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ICS889874

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



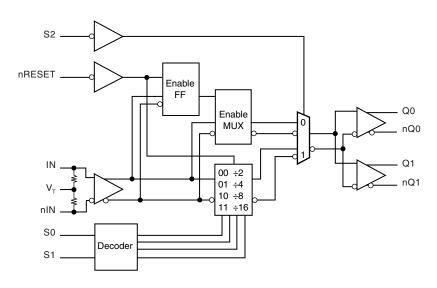
The ICS889874 is a high speed 1:2 Differential-to-LVPECL Buffer/Divider and is a member of the HiPerClockS™ family of high performance clock solutions from ICS. The ICS889874 has a selectable ÷1, ÷2, ÷4, ÷8, ÷16 output divider,

which allows the device to be used as either a 1:2 fanout buffer or frequency divider. The clock input has internal termination resistors, allowing it to interface with several differential signal types while minimizing the number of required external components. The device is packaged in a small, 3mm x 3mm VFQFN package, making it ideal for use on space-constrained boards.

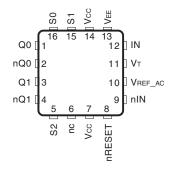
FEATURES

- Two LVPECL outputs
- Frequency divide select options: ÷ 1, ÷ 2, ÷4, ÷8, ÷16
- IN, nIN input can accept the following differential input levels: LVPECL, LVDS, CML
- Output frequency: > 2.5GHz
- · Output skew: 5ps (typical)
- Part-to-part skew: TBD
- Additive jitter, RMS: <0.03ps (design target)
- Supply voltage range: (LVPECL), 2.375V to 3.465V Supply voltage range: (ECL), -3.465V to -2.375V
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in both standard and lead-free RoHS compliant packages

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS889874 16-Lead VFQFN 3mm x 3mm x 0.95 package body K Package Top View

The Preliminary Information presented herein represents a product in prototyping or pre-production. The noted characteristics are based on initial product characterization. Integrated Circuit Systems, Incorporated (ICS) reserves the right to change any circuitry or specifications without notice.



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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ту	ре	Description
1, 2	Q0, nQ0	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL / ECL interface levels.
3, 4	Q1, nQ1	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL / ECL interface levels.
5, 15, 16	S2, S1, S0	Input	Pullup	Select pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6	nc	Unused		No connect.
7, 14	V _{cc}	Power		Positive supply pins.
8	nRESET	Input	Pullup	Synchronizing enable/disable pin. When LOW, resets the divider. When HIGH, unconnected. Input threshold is $V_{\rm cc}/2V$. Includes a $37 {\rm k}\Omega$ pull-up resistor. LVTTL / LVCMOS interface levels.
9	nIN	Input		Inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
10	V _{REF AC}	Output		Reference voltage for AC-coupled applications.
11	$V_{_{\mathrm{T}}}$	Input		Termination input.
12	IN	Input		Non-inverting LVPECL differential clock input.
13	V _{EE}	Power		Negative supply pin.

NOTE: *Pullup* refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			37		kΩ

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

TABLE 3A. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

In	puts	Outputs		
nRESET Selected Source		Q0, Q1	nQ0, nQ1	
0	IN, nIN	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH	
1	IN, nIN	Enabled	Enabled	

NOTE: After nRESET switches, the clock outputs are disabled or enabled following a falling input clock edge as shown in *Figure 1*.

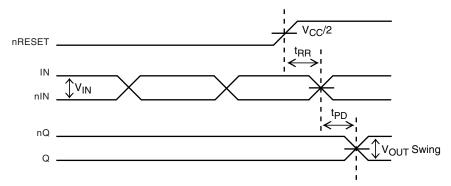


FIGURE 1. nRESET TIMING DIAGRAM (WHEN S2 = 1)

TABLE 3B. TRUTH TABLE

	Input	s		Outputo
nRESET	S2	S1	S0	Outputs
1	0	Х	Х	Reference Clock (pass through)
1	1	0	0	Reference Clock ÷2
1	1	0	1	Reference Clock ÷4
1	1	1	0	Reference Clock ÷8
1	1	1	1	Reference Clock ÷16
0	1	Х	Х	Q = LOW, nQ = HIGH Clock Disable; (NOTE 1)
0	0	Х	Х	Q = LOW, nQ = HIGH Clock Disable; (NOTE 1)

NOTE 1: Reset/Disable function is asserted on the next clock input (IN/nIN) high-to-low transition.



