imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



PRODUCT DISCONTINUATION NOTICE - LAST TIME BUY EXPIRES MAY 6, 2017

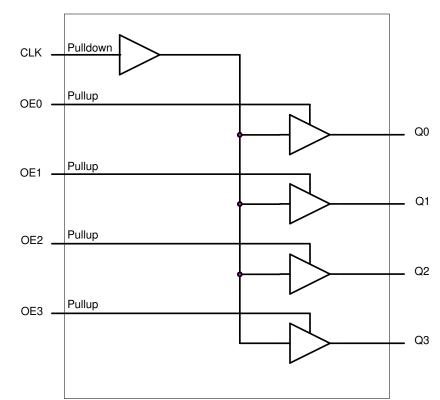
DATA SHEET

General Description

The ICS8304-02 is a low skew, high performance, 1-to-4 Fanout Buffer with individual output enables. The ICS8304-02 is characterized at full 3.3V and 2.5V for input (V_{DD}), and mixed 3.3V and 2.5V for output operating supply modes (V_{DDO}). Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS8304-02 ideal for those clock distribution applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability.

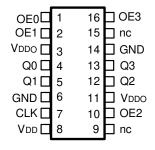
Features

- Four LVCMOS / LVTTL outputs, 15Ω output impedance
- LVCMOS / LVTTL clock input
- Maximum output frequency: 250MHz
- Output skew: 30ps (typical)
- Part-to-part skew: 400ps (maximum)
- Small 16 lead TSSOP package saves board space
- Power supply modes: Core/Output
 3.3V/3.3V
 3.3V/2.5V
 2.5V/2.5V
- Individual output enable control
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in lead-free (RoHS 6) packaging
- For functional replacement part use 8305



Block Diagram

Pin Assignment



ICS8304-02

16-Lead TSSOP 4.4mm x 5.0mm x 0.92mm package body G Package Top View

Pin Descriptions and Pin Characteristics

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Ту	ре	Description
1, 2, 10, 16	OE0, OE1, OE2, OE3	Input	Pullup	Output enable pins. Active HIGH. If pin is LOW, output is high impedance. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels. See Table 3.
3, 11	V _{DDO}	Power		Output supply pins.
4, 5, 12, 13	Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3	Output		Single-ended clock outputs. 15 Ω output impedance. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6, 14	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
7	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Single-ended clock input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
8	V _{DD}	Power		Power supply pin.
9, 15	nc	Unused		No connect.

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

Table 2. Pin Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
	Power Dissipation	V _{DD} , V _{DDO} = 3.465V or 2.625V		5		pF
C _{PD} Capacitance (per output)		V _{DD} = 3.465V, V _{DDO} = 2.625V		3		pF
R _{OUT}	Outrast laws a damage	V _{DDO} = 3.465V		15		Ω
	Output Impedance	V _{DDO} = 2.625V		17		Ω

Function Table

Table 3. OEx Function Table

Inputs	Outputs
OE3, OE2, OE1, OE0	Q3, Q2, Q1, Q0
0	Hi-Z
1	Active (default)

NOTE: Asynchronous output enables.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics or AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating
Supply Voltage, V _{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V _I	-0.5V to V _{DD} + 0.5V
Outputs, V _O	-0.5V to V _{DDO} + 0.5V
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	100.3°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, T _{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 4A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDO} Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current			16	20	mA
I _{DDO}	Output Supply Current			6	10	mA

Table 4B. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current			14	17	mA
I _{DDO}	Output Supply Current			5	10	mA

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
M	Innut Lligh Volt		V _{DD} = 3.465V	2		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IH}	Input High Volt	age	V _{DD} = 2.625V	1.7		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
M			V _{DD} = 3.465V	-0.3		0.8	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Volta	ige	V _{DD} = 2.625V	-0.3		0.7	V
	lanut	CLK	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465 V \text{ or } 2.625 V$			150	μA
I _{IH}	Input High Current	OE3, OE2, OE1, OE0	V _{DD} = V _{IN} = 3.465V or 2.625V			5	μA
Input Low Curren	Input	CLK	$V_{DD} = 3.465V \text{ or } 2.625V,$ $V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
	Low Current	OE3, OE2, OE1, OE0	$V_{DD} = 3.465V \text{ or } 2.625V,$ $V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μA
M	Output Lligh Va	ltogo	$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%; I_{OH} = -12mA$	2.6			V
V _{OH}	Output High Vo	mage	$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%; I_{OH} = -12mA$	1.8			V
M		ltaga	$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%; I_{OL} = 12mA$			0.5	V
V _{OL} Output Low Vo	naye	$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%; I_{OL} = 12mA$			0.5	V	
I _{OZL}	Output Hi-Z Cu	irrent Low		-5			μA
I _{OZH}	Output Hi-Z Cu	rrent High				5	μA

Table 4C. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5A. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
fout	Output Frequency					250	MHz
tp _{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	CLK		2.0	2.5	4.0	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2,	5	Measured on the Rising Edge		30	60	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NO	TE 3, 5				400	ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time		20% to 80%	400	600	1000	ps
a da	Outrout Duty Ovala		Output Frequency < 150MHz	45	50	55	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle		Output Frequency ≥150MHz	40	47	60	%
t _{EN}	Output Enable Time; N	OTE 4			3	5	ns
t _{DIS}	Output Disable Time; N	IOTE 4			4	6	ns

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Measured from the $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V_{DDO}/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at V_{DDO}/2.

