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Line Card Protection Switch for SONET/ SDH AdvancedTCA Systems

#### ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS

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#### Description

The ACS8595 ATCA is a highly integrated, single-chip solution for "Hit-less" protection switching of SEC (SDH/SONET Equipment Clock) + Sync clock "Groups", from Master and Slave SETS clock cards and a third (Stand-by) source, for line cards/blades in a SONET or SDH ATCA (Advanced Telecommuncications Computing Architecture) Network Element. The ACS8595 has fast activity monitors on the SEC clock inputs and will implement automatic system protection switching against the Master clock failure. The selection of the Master/Slave input can be forced by a Force Fast Switch pin. If both the Master and Slave input clocks fail, the Stand-by "Group" is selected or, if no Stand-by is available, the device enters Digital Holdover mode.

The ACS8595 can perform frequency translation, converting, for example, an 8 kHz SEC input clock from the ATCA backplane into a range of spot frequencies from 2 kHz up to 311.04 MHz (up to 77.76 MHz on the TTL/CMOS ports). The output frequency is independently programmable on each of the six SEC output ports, so the ACS8595 ATCA has the potential to supply simultanously up to six different SEC frequencies, for example, to meet the individual requirements of several Advanced Mezzanine Cards (AMCs).

The ACS8595 has one PECL/LVDS output port and five TTL/CMOS ports. It also provides an 8 kHz Frame Sync and a 2 kHz Multi-Frame Sync TTL/CMOS signal output with programmable pulse width and polarity.

The ACS8595 includes a Serial Port, which can be SPI compatible, providing access to the configuration and status registers for device setup.

#### Block Diagram

Figure 1 Block Diagram of the ACS8595 ATCA

#### 3 x SEC/Sync Input Groups **SEC Outputs:** SEC1 & SEC2: O1 (PECL/LVDS) TTL/PECL/LVDS SEC3 and all Syncs 02 (ΠL) 03 (ΠL) 04 (ΠL) 05 (ΠL) 06 (ΠL) DPLL1 DPLL2 TTL only SEC1 Master MUX Input APLL2 SYNC1 2 SEC Port Output SEC2 Digital Feedback Port and equen Input Sync Outputs: E1/DS1 Selection Synthesis MFrSync 2 kHz (TTL) FrSync 8 kHz (TTL) Control SFC3 MUX APLL 1 APLL3 Stand-by 1 SYNC3 01 TO 06: 8 kHz 1.544/2.048 MHz SEC Inputs: Programmable 3 088/4 096 MHz 6.176/8.192 MHz Frequencies 2 kHz, 4 kHz, 12.352/16.384 MHz TCK N x 8 kHz 6.48 MHz (not 01) Chip TDI IFFF 1.544/2.048 MHz Serial Interface 19.44 MHz TMS 1149.1 6.48 MHz Port 25.92 MHz Generator JTAG TRST 19.44 MHz 34.368 MHz TDO 38.88 MHz 25.92 MHz 38.88 MHz 44.736 MHz 51.84 MHz 77.76 MHz 155.52 MHz (only 01) 77.76 MHz TCXO or 311.04 MHz (only 01) F8595\_001BlockDia 155.52 MHz XO

#### Features

- ◆ SONET/ SDH applications up to OC-3/STM-1 bit rates
- ◆ Switches between grouped inputs (SEC/Sync pairs)
- ◆ Inputs: three SECs at any of 2, 4, 8 kHz (and N x 8 kHz multiples up to 155.52 MHz), plus Frame Sync/ Multi-Frame Sync
- Outputs: Six SEC clocks at any of several spot frequencies from 2 kHz up to 77.76 MHz via the TTL/CMOS port and up to 311.04 MHz via the PECL/LVDS port
- ◆ Modes for E3/DS3 and multiple E1/DS1 rate output clocks
- Generates 8 kHz Frame Sync and 2 kHz Multi-Frame Sync output clocks with programmable pulse width and polarity
- ◆ Frequency translation of SEC input clock to different local line card clocks
- Robust activity monitoring on all clock inputs
- Supports Free-run, Locked and Digital Holdover modes of operation
- Automatic "Hit-less" source switchover on loss of input
- ◆ External force fast switch between SEC1/SEC2 inputs
- Phase Build-out for output clock phase continuity during input switchover
- PLL "Locked" and "Acquisition" bandwidths individually selectable from 18, 35 or 70 Hz
- Serial interface for device set-up
- ◆ IEEE 1149.1 JTAG Boundary Scan is supported.
- ◆ Single 3.3 Voperation, 5 V I/O compatible
- ◆ Operating temperature (ambient) of -40 to +85° C
- ◆ Available in 100-pin LQFP package
- ◆ Lead (Pb)-free version (ACS8595T), RoHS and WEEE compliant

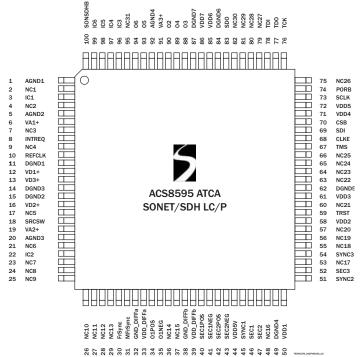


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## Pin Diagram

Figure 2 ACS8595 Pin Diagram



### Pin Description

Table 1 Power Pins

| Pin No.                           | Symbol   | 1/0 | Туре | Description  |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|------|--|
| 12,16,<br>13,                     | VD1+, VD2+,<br>VD3+                              | P   | -    | Supply Voltage: Digital supply to gates in analog section, $\pm 3.3$ Volts $\pm 10\%$ .  |
| 33,<br>39                         | VDD_DIFFa,<br>VDD_DIFFb                          | P   | -    | Supply Voltage: Digital supply for differential output pins 19 and 20, +3.3 Volts ±10%.  |
| 44                                | VDD5 V   | P   | -    | Digital Supply for +5 Volts Tolerance to Input Pins. Connect to +5 Volts (±10%) for clamping to +5 Volts. Connect to VDD for clamping to +3.3 Volts. Leave floating for no clamping. Input pins tolerant up to +5.5 Volts. |
| 50, 58,<br>61, 71<br>72,85,<br>86 | VDD1, VDD2,<br>VDD3, VDD4<br>VDD5, VDD6,<br>VDD7 | P   | -    | Supply Voltage: Digital supply to logic,<br>+3.3 Volts ±10%.   |
| 6                                 | VA1+   | P   | -    | Supply Voltage: Analog supply to clock multiplying PLL, +3.3 Volts ±10%.   |
| 19,91                             | VA2+, VA3+ P                                     |     | -    | Supply Voltage: Analog supply to output PLLs APLL2 and APPL1, +3.3 Volts ±10%.   |
| 1,<br>5                           | AGND1,<br>AGND2                                  | P   | -    | Supply Ground: Analog grounds.   |

Table 1 Power Pins (cont...)

| Pin No.                 | Symbol                              | 1/0 | Туре | Description   |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------|---|
| 20,<br>92               | AGND3,<br>AGND4                     |     | -    | Supply Ground: Analog ground for output PLLs APLL2 and APPL1. |
| 11,<br>15,<br>14        | DGND1,<br>DGND2,<br>DGND3           | P   | -    | Supply Ground: Digital ground for components in PLLs.         |
| 49,<br>62,<br>84,<br>87 | DGND4,<br>DGND5,<br>DGND6,<br>DGND7 | P   | -    | Supply Ground: Digital ground for logic.                      |
| 32,<br>38               | GND_DIFFa,<br>GND_DIFFb             | P   | •    | Supply Ground: Digital ground for differential ports.         |

Note ... I = Input, O = Output, P = Power,  $TTL^U = TTL$  input with pull-up resistor,  $TTL_D = TTL$  input with pull-down resistor.

