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1K Microwire Compatible Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	ORG Pin	Word Size	Temp Ranges	Packages
93AA46A	1.8-5.5	No	8-bit	I	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93AA46B	1.8-5-5	No	16-bit	I	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93LC46A	2.5-5.5	No	8-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93LC46B	2.5-5.5	No	16-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93C46A	4.5-5.5	No	8-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93C46B	4.5-5.5	No	16-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, OT, MC, MN
93AA46C	1.8-5.5	Yes	8- or 16-bit	I	P, SN, ST, MS, MC, MN
93LC46C	2.5-5.5	Yes	8- or 16-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, MC, MN
93C46C	4.5-5.5	Yes	8- or 16-bit	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS, MC, MN

Features:

- · Low-Power CMOS Technology
- ORG Pin to Select Word Size for '46C' Version
- 128 x 8-bit Organization 'A' Devices (no ORG)
- 64 x 16-bit Organization 'B' Devices (no ORG)
- Self-Timed Erase/Write Cycles (including Auto-Erase)
- Automatic Erase All (ERAL) Before Write All (WRAL)
- Power-On/Off Data Protection Circuitry
- Industry Standard 3-Wire Serial I/O
- Device Status Signal (Ready/Busy)
- Sequential Read Function
- 1,000,000 Erase/Write Cycles
- Data Retention > 200 Years
- · RoHS Compliant
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
 - Industrial (I) -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E) -40°C to +125°C

Pin Function Table

Name	Function
CS	Chip Select
CLK	Serial Data Clock
DI	Serial Data Input
DO	Serial Data Output
Vss	Ground
NC	No internal connection
ORG	Memory Configuration
Vcc	Power Supply

Description:

The Microchip Technology Inc. 93XX46A/B/C devices are 1Kbit low-voltage serial Electrically Erasable PROMs (EEPROM). Word-selectable devices such as the 93AA46C, 93LC46C or 93C46C are dependent upon external logic levels driving the ORG pin to set word size. For dedicated 8-bit communication, the 93AA46A, 93LC46A or 93C46A devices are available, while the 93AA46B, 93LC46B and 93C46B devices provide dedicated 16-bit communication. Advanced CMOS technology makes these devices ideal for lowpower, nonvolatile memory applications. The entire 93XX Series is available in standard packages including 8-lead PDIP and SOIC, and advanced packaging including 8-lead MSOP, 6-lead SOT-23, 8-lead 2x3 DFN/TDFN and 8-lead TSSOP. All packages are Pb-free (Matte Tin) finish.

		,				
-	ED SOIC _C46BX)	PDIP/SOIC (P, SN)				
NC ⊑1 Vcc ⊑2 CS ⊑3 CLK ⊑4	8⊐ ORG* 7⊐ Vss 6⊐ DO 5⊐ DI	CS [] CLK [2 DI [3 DO [4	8□ Vcc 7□ NC 6□ ORG* 5□ Vss			
TSSOP/ (ST, I		SOT (O				
CS	8	DOC 1 Vssc 2 DIC 3	6-2-Vcc 5-2-CS 4-2-CLK			
	DFN/TD (MC, M					
	CS 1• CLK 2 DI 3 DO 4	8 Vcc 7 NC 6 ORG* 5 Vss				
*ORG pin is NC	on A/B devices					

Package Types (not to scale)

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Vcc	7.0V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	-0.6V to Vcc +1.0V
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied	-40°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins	≥ 4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

		ly over the specified rwise noted.		Industrial (I): $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $Vcc = +1.8V$ To $+5.5V$ Automotive (E): $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, $Vcc = +2.5V$ To $+5.5V$							
Param. No.	Symbol Parameter				Max.	Units	Conditions				
D1	ViH1 ViH2	High-level input voltage	2.0 0.7 Vcc		Vcc +1 Vcc +1	V V	Vcc ≥ 2.7V Vcc < 2.7V				
D2	VIL1 VIL2	Low-level input voltage	-0.3 -0.3		0.8 0.2 Vcc	V V	Vcc ≥ 2.7V Vcc < 2.7V				
D3	Vol1 Vol2	Low-level output voltage	_		0.4 0.2	V V	IOL = 2.1 mA, Vcc = 4.5V IOL = 100 μA, Vcc = 2.5V				
D4	Vон1 Vон2	High-level output voltage	2.4 Vcc - 0.2		_	V V	Іон = -400 μA, Vcc = 4.5V Іон = -100 μA, Vcc = 2.5V				
D5	ILI	Input leakage current	_	_	±1	μA	VIN = Vss or Vcc				
D6	Ilo	Output leakage current	_		±1	μA	VOUT = Vss or Vcc				
D7	Cin, Cout	Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	—		7	pF	Vin/Vout = 0V (Note 1) Ta = 25°C, Fclk = 1 MHz				
D8	ICC write	Write current	_	 500	2	mA μA	Fclk = 3 MHz, Vcc = 5.5V Fclk = 2 MHz, Vcc = 2.5V				
D9	ICC read	Read current	-	 100	1 500 —	mA μA μA	FCLK = 3 MHz, VCC = 5.5V FCLK = 2 MHz, VCC = 3.0V FCLK = 2 MHz, VCC = 2.5V				
D10	Iccs	Standby current	-		1 5	μΑ μΑ	I-Temp E-Temp CLK = CS = 0V ORG = DI = Vss or Vcc (Note 2) (Note 3)				
D11	VPOR	Vcc voltage detect	_	1.5 3.8		V V	(Note 1) 93AA46A/B/C, 93LC46A/B/C 93C46A/B/C				