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
fout	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp _{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1		2.0	2.7	4.0	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5	Measured on the Rising Edge		30	60	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5	j			425	ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	400	750	1200	ps
ada	Output Duty Ovala	Output Frequency < 150MHz	45	50	55	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	Output Frequency ≥150MHz	40	47	60	%
t _{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE			3	5	ns
t _{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE	1		4	6	ns

Table 5B. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Measured from the $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V_{DDO}/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at V_{DDO}/2.

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
fout	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp _{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1		2.0	2.8	4.0	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5	Measured on the Rising Edge		30	60	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				425	ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	400	750	1200	ps
	Outrast Duty Ovela	Output Frequency < 150MHz	45	50	55	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	Output Frequency ≥150MHz	40	47	60	%
t _{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 4			3	5	ns
t _{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 4			4	6	ns

Table 5C. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Measured from the $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

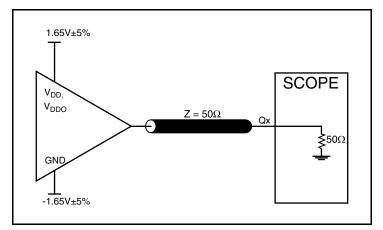
NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V_{DDO}/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at V_{DDO}/2.

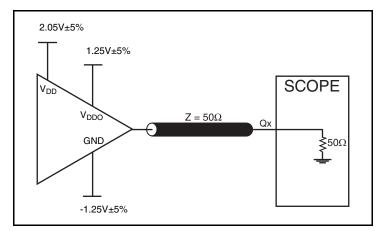
NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

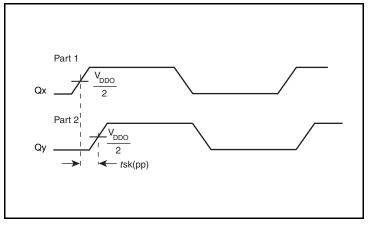
Parameter Measurement Information



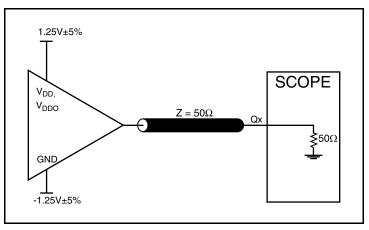
3.3V Core/3.3V LVCMOS Output Load Test Circuit



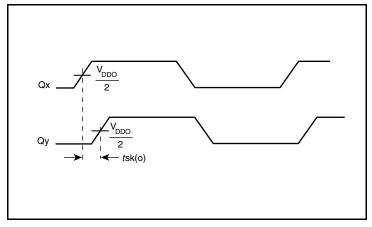
3.3V Core/2.5V LVCMOS Output Load Test Circuit



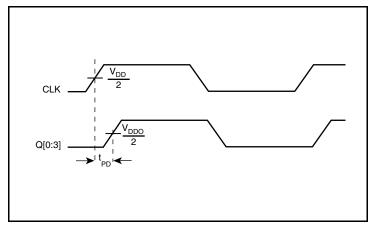
Part-to-Part Skew



2.5V Core/2.5V LVCMOS Output Load Test Circuit

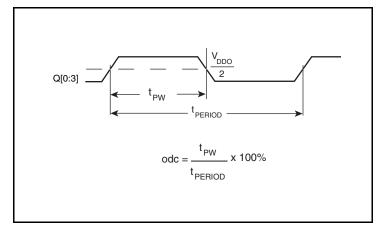


Output Skew

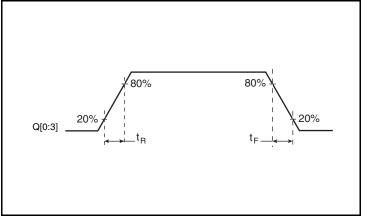


Propagation Delay

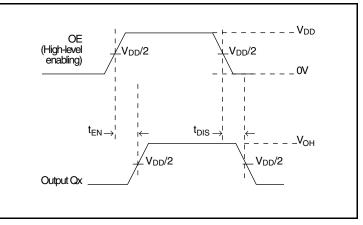
Parameter Measurement Information, continued



Output Duty Cycle/Pulse Width/Period



Output Rise/Fall Time



Output Enable/Disable Time

Applications Information

Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins

Inputs:

LVCMOS Control Pins

All control pins have internal pullup resistors; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A $1k\Omega$ resistor can be used.

Outputs:

LVCMOS Outputs

All unused LVCMOS outputs can be left floating. There should be no trace attached.

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS8304-02. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

Power Dissipation. 1.