Table 2 Internally Connected and Not Connected Pins

| Pin No.         | Symbol                 | 1/0 | Туре | Description                           |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----|------|---------------------------------------|
| 3, 22,          | IC1, IC2,              | -   | -    | Internally Connected: Leave to float. |
| 96,97,<br>98,99 | IC3, IC4,<br>IC5, IC6, |     |      |                                       |
| 2,4,            | NC1, NC2,              |     | -    | Not Connected: Leave to float.        |
| 7,9,            | NC3,NC4,               |     |      |                                       |
| 17,21,          | NC5,NC6,               |     |      |                                       |
| 23,24,          | NC7, NC8,              |     |      |                                       |
| 25,26,          | NC9, NC10,             |     |      |                                       |
| 27,28,          | NC11, NC12,            |     |      |                                       |
| 29,36,          | NC13,NC14,             |     |      |                                       |
| 37,48,          | NC15, NC16,            |     |      |                                       |
| 53,55,          | NC17, NC18,            |     |      |                                       |
| 56,57,          | NC19, NC20,            |     |      |                                       |
| 60,63,          | NC21, NC22,            |     |      |                                       |
| 64,65,          | NC23, NC24,            |     |      |                                       |
| 66,75,          | NC25, NC26,            |     |      |                                       |
| 79,80,          | NC27, NC28,            |     |      |                                       |
| 81, 82,         | NC29, NC30,            |     |      |                                       |
| 95              | NC31                   |     |      |                                       |

#### Table 3 Other Pins

| Pin No.   | Symbol            | 1/0 | Туре             | Description  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 8         | INTREQ            | 0   | TTL/CMOS         | Interrupt Request: Active High/Low software Interrupt output.      |  |  |  |  |
| 10        | REFCLK            | I   | TTL              | Reference Clock: 12.800 MHz.                                       |  |  |  |  |
| 18        | SRCSW             | I   | $\mathit{TTL}_D$ | Source Switching: Force Fast Source<br>Switching on SEC1 and SEC2. |  |  |  |  |
| 30        | FrSync            | 0   | TTL/CMOS         | Output Reference: 8 kHz Frame Sync output.                         |  |  |  |  |
| 31        | MFrSync           | 0   | TTL/CMOS         | Output Reference: 2 kHz Multi-Frame Sync output.                   |  |  |  |  |
| 34,<br>35 | O1 POS,<br>O1 NEG | 0   | LVDS/PECL        | Output Reference: Programmable, default 38.88 MHz, LVDS.           |  |  |  |  |



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Table 3 Other Pins (cont...)

| Pin No.   | Symbol                | 1/0 | Туре             | Description   |  |  |  |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 40,<br>41 | SEC1_POS,<br>SEC1_NEG | I   | PECL/LVDS        | Input Reference: Programmable, default<br>19.44 MHz, PECL.  |  |  |  |
| 42,<br>43 | SEC2_POS,<br>SEC2_NEG | I   | PECL/LVDS        | Input Reference: Programmable, default 19.44 MHz PECL.  |  |  |  |
| 45        | SYNC1                 | I   | $TTL_D$          | (Master) Multi-Frame Sync 2 kHz Input:<br>Connect to 2 or 8 kHz Multi-Frame Sync<br>output of Master SETS.  |  |  |  |
| 46        | SEC1                  | I   | $TTL_D$          | (Master) Input Reference: Programmable,<br>default 8 kHz.   |  |  |  |
| 47        | SEC2                  | I   | $TTL_D$          | (Slave) Input Reference: Programmable,<br>default 8 kHz.  |  |  |  |
| 51        | SYNC2                 | I   | $TTL_D$          | (Slave) Multi-Frame Sync 2 kHz: Connect to<br>2 or 8 kHz Multi-Frame Sync output of Slave<br>SETS.  |  |  |  |
| 52        | SEC3                  | I   | $TTL_D$          | (Stand-by) Input Reference: External stand-<br>by reference clock source, programmable,<br>default 19.44 MHz.   |  |  |  |
| 54        | SYNC3                 | I   | $TTL_D$          | Stand-by) Input Reference: External stand-<br>by 2 or 8 kHz Multi-Frame Sync clock<br>ource.  |  |  |  |
| 59        | TRST                  | I   | $\mathit{TTL}_D$ | JIAG Control Reset Input: TRST = 1 to<br>enable JIAG Boundary Scan mode. TRST =<br>0 is Boundary Scan stand-by mode, still<br>allowing normal device operation (JIAG<br>logic transparent). NC if not used. |  |  |  |
| 67        | TMS                   | I   | $TTL_D$          | JTAG Test Mode Select: Boundary Scan<br>enable. Sampled on rising edge of TCK. NC<br>if not used.   |  |  |  |
| 68        | CLKE                  | I   | $TTL_D$          | SCLK Edge Select: SCLK active edge select,<br>CLKE = 1, selects falling edge of SCLK to be<br>active.   |  |  |  |
| 69        | SDI                   | I   | $TTL_D$          | Se rial Interface Address: Se rial Data Input.  |  |  |  |
| 70        | CSB                   | I   | $TTL^U$          | Chip Select (Active Low): This pin is asserted Low by the microprocessor to enable the microprocessor interface.  |  |  |  |
| 73        | SCLK                  | I   | $TTL_D$          | Serial Data Clock. When this pin goes High data is latched from SDI pin.  |  |  |  |
| 74        | PORB                  | I   | $TTL^U$          | Power-On Reset: Master reset. If PORB is<br>forced Low, all internal states are reset<br>back to default values.  |  |  |  |
| 76        | TCK                   | I   | $TTL_D$          | JTAG Clock: Boundary Scan clock input.  |  |  |  |
| 77        | TDO                   | o   | TTL/CMOS         | JTAG Output: Serial test data output.<br>Updated on falling edge of TCK.  |  |  |  |
| 78        | TDI                   | I   | $TTL_D$          | JTAG Input: Serial test data Input. Sampled on rising edge of TCK.  |  |  |  |

Table 3 Other Pins (cont...)

