



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



FEATURES

- Direct RF synthesis at 2.5 GSPS update rate
 - DC to 1.25 GHz in baseband mode
 - 1.25 GHz to 3.0 GHz in mix-mode
- Industry leading single/multicarrier IF or RF synthesis
- Dual-port LVDS data interface
 - Up to 1.25 GSPS operation
 - Source synchronous DDR clocking
- Pin compatible with the AD9739
- Programmable output current: 8.7 mA to 31.7 mA
- Low power: 1.1 W at 2.5 GSPS

APPLICATIONS

- Broadband communications systems
 - DOCSIS CMTS systems
- Military jammers
- Instrumentation, automatic test equipment
- Radar, avionics

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD9737A/AD9739A are 11-bit and 14-bit, 2.5 GSPS high performance RF DACs that are capable of synthesizing wideband signals from dc up to 3 GHz. The AD9737A/AD9739A are pin and functionally compatible with the AD9739 with the exception that the AD9737A/AD9739A do not support synchronization or RZ mode, and are specified to operate between 1.6 GSPS and 2.5 GSPS.

By elimination of the synchronization circuitry, some nonideal artifacts such as images and discrete clock spurs remain stationary on the AD9737A/AD9739A between power-up cycles, thus allowing for possible system calibration. AC linearity and noise performance remain the same between the AD9739 and the AD9737A/AD9739A.

The inclusion of on-chip controllers simplifies system integration. A dual-port, source synchronous, LVDS interface simplifies the digital interface with existing FPGA/ASIC technology. On-chip controllers are used to manage external and internal clock domain variations over temperature to ensure reliable data transfer from the host to the DAC core. A serial peripheral interface (SPI) is used for device configuration as well as readback of status registers.

Rev. C

Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. Specifications subject to change without notice. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Analog Devices. Trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

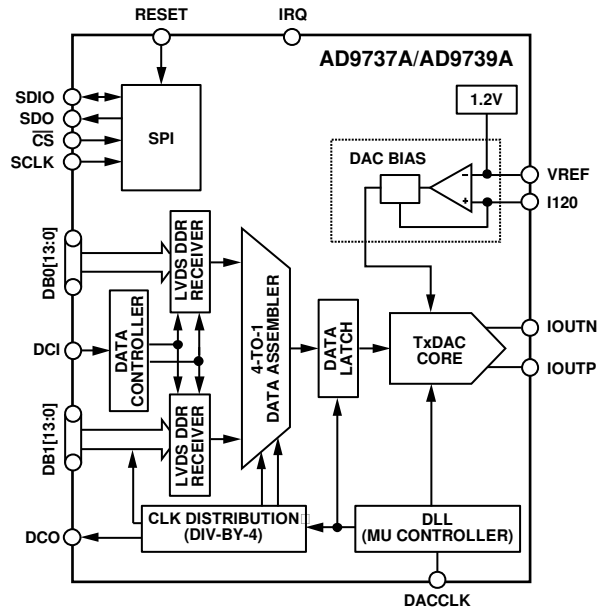


Figure 1.

The AD9737A/AD9739A are manufactured on a 0.18 μm CMOS process and operate from 1.8 V and 3.3 V supplies. They are supplied in a 160-ball chip scale ball grid array for reduced package parasitics.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

1. Ability to synthesize high quality wideband signals with bandwidths of up to 1.25 GHz in the first or second Nyquist zone.
2. A proprietary quad-switch DAC architecture provides exceptional ac linearity performance while enabling mix-mode operation.
3. A dual-port, double data rate, LVDS interface supports the maximum conversion rate of 2500 MSPS.
4. On-chip controllers manage external and internal clock domain skews.
5. Programmable differential current output with an 8.66 mA to 31.66 mA range.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Features	1	SPI Register Map Description	40
Applications	1	SPI Operation	40
Functional Block Diagram	1	SPI Register Map	42
General Description	1	SPI Port Configuration and Software Reset	43
Product Highlights	1	Power-Down LVDS Interface and TxDAC*	43
Revision History	3	Controller Clock Disable	43
Specifications	4	Interrupt Request (IRQ) Enable/Status	44
DC Specifications	4	TxDAC Full-Scale Current Setting (I_{OUTFS}) and Sleep	44
LVDS Digital Specifications	5	TxDAC Quad-Switch Mode of Operation	44
Serial Port Specifications	6	DCI Phase Alignment Status	44
AC Specifications	7	Data Receiver Controller Configuration	44
Absolute Maximum Ratings	8	Data Receiver Controller_Data Sample Delay Value	45
Thermal Resistance	8	Data Receiver Controller_DCI Delay Value/Window and Phase Rotation	45
ESD Caution	8	Data Receiver Controller_Delay Line Status	45
Pin Configurations and Function Descriptions	9	Data Receiver Controller Lock/Tracking Status	45
Typical Performance Characteristics—AD9737A	14	CLK Input Common Mode	46
Static Linearity	14	Mu Controller Configuration and Status	46
AC (Normal Mode)	15	Part ID	47
AC (Mix-Mode)	17	Theory of Operation	48
One-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	20	LVDS Data Port Interface	49
Four-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	21	Mu Controller	52
Eight-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	22	Interrupt Requests	54
16-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	23	Analog Interface Considerations	55
32-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	24	Analog Modes of Operation	55
64- and 128-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	25	Clock Input Considerations	56
Typical Performance Characteristics—AD9739A	26	Voltage Reference	57
Static Linearity	26	Analog Outputs	57
AC (Normal Mode)	28	Output Stage Configuration	59
AC (Mix-Mode)	31	Nonideal Spectral Artifacts	60
One-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	33	Lab Evaluation of the AD9737A/AD9739A	61
Four-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	34	Recommended Start-Up Sequence	61
Eight-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	35	Outline Dimensions	63
16-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	36	Ordering Guide	63
32-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	37		
64- and 128-Carrier DOCSIS Performance (Normal Mode)	38		
Terminology	39		
Serial Port Interface (SPI) Register	40		

REVISION HISTORY**2/12—Rev. B to Rev. C**

Changes to Figure 5.....	9
Changes to Table 7	11
Changes to Ordering Guide.....	63

