



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

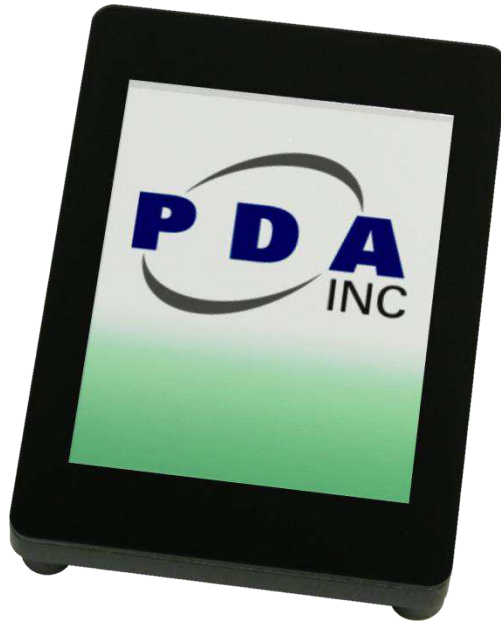
Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



Features

- Complete Module for Standalone Use:
 - Atmel XMEGA256A3BU MCU
 - Projected Capacitive Multi Touch Controller
 - 2.8in LCD
 - USB Connectivity
 - SD Card
 - Expansion Header for Development (*PCB Rev A2*)
- MCU:
 - ATXMEGA256A3BU
 - 256KBytes Flash / 8Kbytes Boot
 - 16KBytes RAM
 - 4KBytes EEPROM
 - USB 2.0 Full speed (12Mbps) and low speed (1.5Mbps)
- Storage:
 - SD/MMC
- Touch:
 - Atmel maXTouch mXT143E Touch Controller
 - Supports up to 8 touches
- Display:
 - Displaytech SDT028ATFT 2.8in LCD
 - 320x240 resolution
 - 20 ms typical response time
 - SPI interface via ILI9341 / ILI9320 (or compatible)
 - Optional support for 18-bit parallel interface
 - White LED backlight
- Cover Panel:
 - 1.2mm Soda Lime Glass
 - Optional 0.7mm Gorilla Glass™
- Expansion Header: (*PCB Rev A2*)
 - Hirose DF40C series mezzanine connector
 - I2C, SPI and USART Buses
 - Interrupts
 - I/O
 - ADC, DAC, Analog Comparator
 - Timer OC, PWM/AWeX



PDA TM2801: 2.8in PCAP Touch Module

1303-5-6

Contents

| | | |
|-------|--|----|
| 1 | Module Overview | 4 |
| 1.1 | PCB Connections | 4 |
| 1.2 | Debug Connector J1 | 6 |
| 1.3 | Touch Sensor Flex Connector J2 | 6 |
| 1.4 | Display Flex Connector J3 | 7 |
| 1.5 | Programming/Debug J4 | 7 |
| 1.6 | Universal Serial Bus (USB) J5 | 8 |
| 1.7 | Expansion J6 | 8 |
| 1.8 | SD/MMC U5 | 9 |
| 1.9 | XMEGA U4 | 10 |
| 2 | Overview of the 2.8in PCAP Touch Module | 11 |
| 2.1 | Introduction | 11 |
| 2.2 | Understanding Unfamiliar Concepts | 12 |
| 2.3 | XMEGA A3BU Microcontroller | 12 |
| 2.3.1 | Atmel Software Framework | 12 |
| 2.4 | LCD Panel | 12 |
| 2.4.1 | Atmel Software Framework | 13 |
| 2.5 | maXTouch Capacitive Touchscreen Controller | 13 |
| 2.5.1 | maXTouch Controller Interface | 13 |
| 2.6 | SD/MMC Connector | 14 |
| 2.6.1 | Atmel Software Framework | 14 |
| 2.7 | Expansion Interface | 14 |
| 3 | Getting Started | 15 |
| 3.1 | Hardware Setup | 15 |
| 3.2 | Demo Firmware | 15 |
| 3.3 | Loading Firmware | 15 |
| 3.3.1 | Programming Tools | 15 |
| 3.3.2 | Programming the Example Code | 15 |
| 4 | Specifications | 16 |
| 4.1 | Mechanical Specifications | 16 |
| 4.2 | Absolute Maximum Specifications | 18 |
| 4.3 | Recommended Operating Conditions | 18 |
| 4.4 | DC Specifications | 18 |
| 4.5 | I2C-compatible Bus Specifications | 18 |
| 4.6 | Power Consumption | 19 |

| | | |
|-----|--|----|
| 4.7 | Part Number | 19 |
| 5 | I2C Basics (I2C-compatible Operation) | 20 |
| 5.1 | Interface Bus | 20 |
| 5.2 | Transferring Data Bits | 20 |
| 5.3 | START and STOP Conditions | 20 |
| 5.4 | Address Byte Format | 21 |
| 5.5 | Data Byte Format | 21 |
| 5.6 | Combining Address and Data Bytes into a Transmission | 22 |
| 6 | Revision History | 23 |
| 7 | Notes | 24 |

1 Module Overview

1.1 PCB Connections

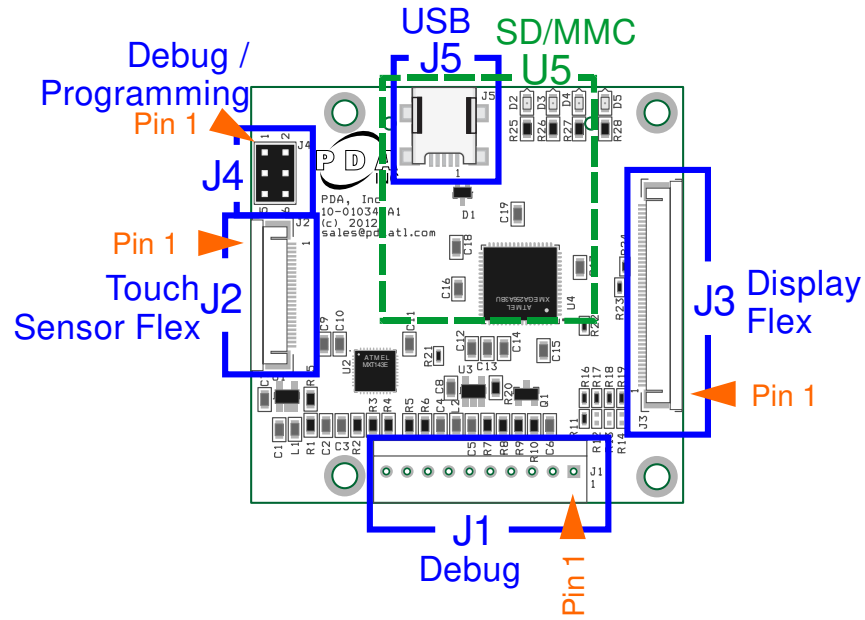


Figure 1 - PCB Connectors (10-01034-A1)