| Pin No. | Symbol  | 1/0 | Туре     | Description  |  |  |
|---------|---------|-----|----------|--|--|--|
| 83      | SDO     | 0   | $TTL_D$  | Interface Address: SPI compatible Serial<br>Data Output.   |  |  |
| 88      | O3      | 0   | TTL/CMOS | Output Reference: Programmable, disabled by default.   |  |  |
| 89      | 04      | 0   | TTL/CMOS | Output Reference: Programmable, disabled by default.   |  |  |
| 90      | O2      | 0   | TTL/CMOS | Output Reference: Programmable, default<br>19.44 MHz.  |  |  |
| 93      | O5      | 0   | TTL/CMOS | Output Reference: Programmable, disabled by default.   |  |  |
| 94      | 06      | 0   | TTL/CMOS | Output Reference: Programmable, disabled by default.   |  |  |
| 100     | SONSDHB | I   | $TTL_D$  | SONET or SDH Frequency Select: Sets the initial power-up state (or state after a PORB) of the SONET/SDH frequency selection registers, Reg. 34, Bit 2 and Reg. 38, Bit 5, Bit 6 and Reg. 64 Bit 4. When set Low, SDH rates are selected (2.048 MHz etc.) and when set High, SONET rates are selected (1.544 MHz etc.) The register states can be changed after power-up by software. |  |  |

#### Intro ductio n

The ACS8595 ATCA is a Line Card Protection device designed to complement the Semtech SETS devices which maintain the SETS functions in both SONET and SDH Network Elements. The ACS8595 ATCA extends this functionality on to the Line Card, for which it has been specifically designed. The ACS8595 ATCA uses "Hit-less" group switching between Master and Slave inputs or a third (Stand-by) input group, to generate and maintain accurate and stable SEC and frame synchronization pulse outputs for distribution on the Line Card, typically for Advanced Mezzaninie Cards (AMCs) on Advanced TCA equipment.

The ACS8595 provides a simple, compact, yet flexible solution, which can be easily tailored for use with a range of transmission formats and rates, via software configuration.

The ACS8595 employs various mechanisms to maintain the integrity of its output clocks when its input clocks fail or fall below the required specification levels. By smoothing out the effects of these input anomalies, the ACS8595 improves the overall stability and reliability of



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the downstream system synchronization, which translates to improved quality of service.

The key architectural advantage that the ACS8595 has over traditional solutions is in the use of Digital Phase Locked Loop (DPLL) technology for precise and repeatable performance over temperature or voltage variations and between parts.

Semtech can provide an Evaluation Board so that designers can rapidly appraise the ACS8595 ATCA device and see for themselves the benefits that a Semtech ATCA solution can bring to their designs.

#### General Description

### Inputs

The ACS8595 SETS device has input ports for clock groups from three sources, typically Master, Slave and Stand-by, where each clock group comprises one SEC and optionally one Sync signal. This means that when any SEC input changeover is made, the corresponding Sync signal changeover is also made. Master and Slave SEC inputs to the device support TTL/CMOS and PECL/LVDS. The Stand-by SEC and three Sync inputs are TTL/CMOS only.

All the TTL/CMOS ports are 3 V and 5 V compatible (with clamping if required by connecting the VDD5 V pin).

Input frequencies supported range from 2, 4, 8 kHz (and n x 8 kHz) up to 155.52 MHz. Common E1, DS1, OC-3/STM-1 and sub-divisions are supported as spot frequencies to which the DPLLs will directly lock. Any input frequency, up to 100 MHz, that is a multiple of 8 kHz can also be locked to via a built-in programmable divider. Refer to Table 4 for details of each input port.

#### Input Locking Frequency Modes

Each input port has to be configured to receive the expected input frequency. To achieve this, three Input Locking Frequency Modes are provided: Direct Lock, Lock8 K and DivN.

## **SEC Activity Monitors**

A monitoring function constantly appraises the activity of each input SEC, and reports anomalous behavior. Each of the input monitors is individually configurable, allowing flags or interrupts to be raised which can influence both the operating state of the device, and which inputs are available for selection by the PLL circuitry. Any Input SEC which suffers a loss-of-activity will be declared as unavailable.

Anomalies detected by the Activity Monitor are integrated in a Leaky Bucket Accumulator. Occasional anomalies do not cause the accumulator to cross the alarm setting threshold, so the selected reference source is retained.

Table 4 Input Reference Source Selection and Priority Table

| Port Name | Channel Number | Input Port Technology      | Frequencies Supported   | Default Priority |
|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|---|------------------|
| SEC1 TIL  | 0011           | TTL/ CMOS                  | Up to 100 MHz (see Note (i))<br>Default (SONET): 8 kHz Default (SDH): 8 kHz             | 2                |
| SEC2 TIL  | 0100           | TTL/ CMOS                  | Up to 100 MHz (see Note (i))<br>Default (SONET): 8 kHz Default (SDH): 8 kHz             | 3                |
| SEC1 DIFF | 0101           | PECL/ LVDS<br>PECL default | Up to 155.52 MHz (see Note (ii))<br>Default (SONET): 19.44 MHz Default (SDH): 19.44 MHz | 0                |
| SEC2 DIFF | 0110           | PECL/ LVDS<br>PECL default | Up to 155.52 MHz (see Note (ii))<br>Default (SONET): 19.44 MHz Default (SDH): 19.44 MHz | 0                |
| SYNC1     | 0111           | TTL/ CMOS                  | 2/4/8 kHz auto-sensing  | n/ a             |
| SYNC2     | 1000           | TTL/ CMOS                  | 2/4/8 kHz auto-sensing  | n/ a             |
| SEC3      | 1001           | TTL/ CMOS                  | Up to 100 MHz (see Note (i)) Default (SONET): 19.44 MHz Default (SDH): 19.44 MHz        | 4                |
| SYNC3     | 1010           | TTL/ CMOS                  | 2/4/8 kHz auto-sensing  | n/ a             |

Notes: (i) TTL ports (compatible also with CMOS signals) support clock speeds up to 100 MHz, with the highest spot frequency being 77.76 MHz. The actual spot frequencies are: 2 kHz, 4 kHz, 8 kHz (and N x 8 kHz), 1.544 MHz (SONET)/2.048 MHz (SDH), 6.48 MHz, 19.44 MHz, 25.92 MHz, 38.88 MHz, 51.84 MHz, 77.76 MHz. SONET or SDH input rate is selected via Reg. 34 bit 2, ip\_sonsdhb).

- (ii) PECL and LVDS ports support the spot clock frequencies listed above plus 155.52 MHz (and 311.04 MHz for Output O1 only).
- (iii) SEC1 TTL and SEC2 TTL ports are on pins SEC1 and SEC2. SEC1 DIFF (Differential) port uses pins SEC1POS and SEC1NEG, similarly SEC2 DIFF uses pins SEC2POS and SEC2NEG.



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Persistent anomalies cause the alarm setting threshold to be crossed and result in the selected SEC (and Sync) being rejected.

There is one Leaky Bucket Accumulator per SEC input. Each Leaky Bucket Accumulator can be programmed with a Bucket ID (0 to 3) which assigns to the Leaky Bucket the corresponding Leaky Bucket Configuration (from four available Configurations). Each Leaky Bucket Configuration comprises the following programmable parameters:

- Bucket size
- Alarm trigger (set threshold)
- Alarm clear (reset threshold)
- Leak rate (decay rate

## Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

Figure 1 shows the PLL circuitry which comprises two Digital PLLs (DPLL1 and DPLL2), two output multiplying and filtering Analog PLLs (APLL1 and APLL2), output frequency dividers in an Output Port Frequency Selection block, a Synthesis block, multiplexers MUX1 and MUX2, and a feedback Analog PLL (APLL3). These functional blocks and their interconnections are highly configurable, via register control, providing a range of output frequencies and a choice of levels of jitter performance.

