 3.0                    | 2.4                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$ | 3.0                    | 2.2                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$   | 2.3 - 2.7              | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$  | 2.3                    | 2.0                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$ | 2.3                    | 1.8                   |                      | V     |
|                 |                           | I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA  | 2.3                    | 1.7                   |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$   | 1.65 - 2.3             | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$  | 1.65                   | 1.25                  |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$   | 1.4 - 1.6              | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$  | 1.4                    | 1.05                  |                      |       |
|                 |                           | $I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$   | 1.2                    | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 |                      |       |

| Symbol           | Parameter                             | Conditions  | V <sub>CC</sub><br>(V) | Min | Мах  | Units |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| OL /OL           | LOW Level Output Voltage              | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                          | 2.7 - 3.6              |     | 0.2  |       |
|                  |                                       | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$                          | 2.7                    |     | 0.4  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA                           | 3.0                    |     | 0.4  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA                           | 3.0                    |     | 0.55 | v     |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                          | 2.3 - 2.7              |     | 0.2  |       |
|                  |                                       | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$                          | 2.3                    |     | 0.4  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA                           | 2.3                    |     | 0.6  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                          | 1.65 - 2.3             |     | 0.2  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA                            | 1.65                   |     | 0.3  |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                          | 1.4 - 1.6              |     | 0.2  |       |
|                  |                                       | $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$                           | 1.4                    |     | 0.35 |       |
|                  |                                       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                          | 1.2                    |     | 0.05 |       |
| I                | Input Leakage Current                 | $0 \le V_I \le 3.6V$                              | 1.2 - 3.6              |     | ±5.0 | μA    |
| oz               | 3-STATE Output Leakage                | $0 \le V_O \le 3.6V$                              | 1.2 - 3.6              |     | ±10  | μA    |
|                  |                                       | $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$                 | 1.2 - 3.0              |     | 10   | μΛ    |
| OFF              | Power-OFF Leakage Current             | $0 \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6V$                     | 0                      |     | 10   | μA    |
| cc               | Quiescent Supply Current              | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND                             | 1.2 - 3.6              |     | 20   | μA    |
|                  |                                       | $V_{CC} \leq (V_I, \ V_O) \leq 3.6V \ (Note \ 7)$ | 1.2 - 3.6              |     | ±20  | μΑ    |
| ۵l <sub>CC</sub> | Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input | $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$                          | 2.7 - 3.6              |     | 750  | μA    |

#### AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 8)

| Symbol             | Baramatar                  | Parameter Conditions                            | V <sub>CC</sub>               | $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ | C to +85°C | Units | Figure             |      |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| Symbol             | Parameter                  | Conditions                                      | (V)                           | Min                 | Max        | Units | Numbe              |      |
| f <sub>MAX</sub>   | Maximum Clock Frequency    | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 250                 |            | ns    | Figures            |      |
|                    |                            |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 200                 |            |       |                    |      |
|                    |                            |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 100                 |            |       | ns                 | ., 2 |
|                    |                            | $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$           | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 80                  |            |       | Figure             |      |
|                    |                            |   | 1.2                           | 40                  |            |       | 7, 8               |      |
| t <sub>PHL</sub> , | Propagation Delay CP to On | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.8                 | 3.0        |       |                    |      |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                            |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.0                 | 3.9        |       | Figure<br>1, 2     |      |
|                    |                            |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 1.5                 | 7.8        | ns    | 1, 2               |      |
|                    |                            | $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$           | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 1.0                 | 15.6       |       | Figures            |      |
|                    |                            |   | 1.2                           | 1.5                 | 39         |       | 7, 8               |      |
| t <sub>PZL</sub> , | Output Enable Time         | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.8                 | 3.5        |       | Figures<br>1, 3, 4 |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub>   |                            |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.0                 | 4.6        | ns    |                    |      |
|                    |                            |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 1.5                 | 9.2        |       |                    |      |
|                    |                            | $C_L=15 \text{ pF},  R_L=2k\Omega$              | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 1.0                 | 18.4       |       | Figure             |      |
|                    |                            |   | 1.2                           | 1.5                 | 46         |       | 7, 9, 10           |      |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub> , | Output Disable Time        | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.8                 | 3.5        |       |                    |      |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>   |                            |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.0                 | 3.8        |       | Figure<br>1, 3, 4  |      |
|                    |                            |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 1.5                 | 6.8        | ns    | 1, 0,              |      |
|                    |                            | $C_L=15 \text{ pF},  R_L=2k\Omega$              | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 1.0                 | 13.6       |       | Figure             |      |
|                    |                            |   | 1.2                           | 1.5                 | 34         |       | 7, 9, 1            |      |
| t <sub>S</sub>     | Setup Time                 | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 1.5                 |            |       |                    |      |
|                    |                            |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.5                 |            |       | Figures<br>1, 6    |      |
|                    |                            |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 2.5                 |            | ns    |                    |      |
|                    |                            | $C_L=15 \text{ pF},  R_L=2k\Omega$              | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 3.0                 |            |       | Figure             |      |
|                    |                            |   | 1.2                           | 6                   |            |       | Ğ, 7               |      |