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: ORG pin not available on 'A' or 'B' versions.

3: Ready/Busy status must be cleared from DO; see Section 3.4 "Data Out (DO)".

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

		v over the specified wise noted.	Industria Automo	· · ·		0°C to +85°C, Vcc = +1.8V to +5.5V 0°C to +125°C, Vcc = +2.5V to +5.5V		
Param. No.	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions		
A1	FCLK	Clock frequency	_	3 2 1	MHz MHz MHz	$\begin{array}{l} 4.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V, 93XX46C \text{ only} \\ 2.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V \\ 1.8V \leq Vcc < 2.5V \end{array}$		
A2	Тскн	Clock high time	200 250 450	—	ns ns ns	$\begin{array}{l} 4.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V, 93XX46C \text{ only} \\ 2.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V \\ 1.8V \leq Vcc < 2.5V \end{array}$		
A3	TCKL	Clock low time	100 200 450	—	ns ns ns	$\begin{array}{l} 4.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V, 93XX46C \text{ only} \\ 2.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V \\ 1.8V \leq Vcc < 2.5V \end{array}$		
A4	Tcss	Chip Select setup time	50 100 250	—	ns ns ns	$4.5V \le Vcc < 5.5V$ $2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$ $1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$		
A5	Тсѕн	Chip Select hold time	0	—	ns	$1.8V \leq VCC < 5.5V$		
A6	TCSL	Chip Select low time	250	_	ns	$1.8V \leq VCC < 5.5V$		
A7	TDIS	Data input setup time	50 100 250	—	ns	$4.5V \le Vcc < 5.5V$, 93XX46C only 2.5V $\le Vcc < 5.5V$ $1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$		
A8	Тон	Data input hold time	50 100 250	—	ns	$\begin{array}{l} 4.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V, 93XX46C \text{ only} \\ 2.5V \leq Vcc < 5.5V \\ 1.8V \leq Vcc < 2.5V \end{array}$		
A9	TPD	Data output delay time		200 250 400	ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V, CL = 100 pF 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V, CL = 100 pF 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V, CL = 100 pF		
A10	Tcz	Data output disable time	_	100 200	ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V, (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ VCC < 4.5V, (Note 1)		
A11	Tsv	Status valid time		200 300 500	ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V, CL = 100 pF 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V, CL = 100 pF 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V, CL = 100 pF		
A12	Twc	Program cycle time	_	6	ms	Erase/Write mode (AA and LC versions)		
A13	Twc		—	2	ms	Erase/Write mode (93C versions)		
A14	TEC		_	6	ms	ERAL mode, $4.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$		
A15	TwL		_	15	ms	WRAL mode, $4.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$		
A16	—	Endurance	1M	_	cycles	25°C, Vcc = 5.0V, (Note 2)		

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This application is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance[™] Model, which may be obtained from Microchip's web site at www.microchip.com.

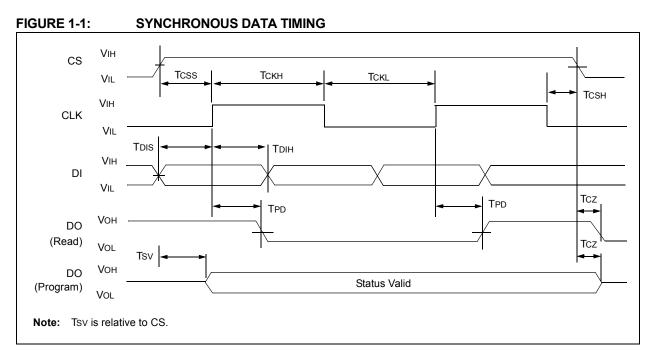


TABLE 1-3: INSTRUCTION SET FOR X16 ORGANIZATION (93XX46B OR 93XX46C WITH ORG = 1)