The DPLLs give a stable and consistent level of performance that can be easily programmed for different dynamic behavior or operating range. They are not affected by operating conditions or silicon process variations. Digital Synthesis is used to generate all required SONET/SDH output frequencies. The digital logic operates at 204.8 MHz that is multiplied up from the external 12.800 MHz oscillator module. Hence the best resolution of the output signals from the DPLLs is one 204.8 MHz cycle or 4.9 ns.

Both of the DPLLs' outputs can be connected to multiplying and filtering APLLs. The outputs of these APLLs are divided making a number of frequencies simultaneously available for selection at the output clock ports. The various combinations of DPLL, APLL, Multiplexer and divider configurations allow for generation of a comprehensive set of frequencies, as listed in Table 5 and Table 6.

#### **DPLLs**

DPLL1 is the more feature rich of the two DPLLs. The main features of the two DPLLs are summarized here. Refer to

the Register Descriptions in the datasheet for advanced features and more information.

#### **DPLL1 Main Features**

- Multiple E1 and DS1 outputs supported
- Low jitter MFrSync (2 kHz) and FrSync (8 kHz) outputs
- Multiple phase loss and multiple phase detectors
- Direct PLL locking to common SONET/ SDH input frequencies or any multiple of 8 kHz
- Automatic mode switching between Free-run, Locked and Digital Holdover modes (states)
- Fast detection on input failure and entry into Digital Holdover mode (holds at the last good frequency value)
- Frequency translation between input and output rates via direct digital synthesis
- High accuracy digital architecture for stable PLL dynamics combined with an APLL for low jitter final output clocks
- Non-revertive mode
- Frame Sync pulse alignment
- Selectable automatic DPLL bandwidth control (auto selects either Locked bandwidth, or Acquisition bandwidth), or Locked DPLL bandwidth
- Two programmable bandwidth controls:
  - Locked bandwidth: 18, 35 or 70 Hz
  - Acquisition bandwidth: 18, 35 or 70 Hz
- Programmable damping factor, (For optional faster locking and peaking control) Factors = 1.2, 2.5, 5, 10 or 20
- Programmable DPLL pull-in frequency range
- Phase Build-out on source switching (hit-less source switching), on/off
- Freeze Phase Build-out, on/off

#### **DPLL2 Main Features**

The main features of DPLL2 are:

- Always locked to DPLL1
- Single programmable bandwidth control: 18, 35 or 70 Hz
- Programmable damping factor, (For optional faster locking and peaking control) Factors = 1.2, 2.5, 5, 10 or 20.
- Digital feedback, on/off
- Output frequency selection



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- DS3/E3 support (44.736 MHz / 34.368 MHz) independent of rates from DPLL1
  - Low jitter E1/DS1 options independent of rates from DPLL1
  - Frequencies of n x E1/DS1 including 16 and 12 x E1, and 16 and 24 x DS1 supported
  - Squelched (clock off)
- Can provide the source for the 2 kHz and 8 kHz outputs available at Outputs 01 to 06
- Can use its phase detector to measure the input phase difference between two inputs
- Selectable digital feedback, on/off

Either the software or an internal state machine controls the operation of DPLL1. The state machine for DPLL2 is very simple and cannot be manually/externally controlled. One additional feature of DPLL2 is the ability to measure a phase difference between two inputs.

DPLL1 always produces an output at 77.76 MHz to feed the APLL, regardless of the frequency selected at the output pins or the locking frequency (frequency at the input of the Phase and Frequency Detector—PFD).

DPLL2 can be operated at a number of frequencies. This is to enable the generation of extra output frequencies, which cannot be easily related to 77.76 MHz. If DPLL2 is enabled, it locks to the 8 kHz from DPLL1. This is because all of the frequencies of operation of DPLL2 can be divided to 8 kHz and this will ensure synchronization of frequencies, from 8 kHz upwards, within the two DPLLs.

#### **APLLs**

There are three APLLs. APLL1 and APLL2 provide a lower final output jitter reducing the 4.9 ns p-p jitter from the digital down to 500 ps p-p and 60 ps rms as typical final outputs measured broadband (from 10 Hz to 1 GHz). The feedback APLL (APLL3) is selected by default; it provides improved performance over the digital feedback.

Each APLL has its own divider. Each divider simultaneously outputs a series of fixed ratios of its APLL input. These divided outputs are available on Output Ports O1 to O6.

## **Outputs**

The ACS8595 delivers eight output signals on the following ports: Six clocks, one each on ports O1 to O6; and two Sync signals, on ports FrSync and MFrSync. Outputs O1 to O6 are independent of each other and are

individually selectable. Output 01 is a differential port (pins O1POS and O1NEG), and can be selected PECL or LVDS. All other outputs are TTL/CMOS.

Table 5 Output Port Frequencies and Technologies

| Port Name                | Output Port<br>Technology   | Frequencies Supported   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 01                       | LVDS/PECL<br>(LVDS default) | Frequencies as per Table 6  |
| O2, O3, O4,<br>O5 and O6 | TTL/ CMOS                   |   |
| FrSync                   | TTL/ CMOS                   | FrSync, 8 kHz programmable pulse width and polarity, see Reg. 7 C.  |
| MFrSync                  | TTL/ CMOS                   | MFrSync, 2 kHz programmable pulse width and polarity, see Reg. 7 C. |

Table 6 Output Frequencies/Lowest Jitter Configuration (Typical Conditions)

|          | Frequency (MHz)                   | Jitter L | evel (typ) |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------|
|          | riequency (MHz)                   | rms (ps) | p-p (ns)   |
| 2 kHz    |                                   | 60       | 0.6        |
| 8 kHz    |                                   | 60       | 0.6        |
| 1.536    | (not O5/O6)                       | 250      | 1.5        |
| 1.544    | (not O5/O6)                       | 150      | 1.0        |
| 2.048    |                                   | 220      | 1.2        |
| 2.058666 | 7                                 | 150      | 1.0        |
| 2.316    | (not O5/O6)                       | 110      | 0.75       |
| 2.730666 | 7                                 | 220      | 1.2        |
| 2.796    | (not O5/O6)                       | 110      | 1.0        |
| 3.088    |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |
| 3.728    |                                   | 110      | 1.0        |
| 4.096    | via Digital1 or Digital2 (not O1) | 3800     | 13         |
| 4.296    | (not O5/O6)                       | 120      | 1.0        |
| 4.86     | (not O5/O6)                       | 60       | 0.6        |
| 5.728    |                                   | 120      | 1.0        |
| 6.144    |                                   | 250      | 1.5        |
| 6.176    |                                   | 150      | 1.0        |
| 6.48     |                                   | 60       | 0.6        |
| 8.192    |                                   | 220      | 1.2        |
| 8.234666 | 7                                 | 760      | 2.6        |
| 9.264    |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |
| 10.92266 | 7                                 | 250      | 1.6        |
| 11.184   |                                   | 110      | 1.0        |
| 12.288   |                                   | 250      | 1.5        |
| 12.352   |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |
| 16.384   |                                   | 220      | 1.2        |
| 16.46933 |                                   | 760      | 2.6        |
| 17.184   |                                   | 120      | 1.0        |
| 18.528   |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |
| 19.44    |                                   | 60       | 0.6        |
| 21.84533 |                                   | 250      | 1.6        |
| 22.368   |                                   | 110      | 1.0        |
| 24.576   |                                   | 250      | 1.5        |
| 24.704   |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |
| 25.92    |                                   | 60       | 0.6        |
| 32.768   |                                   | 220      | 1.2        |
| 34.368   |                                   | 120      | 1.0        |
| 37.056   |                                   | 110      | 0.75       |