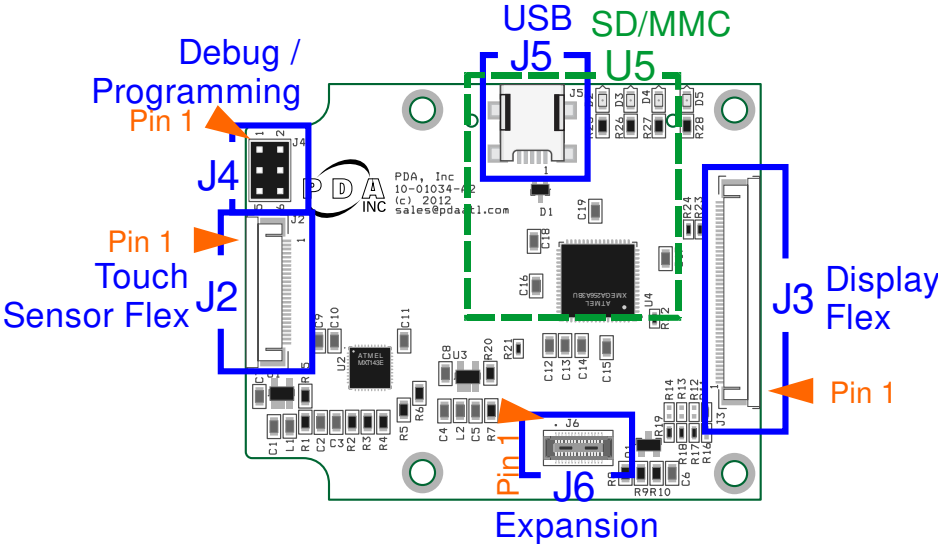


Figure 2 – Main PCB Connectors (10-01034-A2)

NOTE: The SD/MMC Slot (U5) is on the underside of the PCB

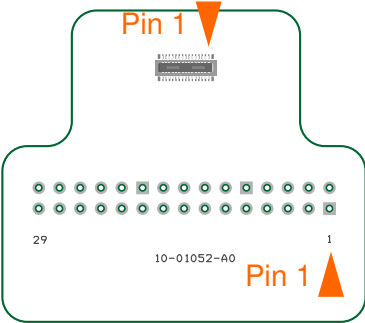


Figure 3 – Expansion PCB (10-01052-A0)

The following abbreviations and notations are used for the pin descriptions below. Note signal direction is given with respect to the touch module and on-board MCU – not the device connected:

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| MXT | maXTouch touchscreen | LCD | LCD Panel |
| SD | SD/MMC | USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| Exp | Expansion (PCB Rev A2 or greater) | XMega Port | Identification of XMega Port/Pin |
| I | Input only | OD | Open drain output |
| O | Output only, push-pull | P | Power or Ground |

1.2 Debug Connector J1

Connector J1 carries signals used to debug the MaXTouch Touchscreen Controller. Debug Connector is only present on the 10-01034-A1 revision PCB. As of the 10-01034-A2 revision PCB, these signals are accessible on the Expansion connector.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | P | +5Vdc |
| 2 | - | N/C |
| 3 | O | ~MXT_CHG ⁽¹⁾ |
| 4 | - | N/C |
| 5 | I | I ² C SDA ⁽²⁾ |

NOTE 1 – Pulled up through 47kΩ resistor

NOTE 2 – Pulled up through 3.3kΩ resistor

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-------------------------------------|
| 6 | I/O | I ² C SCL ⁽²⁾ |
| 7 | I | ~MXT_RESET ⁽¹⁾ |
| 8 | P | GND |
| 9 | O | MXT DBG DATA |
| 10 | O | MXT DBG CLK |

1.3 Touch Sensor Flex Connector J2

Connector J2 connects to the touch sensor flex and carries signals used by the maXTouch controller to detect input on the touch sensor.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-------------|
| 1 | I/O | X1 |
| 2 | I/O | X3 |
| 3 | I/O | X5 |
| 4 | I/O | X7 |
| 5 | I/O | X9 |
| 6 | I/O | X11 |
| 7 | P | GND |
| 8 | I/O | Y0 |
| 9 | I/O | Y1 |
| 10 | I/O | Y2 |
| 11 | I/O | Y3 |
| 12 | I/O | Y4 |
| 13 | I/O | Y5 |

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-------------|
| 14 | I/O | Y6 |
| 15 | I/O | Y7 |
| 16 | I/O | Y8 |
| 17 | I/O | Y9 |
| 18 | I/O | Y10 |
| 19 | P | GND |
| 20 | I/O | X12 |
| 21 | I/O | X10 |
| 22 | I/O | X8 |
| 23 | I/O | X6 |
| 24 | I/O | X4 |
| 25 | I/O | X2 |
| 26 | I/O | X0 |

1.4 Display Flex Connector J3

Connector J3 connects to the LCD panel flex and carries signals between the host and the LCD panel.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|----------------------------|
| 1 | P | Vin |
| 2 | P | LED_K1 (Backlight Cathode) |
| 3 | P | LED_K2 (Backlight Cathode) |
| 4 | P | LED_K3 (Backlight Cathode) |
| 5 | P | LED_K4 (Backlight Cathode) |
| 6 | - | N/C (IM0) |
| 7 | - | N/C (IM1) |
| 8 | - | N/C (IM2) |
| 9 | - | N/C (IM3) |
| 10 | - | N/C (FMARK) |
| 11 | O | GND (VSYNC) |
| 12 | O | GND (HSYNC) |
| 13 | O | GND (DOTCLK) |
| 14 | O | GND (ENABLE) |
| 15 | O | GND (DB17) |
| 16 | O | GND (DB16) |
| 17 | O | GND (DB15) |
| 18 | O | GND (DB14) |
| 19 | O | GND (DB13) |
| 20 | O | GND (DB12) |
| 21 | O | GND (DB11) |
| 22 | O | GND (DB10) |
| 23 | O | GND (DB9) |