2/12—Rev. A to Rev. B

Added AD9737A.....	Universal
Reorganized Layout	Universal
Moved Revision History Section.....	3
Deleted $\pm 6\%$ from Table Summary Statement; Changes to Table 1	4
Deleted $\pm 6\%$ from Table Summary Statement, Table 2.....	5
Deleted $\pm 6\%$ from Table Summary Statement, Table 3.....	6
Changes to AC Specifications Section and Table 4.....	7
Added Figure 5, Renumbered Sequentially	9
Added Figure 7 and Table 7, Renumbered Sequentially	10
Deleted Figure 24	13
Added Typical Performance Characteristics—AD9737A Section and Figure 9 to Figure 77	14
Deleted Table 9	25
Added Static Linearity Section and Figure 78 to Figure 88	26
Added Figure 106	30
Changes to Figure 116, Figure 117, Figure 118, Figure 119, Figure 120, and Figure 121.....	33
Changes to Figure 122, Figure 123, Figure 124, Figure 125, Figure 126, and Figure 127.....	34
Changes to Figure 128, Figure 129, Figure 130, Figure 131, Figure 132, and Figure 133.....	35
Changes to Figure 134, Figure 135, Figure 136, Figure 137, Figure 138, and Figure 139.....	36
Changes to Figure 140, Figure 141, Figure 142, Figure 143, Figure 144, and Figure 145.....	37
Changes to Figure 146, Figure 147, Figure 148, Figure 149, and Figure 150; Added Figure 151	38
Added Table 10	42

Added SPI Port Configuration and Software Reset Section, Power-Down LVDS Interface and TxDAC Section, Controller Clock Disable Section, and Table 11 to Table 13	43
Added Interrupt Request (IRQ) Enable/Status Section, TxDAC Full-Scale Current Setting (I_{OUTFS}) and Sleep Section, TxDAC Quad-Switch Mode of Operation Section, DCI Phase Alignment Status Section, Data Receiver Controller Configuration Section, and Table 14 to Table 18.....	44
Added Data Receiver Controller_Data Sample Delay Value Section, Data Receiver Controller_DCI Delay Value/Window and Phase Rotation Section, Data Receiver Controller_Delay Line Status Section, Data Receiver Controller Lock/Tracking Status Section, and Table 19 to Table 22	45
Added CLK Input Common Mode Section, and Mu Controller Configuration and Status Section, and Table 23 and Table 24	46
Added Part ID Section, and Table 25	47
Changes to LVDS Data Port Interface Section.....	49
Changes to Data Receiver Controller Initialization Description Section	51
Changes to Mu Controller Section	52
Added Figure 167 and Table 27, Changes to Mu Controller Initialization Description Section.....	53
Changes to Analog Modes of Operation Section, Figure 171, and Figure 172	55
Updated Outline Dimensions.....	63
Changes to Ordering Guide.....	63

7/11—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Changed Maximum Update Rate (DACCLK Input) Parameter to DAC Clock Rate Parameter in Table 4.....	6
Added Adjusted DAC Update Rate Parameter and Endnote 1 in Table 4.....	6
Updated Outline Dimensions.....	43

1/11—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

DC SPECIFICATIONS

VDDA = VDD33 = 3.3 V, VDDC = VDD = 1.8 V, I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA.

Table 1.

Parameter	AD9737A			AD9739A			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
RESOLUTION	11			14			Bits
ACCURACY							
Integral Nonlinearity (INL)	±0.5			±2.5			LSB
Differential Nonlinearity (DNL)	±0.5			±2.0			LSB
ANALOG OUTPUTS							
Gain Error (with Internal Reference)	5.5			5.5			%
Full-Scale Output Current	8.66	20.2	31.66	8.66	20.2	31.66	mA
Output Compliance Range	−1.0		+1.0	−1.0		+1.0	V
Common-Mode Output Resistance	10			10			MΩ
Differential Output Resistance	70			70			Ω
Output Capacitance	1			1			pF
DAC CLOCK INPUT (DACCLK_P, DACCLK_N)							
Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	V
Common-Mode Voltage	900			900			mV
Clock Rate	1.6		2.5	1.6		2.5	GHz
TEMPERATURE DRIFT							
Gain	60			60			ppm/°C
Reference Voltage	20			20			ppm/°C
REFERENCE							
Internal Reference Voltage	1.15	1.2	1.25	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
Output Resistance	5			5			kΩ
ANALOG SUPPLY VOLTAGES							
VDDA	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
VDDC	1.70	1.8	1.90	1.70	1.8	1.90	V
DIGITAL SUPPLY VOLTAGES							
VDD33	3.10	3.3	3.5	3.10	3.3	3.5	V
VDD	1.70	1.8	1.90	1.70	1.8	1.90	V
SUPPLY CURRENTS AND POWER DISSIPATION, 2.0 GSPS							
I _{VDDA}	37		38	37		38	mA
I _{VDDC}	158		167	158		167	mA
I _{VDD33}	14.5		16	14.5		16	mA
I _{VDD}	173		183	173		183	mA
Power Dissipation	0.770			0.770			W
Sleep Mode, I _{VDDA}	2.5		2.75	2.5		2.75	mA
Power-Down Mode (All Power-Down Bits Set in Register 0x01 and Register 0x02)							
I _{VDDA}	0.02			0.02			mA
I _{VDDC}	6			6			mA
I _{VDD33}	0.6			0.6			mA
I _{VDD}	0.1			0.1			mA
SUPPLY CURRENTS AND POWER DISSIPATION, 2.5 GSPS							
I _{VDDC}	223			223			mA
I _{VDD33}	14.5			14.5			mA
I _{VDD}	215			215			mA
Power Dissipation	0.960			0.960			mW