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address			Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles			
ERASE	1	11	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0		(RDY/BSY)	9
ERAL	1	00	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	_	(RDY/BSY)	9
EWDS	1	00	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х		High-Z	9
EWEN	1	00	1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	_	High-Z	9
READ	1	10	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	—	D15 - D0	25
WRITE	1	01	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	25
WRAL	1	00	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	25

TABLE 1-4 :	INSTRUCTION SET FOR X8 ORGANIZATION	(93XX46A OR 93XX46C WITH ORG = 0)
--------------------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address			Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles				
ERASE	1	11	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	_	(RDY/BSY)	10
ERAL	1	00	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	_	(RDY/BSY)	10
EWDS	1	00	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	_	High-Z	10
EWEN	1	00	1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	—	High-Z	10
READ	1	10	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0		D7 - D0	18
WRITE	1	01	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	18
WRAL	1	00	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	18

2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

When the ORG pin (93XX46C) is connected to Vcc, the (x16) organization is selected. When it is connected to ground, the (x8) organization is selected. Instructions, addresses and write data are clocked into the DI pin on the rising edge of the clock (CLK). The DO pin is normally held in a High-Z state except when reading data from the device, or when checking the Ready/ Busy status during a programming operation. The Ready/Busy status can be verified during an erase/ write operation by polling the DO pin; DO low indicates that programming is still in progress, while DO high indicates the device is ready. DO will enter the High-Z state on the falling edge of CS.

2.1 Start Condition

The Start bit is detected by the device if CS and DI are both high with respect to the positive edge of CLK for the first time.

Before a Start condition is detected, CS, CLK and DI may change in any combination (except to that of a Start condition), without resulting in any device operation (Read, Write, Erase, EWEN, EWDS, ERAL or WRAL). As soon as CS is high, the device is no longer in Standby mode.

An instruction following a Start condition will only be executed if the required opcode, address and data bits for any particular instruction are clocked in.

Note:	When preparing to transmit an instruction,
	either the CLK or DI signal levels must be
	at a logic low as CS is toggled active-high.

2.2 Data In/Data Out (DI/DO)

It is possible to connect the Data In and Data Out pins together. However, with this configuration it is possible for a "bus conflict" to occur during the "dummy zero" that precedes the read operation if A0 is a logic high level. Under such a condition the voltage level seen at Data Out is undefined and will depend upon the relative impedances of Data Out and the signal source driving A0. The higher the current sourcing capability of A0, the higher the voltage at the Data Out pin. In order to limit this current, a resistor should be connected between DI and DO.

2.3 Data Protection

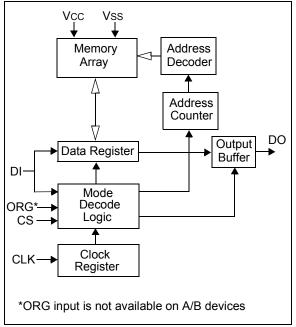
All modes of operation are inhibited when Vcc is below a typical voltage of 1.5V for '93AA' and '93LC' devices or 3.8V for '93C' devices.

The EWEN and EWDS commands give additional protection against accidentally programming during normal operation.

Note: For added protection, an EWDS command should be performed after every write operation and an external 10 k Ω pull-down protection resistor should be added to the CS pin.

After power-up, the device is automatically in the EWDS mode. Therefore, an EWEN instruction must be performed before the initial ERASE or WRITE instruction can be executed.

Block Diagram



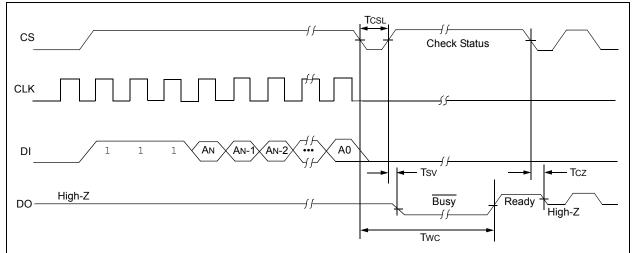
2.4 Erase

The ERASE instruction forces all data bits of the specified address to the logical '1' state. CS is brought low following the loading of the last address bit. This falling edge of the CS pin initiates the self-timed programming cycle, except on '93C' devices where the rising edge of CLK before the last address bit initiates the write cycle.