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| 24 | O | GND (DB8) |
| 25 | O | GND (DB7) |
| 26 | O | GND (DB6) |
| 27 | O | GND (DB5) |
| 28 | O | GND (DB4) |
| 29 | O | GND (DB3) |
| 30 | O | GND (DB2) |
| 31 | O | GND (DB1) |
| 32 | O | GND (DB0) |
| 33 | O | ~CS ⁽¹⁾ |
| 34 | O | WR |
| 35 | O | RS / SCL |
| 36 | O | GND (RD) |
| 37 | O | RESET ⁽¹⁾ |
| 38 | I | SDO |
| 39 | O | SDI |
| 40 | P | Vdd |
| 41 | P | GND |
| 42 | - | Reserved (RES1) |
| 43 | - | Reserved (mXT ~CHG) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 44 | - | Reserved (SDA) ⁽²⁾ |
| 45 | - | Reserved (SCL) ⁽²⁾ |

NOTE 1 – Pulled up through 47kΩ resistor
 NOTE 2 – Pulled up through 3.3kΩ resistor

1.5 Programming/Debug J4

Connector J4 connects to the MCU's PDI programming and debug interface.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-----------------|
| 1 | I/O | PDI_DAT |
| 2 | P | V _{dd} |
| 3 | - | N/C |

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-----------------|
| 4 | - | N/C |
| 5 | I | ~RESET / PDI_CK |
| 6 | P | GND |

1.6 Universal Serial Bus (USB) J5

Connector J5 connects to the MCU's USB interface.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|--------------------|
| 1 | P | +5V _{BUS} |
| 2 | I/O | D- |
| 3 | I/O | D+ |
| 4 | - | N/C |
| 5 | P | GND |

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|-------------|
| 6 | P | GND |
| 7 | P | GND |
| 8 | P | GND |
| 9 | P | GND |

1.7 Expansion J6

Connector J6 (Hirose DF40-C-30DS-0.4V(51)) provides access to many system signals as well as additional I/O and signals to support development and prototyping. The Expansion Interface PCB (10-01052-A0) can be used to access these signals. Signals on the Expansion PCB follow the same sequence as shown in the table below. See section 2.7 for additional details.



Note: Some signals provided through the Expansion Interface are used by the system – these signals are indicated via gray highlighting in the table below. Care should be taken when using this interface and these pins in particular to ensure the effect on system operation is understood and no damage will occur. Refer to the Atmel XMega256A3BU datasheet for details on available pin functions.

| Pin | Type | Description | MXT | LCD | SD | XMega Port |
|-----|------|---|-----|-----|----|------------|
| 1 | P | Vin | | | | |
| 2 | P | Vin | | | | |
| 3 | I/O | I ² C SDA ⁽²⁾ | • | | | C0 |
| 4 | O | I ² C SCL ⁽²⁾ | • | | | C1 |
| 5 | I | ~MXT_CHG ⁽¹⁾ | • | | | C2 |
| 6 | O | WR | | • | | C3 |
| 7 | O | ~CS ⁽¹⁾ | | • | | C4 |
| 8 | O | MOSI | | • | • | C5 |
| 9 | I | MISO | | • | • | C6 |
| 10 | O | SCK | | • | • | C7 |
| 11 | I/O | INT, TC, I ² C: SDA | | | | E0 |
| 12 | I/O | INT, TC, I ² C SCL, USART: XCK | | | | E1 |
| 13 | I/O | INT, TC, USART: RXD | | | | E2 |
| 14 | I/O | INT, TC, USART: TXD | | | | E3 |
| 15 | O | ~SD_CS ⁽¹⁾ | | | • | B0 |

NOTE 1 – Pulled up through 47kΩ resistor

NOTE 2 – Pulled up through 3.3kΩ resistor

| Pin | Type | Description | MXT | LCD | SD | XMega Port |
|-----|------|---------------------------|-----|-----|----|------------|
| 16 | I | ~SD_Detect ⁽¹⁾ | | | • | B1 |
| 17 | O | ~RESET_LCD ⁽¹⁾ | | • | | B2 |
| 18 | I/O | INT, ADC, AC, DAC | | | | B3 |
| 19 | I/O | INT, ADC, AC, DAC, JTAG | | | | B4 |
| 20 | I/O | INT, ADC, AC, DAC, JTAG | | | | B5 |
| 21 | I/O | INT, ADC, AC, DAC, JTAG | | | | B6 |
| 22 | I/O | INT, ADC, AC, DAC, JTAG | | | | B7 |
| 23 | O | LED_EN | | • | | F0 |
| 24 | I | XMEGA: ~RESET / PDI_CK | | | | • |
| 25 | I/O | XMEGA: PDI_DAT | | | | • |
| 26 | O | ~RESET_MXT ⁽¹⁾ | • | | | A7 |
| 27 | O | MXT DBG DATA | • | | | |
| 28 | O | MXT DBG CLK | • | | | |
| 29 | P | GND | | | | |
| 30 | P | GND | | | | |

1.8 SD/MMC U5

The SD/MMC Connector U5 connects to the MCU's SPI and I/O.

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | O | ~SD_CS (SD DAT3) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 2 | O | MOSI (SD CMD) |
| 3 | P | GND |
| 4 | P | V _{dd} |
| 5 | O | SCK (SD CLK) |
| 6 | P | GND |
| 7 | I | MISO (SD DAT0) |
| 8 | - | N/C (SD DAT1) |

NOTE 1 – Pulled up through 47kΩ resistor

| Pin | Type | Description |
|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| 9 | - | N/C (SD DAT2) |
| 10 | I | ~SD_Detect (SD C/D) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 11 | P | GND |
| 12 | - | N/C (SD W/P) |
| 13 | P | GND (SD SHELL) |
| 14 | P | GND (SD SHELL) |
| 15 | P | GND (SD SHELL) |
| 16 | P | GND (SD SHELL) |

1.9 XMEGA U4

The MCU's pins are assigned as shown below. Note a pin's functionality within the system is indicated in the columns located to the right of the description.