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Table 6 Output Frequencies/Lowest Jitter Configuration (Typical Conditions) (cont...)

|         | Frequency /MH=\ | Frequency (MHz) |             |  |  |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
|         | Hequency (MH2)  | rms (pa         | s) p-p (ns) |  |  |
| 38.88   |                 | 60              | 0.6         |  |  |
| 44.736  |                 | 110             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 49.152  | (O5/O6 only)    | 250             | 1.5         |  |  |
| 49.152  | (O1 only)       | 900             | 4.5         |  |  |
| 49.408  | (O5/O6 only)    | 150             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 49.408  | (O1 only)       | 760             | 2.6         |  |  |
| 51.84   |                 | 60              | 0.6         |  |  |
| 65.536  | (O5/O6 only)    | 220             | 1.2         |  |  |
| 65.536  | (O1 only)       | 120             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 68.736  |                 | 120             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 74.112  | (O5/O6 only)    | 110             | 0.75        |  |  |
| 74.112  | (O1 only)       | 110             | 0.75        |  |  |
| 77.76   |                 | 60              | 0.6         |  |  |
| 89.472  | (O5/O6 only)    | 110             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 98.304  | (O1 only)       | 900             | 4.5         |  |  |
| 98.304  | (O1 only)       | 900             | 4.5         |  |  |
| 98.816  | (O1 only)       | 760             | 2.6         |  |  |
| 131.072 | (O1 only)       | 250             | 1.6         |  |  |
| 137.472 | (O5/O6 only)    | 120             | 1.0         |  |  |
| 148.224 | (O1 only)       | 110             | 0.75        |  |  |
| 155.52  |                 | 60              | 0.6         |  |  |
| 311.04  | (O1 only)       | 60              | 0.6         |  |  |

## Modes of Operation

The device has three principle modes of operation:

- Free-run
- Locked
- Digital Holdover

The Free-run mode is typically used following a power-on-reset or a device reset before network synchronization has been achieved. In the Free-run mode, the timing and synchronization signals generated from the ACS8595 are based on the 12.800 MHz clock frequency provided from the external oscillator and are not synchronized to an input SEC. The accuracy can be enhanced via software calibration to within  $\pm 0.0196229$  ppm.

The Locked mode is used when an input SEC has been selected and the PLL has had time to lock. When the Locked mode is achieved, the output signal is in phase and is locked to the selected input SEC. The priority table determines which input SEC is selected. When the ACS8595 is in Locked mode, the output frequency and phase follows that of the selected input SEC.

In Digital Holdover mode, the ACS8595 provides the timing signals to maintain the Line Card when its currently selected input source becomes invalid, and no other valid

replacement source is available. Digital Holdover operates instantaneously, which means the DPLL freezes at the frequency it was operating at the time of entering Digital Holdover mode.

#### Input Selection Priorities

Each input SEC can be programmed with a priority number (see Table 4) allowing references to be chosen according to the highest priority valid input. Under normal operation, the input SECs are selected automatically, according to availability and in order of priority. For special circumstances, such as chip or board testing, the selection may be forced by configuration.

The priority table is initially defined by the default configuration and can be changed via the Serial interface by the Network Manager. In this way, when all the defined sources are active and valid, the source with the highest programmed priority is selected but, if this source fails, the next-highest source is selected, and so on.

Table 4 gives details of the input reference ports. Specific frequencies and priorities are set by configuration.

## **Ultra Fast Switching**

SEC inputs are monitored using a leaky bucket approach to allow source qualification criterion to be monitored. A reference source is normally disqualified after the leaky bucket monitor thresholds have been crossed. An option for a faster disqualification has been implemented so that a loss of activity of just a few reference clock cycles will raise an alarm and cause a reference switch.

#### External Forced Fast Protection Switching

External Forced Fast Protection Switching mode, for fast switching between inputs SEC1 or SEC2, can be triggered directly from the dedicated pin SRCSW.

#### Restoration

Restoration of repaired reference sources is handled carefully to avoid inadvertent disturbance of the output clock. For this, the ACS8595 has two modes of operation; Revertive and Non-revertive.

## Sync Reference Sources

The ACS8595 provides the facility to have a Sync reference source associated with each SEC.



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The Sync inputs (SYNC1, SYNC2 and SYNC3) are used for Frame Sync output alignment and can be 2, 4 or 8 kHz (automatically detected frequency).

As in all the Semtech ACS85 xx series of parts supporting such a mechanism, the Sync is treated as an additional part of the SEC clock. The failure of a Sync input will never cause a source disqualification. The Sync input is used to internally align the generation of the output 2 kHz and 8 kHz Sync pulses.

#### Serial Interface

The ACS8595 device has an SPI compatible serial interface, providing access to the configuration and status registers for device set-up and monitoring.

#### Performance

#### Conformance

The ACS8595 is designed for use in Line Cards in Network Elements which must meet the requirements of the following specifications:

ITU: G. 736, G.742, G.812, G.813, G.824, K.41. Telcordia: GR-253-CORE, GR-499-CORE, GR-1244-CORE. ANSI: T1.101-1999. ETSI: ETSI300 462-3, ETSI300 462-5.

# Typical Application

#### Performance Benefits from DPLL/APLL Technology

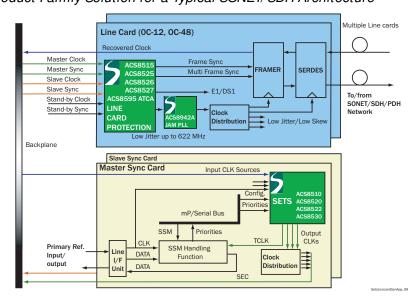
The use of Digital Phase Locked Loop technology ensures precise and repeatable performance over temperature or voltage variations, and between parts. The overall PLL bandwidth, loop damping, pull-in range and frequency accuracy are all determined by digital parameters that provide a consistent level of performance. An Analog PLL takes the signal from the DPLL output and provides a lower jitter output. The APLL bandwidth is set four orders of magnitude higher than the DPLL bandwidth. This ensures that the overall system performance still maintains the advantage of consistent behavior provided by the digital approach.

The DPLLs are clocked by the external oscillator module therefore the Free-run or Digital Holdover frequency stability is only determined by the stability of the external oscillator module. This key advantage confines all temperature critical components to one well defined and pre-calibrated module, whose performance can be chosen to match the application.