LVDS DIGITAL SPECIFICATIONS

VDDA = VDD33 = 3.3 V, VDDC = VDD = 1.8 V, I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA. LVDS drivers and receivers are compliant to the IEEE Standard 1596.3-1996 reduced range link, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LVDS DATA INPUTS (DB0[13:0], DB1[13:0])¹				
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range, V _{COM}	825		1575	mV
Logic High Differential Input Threshold, V _{IH_DTH}	175	400		mV
Logic Low Differential Input Threshold, V _{IL_DTH}	-175	-400		mV
Receiver Differential Input Impedance, R _{IN}	80		120	Ω
Input Capacitance		1.2		pF
LVDS Input Rate	1250			MSPS
LVDS Minimum Data Valid Period (t _{MDE}) (See Figure 159)			344	ps
LVDS CLOCK INPUT (DCI)²				
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range, V _{COM}	825		1575	mV
Logic High Differential Input Threshold, V _{IH_DTH}	175	400		mV
Logic Low Differential Input Threshold, V _{IL_DTH}	-175	-400		mV
Receiver Differential Input Impedance, R _{IN}	80		120	Ω
Input Capacitance		1.2		pF
Maximum Clock Rate	625			MHz
LVDS CLOCK OUTPUT (DCO)³				
Output Voltage High (DCO_P or DCO_N)			1375	mV
Output Voltage Low (DCO_P or DCO_N)	1025			mV
Output Differential Voltage, V _{OD}	150	200	250	mV
Output Offset Voltage, V _{OS}	1150		1250	mV
Output Impedance, Single-Ended, R _O	80	100	120	Ω
R _O Single-Ended Mismatch			10	%
Maximum Clock Rate	625			MHz

¹ DB0[x]P, DB0[x]N, DB1[x]P, and DB1[x]N pins.

² DCI_P and DCI_N pins.

³ DCO_P and DCO_N pins with 100 Ω differential termination.

SERIAL PORT SPECIFICATIONS

VDDA = VDD33 = 3.3 V, VDDC = VDD = 1.8 V.

Table 3.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
WRITE OPERATION (See Figure 154)				
SCLK Clock Rate, f_{SCLK} , $1/t_{\text{SCLK}}$			20	MHz
SCLK Clock High, t_{HIGH}	18			ns
SCLK Clock Low, t_{LOW}	18			ns
SDIO to SCLK Setup Time, t_{DS}	2			ns
SCLK to SDIO Hold Time, t_{DH}	1			ns
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ to SCLK Setup Time, t_{s}	3			ns
SCLK to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time, t_{H}	2			ns
READ OPERATION (See Figure 155 and Figure 156)				
SCLK Clock Rate, f_{SCLK} , $1/t_{\text{SCLK}}$			20	MHz
SCLK Clock High, t_{HIGH}	18			ns
SCLK Clock Low, t_{LOW}	18			ns
SDIO to SCLK Setup Time, t_{DS}	2			ns
SCLK to SDIO Hold Time, t_{DH}	1			ns
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ to SCLK Setup Time, t_{s}	3			ns
SCLK to SDIO (or SDO) Data Valid Time, t_{DV}			15	ns
$\overline{\text{CS}}$ to SDIO (or SDO) Output Valid to High-Z, t_{EZ}		2		ns
INPUTS (SDI, SDIO, SCLK, $\overline{\text{CS}}$)				
Voltage in High, V_{IH}	2.0	3.3		V
Voltage in Low, V_{IL}		0	0.8	V
Current in High, I_{IH}	-10		+10	μA
Current in Low, I_{IL}	-10		+10	μA
OUTPUT (SDIO)				
Voltage Out High, V_{OH}	2.4		3.5	V
Voltage Out Low, V_{OL}	0		0.4	V
Current Out High, I_{OH}		4		mA
Current Out Low, I_{OL}		4		mA

AC SPECIFICATIONS

VDDA = VDD33 = 3.3 V, VDDC = VDD = 1.8 V, I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2400 MSPS, unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

Parameter	AD9737A			AD9739A			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE							
DAC Clock Rate	1600		2500	1600		2500	MSPS
Adjusted DAC Update Rate ¹	1600		2500	1600		2500	MSPS
Output Settling Time to 0.1%		13			13		ns
SPURIOUS-FREE DYNAMIC RANGE (SFDR)							
f _{OUT} = 100 MHz		70			70		dBc
f _{OUT} = 350 MHz		65			65		dBc
f _{OUT} = 550 MHz		58			58		dBc
f _{OUT} = 950 MHz		55			55		dBc
TWO-TONE INTERMODULATION DISTORTION (IMD), f_{OUT2} = f_{OUT1} + 1.25 MHz							
f _{OUT} = 100 MHz		94			94		dBc
f _{OUT} = 350 MHz		78			78		dBc
f _{OUT} = 550 MHz		72			72		dBc
f _{OUT} = 950 MHz		68			68		dBc
NOISE SPECTRAL DENSITY (NSD), 0 dBFS SINGLE TONE							
f _{OUT} = 100 MHz		-162			-167		dBm/Hz
f _{OUT} = 350 MHz		-162			-166		dBm/Hz
f _{OUT} = 550 MHz		-161			-164		dBm/Hz
f _{OUT} = 850 MHz		-161			-163		dBm/Hz
WCDMA ACLR (SINGLE CARRIER), ADJACENT/ALTERNATE ADJACENT CHANNEL							
f _{DAC} = 2457.6 MSPS, f _{OUT} = 350 MHz		80/81			80/80		dBc
f _{DAC} = 2457.6 MSPS, f _{OUT} = 950 MHz		75/75			78/79		dBc
f _{DAC} = 2457.6 MSPS, f _{OUT} = 1700 MHz (Mix-Mode)		69/71			74/74		dBc
f _{DAC} = 2457.6 MSPS, f _{OUT} = 2100 MHz (Mix-Mode)		66/67			69/72		dBc

¹ Adjusted DAC updated rate is calculated as f_{DAC} divided by the minimum required interpolation factor. For the AD9737A/AD9739A, the minimum interpolation factor is 1. Thus, with f_{DAC} = 2500 MSPS, f_{DAC, adjusted} = 2500 MSPS.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 5.