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### AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

| Symbol         | Parameter             | Conditions                                      | V <sub>CC</sub>               | $V_{CC}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +8 |      | C Units | Figure          |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|-----------------|
| Symbol         | Falanetei             | Conditions                                      | (V)                           | Min                                 | Max  | onits   | Number          |
| t <sub>H</sub> | Hold Time             | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{1.0}$ | 1.0                                 |      |         |                 |
|                |                       |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.0                                 |      |         | Figures<br>1,6  |
|                |                       |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 1.0                                 |      | ns      | 1,0             |
|                |                       | $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$           | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 2.0                                 |      |         | Figures 6, 7    |
|                |                       |   | 1.2                           | 6                                   |      |         |                 |
| tw Pulse Width | Pulse Width           | Vidth $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$   | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 1.5                                 |      |         |                 |
|                |                       |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ | 1.5                                 |      |         | Figures<br>1,4  |
|                |                       |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  | 4.0                                 |      | ns      | Figures<br>4, 7 |
|                |                       | $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 2k\Omega$   | $1.5\pm0.1$                   | 4.0                                 |      |         |                 |
|                |                       |   | 1.2                           | 8                                   |      |         |                 |
| OSHL           | Output to Output Skew | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 500 \Omega$ | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ |                                     | 0.5  |         |                 |
| OSLH           | (Note 9)              |   | $\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$ |                                     | 0.5  |         |                 |
|                |                       |   | $1.8\pm0.15$                  |                                     | 0.75 | ns      |                 |
|                |                       | $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$           | $1.5\pm0.1$                   |                                     | 1.5  |         |                 |
|                |                       |   | 1.2                           |                                     | 1.2  |         |                 |

Note 8: For  $C_L = 50_PF$ , add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

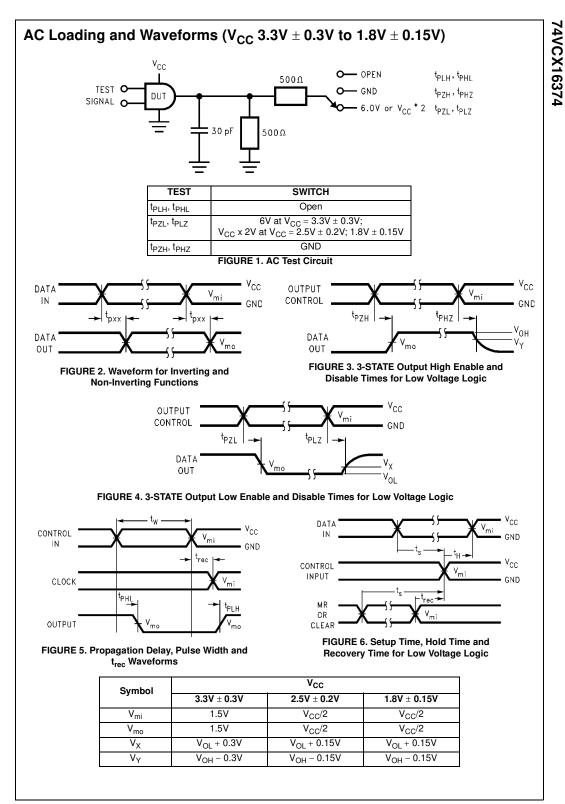
Note 9: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>).