All performance parameters of the DPLLs are programmable without the need to understand detailed PLL equations. Bandwidth, damping factor and lock range, for example, can all be set directly.

A high level of phase and frequency accuracy is made possible in the ACS8595 by an internal resolution of up to 54 bits and internal Holdover accuracy of up to  $7.5 \times 10^{-14}$  ppb (instantaneous).

Figure 3 Semtech's Product Family Solution for a Typical SONET/SDH Architecture





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## Register Map

## Table 7 Register Map

| Register Name  | S _         | =_               |                     |                        |                            | Dat                        | a Bit                                   |                      |                          |                         |
|--|-------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| RO = Re ad Only  | dre<br>hex) | Default<br>(hex) | 7 (MSB)             | 6                      | 5                          | 4                          | 3                                       | 2                    | 1                        | 0 (LSB)                 |
| R/W = Re  ad  / Write  |             |                  | 7 (MOD)             | Ů                      | Ū                          |                            |   | _                    | · ·                      | U (LOD)                 |
| chip_id (RO)   | 00          | 4D               |                     |                        |                            |                            | LSBs of Chip ID                         |                      |                          |                         |
| chip_re vision (RO)  | 01          | 00               |                     |                        |                            | _                          | MSBs of Chip ID ision[7:0]              | <u> </u>             |                          |                         |
| test_register1 (R/W)   | 03          | 14               | Phase_alarm         | Disable_180            |                            | Resync_                    | Set to 0                                | 8K Edge              | Set to 0                 | Set to 0                |
| teot_register1 (10, 11)  |             |                  | 1 11400 _4141111    | 200000_100             |                            | analog                     |   | Polarity             | 2000                     |                         |
| test_register2 (R/W)   | 04          | 12               |                     |                        |                            | Do no                      | ot use                                  |                      |                          |                         |
| $sts\_inte\ rrupts\ (R/W)$   | 05          | FF               |                     |                        | status_SEC2_<br>DIFF       | status_SEC1_<br>DIFF       | status_SEC2_<br>TTL                     | status_SEC1_<br>TTL  |                          |                         |
|  | 06          | 3F               | operating_          | DPLL1_main_            | DIFF                       | DHT                        | 11111                                   | IIL                  |                          | status_SEC3             |
|  |             |                  | mode                | $ref_failed$           |                            |                            |   |                      |                          |                         |
| sts_current_DPLL_frequency, see OC/OD                                  | 07          | 00               |                     |                        |                            |                            |   | Bits [18:16] of s    | sts_curre nt_DPL         | L_fre que ncy           |
| $sts\_interrupts \ (R/W)$  | 08          | 10               | Sync_alarm_<br>int  |                        |                            |                            |   |                      |                          |                         |
| sts_operating_mode (RO)  | 09          | 01               | Sync_alarm          | DPLL2_Lock             | DPLL1_fre q_<br>soft_alarm | DPLL2_fre q_<br>soft_alarm |   | DP                   | LL1_operating_n          | rode                    |
| sts_priority_table (RO)  | 0A          | 00               |                     | Highest priority       | validate d source          | 1 -                        |   | Curre ntly se        | le cte d source          |                         |
|  | 0B          | 00               |                     | 3rd highest priori     | ty validated sourc         | e                          | 2                                       | 2 nd highest priori  | ity validated sour       | се                      |
| sts_curre nt_DPLL_fre que ncy[7:0]                                     | 0 C         | 00               |                     |                        |                            | s [7:0] of sts_curr        |   |                      |                          |                         |
| (RO) [15:8]  | 0D          | 00               |                     |                        | Bits                       | [15:8] of sts_cur          | re nt_DPLL_fre que                      | епсуу                |                          |                         |
| [18:16]  | 07          | 00               |                     |                        |                            | _                          |   | Bits [18:16]         | of sts_curre nt_D        | PLL_fre que ncy         |
| sts_sources_valid (RO)   | 0E          | 00               |                     |                        | SEC2 DIFF                  | SEC1 DIFF                  | SEC2 TTL                                | SEC1 TTL             |                          |                         |
|  | 0F          | 00               |                     |                        |                            |                            | 1                                       |                      |                          | SEC3                    |
| sts_reference_sources (RO) Alarm Status on inputs: SEC1 & SEC2 TTL     | 11          | 22               |                     |                        | No Activity<br>SEC2 TTL    | Phase Lock<br>SEC2 TTL     |   |                      | No Activity<br>SEC1 TTL  | Phase Lock<br>SEC1 TTL  |
| SEC1 & SEC2 DIFF   | 12          | 22               |                     |                        | No Activity<br>SEC2 DIFF   | Phase Lock<br>SEC2 DIFF    |   |                      | No Activity<br>SEC1 DIFF | Phase Lock<br>SEC1 DIFF |
| SEC3   | 14          | 22               |                     |                        | SECZ DIFF                  | SEC2 DIFF                  |   |                      | No Activity              | Phase Lock              |
| cnfg_ref_selection_priority (R/W)                                      | 19          | 32               |                     | programmed_p           | rio rity_SEC2 _TTL         |                            | SEC3 SEC3  programmed_priority_SEC1_TTL |                      |                          |                         |
| SEC1 & SEC2 TTL  |             |                  |                     |                        |                            |                            |   |                      |                          |                         |
| SEC1 & SEC2 DIFF   | 1A          | 00               |                     | programmed_pr          | rio rity_SEC2_DIFF         | ,                          | programmed_priority_SEC1_DIFF           |                      |                          |                         |
| SEC3   | 1 C         | 04               |                     | I                      |                            |                            | programme d_priority_SEC3               |                      |                          |                         |
| <pre>cnfg_ref_source_frequency_ <input/> (R/W), where <input/> =</pre> | 22          | 00               | divn_SEC1 TTL       | lock8k_SEC1            | $Bucket\_id$               | _SEC1 TTL                  | re                                      | fe re nce _source _j | fre que ncy_SEC1         | TTL                     |
| SEC2 TTL   | 23          | 00               | divn_SEC2 TTL       | lock8k_SEC2<br>TTL     | Bucket_id                  | _SEC2 TTL                  | re                                      | fe re nce _source _j | fre que ncy_SEC2         | TTL                     |
| SEC1 DIFF  | 24          | 03               | divn_SEC1<br>DIFF   | lock8k_SEC1<br>DIFF    | Bucket_id_                 | _SEC1 DIFF                 | rej                                     | fe re nce _source _f | re que ncy_SEC1          | DIFF                    |
| SEC2 DIFF  | 25          | 03               | divn_SEC2<br>DIFF   | lock8k_SEC2<br>DIFF    | Bucket_id_                 | _SEC2 DIFF                 | reference_source_frequency_SEC2 DIFF    |                      |                          |                         |
| SEC3   | 28          | 03               | divn_SEC3           | lock8k_SEC3            | Bucket_                    | id_SEC3                    |   | re fe re nce _source | e_fre que ncy_SEC        | 3                       |
| cnfg_operating_mode (R/W)  | 32          | 00               |                     | Į.                     | ļ                          |                            | ı                                       | DP.                  | LL1_operating_n          | rode                    |
| force_select_reference_source<br>(R/W)                                 | 33          | 0F               |                     |                        |                            |                            |   | forced_selec         | ct_SEC_input             |                         |
| $cnfg\_input\_mode\ (R/W)$   | 34          | CA               | auto_extsync_<br>en | phalarm_<br>timeout    | XO_ e dge                  |                            | e xtsync_e n                            | $ip\_sonsdhb$        |                          | reversion_<br>mode      |
| cnfg_DPLL2_path (R/W)  | 35          | A0               |                     | DPLL2_dig_<br>feedback |                            |                            |   |                      |                          |                         |
| cnfg_differential_inputs (R/W)   | 36          | 03               |                     |                        |                            |                            |   |                      | SEC2_DIFF_<br>PECL       | SEC1_DIFF_<br>PECL      |
| $cnfg\_dig\_outputs\_sonsdh\ (R/W)$                                    | 38          | 04               |                     | dig2_sonsdh            | $dig1\_sonsdh$             |                            |   |                      | 1                        |                         |
| $cnfg\_digtial\_frequencies(R/W)$                                      | 39          | 08               | digital2_j          | fre que ncy            | digital1_                  | fre que nc y               |   |                      |                          |                         |
| $cnfg\_diffe\ re\ ntial\_output\ (R/W)$                                | 3A          | C2               |                     |                        |                            |                            |   |                      | Output O1                | _LVDS_PECL              |
| cnfg_auto_bw_sel   | 3B          | 98               | auto_BW_sel         |                        |                            |                            | DPLL1_lim_int                           |                      |                          |                         |