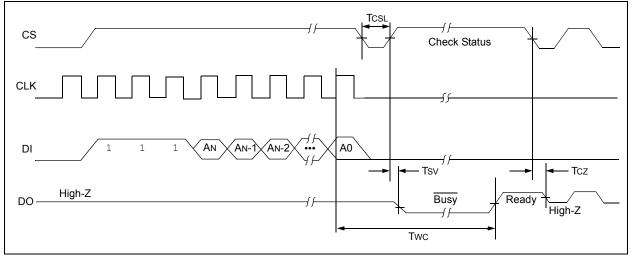
The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if CS is brought high after a minimum of 250 ns low (TCSL). DO at logical '0' indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical '1' indicates that the register at the specified address has been erased and the device is ready for another instruction.

Note: After the Erase cycle is complete, issuing a Start bit and then taking CS low will clear the Ready/Busy status from DO.

FIGURE 2-1: ERASE TIMING FOR 93AA AND 93LC DEVICES







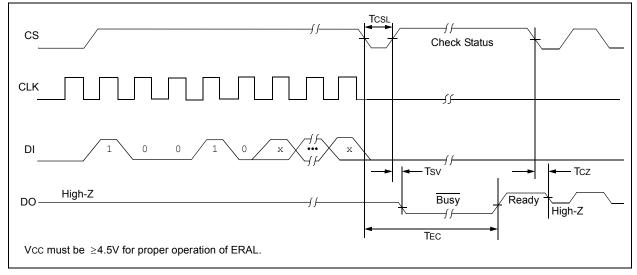
2.5 Erase All (ERAL)

The Erase All (ERAL) instruction will erase the entire memory array to the logical '1' state. The ERAL cycle is identical to the erase cycle, except for the different opcode. The ERAL cycle is completely self-timed and commences at the falling edge of the CS, except on '93C' devices where the rising edge of CLK before the last data bit initiates the write cycle. Clocking of the CLK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the ERAL cycle. The DO pin indicates the Ready/ \overline{Busy} status of the device if CS is brought high after a minimum of 250 ns low (TCSL).

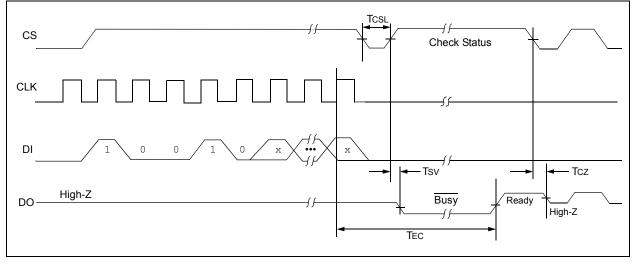
Note: After the ERAL command is complete, issuing a Start bit and then taking CS low will clear the Ready/Busy status from DO.

Vcc must be \geq 4.5V for proper operation of ERAL.

FIGURE 2-3: ERAL TIMING FOR 93AA AND 93LC DEVICES







2.6 Erase/Write Disable and Enable (EWDS/EWEN)

The 93XX46A/B/C powers up in the Erase/Write Disable (EWDS) state. All programming modes must be preceded by an Erase/Write Enable (EWEN) instruction. Once the EWEN instruction is executed, programming remains

enabled until an EWDS instruction is executed or Vcc is removed from the device.

To protect against accidental data disturbance, the EWDS instruction can be used to disable all erase/write functions and should follow all programming operations. Execution of a READ instruction is independent of both the EWEN and EWDS instructions.

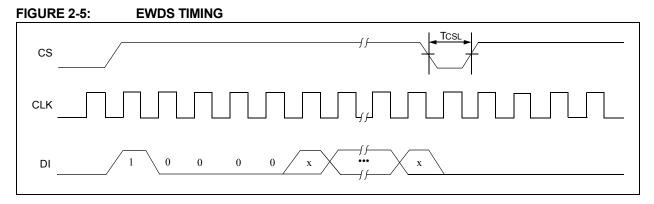
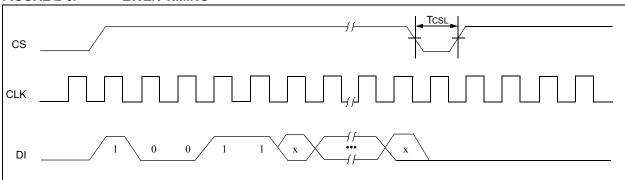


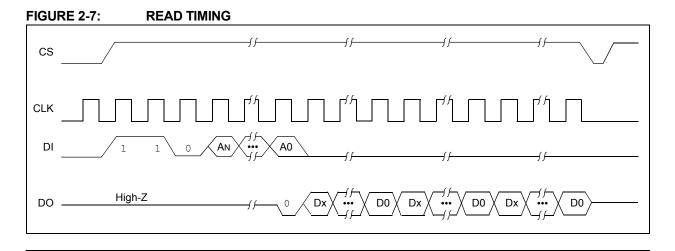
FIGURE 2-6: EWEN TIMING



2.7 Read

The READ instruction outputs the serial data of the addressed memory location on the DO pin. A dummy zero bit precedes the 8-bit (if ORG pin is low or A-version devices) or 16-bit (if ORG pin is high or B-version devices) output string.