Parameter	Rating
VDDA to VSSA	−0.3 V to +3.6 V
VDD33 to VSS	−0.3 V to +3.6 V
VDD to VSS	−0.3 V to +1.98 V
VDDC to VSSC	−0.3 V to +1.98 V
VSSA to VSS	−0.3 V to +0.3 V
VSSA to VSSC	−0.3 V to +0.3 V
VSS to VSSC	−0.3 V to +0.3 V
DACCLK_P, DACCLK_N to VSSC	−0.3 V to VDDC + 0.18 V
DCI, DCO to VSS	−0.3 V to VDD33 + 0.3 V
LVDS Data Inputs to VSS	−0.3 V to VDD33 + 0.3 V
IOUTP, IOUTN to VSSA	−1.0 V to VDDA + 0.3 V
I120, VREF to VSSA	−0.3 V to VDDA + 0.3 V
IRQ, \overline{CS} , SCLK, SDO, SDIO, RESET to VSS	−0.3 V to VDD33 + 0.3 V
Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

θ_{JA} is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 6. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
160-Ball CSP_BGA	31.2	7.0	°C/W ¹

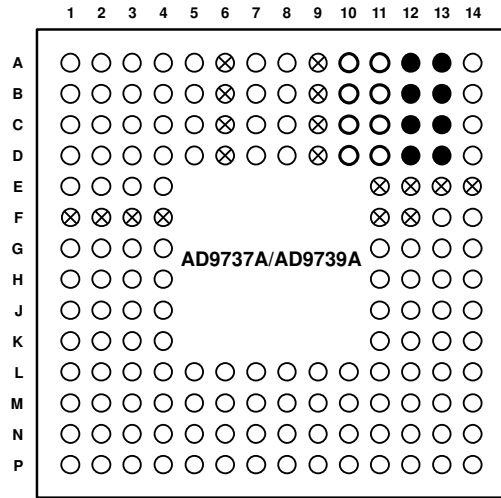
¹ With no airflow movement.

ESD CAUTION



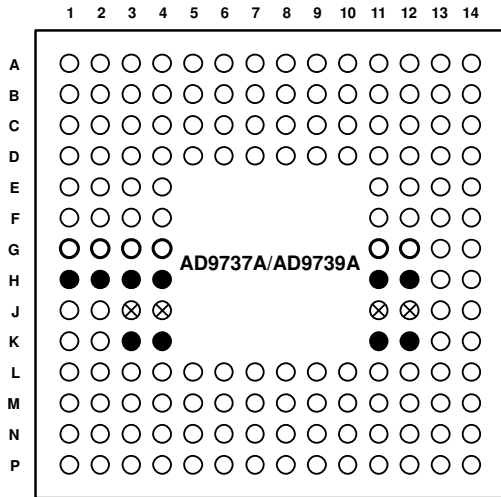
ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



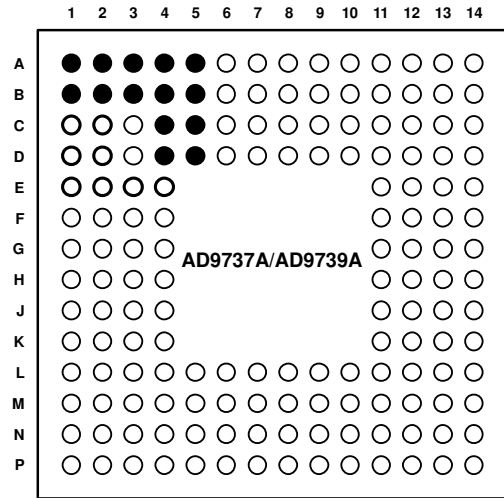
- VDDA, 3.3V, ANALOG SUPPLY
- VSSA, ANALOG SUPPLY GROUND
- ⊗ VSSA SHIELD, ANALOG SUPPLY GROUND SHIELD

Figure 2. Analog Supply Pins (Top View)



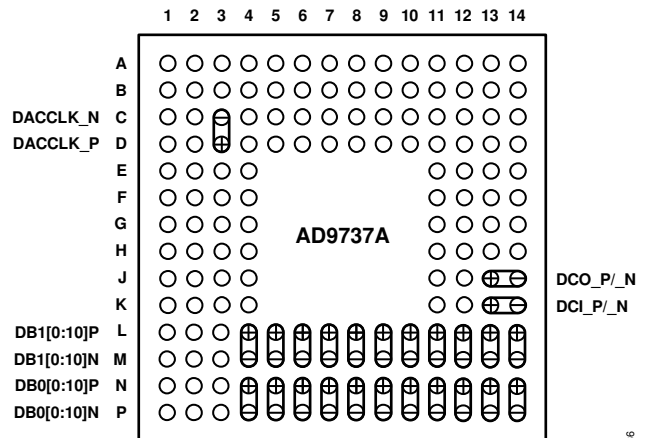
- VDD, 1.8V, DIGITAL SUPPLY
- VSS DIGITAL SUPPLY GROUND
- ⊗ VDD33, 3.3V DIGITAL SUPPLY

Figure 3. Digital Supply Pins (Top View)



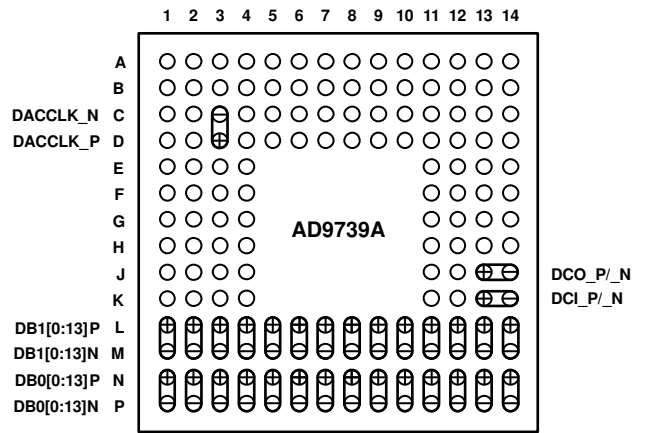
- VDDC, 1.8V, CLOCK SUPPLY
- VSSC, CLOCK SUPPLY GROUND

Figure 4. Digital LVDS Clock Supply Pins (Top View)



- ⊕ ⊖ DIFFERENTIAL INPUT SIGNAL (CLOCK OR DATA)

Figure 5. AD9737A Digital LVDS Input, Clock I/O (Top View)



- ⊕ ⊖ DIFFERENTIAL INPUT SIGNAL (CLOCK OR DATA)

Figure 6. AD9739A Digital LVDS Input, Clock I/O (Top View)