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Table 7 Register Map (cont...)

| Register Name  | ±            | Data Bit         |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    |                                |   |
|--|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| RO = Re ad Only  | dres<br>hex) | Default<br>(hex) | 7 (MSB)                    | 6                               | 5                     | 4                    | 3                  | 2                  | 1                              | 0 (LSB)   |
| R/W = Re  ad  / Write                                    |              |                  | 7 (WSB)                    | ·                               | ,                     | 7                    | 3                  | 2                  | '                              | U (LSB)   |
| cnfg_nominal_frequency [7:0]                             | _            | 99               |                            |                                 |                       | Bits[7:0] of cnfg_n  |                    |                    |                                |   |
| (R/W) [15:8]   |              | 99               |                            |                                 | E                     | Bits[15:8] of cnfg_  |                    |                    |                                |   |
| cnfg_DPLL_fre q_limit (R/W) [7:0]                        | 41           | 76               |                            |                                 |                       | Bits[7:0] of cnfg    | _DPLL_fre q_limit  |                    | I n: 10 01 4                   |   |
| cnfg_DPLL_fre q_limit (R/W) [9:8]                        | 42           | 00               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | Bits[9:8] of<br>cnfg_DPLL_free | ı limit   |
| cnfg_interrupt_mask (R/W) [7:0]                          | 43           | 00               | Set to 0                   | Set to 0                        | SEC2 DIFF             | SEC1 DIFF            | SEC2 TTL           | SEC1 TTL           |                                |   |
| [15:8]   | 44           | 00               | operating_                 | main_ref_                       |                       |                      |                    | Set to 0           |                                | SEC3  |
|  |              |                  | mode                       | faile d                         |                       |                      |                    |                    |                                |   |
| [23:16]  | 45           | 00               | Sync_ip_alarm              |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    |                                |   |
| $cnfg\_fre\ q\_divn\ (R/W)$ [7:0].                       | 46           | FF               |                            |                                 | divn_                 | _value [7:0] (divide |                    |                    |                                |   |
| [13:8]   | 47           | 3F               |                            | 1 0                             |                       |                      |                    | le Input frequenc  | y by n)                        |   |
| cnfg_monitors (R/W)                                      | 48           | 04               |                            | los_flag_on_<br>TDO             | ultra_fast_<br>switch | ext_switch           | PBO_fre e ze       | PBO_e n            |                                |   |
| cnfg_registers_source_select (R/W)                       | 4B           | 00               |                            |                                 | <u> </u>              | DPLL1_DPLL2 _select  |                    |                    | <u>l</u>                       |   |
| cnfg_freq_lim_ph_loss                                    | 4D           |                  | fre q_lim_ph_<br>loss      |                                 |                       |                      | l                  |                    |                                |   |
| $cnfg\_upper\_threshold\_0 \ (R/W)$                      | 50           | 06               |                            | upper                           | threshold_0_va        | lue (Activity alarm  | , Config. 0, Leaky | Bucket - set thre  | shold)                         |   |
| $cnfg\_lower\_threshold\_0 (R/W)$                        | 51           | 04               |                            | lowe r_                         | $threshold\_0\_valu$  | ie (Activity alarm,  | Config. 0, Leaky   | Bucket - reset thr | re shold)                      |   |
| cnfg_bucket_size_0 (R/W)                                 | 52           | 08               |                            |                                 | Bucket_size_0_        | value (Activity ala  | rm, Config. 0, Le  | aky Bucket - size) |                                |   |
| cnfg_de cay_rate_0 (R/W)                                 | 53           | 01               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | alarm, Config. (               | _value (Activity<br>), Le aky Bucket -<br>rate) |
| cnfg_upper_threshold_1 (R/W)                             | 54           | 06               |                            | иррет                           | threshold_1_va        | lue (Activity alarm  | , Config. 1, Leaky | Bucket - set thre  | shold)                         |   |
| $cnfg\_lower\_threshold\_1 (R/W)$                        | 55           | 04               |                            | lowe r_                         | threshold_1_valu      | ie (Activity alarm,  | Config. 1, Leaky   | Bucket - reset thr | re shold)                      |   |
| cnfg_bucket_size_1 (R/W)                                 | 56           | 08               |                            |                                 | $Bucket\_size\_1\_$   | value (Activity ala  | rm, Config. 1, Le  | aky Bucket - size) |                                |   |
| cnfg_de cay_rate_1 (R/W)                                 | 57           | 01               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | alarm, Config.                 | _value (Activity<br>, Le aky Bucket -<br>rate)  |
| cnfg_upper_threshold_2 (R/W)                             | 58           | 06               |                            | иррет                           | threshold_2_va        | lue (Activity alarm  | , Config. 2, Leaky | Bucket - set thre  | shold)                         |   |
| $cnfg\_lower\_threshold\_2~(R/W)$                        | 59           | 04               |                            | lowe r_                         | thre shold_2_valı     | ue (Activity alarm,  | Config. 2, Leaky   | Bucket - reset thr | reshold)                       |   |
| $cnfg\_bucket\_size\_2~(R/W)$                            | 5A           | 08               |                            |                                 | $Bucket\_size\_2\_$   | value (Activity ala  | rm, Config. 2, Le  | aky Bucket - size) |                                |   |
| cnfg_decay_rate_2 (R/W)                                  | 5B           | 01               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | alarm, Config. 2               | _value (Activity<br>, Le aky Bucket -<br>rate)  |
| $cnfg\_upper\_threshold\_3~(R/W)$                        | 5C           | 06               |                            | иррет                           | thre shold_3_va       | lue (Activity alarm  | , Config. 3, Leaky | Bucket - set thre  | shold)                         |   |
| $cnfg\_lower\_threshold\_3~(R/W)$                        | 5D           | 04               |                            | lowe r_                         | thre shold_3_valı     | ue (Activity alarm,  | Config. 3, Leaky   | Bucket - reset thr | reshold)                       |   |
| $cnfg\_bucket\_size\_3 (R/W)$                            | 5E           | 08               |                            |                                 | $Bucket\_size\_3\_$   | value (Activity ala  | rm, Config. 3, Le  | aky Bucket - size) |                                |   |
| cnfg_de cay_rate_3 (R/W)                                 | 5F           | 01               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | alarm, Config. 3               | _value (Activity<br>c, Le aky Bucket -<br>rate) |
| $cnfg\_output\_fre\ que\ ncy\ (R/W)$ Outputs\ O4\ \&\ 03 | 60           | 00               |                            | $output\_$                      | fre q_O4              |                      |                    | $output\_$         | fre q_O3                       |   |
| Outputs O5 & O2  | 61           | 06               |                            |                                 | fre q_O5              |                      |                    |                    | fre $q_{-}O2$                  |   |
| Outputs O1 & 06  | 62           | 80               |                            |                                 | $fre q_{-}O1$         |                      |                    | output_            | fre qO6                        |   |
| (MFrSync /FrSync)  | 63           | C0               | MFrSync_e n                | FrSync_e n                      |                       |                      |                    |                    |                                |   |
| cnfg_DPLL2_fre que ncy (R/W)                             | 64           | 00               |                            | 1                               |                       |                      | 1                  |                    | DPLL2 _fre que nc              |   |
| cnfg_DPLL1_fre que ncy (R/W)                             | 65           | 01               | DPLL2_meas_<br>DPLL1_ph    | APLL2_for_<br>DPLL1_E1 /DS<br>1 | DPLL1_fre             | q_to_APLL2           |                    |                    | DPLL1 _fre que nc              | y   |
| cnfg_DPLL2_bw (R/W)                                      | 66           | 00               |                            | 1                               | 1                     |                      |                    | 1                  | DPLL2_0                        | andwidth  |
| $cnfg\_DPLL1\_locked\_bw\;(R/W)$                         | 67           | 10               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | DPLL1_locke                    | d_bandwidth                                     |
| $cnfg\_DPLL1\_acq\_bw\ (R/W)$                            | 69           | 11               |                            |                                 |                       |                      |                    |                    | DPLL1_acquis                   | ition_bandwidth                                 |
| $cnfg\_DPLL2\_damping\ (R/W)$                            | 6A           | 13               |                            | DPL                             | L2_PD2_gain_alo       | og_8 k               |                    |                    | DPLL2_damping                  |   |
| $cnfg\_DPLL1\_damping\ (R/W)$                            | 6B           | 13               |                            | DPL                             | L1_PD2_gain_alo       | og_8 k               |                    |                    | DPLL1_damping                  |   |
| cnfg_DPLL2_PD2_gain (R/W)                                | 6 C          | C2               | DPLL2_PD2_<br>gain_e nable | DF                              | PLL2_PD2_gain_c       | ılog                 |                    | DPI                | $LL2\_PD2\_gain\_d$            | gital   |
| cnfg_DPLL1_PD2_gain (R/W)                                | 6D           | C2               | DPLL1_PD2_<br>gain_e nable | DF                              | PLL1_PD2_gain_c       | ılog                 |                    | DPI                | LL1_PD2_gain_d                 | igital  |