The output data bits will toggle on the rising edge of the CLK and are stable after the specified time delay (TPD). Sequential read is possible when CS is held high. The memory data will automatically cycle to the next register and output sequentially.

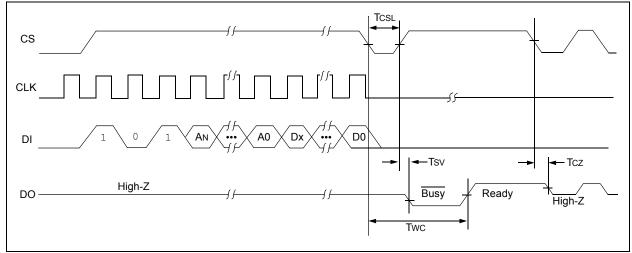


2.8 Write

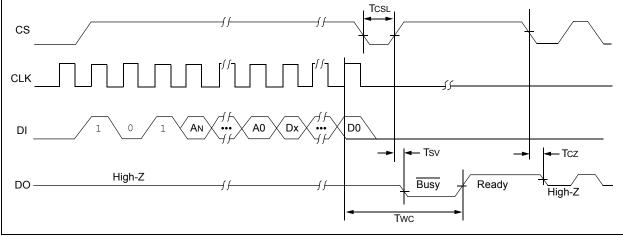
The WRITE instruction is followed by 8 bits (if ORG is low or A-version devices) or 16 bits (if ORG pin is high or B-version devices) of data, which are written into the specified address. For 93AA46A/B/C and 93LC46A/B/C devices, after the last data bit is clocked into DI, the falling edge of CS initiates the self-timed auto-erase and programming cycle. For 93C46A/B/C devices, the selftimed auto-erase and programming cycle is initiated by the rising edge of CLK on the last data bit. The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if CS is brought high after a minimum of 250 ns low (TCSL). DO at logical '0' indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical '1' indicates that the register at the specified address has been written with the data specified and the device is ready for another instruction.

Note: After the Write cycle is complete, issuing a Start bit and then taking CS low will clear the Ready/Busy status from DO.

FIGURE 2-8: WRITE TIMING FOR 93AA AND 93LC DEVICES







2.9 Write All (WRAL)

The Write All (WRAL) instruction will write the entire memory array with the data specified in the command. For 93AA46A/B/C and 93LC46A/B/C devices, after the last data bit is clocked into DI, the falling edge of CS initiates the self-timed auto-erase and programming cycle. For 93C46A/B/C devices, the self-timed auto-erase and programming cycle is initiated by the rising edge of CLK on the last data bit. Clocking of the CLK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the WRAL cycle. The WRAL command does include an automatic ERAL cycle for the device. Therefore, the WRAL instruction does not require an ERAL instruction, but the chip must be in the EWEN status.

The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if CS is brought high after a minimum of 250 ns low (TCSL).

Note: After the Write All cycle is complete, issuing a Start bit and then taking CS low will clear the Ready/Busy status from DO.

VCC must be \geq 4.5V for proper operation of WRAL.

FIGURE 2-10: WRAL TIMING FOR 93AA AND 93LC DEVICES

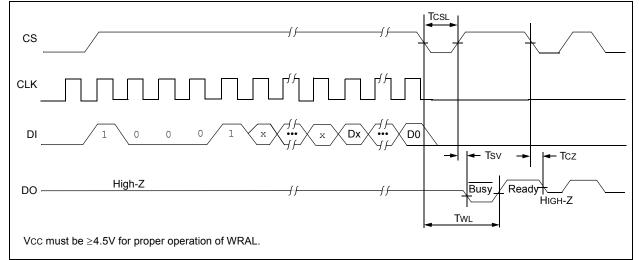
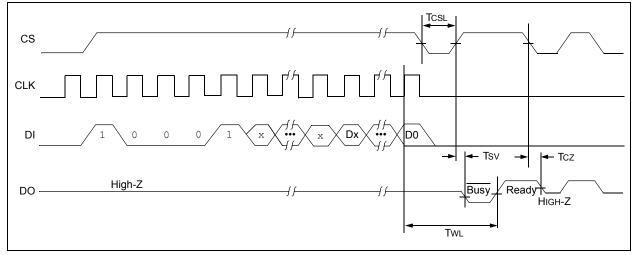


