



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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Level control

→ FN filling/emptying function with alarm

- Automatic control and regulation of liquid levels.
- 2 sensitivity ranges.
- Filling or emptying function selected via dip switch.
- High or low alarm selected via dip switch.
- Memory can be selected.
- LEDs indicate state of power supply, output relay and alarm relay.



Specifications

Type	Voltages	Code
FN LS	230 VAC	84 870 803
FN	24 VAC	84 870 501
	48 VAC	84 870 502
	120 VAC	84 870 503
	230 VAC	84 870 504

General characteristics

Power supply characteristics

Supply voltage Un	230, 120, 48 and 24 V AC 50/60 Hz galvanic isolation via transformer
Operating range	0.85 to 1.15 Un except 120 V AC : 0.85 to 1.1 Un
Nominal power	3 VA at Un
Maximal power	4 VA at Un + 15 %
Immunity from micro power cuts	10 ms
Delay on pick-up	T1 = approx. 2 s
Response time on power up	T4 = 500 ms
Insulation coordination	Category III, degree of pollution 2 conforming to IEC 664.1 / VDE0110 : 4 kV/2

Control technical characteristics

Sensitivity range FN	5 kΩ → 100 kΩ
Sensitivity range FHLS	250 Ω → 5 kΩ
Display accuracy	± 30 % whith at maximum sensitivity
Electrode voltage	15 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Electrode current	1 mA
Response time on immersion	T2 = 400 ms
Response time on emersion	T3 = 700 ms

Output characteristics

Output	2 AgCdO changeover
Breaking capacity	FN LS : 2000 VA FN : 80 W
Maximum breaking current	FN LS : 8 A AC FN : 8 A DC
Minimum breaking current	FN LS : 100 mA AC FN : 100 mA DC
Max. breaking voltage	FN LS : 250 V AC FN : 250 V DC
Mechanical life (operations)	2 x 10 ⁶
Electrical life AC 12	2000 VA - 10 ⁵ operations
Electrical life AC 15	Cos φ = 0.3 - 6000 operations
Electrical life AC 13	L/R = 300 ms - 6000 operations

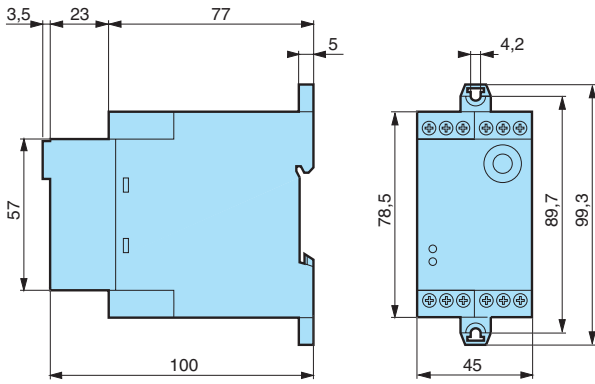
General characteristics

Material housing	Self-extinguishing
Terminal capacity	2 x 1.5 mm ² with ferrule 2 x 2.5 mm ² without ferrule
Temperature limit operation (IEC 68.1.14) (°C)	-20 → +60
Temperature limits stored (IEC 68.1.1/2) (°C)	-30 → +70
Relative humidity (no condensation)	93 % (+2 % ; -3 %)
Weight (g)	280

To order, see page 6

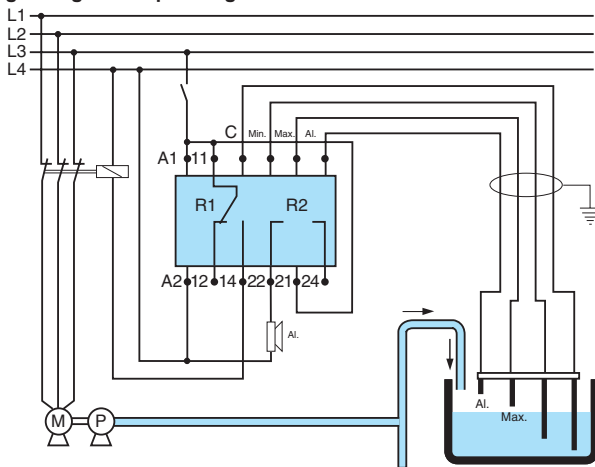
Dimensions

FN / FN LS



Connections

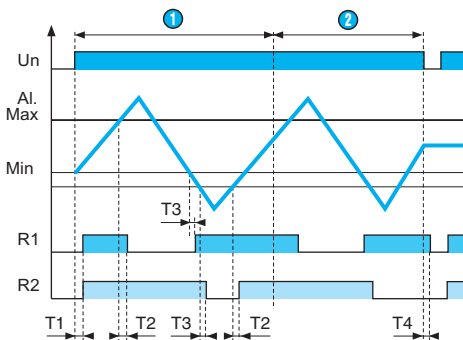
Regulating with "up" filling control



A1 - A2 : Supply voltage
 11 - 12 - 14 : Output relay (R1)
 21 - 22 - 24 : Alarm output relay (R2)
 C - Min - Max - Al. : Probe inputs