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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{CC} -0.5V to +4.0V Inputs, V_{L} -0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

Outputs, I_O

Operating Temperature Range, TA -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C Storage Temperature, T_{STG} -65° C to 150° C Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{1a} 51.5°C/W (0 lfpm)

(Junction-to-Ambient)

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Table 4A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$; Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{cc}	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	3.3	3.63	V
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current			50		mA

Table 4B. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$; Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2		V _{cc} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0		0.8	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.63V$	-125		20	μΑ
I	Input Low Current	$V_{CC} = 3.63V, V_{IN} = 0V$			-300	μΑ

Table 4C. DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$; Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
R _{IN}	Differential Input Resistance	(IN, nIN)			100		Ω
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	(IN, nIN)		1.2		V _{cc}	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	(IN, nIN)		0		V _{cc} - 0.15	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Swing			0.15		2.8	V
V_{DIFF_IN}	Differential Input Voltage Swing			0.3			V
I _{IN}	Input Current	(IN, nIN)				45	mA
V _{REF_AC}	Bias Voltage				V _{cc} - 1.35		V



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Table 4D. LVPECL DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$; Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1			V _{cc} - 1.005		mV
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1			V _{cc} - 1.78		mV
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing			800		mV
V _{DIFF_OUT}	Differential Output Voltage Swing			1.60		V

Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V $_{\rm CC}$ - V $_{\rm EE}$ can vary +0.925V to -0.5V. NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50 Ω to V $_{\rm CC}$ - 2V.

Table 5. AC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$; Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f	Maximum Output Frequence	су	Output Swing ≥ 450mV	2			GHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum Input Frequency		÷ 2, ÷4, ÷8, ÷16	2			GHz
+	Propagation Delay, (Differe	ntial);	Input Swing: < 400mV		725		ps
ι _{PD}	NOTE 1		Input Swing: ≥ 400mV		725		ps
tsk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 4				5		ps
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4				TBD		ps
<i>t</i> jit	Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section				<0.03		ps
t _{RR}	Reset Recovery Time				TBD		ps
t _R /t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time		20% to 80%		180		ps
t _s	Clock Enable Setup Time	EN to IN, nIN			TBD		ps
t _H	Clock Enable Hold Time	EN to IN, nIN			TBD		ps

All parameters characterized at \leq 1GHz unless otherwise noted.

NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Measured at the output differential cross points.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

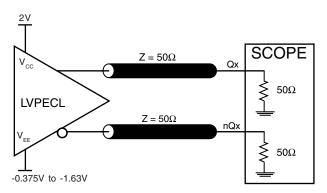
NOTE 4: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

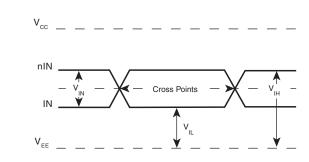
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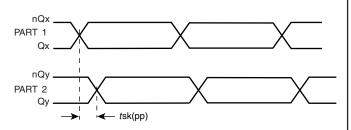
DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

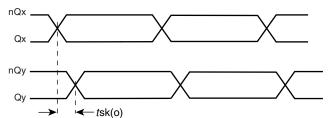




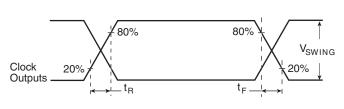
OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



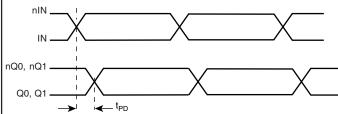




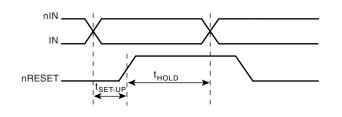
PART-TO-PART SKEW



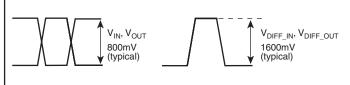
OUTPUT SKEW



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



PROPAGATION DELAY



SETUP & HOLD TIME

SINGLE ENDED & DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE SWING

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

APPLICATION INFORMATION

3.3V LVPECL INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω TERMINATIONS INTERFACE

The IN /nIN with built-in 50Ω terminations accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, CML, SSTL and other differential signals. Both V_{SWING} and V_{OH} must meet the V_{PP} and V_{CMR} input requirements. *Figures 2A to 2E* show interface examples for the HiPerClockS IN/nIN input with built-in 50Ω terminations driven

by the most common driver types. The input interfaces suggested here are examples only. If the driver is from another vendor, use their termination recommendation. Please consult with the vendor of the driver component to confirm the driver termination requirements.

