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Lighted Pushbutton Switch (Cylindrical 8-dia.)

## Lighted Pushbutton Switch with Cylindrical 18-mm $\times$ 8-dia. Body

- Excellent illumination with even surface brightness.
- Cylindrical body means panel cutouts can be made easily.
- Combines miniature design with excellent operating sensitivity.


## RoHS Compliant

 and Safety Precautions on page 8.

## List of Models



Model Number Legend ..... The model numbers used to order sets of Units are illustrated below. One set comprises the Pushbutton (LED lamp built-in) and Switch.
For information on combinations, refer to Ordering Information


[^0]
## Ordering Information

Ordering as a Set
The model numbers used to order sets of Units are given in the following table. One set comprises the Pushbutton (LED lamp built-in), and Switch.


Note: 1. Enter the desired color symbol for the Pushbutton in $\square$.
2. All the above are solder-terminal, microload, SPST-NO, LED lamp-lighted models.

Ordering Individually
Pushbuttons and Switches can be ordered separately. Combinations that are not available as sets can be created using individual Units.
Ordering: Specify a model number from the following table.


| Appearance | Rectangular | Square | Round |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Color of <br> pushbutton |  |  |  |  |
| Aed | A3DJ-500R | A3DA-500R | A3DT-500R |  |
| Aellow | A3DJ-500Y | A3DA-500Y | A3DT-500Y |  |
| Green | A3DJ-500GY | A3DA-500GY | A3DT-500GY |  |
| White | A3DJ-500W | A3DA-500W | A3DT-500W |  |



## Ordering Information

Accessories (Order Separately)

| Name | Appearance | Classification | Model | Remarks | Minimum packing unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Socket |  | Wire-wrap terminal | A3D-4101 | Cannot be used together with Insulation Cover. | 100 pcs |
|  |  | PCB terminal | A3D-4102 |  |  |
|  |  | Solder terminal | A3D-4103 |  |  |
| Insulation Cover | (1] | --- | A3D-3002 | Cannot be used together with the Socket. |  |
| Tightening Tool | 0 | --- | A3D-3004 | Do not tighten to a torque exceeding 0.29 N.m. | 10 pcs |
| Legend Plate |  | Rectangular | A3DJ-5201 | One milky-white Legend Plate is included with standard products. | 100 pcs |
|  |  | Square | A3DA-5201 |  |  |
|  |  | Round | A3DT-5201 |  |  |

## Specifications

## Ratings

Contact Rating: 30 VDC, 0.1 A (Minimum Applicable Load: 5 VDC, 1 mA ) Note: Minimum allowable load: 5 VDC 1 mA (Resistive)

The ratings given above are for testing under the following conditions:
(1) Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(2) Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{RH}$
(3) Operating frequency: 20 times/minute

## Built-in LED Lamp

( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Color of LED Lamp |  | Red | Yellow <br> (White) ${ }^{* 2}$ | Green |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forward <br> voltage, VF | Reference <br> value (V) *1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
|  | Maximum value <br> (V) | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
|  | Reference <br> value (mA) | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Absolute maximum <br> value (mA) | 50 | 50 | 50 |  |
| Permissible <br> dissipation, <br> PD | Absolute maximum <br> value (mW) | 100 | 125 | 122 |
| Reverse <br> voltage, VR | Absolute maximum <br> value (V) | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Note: The built-in LED lamp has no limiting resistor and so it is necessary to connect an external resistor within the range shown in the above table.
(For details of calculation formulas, refer to page 8.)
*1. Refer to Engineering Data on page 4.
*2. The same LED lamp is used for both yellow illumination and white illumination and so the ratings are the same.