| Pin | Type | Description | MXT | LCD | SD | USB | Exp |
|-----|------|---|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 1 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 2 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 3 | O | LED- | • | • | | | |
| 4 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 5 | O | ~RESET_MXT ⁽¹⁾ | • | | | | • |
| 6 | O | ~SD_CS ⁽¹⁾ | | | • | | • |
| 7 | I | ~SD_Detect ⁽¹⁾ | | | • | | • |
| 8 | O | ~RESET_LCD ⁽¹⁾ | | • | | | • |
| 9 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (B3) | | | | | • |
| 10 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (B4) | | | | | • |
| 11 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (B5) | | | | | • |
| 12 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (B6) | | | | | • |
| 13 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (B7) | | | | | • |
| 14 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 15 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 16 | I/O | I ² C SDA ⁽²⁾ | • | | | | • |
| 17 | O | I ² C SCL ⁽²⁾ | • | | | | • |
| 18 | I | ~MXT_CHG ⁽¹⁾ | • | | | | • |
| 19 | O | WR | | • | | | • |
| 20 | O | ~CS ⁽¹⁾ | | • | | | • |
| 21 | O | MOSI | | • | • | | • |
| 22 | I | MISO | | • | • | | • |
| 23 | O | SCK | | • | • | | • |
| 24 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 25 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 26 | - | Reserved (RES1) | | | | | |
| 27 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 28 | O | LED D4 | | | | | |
| 29 | O | LED D5 | | | | | |
| 30 | O | LED D2 | | | | | |
| 31 | O | LED D3 | | | | | |
| 32 | I/O | D- | | | | • | |
| 33 | I/O | D+ | | | | • | |

NOTE 1 – Pulled up through 47kΩ resistor

NOTE 2 – Pulled up through 3.3kΩ resistor

NOTE 3 – Expansion Interface not available on PCB Rev A1

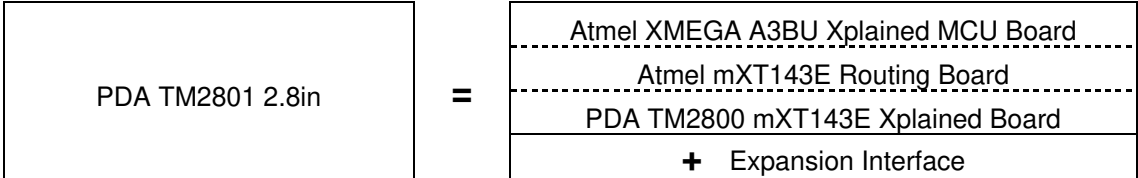
| Pin | Type | Description | MXT | LCD | SD | USB | Exp |
|-----|------|---|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 34 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 35 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 36 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (E0) | | | | | • |
| 37 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (E1) | | | | | • |
| 38 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (E2) | | | | | • |
| 39 | - | Expansion Interface ⁽³⁾ (E3) | | | | | • |
| 40 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 41 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 42 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 43 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 44 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 45 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 46 | O | LED_EN | | • | | | • |
| 47 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 48 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 49 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 50 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 51 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 52 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 53 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 54 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 55 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 56 | I/O | PDI_DAT | | | | | • |
| 57 | I | ~RESET / PDI_CK | | | | | • |
| 58 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 59 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 60 | P | GND | | | | | |
| 61 | P | V _{dd} | | | | | |
| 62 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 63 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 64 | - | N/C | | | | | |
| 65 | P | GND (Thermal Pad) | | | | | |

2 Overview of the 2.8in PCAP Touch Module

2.1 Introduction

The 2.8in PCAP Touch Module is a touchscreen module offering best-in-class projected capacitance multi-touch functionality combined with a 2.8in LCD panel.

With an onboard Atmel XMEGA256A3BU MCU, the module offers standalone operation based on a subset of functionality available from the Atmel XMEGA A3BU Xplained MCU Board and Atmel mXT143E Xplained Module. The module has been designed to effectively reproduce the combined schematic of these Xplained boards:



As shown in Figure 4 below, the module MCU offers access to the touchscreen controller, display interface, USB and storage for easy development and integration.

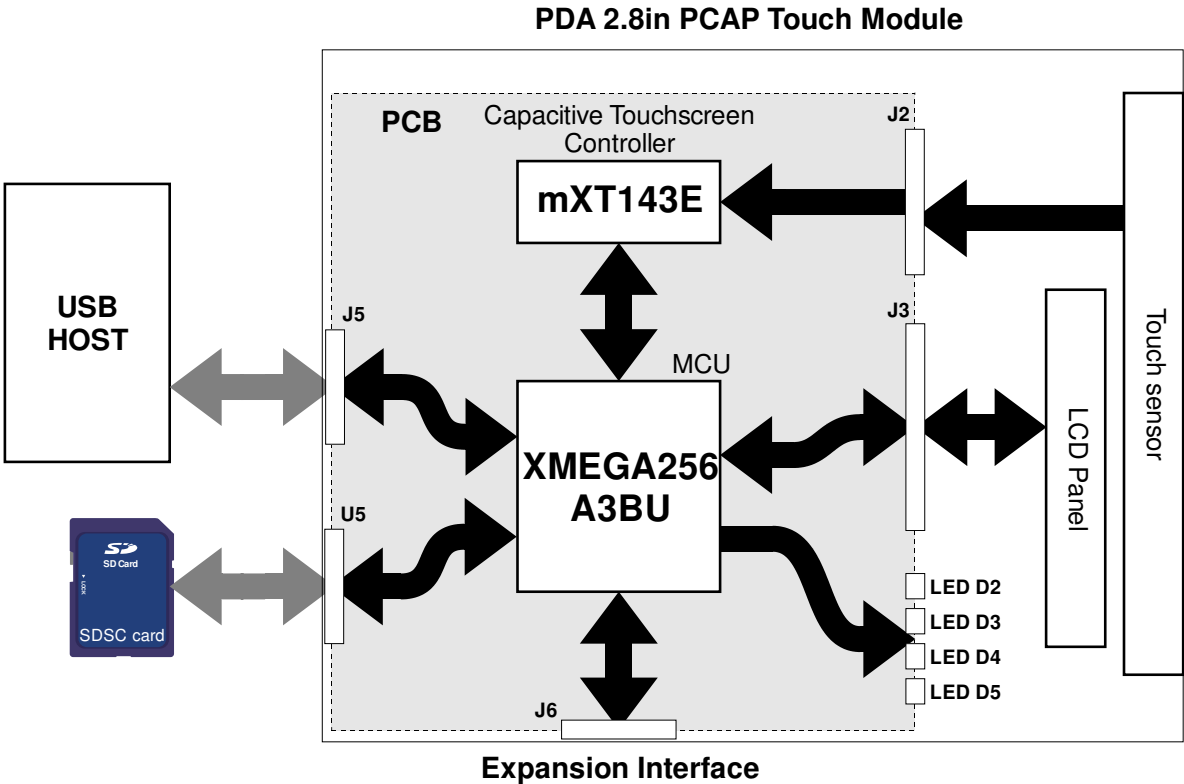


Figure 4 - Functional Block Diagram

2.2 Understanding Unfamiliar Concepts

Throughout this document, the functionality of the module sub-system will be outlined and summarized. However, the user is encouraged to refer to the resources and documents below in order to gain a more thorough understanding of each sub-system.