FIGURE 2-11: WRAL TIMING FOR 93C DEVICES



3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

TABLE 3-1: PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	DFN ⁽¹⁾	TDFN ⁽¹⁾	SOT-23	Rotated SOIC	Function
CS	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	3	Chip Select
CLK	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	Serial Clock
DI	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	Data In
DO	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	6	Data Out
Vss	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	7	Ground
ORG/NC	6	6	6	6	6	6	—	8	Organization/93XX46C No Internal Connection/ 93XX46A/B
NC	7	7	7	7	7	7		1	No Internal Connection
Vcc	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	2	Power Supply

Note 1: The exposed pad on the DFN/TDFN packages can be connected to Vss or left floating.

3.1 Chip Select (CS)

A high level selects the device; a low level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle that is already in progress will be completed, regardless of the Chip Select (CS) input signal. If CS is brought low during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is completed.

CS must be low for 250 ns minimum (TCSL) between consecutive instructions. If CS is low, the internal control logic is held in a Reset status.

3.2 Serial Clock (CLK)

The Serial Clock is used to synchronize the communication between a master device and the 93XX series device. Opcodes, address and data bits are clocked in on the positive edge of CLK. Data bits are also clocked out on the positive edge of CLK.

CLK can be stopped anywhere in the transmission sequence (at high or low level) and can be continued anytime with respect to clock high time (TCKH) and clock low time (TCKL). This gives the controlling master freedom in preparing opcode, address and data.

CLK is a "don't care" if CS is low (device deselected). If CS is high, but the Start condition has not been detected (DI = 0), any number of clock cycles can be received by the device without changing its status (i.e., waiting for a Start condition).

CLK cycles are not required during the self-timed write (i.e., auto erase/write) cycle.

After detection of a Start condition the specified number of clock cycles (respectively low-to-high transitions of CLK) must be provided. These clock cycles are required to clock in all required opcode, address and data bits before an instruction is executed. CLK and DI then become "don't care" inputs waiting for a new Start condition to be detected.

3.3 Data In (DI)

Data In (DI) is used to clock in a Start bit, opcode, address and data synchronously with the CLK input.

3.4 Data Out (DO)

Data Out (DO) is used in the Read mode to output data synchronously with the CLK input (TPD after the positive edge of CLK).

This pin also provides Ready/Busy status information during erase and write cycles. Ready/Busy status information is available on the DO pin if CS is brought high after being low for minimum Chip Select low time (TCsL) and an erase or write operation has been initiated.

The Status signal is not available on DO if CS is held low during the entire erase or write cycle. In this case, DO is in the High-Z mode. If status is checked after the erase/write cycle, the data line will be high to indicate the device is ready.

Note: After a programming cycle is complete, issuing a Start bit and then taking CS low will clear the Ready/Busy status from DO.

3.5 Organization (ORG)

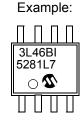
When the ORG pin is connected to Vcc or Logic HI, the (x16) memory organization is selected. When the ORG pin is tied to Vss or Logic LO, the (x8) memory organization is selected. For proper operation, ORG must be tied to a valid logic level.

93XX46A devices are always (x8) organization and 93XX46B devices are always (x16) organization.

4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

4.1 **Package Marking Information**





Example:

1EL7

Example:

<u>п п п п</u>

93LC46B

I/Pe3 1L7

10528

 \bigcirc

6-Lead SOT-23

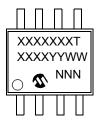


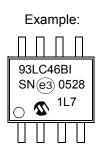
8-Lead PDIP



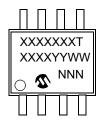






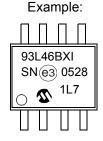


8-Lead Rotated SOIC



8-Lead TSSOP





Example:

L46B 1528 1L7	
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8-Lead 2x3 DFN



8-Lead 2x3 TDFN



Example:



Example:



			1st Line Marking Codes							
Part Number	TOOOD	MOOD	SOT	-23	23 DFN		TDFN			
	TSSOP	MSOP	I Temp.	E Temp.	l Temp.	E Temp.	l Temp.	E Temp.		
93AA46A	A46A	3A46AT	1BNN	—	301	—	E01	—		
93AA46B	A46B	3A46BT	1LNN		311	_	E11	_		
93AA46C	A46C	3A46CT	_		321		E21	_		
93LC46A	L46A	3L46AT	1ENN	1FNN	304	_	E04	E05		
93LC46B	L46B	3L46BT	1PNN	1RNN	314	_	E14	E15		
93LC46C	L46C	3L46CT	_		324		E24	E25		
93C46A	C46A	3C46AT	1HNN	1JNN	307	_	E07	E08		
93C46B	C46B	3C46BT	1TNN	1UNN	317	_	E17	E18		
93C46C	C46C	3C46CT	—	—	327	—	E27	E28		