09616-002

09616-004

09616-006

09616-003

09616-005

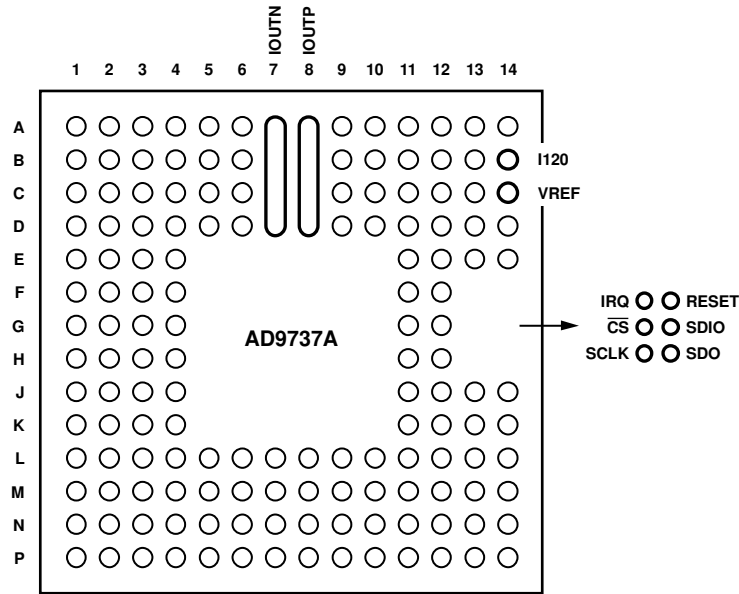


Figure 7. AD9737A Analog I/O and SPI Control Pins (Top View)

Table 7. AD9737A Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
C1, C2, D1, D2, E1, E2, E3, E4	VDDC	1.8 V Clock Supply Input.
A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, C4, C5, D4, D5	VSSC	Clock Supply Ground.
A10, A11, B10, B11, C10, C11, D10, D11	VDDA	3.3 V Analog Supply Input.
A12, A13, B12, B13, C12, C13, D12, D13,	VSSA	Analog Supply Ground.
A6, A9, B6, B9, C6, C9, D6, D9, E11, E12, E13, E14, F1, F2, F3, F4, F11, F12	VSSA Shield	Analog Supply Ground Shield. Tie to VSSA at the DAC.
A14	NC	Do not connect to this pin.
A7, B7, C7, D7	IOUTN	DAC Negative Current Output Source.
A8, B8, C8, D8	IOUTP	DAC Positive Current Output Source.
B14	I120	Nominal 1.2 V Reference. Tie to analog ground via a 10 kΩ resistor to generate a 120 μA reference current.
C14	VREF	Voltage Reference Input/Output. Decouple to VSSA with a 1 nF capacitor.
D14	NC	Factory Test Pin. Do not connect to this pin.
C3, D3	DACCLK_N/DACCLK_P	Negative/Positive DAC Clock Input (DACCLK).
F13	IRQ	Interrupt Request Open Drain Output. Active high. Pull up to VDD33 with a 10 kΩ resistor.
F14	RESET	Reset Input. Active high. Tie to VSS if unused.
G13	CS	Serial Port Enable Input.
G14	SDIO	Serial Port Data Input/Output.
H13	SCLK	Serial Port Clock Input.
H14	SDO	Serial Port Data Output.
J3, J4, J11, J12	VDD33	3.3 V Digital Supply Input.
G1, G2, G3, G4, G11, G12	VDD	1.8 V Digital Supply Input.
H1, H2, H3, H4, H11, H12, K3, K4, K11, K12	VSS	Digital Supply Ground.
J1, J2	NC	Differential resistor of 200 Ω exists between J1 and J2. Do not connect to this pin.
K1, K2	NC	Differential resistor of 100 Ω exists between K1 and K2. Do not connect to this pin.
J13, J14	DCO_P/DCO_N	Positive/Negative Data Clock Output (DCO).
K13, K14	DCI_P/DCI_N	Positive/Negative Data Clock Input (DCI).

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
L1, M1	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
L2, M2	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
L3, M3	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
L4, M4	DB1[0]P/DB1[0]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 0.
L5, M5	DB1[1]P/DB1[1]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 1.
L6, M6	DB1[2]P/DB1[2]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 2.
L7, M7	DB1[3]P/DB1[3]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 3.
L8, M8	DB1[4]P/DB1[4]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 4.
L9, M9	DB1[5]P/DB1[5]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 5.
L10, M10	DB1[6]P/DB1[6]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 6.
L11, M11	DB1[7]P/DB1[7]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 7.
L12, M12	DB1[8]P/DB1[8]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 8.
L13, M13	DB1[9]P/DB1[9]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 9.
L14, M14	DB1[10]P/DB1[10]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 10.
N1, P1	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
N2, P2	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
N3, P3	NC, NC	Do not connect to this pin.
N4, P4	DB0[0]P/DB0[0]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 0.
N5, P5	DB0[1]P/DB0[1]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 1.
N6, P6	DB0[2]P/DB0[2]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 2.
N7, P7	DB0[3]P/DB0[3]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 3.
N8, P8	DB0[4]P/DB0[4]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 4.
N9, P9	DB0[5]P/DB0[5]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 5.
N10, P10	DB0[6]P/DB0[6]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 6.
N11, P11	DB0[7]P/DB0[7]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 7.
N12, P12	DB0[8]P/DB0[8]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 8.
N13, P13	DB0[9]P/DB0[9]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 9.
N14, P14	DB0[10]P/DB0[10]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 10.