- Atmel XMega256A3BU (www.atmel.com)
- Atmel maXTouch mXT143E Datasheet (www.atmel.com)
- Displaytech SDT028ATFT Datasheet (www.displaytech-us.com)
- For a basic overview of I²C communication, refer to [Section 5](#) of this document
- Universal Serial Bus (www.usb.org)
- Secure Digital Card (www.sdcard.org)

2.3 XMEGA A3BU Microcontroller

The module is designed around the Atmel XMEGA256A3BU microcontroller. This microcontroller has a variety of features and flexibility and provides a good starting point for development and evaluation of the PDA TM2801 touch module. For additional details, see the XMEGA documentation available from Atmel's website (www.atmel.com).

The MCU is directly connected to all of the module sub-systems, providing a capable full-featured platform for development.

2.3.1 Atmel Software Framework

The Atmel Software Framework or ASF (<http://asf.atmel.com>) contains example projects targeting the XMEGA256A3BU MCU and its various features. This provides an excellent resource, in combination with the XMEGA documentation, for the user to become acquainted with the capabilities of the MCU. Of particular interest with this module, the ASF contains sample code for implementing the USB device interface available on the XMEGA256A3BU.

2.4 LCD Panel

The module MCU has a direct connection to the LCD panel interface ([Connector J3](#)) which includes a serial interface to the ILI9341 (or ILI9320 or compatible) display driver IC and LED backlight control. The LCD Backlight control is performed using the LED_EN and LED- signals ([XMEGA U4](#) Pins 46 and 3, respectively) as shown in Figure 5 below:

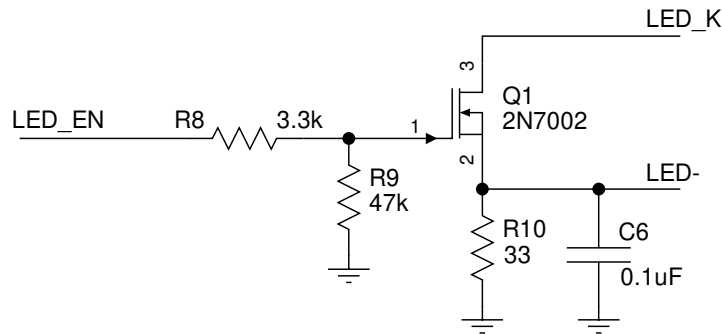


Figure 5 - LED Backlight Control

2.4.1 Atmel Software Framework

The Atmel Software Framework includes projects targeting the ILI9341 Display Driver IC.

2.5 maXTouch Capacitive Touchscreen Controller

The module touch screen interface is based on the Atmel maXTouch mXT143E Touch Controller.

The touch controller scans the touch sensor and signals the MCU with an active low interrupt signal (~MXT_CHG) when new touch data is available. Data communication with the maXTouch controller is performed over an I²C interface ([XMEGA U4](#) Pins 16, 17). The I²C address of the touch controller is set to 0x4A.

NOTE: Pull-up resistors for the I²C SCL and SDA lines are located at R4 and R3 respectively. A pull-up resistor for the ~MXT_CHG interrupt signal is located at R6.

2.5.1 maXTouch Controller Interface

Details of the maXTouch communication protocol are beyond the scope of this document. However information is provided below to facilitate evaluation and initial development.



The module is pre-loaded with a configuration already optimized for this touch sensor and panel, so the developer need only focus on interfacing with the device. When developing the maXTouch controller interface during evaluation and development, care should be taken to avoid changing the maXTouch configuration or committing changes to NV storage on the maXTouch controller.

To get started with development, the user is *strongly* encouraged to leverage existing code available from the resources outlined in the following sections.

2.5.1.1 Atmel Software Framework

The Atmel Software Framework (<http://asf.atmel.com>) contains examples of code for interfacing with devices in the maXTouch family of touch controllers. Many of the code examples found in the ASF are targeted for the mXT143E Xplained module and support the XMEGA256A3BU as the host MCU. With very minor modification, these projects are directly applicable to this module.

2.5.1.2 Linux Kernel / Android

While the Linux or Android OS may not be applicable to XMEGA256A3BU, there is a growing code base in the Linux and Android communities that can interface with maXTouch touchscreen controllers. These drivers provide an excellent starting point for development with embedded firmware running on the XMEGA.

The Linux Kernel (www.kernel.org) has included basic support for maXTouch devices since version 2.6.36. The mainline driver has undergone considerable evolution since then.

In addition, Atmel maintains patches (www.github.com/atmel-maxtouch/linux) which provide numerous out-of-cycle improvements to the mainline Linux Kernel driver.

2.6 SD/MMC Connector

The module includes a SD/MMC Connector ([Connector U5](#)) to provide optional removable storage in the user's developments. This feature is currently experimental.

2.6.1 Atmel Software Framework

The Atmel Software Framework (in addition to many online resources) includes example projects that implement SD/MMC support.

2.7 Expansion Interface

As of PCB revision A2, the Debug connector is replaced with an Expansion Connector ([Connector J6](#)). In addition to the signals previously available through the Debug Connector, the expansion interface provides broader access to system signals, spare I/O and a selection signals to support prototyping and development. The Main PCB uses the Hirose DF40-C-30DS-0.4V(51) mezzanine connector.