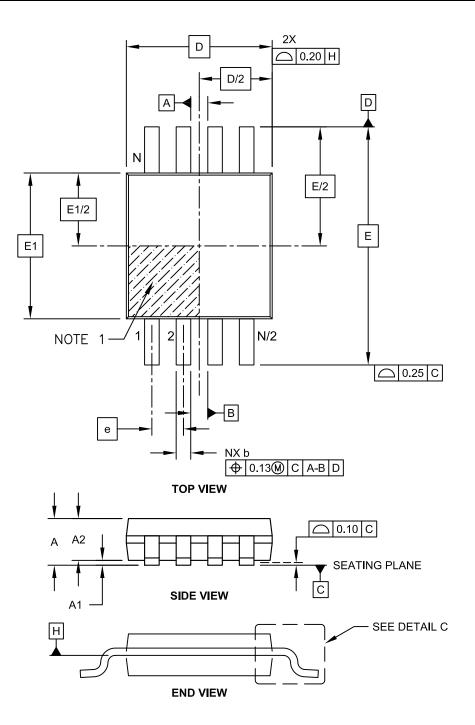
Note: T = Temperature grade (I, E)

NN = Alphanumeric traceability code

r		
Legend:	XXX	Part number or part number code
	Т	Temperature (I, E)
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	ΥY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages)
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	\bigcirc	
Note:	,	small packages with no room for the Pb-free JEDEC designator marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.
	be carrie	ent the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will ad over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available s for customer-specific information.

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

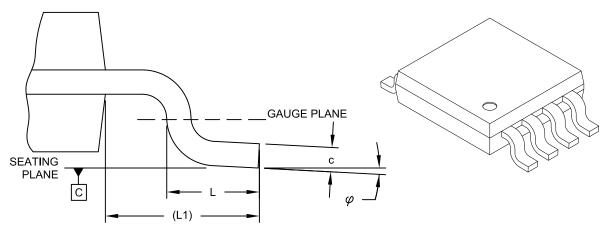
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



DETAIL C

	Ν	ILLIMETER	S	
Dimensio	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	е		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E	4.90 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	3.00 BSC		
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1	0.95 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	-	0.40

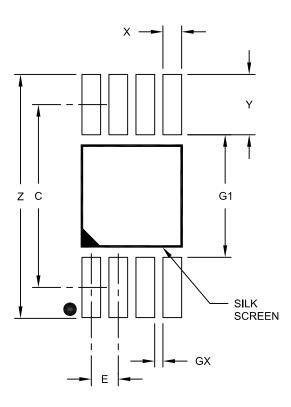
Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or
- protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
 - REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		4.40		
Overall Width	Z			5.85	
Contact Pad Width (X8) X1				0.45	
Contact Pad Length (X8) Y1				1.45	
Distance Between Pads	G1	2.95			
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.20			

Notes:

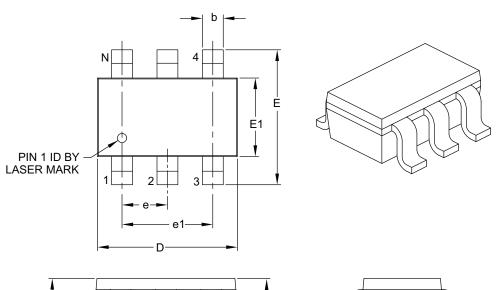
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

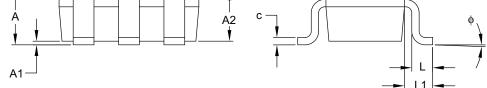
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2111A

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging





	Units			6
Dimens	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	Ν		6	
Pitch	е		0.95 BSC	
Outside Lead Pitch	e1		1.90 BSC	
Overall Height	А	0.90	-	1.45
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.89	-	1.30
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E	2.20	-	3.20
Molded Package Width	E1	1.30	-	1.80
Overall Length	D	2.70	-	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.10	-	0.60
Footprint	L1	0.35	-	0.80
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	30°
Lead Thickness	с	0.08	-	0.26
Lead Width	b	0.20	-	0.51

Notes:

1. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.