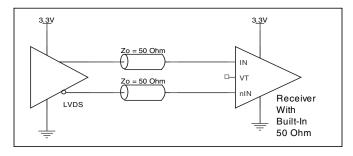


FIGURE 2A. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN LVDS DRIVER

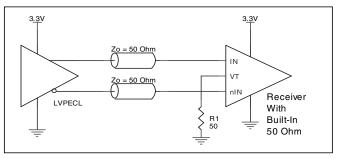


FIGURE 2B. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH

BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN LVPECL DRIVER

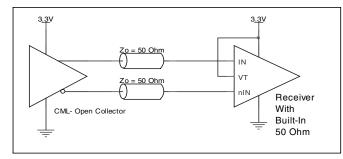


FIGURE 2C. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH
BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY A CML DRIVER
WITH OPEN COLLECTOR

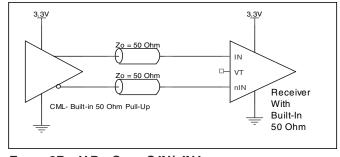


FIGURE 2D. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH

BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY A CML DRIVER

WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω PULLUP

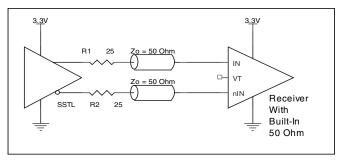


FIGURE 2E. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN SSTL DRIVER



2.5V LVPECL Input with Built-In 50Ω Terminations Interface

The IN /nIN with built-in 50Ω terminations accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, CML, SSTL and other differential signals. Both V_{SWING} and V_{OH} must meet the V_{PP} and V_{CMR} input requirements. *Figures 3A to 3E* show interface examples for the HiPerClockS IN/nIN input with built-in 50Ω terminations

driven by the most common driver types. The input interfaces suggested here are examples only. If the driver is from another vendor, use their termination recommendation. Please consult with the vendor of the driver component to confirm the driver termination requirements.

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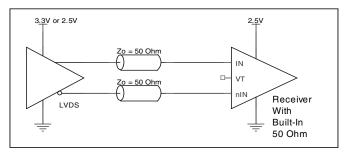


FIGURE 3A. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH

BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN LVDS DRIVER

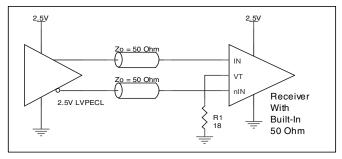


FIGURE 3B. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH

BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN LVPECL DRIVER

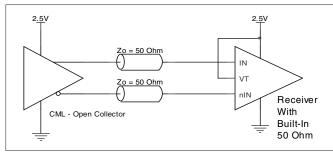


FIGURE 3C. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN OPEN COLLECTOR CML DRIVER

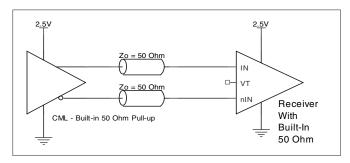


FIGURE 3D. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH

BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY A CML DRIVER

WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω PULLUP

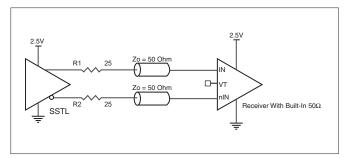


FIGURE 3E. HIPERCLOCKS IN/nIN INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω DRIVEN BY AN SSTL DRIVER

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

3.3V DIFFERENTIAL INPUT WITH BUILT-IN 50Ω Termination Unused Input Handling

To prevent oscillation and to reduce noise, it is recommended to have pullup and pulldown connect to true and compliment of the unused input as shown in *Figure 4*.

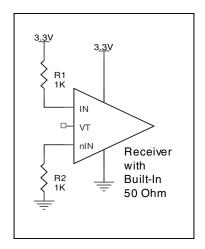


FIGURE 4. UNUSED INPUT HANDLING

2.5V Differential Input with Built-In 50Ω Termination Unused Input Handling

To prevent oscillation and to reduce noise, it is recommended to have pullup and pulldown connect to true and compliment of the unused input as shown in *Figure 5*.