Principles

Filling control with low alarm

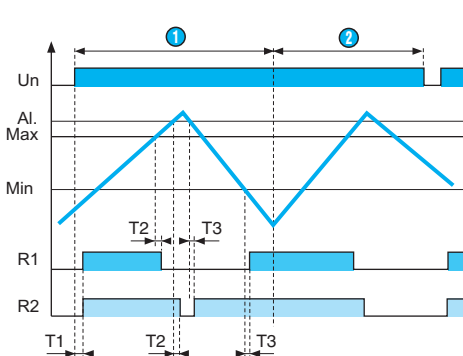


On power-up, probe Al. is submerged, relays R1 and R2 are energised and the pump is ON : filling starts, the LED for relay R1 is lit. When the level reaches the Max probe, relay R1 de-energises and the pump is OFF : filling stops, the LED for relay R1 goes off. Relay R1 re-energises when the Min probe emerges. In the event of a fault (level continues to fall) probe Al. emerges, relay R2 de-energises and the alarm is triggered : the LED for relay R2 is lit. This fault can be stored

- 1 Memory OFF
- 2 Memory ON

T1 : Delay on pick-up
 T2 : Response time on immersion
 T3 : Response time on emersion
 T4 : Response time on power-down

Filling control with high alarm

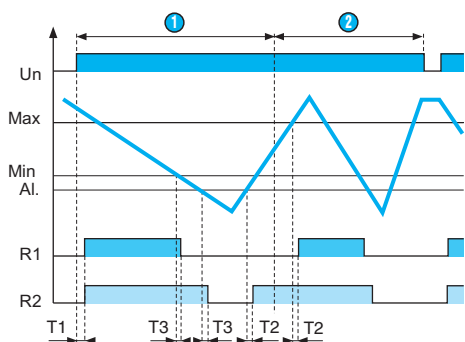


On power-up, the level in the tank is low, relays R1 and R2 are energised and the pump is ON : filling starts, the LED for relay R1 is lit. When the level reaches the Max probe, relay R1 de-energises and the pump is OFF : filling stops, the relay LED goes off. If, in the event of a fault, the level continues to rise and reaches probe Al., relay R2 de-energises and the alarm is triggered : the LED for relay R2 is lit.

- 1 Memory OFF
- 2 Memory ON

T1 : Delay on pick-up
 T2 : Response time on immersion
 T3 : Response time on emersion
 This fault can be stored.

Emptying control with low alarm

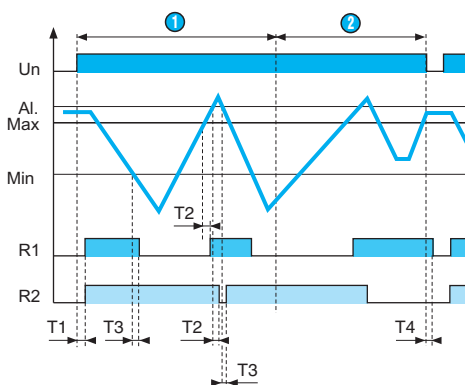


On power-up, probes Min, Max and Al. are submerged, relays R1 and R2 are energised and the pump is ON : emptying starts, the LED for relay R1 is lit. When the Min probe emerges, relay R1 goes off. If, in the event of a fault, the level continues to fall and probe Al. emerges, relay R2 de-energises and the alarm is triggered : the LED relay R2 is lit. This fault can be stored.

- ① Memory OFF
- ② Memory ON

T1 : Delay on pick-up
 T2 : Response time on immersion
 T3 : Response time on emersion

Emptying control with high alarm



On power-up, probes Min, Max are submerged and probe Al. is above the level of the liquid. Relays R1 and R2 are energised and the pump is ON : emptying starts, the LED for relay R1 is lit. When the Min probe emerges, relay R1 de-energises and the pump is OFF : emptying stops, the LED for relay R1 goes off. If, in the event of a fault, the level continues to rise and reaches probe Al., relay R2 de-energises and the alarm is triggered : the LED for relay R2 is lit. This fault can be stored.

- ① Memory OFF
- ② Memory ON

T1 : Delay on pick-up
 T2 : Response time on immersion
 T3 : Response time on emersion
 T4 : Response time on power-down

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Programming

	1	0
①	OFF	ON
②	④	⑤
③	⑥	⑦

- ① Memory
- ② Alarm
- ③ Function
- ④ Low
- ⑤ Emptying
- ⑥ High
- ⑦ Filling

Operating principle

Control of the level of a conductive liquid at specific points (high and low levels) with an alarm for a level which is abnormally high or low.

The principle is based on measurement of the apparent resistance of the liquid between submerged probes. When this value is lower than the present threshold on the unit front face, the output relay R1 and/or the alarm relay R2 change state.

The avoid electrolytic phenomena, an AC current runs across the probes.

Adjusting sensitivity

Set the sensitivity so that the relay will change state when the probes are in contact with the liquid. Then check that the relay returns to its initial position as soon as the probes emerge.

In certain applications, fine-tuning the sensitivity prevents inappropriate detection, such as the presence of foam or bubbles on the surface or the occurrence of leakage impedance between probes (extended line capacity, humidity, etc).

Note :

Latching of the alarm relay R2 in de-energised state if a fault occurs can be programmed via a switch on the underside of the underside of the unit (only when the unit is switched off). To reset alarm relay R2, cut the power, as long as the levels are reset.

Programming

The FN level controller can be programmed using 3 switches on the lower panel :

Note :

Memory, Alarm and Function must only be selected when the unit is switched off.