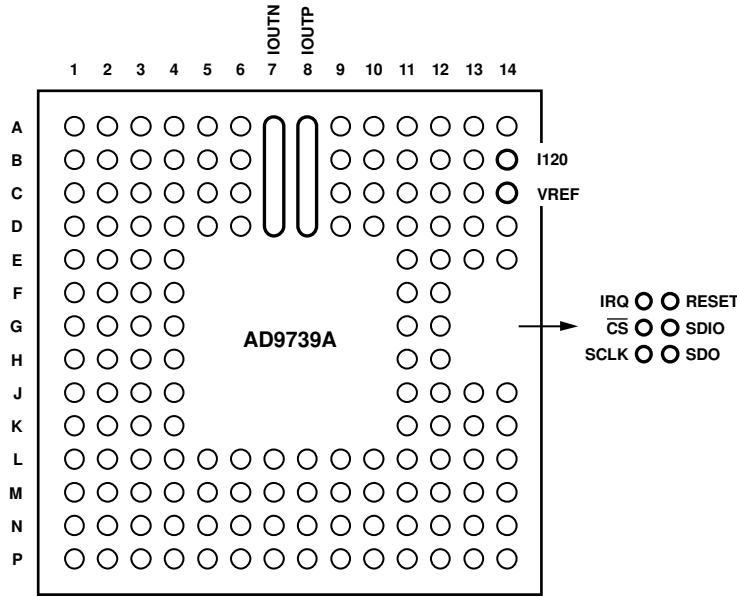


Figure 8. AD9739A Analog I/O and SPI Control Pins (Top View)

Table 8. AD9739A Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
C1, C2, D1, D2, E1, E2, E3, E4	VDDC	1.8 V Clock Supply Input.
A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, C4, C5, D4, D5	VSSC	Clock Supply Ground.
A10, A11, B10, B11, C10, C11, D10, D11	VDDA	3.3 V Analog Supply Input.
A12, A13, B12, B13, C12, C13, D12, D13,	VSSA	Analog Supply Ground.
A6, A9, B6, B9, C6, C9, D6, D9, E11, E12, E13, E14, F1, F2, F3, F4, F11, F12	VSSA Shield	Analog Supply Ground Shield. Tie to VSSA at the DAC.
A14	NC	Do not connect to this pin.
A7, B7, C7, D7	IOUTN	DAC Negative Current Output Source.
A8, B8, C8, D8	IOUTP	DAC Positive Current Output Source.
B14	I120	Nominal 1.2 V Reference. Tie to analog ground via a 10 kΩ resistor to generate a 120 μA reference current.
C14	VREF	Voltage Reference Input/Output. Decouple to VSSA with a 1 nF capacitor.
D14	NC	Factory Test Pin. Do not connect to this pin.
C3, D3	DACCLK_N/DACCLK_P	Negative/Positive DAC Clock Input (DACCLK).
F13	IRQ	Interrupt Request Open Drain Output. Active high. Pull up to VDD33 with a 10 kΩ resistor.
F14	RESET	Reset Input. Active high. Tie to VSS if unused.
G13	\overline{CS}	Serial Port Enable Input.
G14	SDIO	Serial Port Data Input/Output.
H13	SCLK	Serial Port Clock Input.
H14	SDO	Serial Port Data Output.
J3, J4, J11, J12	VDD33	3.3 V Digital Supply Input.
G1, G2, G3, G4, G11, G12	VDD	1.8 V Digital Supply Input.
H1, H2, H3, H4, H11, H12, K3, K4, K11, K12	VSS	Digital Supply Ground.
J1, J2	NC	Differential resistor of 200 Ω exists between J1 and J2. Do not connect to this pin.
K1, K2	NC	Differential resistor of 100 Ω exists between K1 and K2. Do not connect to this pin.
J13, J14	DCO_P/DCO_N	Positive/Negative Data Clock Output (DCO).
K13, K14	DCI_P/DCI_N	Positive/Negative Data Clock Input (DCI).

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
L1, M1	DB1[0]P/DB1[0]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 0.
L2, M2	DB1[1]P/DB1[1]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 1.
L3, M3	DB1[2]P/DB1[2]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 2.
L4, M4	DB1[3]P/DB1[3]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 3.
L5, M5	DB1[4]P/DB1[4]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 4.
L6, M6	DB1[5]P/DB1[5]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 5.
L7, M7	DB1[6]P/DB1[6]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 6.
L8, M8	DB1[7]P/DB1[7]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 7.
L9, M9	DB1[8]P/DB1[8]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 8.
L10, M10	DB1[9]P/DB1[9]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 9.
L11, M11	DB1[10]P/DB1[10]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 10.
L12, M12	DB1[11]P/DB1[11]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 11.
L13, M13	DB1[12]P/DB1[12]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 12.
L14, M14	DB1[13]P/DB1[13]N	Port 1 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 13.
N1, P1	DB0[0]P/DB0[0]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 0.
N2, P2	DB0[1]P/DB0[1]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 1.
N3, P3	DB0[2]P/DB0[2]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 2.
N4, P4	DB0[3]P/DB0[3]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 3.
N5, P5	DB0[4]P/DB0[4]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 4.
N6, P6	DB0[5]P/DB0[5]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 5.
N7, P7	DB0[6]P/DB0[6]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 6.
N8, P8	DB0[7]P/DB0[7]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 7.
N9, P9	DB0[8]P/DB0[8]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 8.
N10, P10	DB0[9]P/DB0[9]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 9.
N11, P11	DB0[10]P/DB0[10]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 10.
N12, P12	DB0[11]P/DB0[11]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 11.
N13, P13	DB0[12]P/DB0[12]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 12.
N14, P14	DB0[13]P/DB0[13]N	Port 0 Positive/Negative Data Input Bit 13.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS—AD9737A