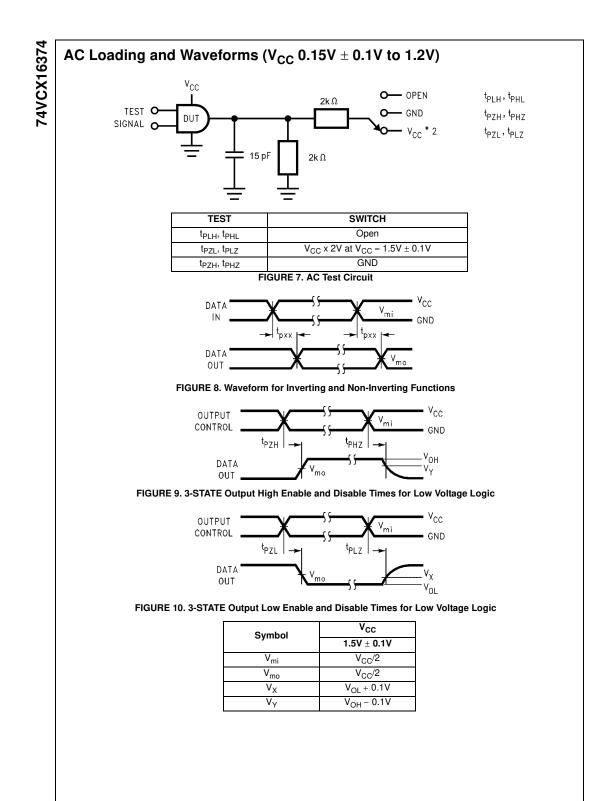
#### **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                                   | Conditions   | V <sub>CC</sub><br>(V) | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C<br>Typical | Units |
|------------------|---|--|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| V <sub>OLP</sub> | Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>   | C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V     | 1.8                    | 0.25                              |       |
|                  |   |  | 2.5                    | 0.6                               | V     |
|                  |   |  | 3.3                    | 0.8                               |       |
| V <sub>OLV</sub> | Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub> | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$                                  | 1.8                    | -0.25                             |       |
|                  |   |  | 2.5                    | -0.6                              | V     |
|                  |   |  | 3.3                    | -0.8                              |       |
| V <sub>OHV</sub> | Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OH</sub> | $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ V}_{IH} = \text{ V}_{CC}, \text{ V}_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ | 1.8                    | 1.5                               |       |
|                  |   |  | 2.5                    | 1.9                               | V     |
|                  |   |  | 3.3                    | 2.2                               |       |

#### Capacitance

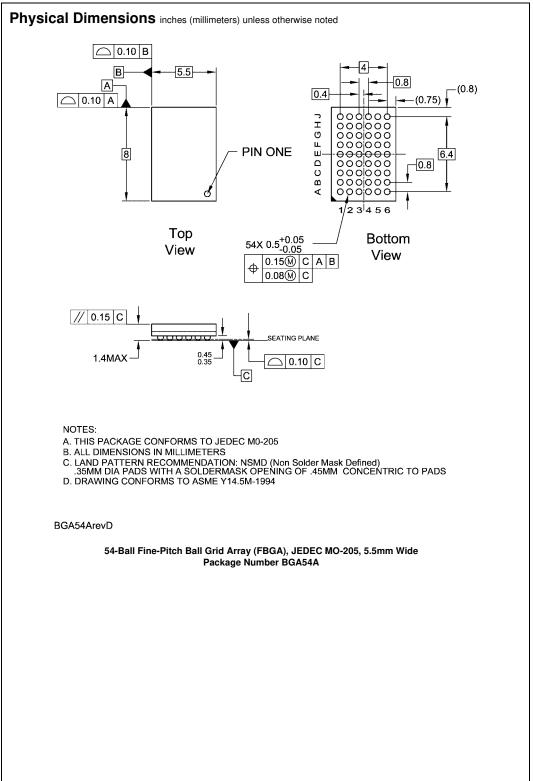
| Symbol           | Parameter          | Conditions   | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C<br>Units |      |
|------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|------|
| Symbol           |                    | Conditions   | Typical                         | onns |
| CIN              | Input Capacitance  | $V_{CC}$ = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V, $V_{I}$ = 0V or $V_{CC}$                                      | 6                               | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Capacitance | $V_{I} = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}, V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V \text{ or } 3.3V$                        | 7                               | pF   |
| C <sub>PD</sub>  |                    | V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> , f = 10 MHz,<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V | 20                              | pF   |



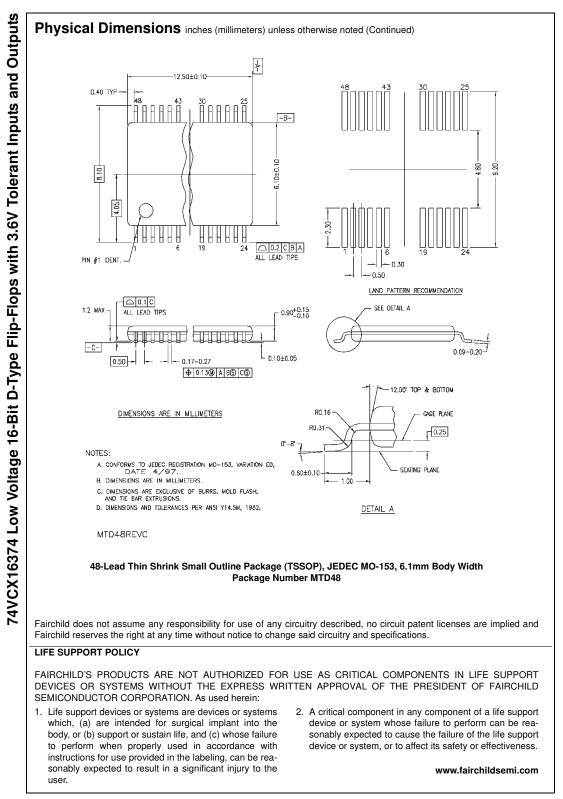


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