The total power dissipation for the ICS8304-02 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated due to loading. The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{DD MAX} * (I_{DD} + I_{DDO}) = 3.465V *(20mA + 17mA) = 128.21mW •
- Output Impedance R_{OUT} Current due to Loading 50 Ω to $V_{DD}/2$ Output Current I_{OUT} = V_{DD MAX} / [2 * (50 Ω + R_{OUT})] = 3.465V / [2 * (50 Ω + 15 Ω)] = 26.7mA
- Power Dissipation on the ROUT per LVCMOS output • Power (R_{OUT}) = $R_{OUT} * (I_{OUT})^2 = 15\Omega * (26.7mA)^2 = 10.7mW$ per output
- Total Power (R_{OUT}) = 10.7mW * 4 = 42.8mW

Dynamic Power Dissipation at 250MHz

Power (250MHz) = C_{PD} * Frequency * $(V_{DD})^2$ = 5pF * 250MHz * (3.465V)² = **15mW per output**

Total Power (250MHz) = 15mW * 4 = 60mW

Total Power Dissipation

- **Total Power**
 - = Power (core)_{MAX} + Power (R_{OUT}) + Power (250MHz) = 128.21mW + 42.8mW + 60mW

 - = 231.01mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature is 125°C. Limiting the internal transistor junction temperature, Tj, to 125°C ensures that the bond wire and bond pad temperature remains below 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj = θ_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A

Tj = Junction Temperature

 θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming no air flow and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 100.3°C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

70°C + 0231W *100.3°C/W = 93.17°C. This is below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow and the type of board (multi-layer).

Table 6. Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} for 16 Lead TSSOP, Forced Convection

θ_{JA} by Velocity						
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5			
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	100.3°C/W	96.0°C/W	93.9°C/W			

Reliability Information

Table 7. θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow Table for a 16 Lead TSSOP

θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow						
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5			
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	100.3°C/W	96.0°C/W	93.9°C/W			

Transistor Count

The transistor count for ICS8304-02: 2690

Package Outline and Package Dimensions

Package Outline - G Suffix for 16 Lead TSSOP

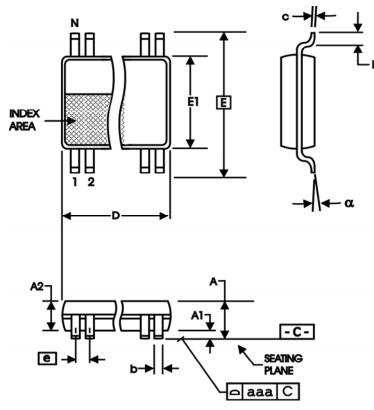


Table 8. Package Dimensions for 16 Lead TSSOP

All Dimensions in Millimeters				
Symbol	Minimum	Maximum		
Ν	16			
Α		1.20		
A1	0.05	0.15		
A2	0.80	1.05		
b	0.19	0.30		
С	0.09	0.20		
D	4.90	5.10		
E	6.40 Basic			
E1	4.30	4.50		
e	0.65 Basic			
L	0.45	0.75		
α	0°	8°		
aaa		0.10		

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

Ordering Information

Table 9. Ordering Information

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
8304AG-02LF	8304A02L	"Lead-Free" 16 Lead TSSOP	Tube	0°C to 70°C
8304AG-02LFT	8304A02L	"Lead-Free" 16 Lead TSSOP	Tape & Reel	0°C to 70°C

Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change	
May 6, 2016	 Product Discontinuation Notice - Last time buy expires May 6, 2017. PDN CQ-16-01 	

We've Got Your Timing Solution



6024 Silver Creek Valley Road San Jose, California 95138 Sales 800-345-7015 (inside USA) +408-284-8200 (outside USA) Fax: 408-284-2775 www.IDT.com/go/contactIDT **Technical Support**

netcom@idt.com +480-763-2056

DISCLAIMER Integrated Device Technology, Inc. (IDT) and its subsidiaries reserve the right to modify the products and/or specifications described herein at any time and at IDT's sole discretion. All information in this document, including descriptions of product features and performance, is subject to change without notice. Performance specifications and the operating parameters of the described products are determined in the independent state and are not guaranteed to perform the same way when installed in customer products. The information contained herein is provided without representation or warranty of any kind, whether express or implied, including, but not limited to, the suitability of IDT's products for any particular purpose, an implied warranty of merchantability, or non-infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. This document is presented only as a guide and does not convey any license under intellectual property rights of IDT or any third parties.

IDT's products are not intended for use in applications involving extreme environmental conditions or in life support systems or similar devices where the failure or malfunction of an IDT product can be reasonably expected to significantly affect the health or safety of users. Anyone using an IDT product in such a manner does so at their own risk, absent an express, written agreement by IDT.

Integrated Device Technology, IDT and the IDT logo are registered trademarks of IDT. Other trademarks and service marks used herein, including protected names, logos and designs, are the property of IDT or their respective third party owners.