## Characteristics

| Operating frequency | Mechanical | Momentary operation models: 120 operations/minute max. Alternate operation models: 60 operations/minute max. *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Electrical | 20 operations/minute max. |
| Contact resistance (initial value) |  | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. <br> (at 500 VDC with insulation tester) |
| Dielectric strength | Between terminals of same polarity | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min |
|  | Between terminals of different polarity | 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min |
|  | Between each terminal and ground | 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min |
|  | Between lamp terminals | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min *2 |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ double amplitude *3 |
| Shock resistance | Destruction | $500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{max}$. |
|  | Malfunction | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{max} .{ }^{*} 3$ |
| Durability | Mechanical | Momentary operation models: 1,000,000 operations min. Alternate operation models: 100,000 operations min. *1 |
|  | Electrical | 100,000 operations min. |
| Ambient operating temperature |  | $\begin{aligned} & -10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { (with no icing or condensation) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ambient operating humidity |  | 35\% to 85\%RH |
| Ambient storage temperature |  | $\begin{aligned} & -25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { (with no icing or condensation) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Degree of protection |  | IEC IP40 |
| Weight |  | Approx. 3 g |
| Electric shock protection class |  | Class II |
| PTI (proof tracking index) |  | 175 |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 (IEC60947-5-1) |

*1. With alternate operation models, one operation cycle consists of set and reset operations.
2. The figure is for when the LED lamp is not mounted
*3. Indicates malfunctions of less than 1 ms .

## Specifications

## Operating Characteristics

| Operating force | OF max. | 2.45 N |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Release force | RF min. | 0.196 N |
| Total travel | TT | Approx. 3.5 mm |
| Locktravel alternate | LTA min. | 0.5 mm |
| Pretravel | PT max. | 2.5 mm |

## Contact Form

| Contact name | Contact form |
| :---: | :---: |
| SPST-NO |  |

* Alternate operation models only.

Engineering Data An external resistor is required. (Refer to page 8.)

LED Characteristics (VF -IF Characteristics)
Red LED


Yellow or White LED


## Green LED

## Forward Current Reduction Curve



## Nomenclature

## Model Structure



Note: The A3DJ model is shown here as a representative example.

|  | Type | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | Shape of Pushbutton <br> Rectangular <br> (A3DJ) | Square <br> (A3DA) | Round <br> (A3DT) |
| $(2)$ | LED-lighted <br> Red, Yellow, Green, White | The LED lamp is built into the Pushbutton. |  |
| $(3)$ | Microload | 0.1 A at 30 VDC <br> (Minimum applicable load: 1 mA at 5 VDC) |  |

## Dimensions

## Rectangular Models

## A3DJ



Note: Recommended panel thickness: 1.0 to 3.2 mm .

Square Models A3DA


Note: Recommended panel thickness: 1.0 to 3.2 mm .

## Round Models

A3DT


Panel Cutouts


Panel Cutouts (TOP VIEW)

## Terminals

Terminals Type

## Dimensions

## Accessory Mounting Dimensions

## Socket Mounting Dimensions

Wire-wrap Terminal/A3D-4101


PCB Terminal/A3D-4102


PCB Cutout (BOTTOM VIEW)


Solder Terminal/A3D-4103


Insulation Cover Mounting Dimensions (The illustration shows the rectangular model as a representative example.)

A3D-3002


- After securing the Switch to the panel using the mounting nut, pass the lead wires through the holes in the Insulation Cover before performing wiring. Hold the Insulation Cover so that the cylindrical hole is facing the Switch, and insert the lead wires from the end with the barriers.
- After wiring is completed, mount the Insulation Cover by pushing it into the Switch.

Note: Unless specified, there is a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ for dimensions.

## Legend Plate Mounting Dimensions

Rectangular/A3DJ-5201 Square/A3DA-5201




Note: 1. The thickness is 0.8 mm ,
2. Since the legend plate is made of polycarbonate, use alcohol-based paints such as melanin, phthalic acid, or acrylic paint when marking the legend.

## Safety Precautions

## Refer to Safety Precautions for All Pushbutton Switches/Indicators.

## Precautions for Correct Use

## Mounting

- Always make sure that the power is turned OFF before mounting, removing, or wiring the Switch, or performing maintenance. Electric shock or fire may occur.
- Do not tighten the mounting ring excessively using pliers or a similar tool. Excessive tightening may damage the mounting ring. (Tightening torque: 0.20 to $0.29 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )


## Wiring

- When wiring, use wires of a size appropriate for the applied voltage and carry current. Perform soldering correctly under the conditions given below. Using the Switch with the wires soldered incorrectly may cause the terminals to become abnormally hot and cause a fire.

1. Hand soldering:

Soldering iron tip temperature: $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. within 3 seconds.
2. Dip soldering: At $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 3 seconds.

Wait for one minute after soldering before exerting any external force on the solder.