STATIC LINEARITY

$I_{OUTFS} = 20\text{ mA}$, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

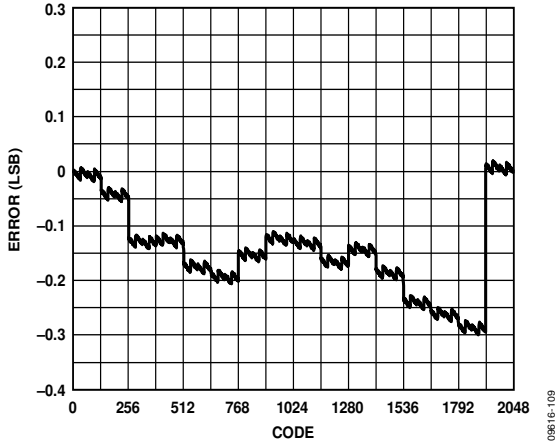


Figure 9. Typical INL, 20 mA at 25°C

09816-109

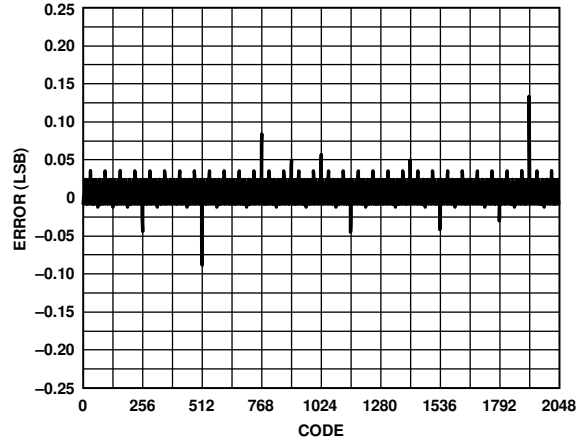


Figure 12. Typical DNL, 10 mA at 25°C

09816-112

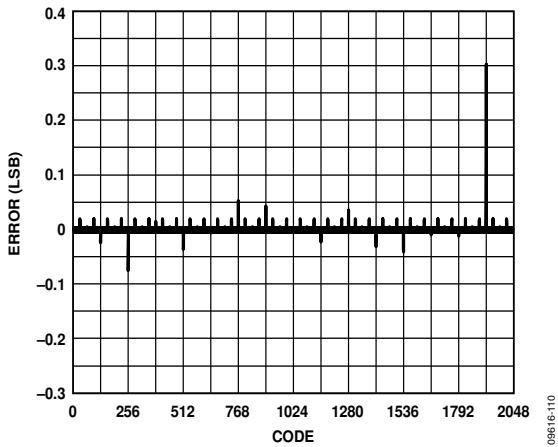


Figure 10. Typical DNL, 20 mA at 25°C

09816-110

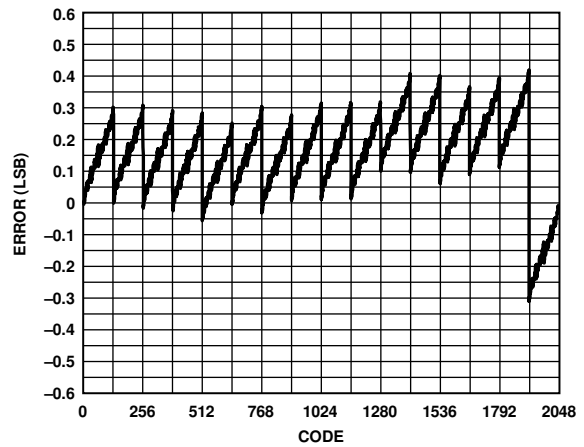


Figure 13. Typical INL, 30 mA at 25°C

09816-113

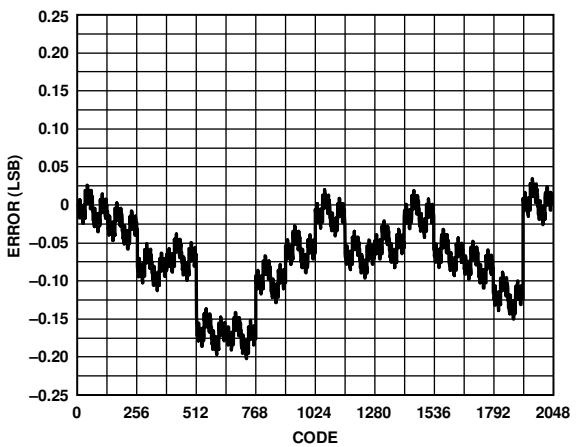


Figure 11. Typical INL, 10 mA at 25°C

09816-111

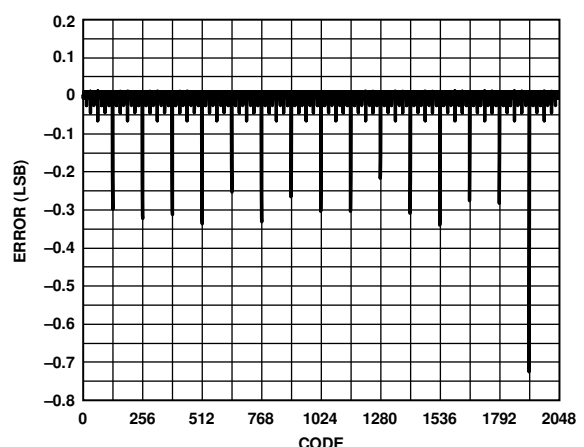


Figure 14. Typical DNL, 30 mA at 25°C

09816-114

AC (NORMAL MODE)

$I_{OUTFS} = 20 \text{ mA}$, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

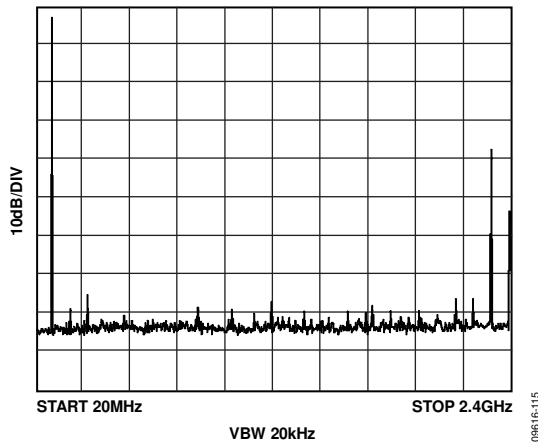


Figure 15. Single Tone Spectrum at $f_{OUT} = 91 \text{ MHz}$, $f_{DAC} = 2.4 \text{ GSPS}$

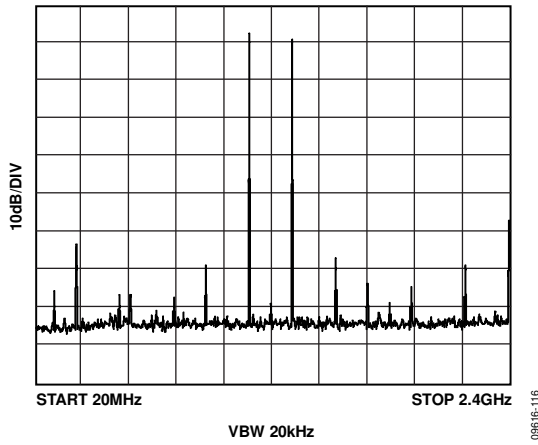


Figure 16. Single-Tone Spectrum at $f_{OUT} = 1091 \text{ MHz}$, $f_{DAC} = 2.4 \text{ GSPS}$