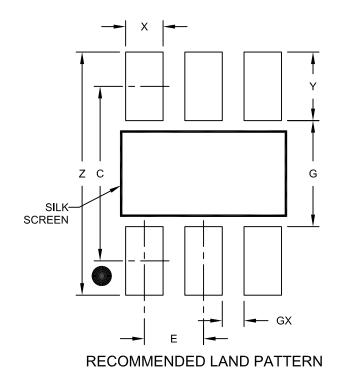
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028B

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units			S
Dimension	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.95 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	С		2.80	
Contact Pad Width (X6) X				0.60
Contact Pad Length (X6) Y				1.10
Distance Between Pads	G	1.70		
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.35		
Overall Width	Z			3.90

Notes:

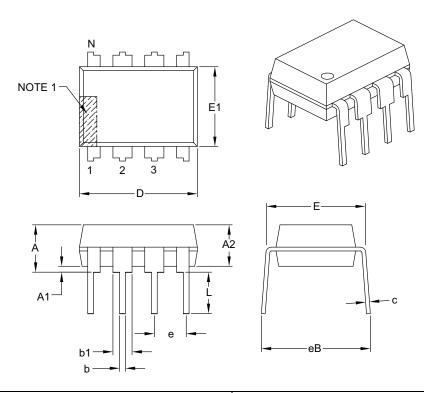
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2028A

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		INCHES	
Dimensio	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	Ν		8	
Pitch	е		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	А	-	-	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	-	-
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	-	-	.430

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.

2. § Significant Characteristic.

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.

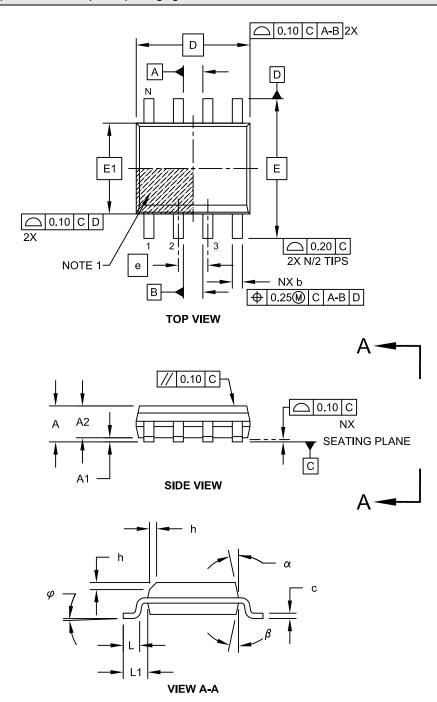
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

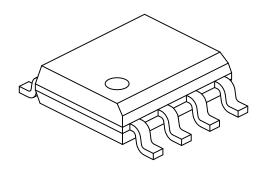
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	N	ILLIMETER	S		
Dimensio	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins			8		
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.75	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-	
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25	
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC			
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC			
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25 - 0.50			
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27	
Footprint	L1	1.04 REF			
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	
Lead Thickness	С	0.17	-	0.25	
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51	
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°	

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. § Significant Characteristic

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

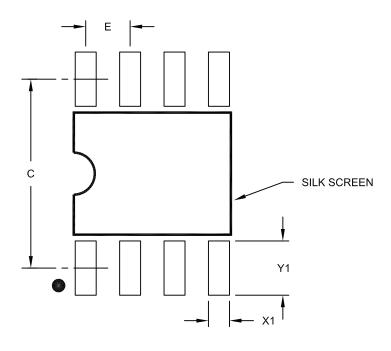
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	Contact Pitch E		1.27 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.40		
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60	
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55	

Notes:

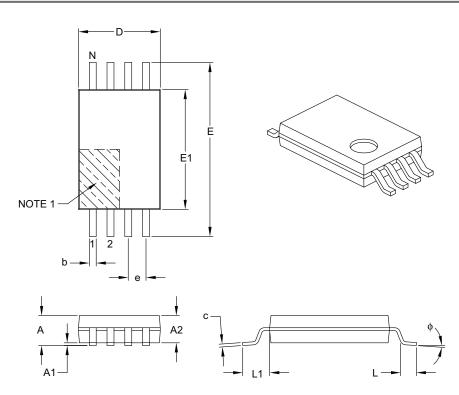
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		MILLIMETERS	6
Dimension	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	Ν	8		
Pitch	е		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	А	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	0.09	-	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	_	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.

3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

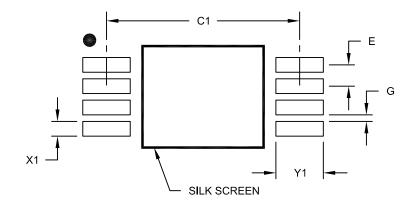
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	Units			S
Dimensior	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	E 0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1	5.90		
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.45
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2086A