- Use a non-corrosive rosin liquid for the flux.
- Perform wiring so that the wire sheaths do not come into contact with the Switch. If this is unavoidable, use wires that can withstand temperatures of $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ min.
After wiring to the Switch has been completed, ensure an appropriate insulation distance.


## LED

- The polarity of the LED is indicated on the back of the Switch. Wire the LED correctly according to the polarity.
- The built-in LED does not have a limiting resistor. Connect a limiting resistor.
- Make sure that the limiting resistor satisfies the characteristics of the built-in LED. The forward current of the built-in LED must be 8 mA minimum.
- The resistance can be calculated by using the following expression.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{R}=-\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{IF}-\mathrm{l}(\Omega) & \mathrm{E}: \text { Operating voltage }(\mathrm{V}) \\
& \mathrm{VF}_{\mathrm{F}}: \text { LED forward voltage }(\mathrm{V}) \\
& \text { IF }: \text { LED forward current }(\mathrm{A})
\end{array}
$$

## Recommended Values for Limiting Resistance

| Voltage | Red | Yellow (White) | Green |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 VDC | $165 \Omega$ | $140 \Omega$ | $145 \Omega$ |
| 12 VDC | $515 \Omega$ | $490 \Omega$ | $495 \Omega$ |
| 24 VDC | $1,100 \Omega$ | $1,090 \Omega$ | $1,095 \Omega$ |

Note: The above values are calculated values that can be used as reference.

## Calculation Example for Limiting Resistance

LED lamp illuminating color: Red
$\mathrm{E}=24 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{IF}=20 \mathrm{~mA}$
$\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
The VF-IF characteristics (for red) on page 4 yield the following: $\mathrm{VF}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ when $\mathrm{IF}=20 \mathrm{~mA}$.
Therefore, inserting the values into the formula above ( $R=E-V F / I F(\Omega)$ ): $\mathrm{R}=24(\mathrm{~V})-1.7(\mathrm{~V}) / 0.02(\mathrm{~A}) \cong 1100(\Omega)$.
The recommended resistance is $1.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ at $1 \mathrm{~W}\left(2 \times I F^{2} R\right)$.
Note: Approximately twice this value is appropriate to provide a margin in the capacity of the resistor.

Operating Environment

- Ensure that dust, metal powder, or oil do not enter the interior of the Switch.


## Using Microloads

- Using a standard load switch for opening and closing a microload circuit may cause wear on the contacts. Use the switch within the operating range. (Refer to the diagram below.) Even when using microload models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may cause the contact surface to become rough, and so decrease life expectancy. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.
The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%$ ( $\lambda 60$ ) (conforming to JIS C5003). The equation, $\lambda 60=0.5 \times 10^{-6}$ /times indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ with a reliability level of $60 \%$.



## Application

## Mounting and Replacing the Pushbutton

(1) Mounting Direction for the Pushbutton and Switch


- Align the curved claw on the outside of the protruding part of the Pushbutton with the projection on the upper part of the Switch and insert.
- Apply a pressure between 9.8 and 24.5 N .
- If the terminals of the LED lamp become bent, it may be impossible to fit them into the LED lamp terminal holes. Ensure that the terminals are straight when they are inserted.
3 Be sure to insert the lamp terminals for round models (A3DT or D M2DT) with the correct orientation. Inserting the terminals with the reverse orientation will result in damage.
(2) Removing the Pushbutton

- Hold the recessed portions on the cap of the Pushbutton and pull. - Do not use tools such as pliers to remove the Pushbutton as this may damage the cap.


## Panel Mounting

## Using the Mounting Nut

- Insert the Switch from the front of the panel. Mount the mounting nut from the terminal end of the Switch and tighten it.
- Tighten the nut to a torque 0.20 to $0.29 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.
- If soldering is used, mount the mounting nut first. Lead wires and mounds of solder may make it impossible to mount the nut after soldering.



## Socket Mounting

- After securing the Switch to the panel using the mounting nut, insert the Socket into the Switch.
- When inserting the Socket, align the positioning groove of the Socket with the projecting part of the Switch.



[^0]:    ■ Specifications: Refer to page 3. ■imensions: Refer to page 6. $\quad$ Accessories: Refer to page 3.

    - Precautions for correct use and safety precautions: Refer to page 8.