The accompanying Expansion PCB (10-01052-A0) uses the Hirose DF40-C-30DP-0.4V(51) mezzanine connector. Signals on the Expansion PCB are routed one-to-one from the mezzanine connector to an array of through-holes suitable for direct soldering or populating with any configuration of connectors featuring 0.025in terminals with 0.100in pitch.



Note: Some signals provided through the Expansion Interface are used by the system for communication with the LCD, Touchscreen Controller and SD/MMC interface and are of varying criticality to normal operation. Care should be taken when using this interface. Refer to section 1.7 for details on which signals are used elsewhere as well as the Atmel XMeta256A3BU datasheet for details on available pin functions.

3 Getting Started

As previously noted, the module was designed to effectively consolidate the functionality of the XMEGA A3BU Xplained and mXT143E Xplained board into a single, standalone module. This configuration provides a quick, easy way to evaluate the performance of the touchscreen and display as well as offering a convenient platform for development.

In addition, Atmel provides free development tools and coding resources to support development using Atmel Studio (www.atmel.com) and the Atmel Software Framework (<http://asf.atmel.com>).

The following sections outline the process of setting up and programming the module.

3.1 Hardware Setup

The module is powered by the USB connector even if the USB interface to a host is not being used. Therefore, the module can be powered either by connecting to a USB host or by connecting USB power supply.

3.2 Demo Firmware

The module is pre-loaded with example firmware to demonstrate basic touchscreen and display functionality. This demo firmware will begin as soon as the device is powered up.

3.3 Loading Firmware

The user is encouraged to experiment with the various sample projects available in the Atmel Software Framework (<http://asf.atmel.com>). In order demonstrate the functionality of the module, several of the example projects from the ASF have been compiled for the XMEGA256A3BU and binary images (HEX files) are available for download from the PDA website. See details below.

3.3.1 Programming Tools

Before the example HEX files can be loaded, you must first ensure that the necessary programmer (supporting PDI programming) with associated driver/software is installed on your development system. Consult the manual and/or support resources for your programmer for instructions on installation and use.

The programmer should be connected to the [6-pin PDI connector J4](#).

3.3.2 Programming the Example Code

Download the example HEX files from <http://www.pdaatl.com/modules/2.8in/tm2801demo.zip> and unzip to a working folder. Files are named according to the example project.

4 Specifications

For complete specifications, refer to the datasheets listed in section 2.2 for the various sub-system components outlined in Sections 2.4 and 2.5.

4.1 Mechanical Specifications

Drawings and CAD models available upon request.

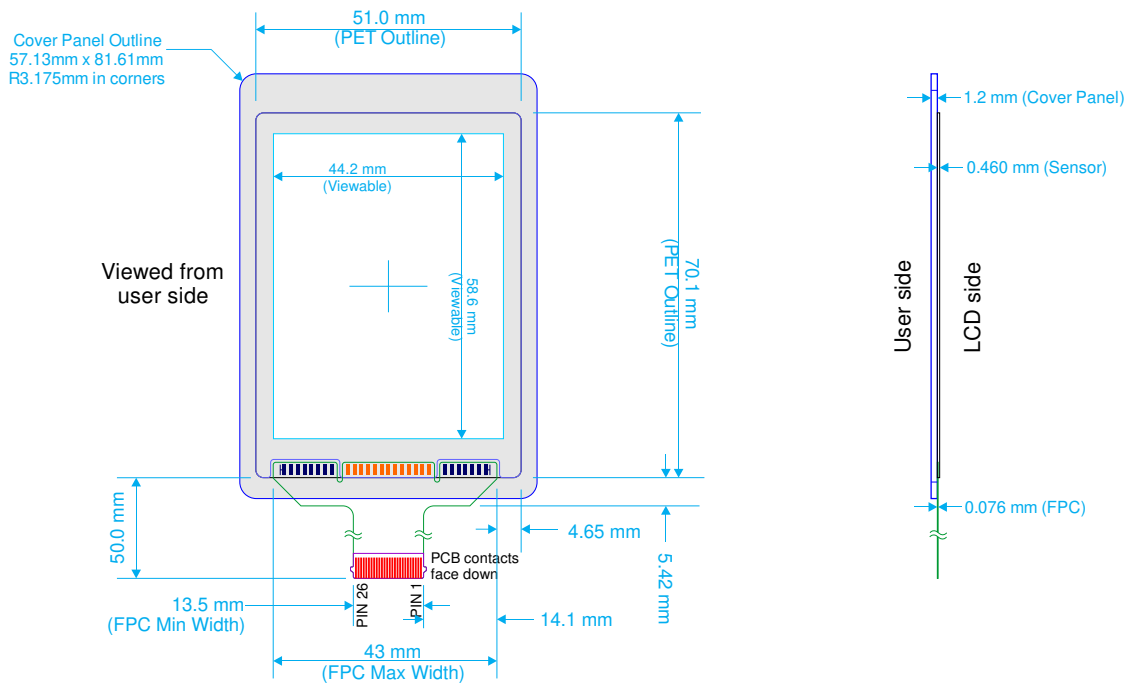


Figure 6 - Sensor Only Dimensions

Sensor (P/N: 21-00001-A0) may be purchased individually.
Minimum order quantities apply. Contact PDA for details.