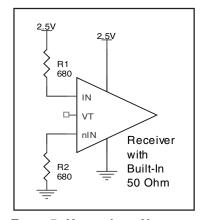


FIGURE 5. UNUSED INPUT HANDLING

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UNUSED INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS

INPUTS:

LVCMOS CONTROL PINS:

All control pins have internal pull-ups or pull-downs; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A $1k\Omega$ resistor can be used.

OUTPUTS:

LVPECL OUTPUT

All unused LVPECL outputs can be left floating. We recommend that there is no trace attached. Both sides of the differential output pair should either be left floating or terminated.

TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUTS

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive 50Ω transmission lines. Matched imped-

ance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 6A and 6B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

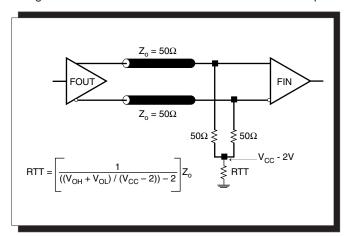


FIGURE 6A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

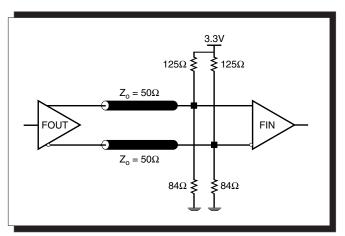


FIGURE 6B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

TERMINATION FOR 2.5V LVPECL OUTPUT

Figure 7A and Figure 7B show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50 Ω to V_{CC} - 2V. For V_{CC} = 2.5V, the V_{CC} - 2V is very

close to ground level. The R3 in Figure 7B can be eliminated and the termination is shown in *Figure 7C*.

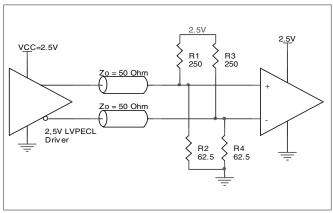


FIGURE 7A. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

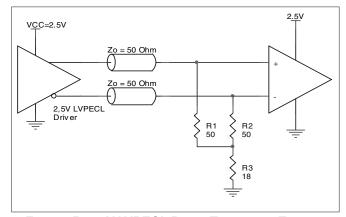


FIGURE 7B. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

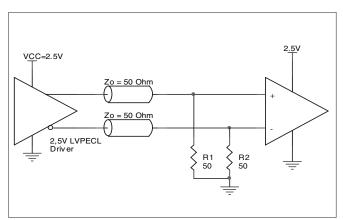


FIGURE 7C. 2.5V LVPECL TERMINATION EXAMPLE



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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

Table 7. $\theta_{\text{JA}} \text{vs. Air Flow Table for 16 Lead VFQFN}$

 θ_{JA} 0 Air Flow (Linear Feet per Minute)

Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards 51.5°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS889874 is: 326

Pin compatible with SY89874U

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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

PACKAGE OUTLINE - K SUFFIX FOR 16 LEAD VFQFN

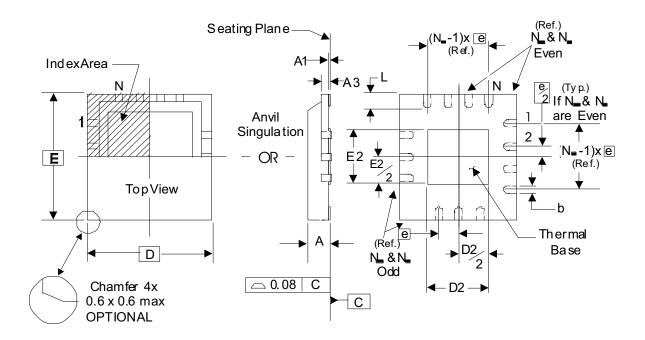


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

JEDEC VARIATION ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS						
SYMBOL	MINIMUM MAXIMUN					
N	1	6				
A	0.80	1.0				
A1	0	0.05				
А3	0.25 Re	ference				
b	0.18 0.30					
е	0.50 E	BASIC				
N _D	2	1				
N _E	2	1				
D	3.	.0				
D2	0.25	1.25				
E	3.	.0				
E2	0.25	1.25				
L	0.30	0.50				

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-220



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DIFFERENTIAL-TO-LVPECL BUFFER/DIVIDER

TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
ICS889874AK	874A	16 Lead VFQFN	tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS889874AKT	874A	16 Lead VFQFN	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C
ICS889874AKLF	TBD	16 Lead "Lead-Free" VFQFN	tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS889874AKLFT	TBD	16 Lead "Lead-Free" VFQFN	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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