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Table 7 Register Map (cont...)

| Register Name                                     | ss_           | Default<br>(hex) | Data Bit                      |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
|---|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| $RO = Re \ ad \ Only$<br>$R/W = Re \ ad \ /Write$ | Addre<br>(hex |                  | 7 (MSB)                       | 6                    | 5                | 4 | 3                       | 2                                     | 1                         | 0 (LSB)                   |  |
| $cnfg\_phase\_offset(R/W)$ [7:0]                  | 70            | 00               | phase_offset_value [7:0]      |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| [15:8]  | 71            | 00               | $phase\_offset\_value [15:8]$ |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| cnfg_PBO_phase_offset (R/W)                       | 72            | 00               | PBO_phase_offset              |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| $cnfg\_phase\_loss\_fine\_limit\ (R/W)$           | 73            | A2               | fine _limit_e n               | $noact\_ph\_loss$    | narrow_e n       |   | phase_loss_fine_limit   |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| cnfg_phase_loss_coarse_limit<br>(R/W)             | 74            | 85               | coarse_lim_<br>phaseloss_e n  | wide_range_<br>e n   | multi_ph_resp    |   | phase_loss_coarse_limit |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| cnfg_ip_noise_window (R/W)                        | 76            | 06               | ip_noise_<br>window_e n       |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| sts_current_phase (RO) [7:0]                      | 77            | 00               | current_phase[7:0]            |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| [15:8]  | 78            | 00               | current_phase[15:8]           |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| $cnfg\_phase\_alarm\_timeout$ $(R/W)$             | 79            | 32               | time c                        |                      |                  |   | imeout_value (in        | neout_value (in two-second intervals) |                           |                           |  |
| cnfg_sync_pulses (R/W)                            | 7 <i>A</i>    | 00               | 2k_8k_from_<br>DPLL2          |                      | 8 k_invert       |   | 8k_pulse                | $2k\_invert$                          | $2k\_pulse$               |                           |  |
| cnfg_sync_phase (R/W)                             | 7 <i>B</i>    | 00               | Inde p_FrSync /<br>MFrSync    | Sync_OC-N_<br>rate s | Sync_phase_SYNC3 |   | Sync_phase_SYNC2        |                                       | Sync_phase_SYNC1          |                           |  |
| cnfg_sync_monitor (R/W)                           | 7 <i>C</i>    | 2B               | ph_offset_<br>ramp            | Sync_monitor_limit   |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |
| $cnfg\_interrupt\ (R/W)$                          | 7D            | 02               |                               |                      |                  |   |                         | Interrupt<br>GPO_e n                  | Interrupt<br>tristate_e n | Interrupt<br>int_polarity |  |
| $cnfg\_protection(R/W)$                           | 7 <i>E</i>    | 85               | protection_value              |                      |                  |   |                         |                                       |                           |                           |  |



FINAL

**PRODUCT BRIEF** 

## Ordering Information

#### Table 8 Parts List

| Part Number | Description  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ACS8595     | ATCA Line Card Protection Switch for SONET/SDH AdvancedTCA Systems |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACS8595T    | Lead (Pb)-free package version of ACS8595; RoHs and WEEE compliant |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACS8595 EVB | Evaluation Board and Software                                      |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Disclaimers**

Life support-This product is not designed or intended for use in life support equipment, devices or systems, or other critical applications. This product is not authorized or warranted by Semtech for such use.

Right to change-Semtech Corporation reserves the right to make changes, without notice, to this product. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of the relevant information before placing orders.

Compliance to relevant standards-Operation of this device is subject to the User's implementation and design practices. It is the responsibility of the User to ensure equipment using this device is compliant to any relevant standards.

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