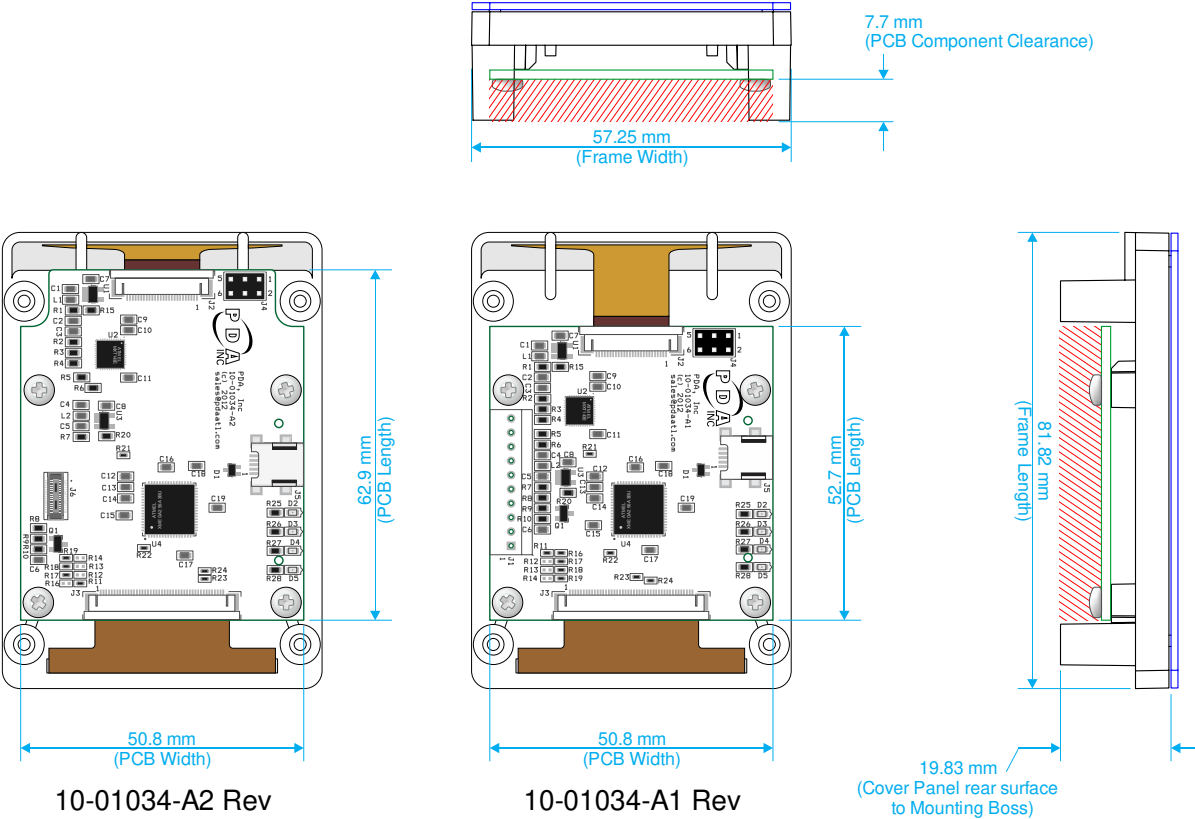



Figure 7 – Module Dimensions

4.2 Absolute Maximum Specifications

| Parameter | Value |
|--|----------------------------|
| Operating temp | 0°C to +70°C |
| Storage temp | -40°C to +85°C |
| Vdd | -0.5 to +3.6V |
| Max continuous pin current, any control or drive pin | ±40 mA |
| Voltage forced onto any pin | -0.5V to (Vdd + 0.5) Volts |

 **CAUTION:** Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Specifications* may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum specification conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

4.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Value |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Vin | 3.3V ±5 percent |
| Supply ripple + noise | ±20 mV |

4.4 DC Specifications

Vdd = 3.3, Ta = recommended range, unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes |
|-----------------|------------------------|---------|-----|-----------|-------|-------|
| V _{IL} | Low input logic level | - 0.5 | – | 0.3 Vdd | V | |
| V _{HL} | High input logic level | 0.7 Vdd | – | Vdd + 0.5 | V | |
| V _{OL} | Low output voltage | – | – | 0.2Vdd | V | |
| V _{OH} | High output voltage | 0.8Vdd | – | – | V | |
| I _{IL} | Input leakage current | – | – | 1 | µA | |

4.5 I2C-compatible Bus Specifications

| Parameter | Operation |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Address (maXTouch 143E) | 0x4A |
| Maximum bus speed (SCL) | 400 kHz |

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| I2C Specification | Version 2.1 |
|-------------------|-------------|

4.6 Power Consumption

| Vdd (V) | Mode | Idd (mA) |
|---------|--|----------|
| 3.3Vdc | mxt143E in free run and LCD backlight ON full. | 60ma |

4.7 Part Number

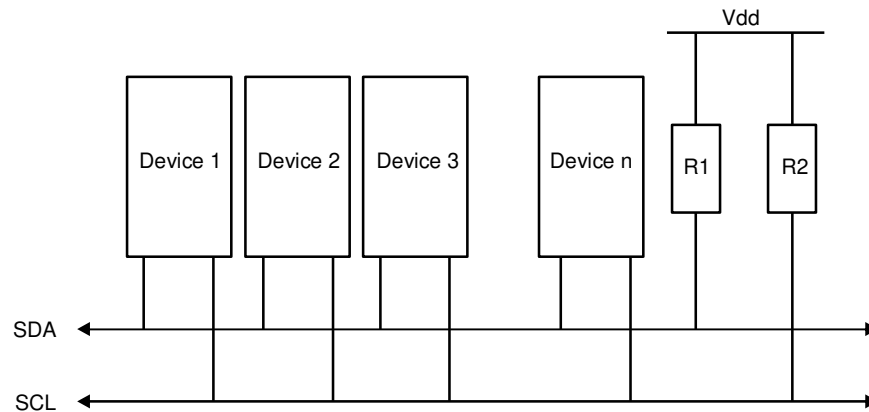
| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|---|
| 90-00003-A0 | 2.8" Touchscreen Module (PCB Rev A1) |
| 90-00003-A1 | 2.8" Touchscreen Module with Expansion Interface (PCB Rev A2) |

5 I2C Basics (I2C-compatible Operation)

5.1 Interface Bus

The device communicates with the host over an I²C-compatible bus, in accordance with version 2.1 of the I²C specification. The following sections give an overview of the bus; more detailed information is available from www.i2c-bus.org. Devices are connected to the I²C-compatible bus as shown in Figure 8 both bus lines are connected to Vdd via pull-up resistors. The bus drivers of all I²C-compatible devices must be open-drain type. This implements a wired “AND” function that allows any and all devices to drive the bus, one at a time. A low level on the bus is generated when a device outputs a zero.

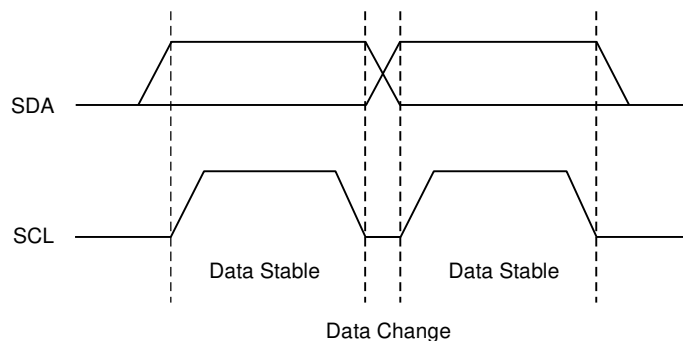
Figure 8. I²C-compatible Interface Bus



5.2 Transferring Data Bits

Each data bit transferred on the bus is accompanied by a pulse on the clock line. The level of the data line must be stable when the clock line is high; the only exception to this rule is for generating START and STOP conditions.

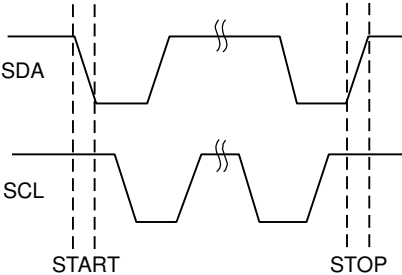
Figure 9. Data Transfer



5.3 START and STOP Conditions

The host initiates and terminates a data transmission. The transmission is initiated when the host issues a START condition on the bus, and is terminated when the host issues a STOP condition. Between the START and STOP conditions, the bus is considered busy. As shown in Figure 10 START and STOP conditions are signaled by changing the level of the SDA line when the SCL line is high.

Figure 10. START and STOP Conditions

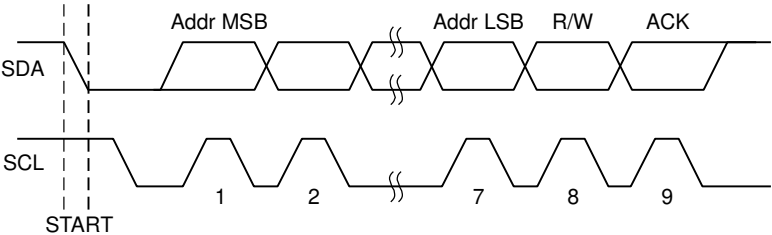


5.4 Address Byte Format

All address bytes are 9 bits long. They consist of 7 address bits, one READ/WRITE control bit and an acknowledge bit. If the READ/WRITE bit is set, a read operation is performed. Otherwise a write operation is performed. An address byte consisting of a slave address and a READ or a WRITE bit is called SLA+R or SLA+W, respectively. When the device recognizes that it is being addressed, it acknowledges by pulling SDA low in the ninth SCL (ACK) cycle.

The most significant bit of the address byte is transmitted first.

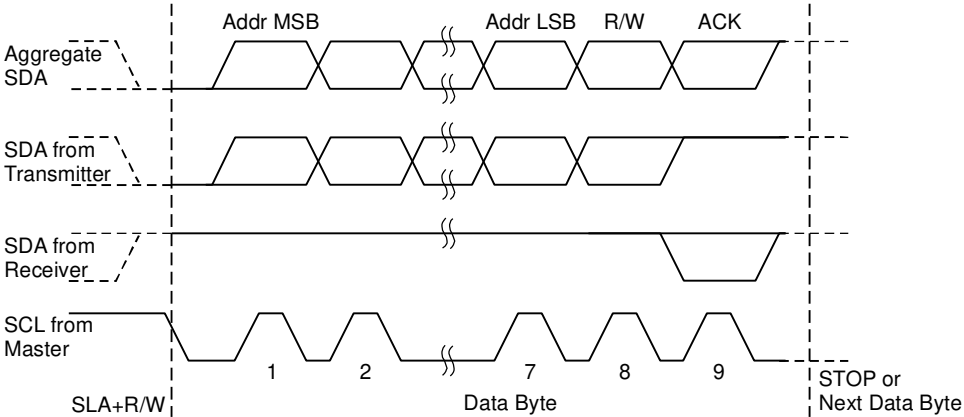
Figure 11. Address Byte Format



5.5 Data Byte Format

All data bytes are 9 bits long, consisting of 8 data bits and an acknowledge bit. During a data transfer, the host generates the clock and the START and STOP conditions. The slave device is responsible for acknowledging the reception. An acknowledge (ACK) is signaled by the slave device pulling the SDA line low during the ninth SCL cycle. If the slave device leaves the SDA line high, a NACK is signaled.

Figure 12. Data Byte Format

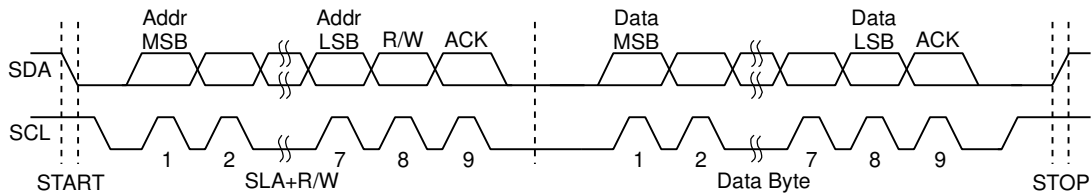


5.6 Combining Address and Data Bytes into a Transmission

A transmission consists of a START condition, an SLA+R or SLA+W, one or more data bytes and a STOP condition. The wired “ANDing” of the SCL line is used to implement handshaking between the host and the device. The device extends the SCL low period by pulling the SCL line low whenever it needs extra time for processing between the data transmissions.

Figure 13 shows a typical data transmission. Note that several data bytes can be transmitted between the SLA+R or SLA+W and the STOP.

Figure 13. Byte Transmission



6 Revision History

| Revision No. | History |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Rev 1210-1-1 – Oct 2012 | Preliminary Draft |
| Rev 1210-2-2 – Oct 19, 2012 | Initial Release |
| Rev 1211-3-3 – Nov 20, 2012 | Add notes to Figure 4 regarding sensor orientation and pin 1 location. Add notes to Figure 1 identifying connectors and pin 1 locations. |
| Rev 1303-4-5 – Mar 28, 2013 | Add details of new 10-01034-A2 PCB Rev with Expansion interface |
| Rev 1305-5-6 – May 30, 2013 | Update references to ILI9320 to include ILI9341 LCD driver IC |

7 Notes



email: sales@pdaatl.com

Precision Design Associates, Inc.

736 Johnson Ferry Rd, Suite C-270
Marietta, GA 30068
USA

tel: (770)-971-4490



url: <http://www.pdaatl.com>

© 2013 Precision Design Associates. All rights reserved. Atmel®, Atmel logo and combinations thereof, maXTouch®, QTouch®, and others are registered trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Other terms and product names may be registered trademarks or trademarks of others.