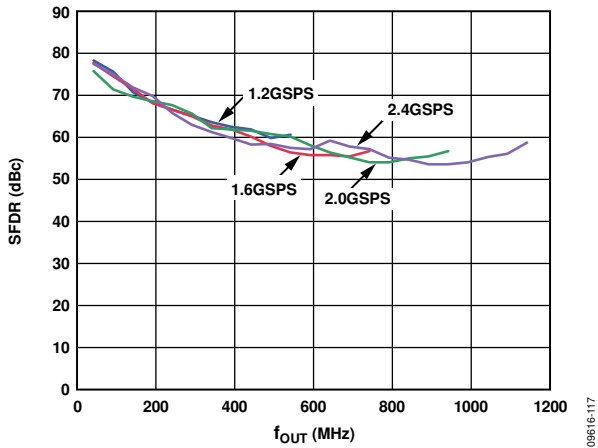


Figure 17. SFDR vs. f_{OUT} over f_{DAC}

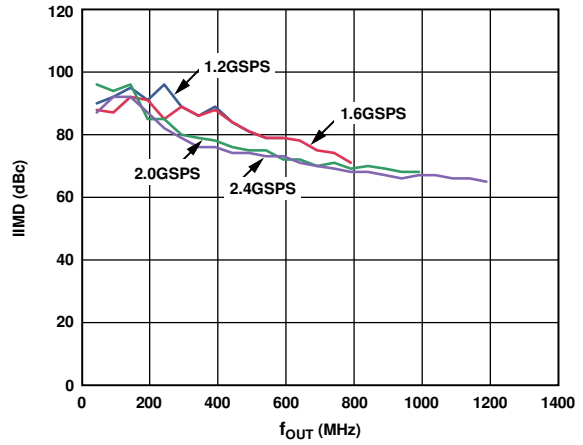


Figure 18. IMD vs. f_{OUT} over f_{DAC}

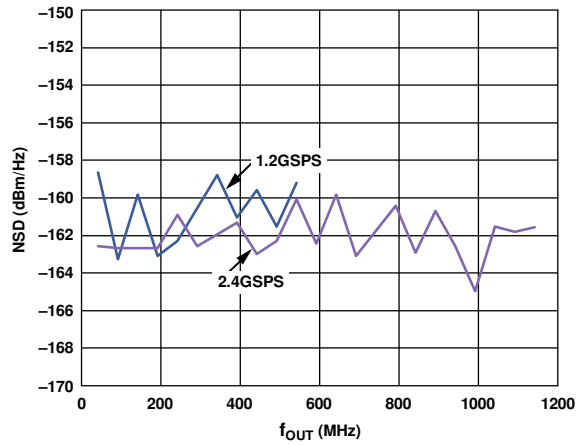


Figure 19. Single-Tone NSD over f_{OUT}

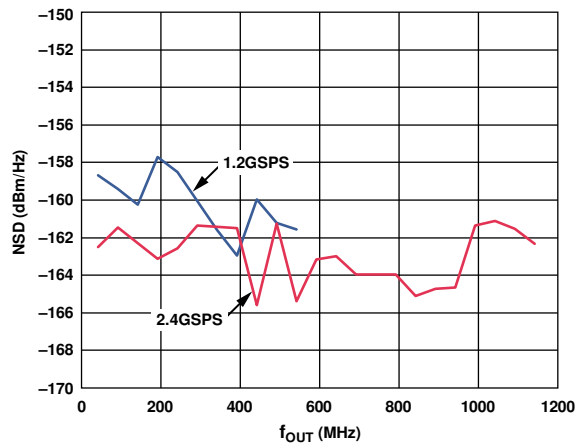


Figure 20. Eight-Tone NSD over f_{OUT}

$f_{DAC} = 2$ GSPS, $I_{OUTFS} = 20$ mA, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

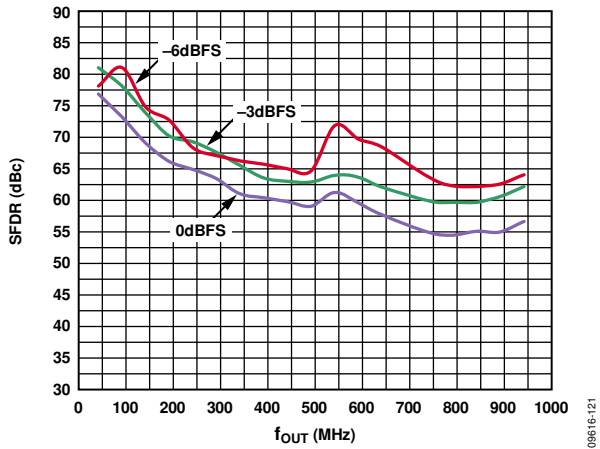


Figure 21. SFDR vs. f_{OUT} over Digital Full Scale

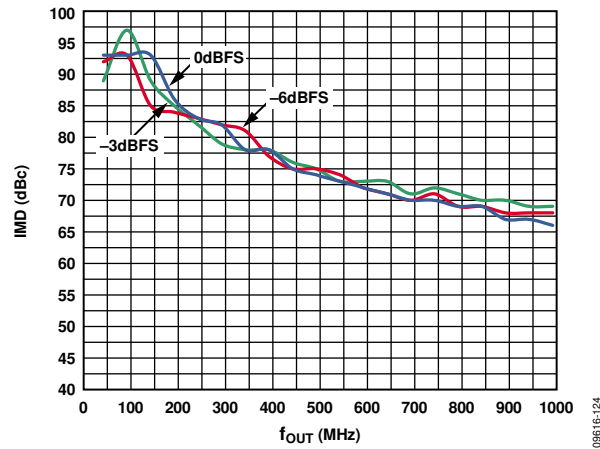


Figure 24. IMD vs. f_{OUT} over Digital Full Scale

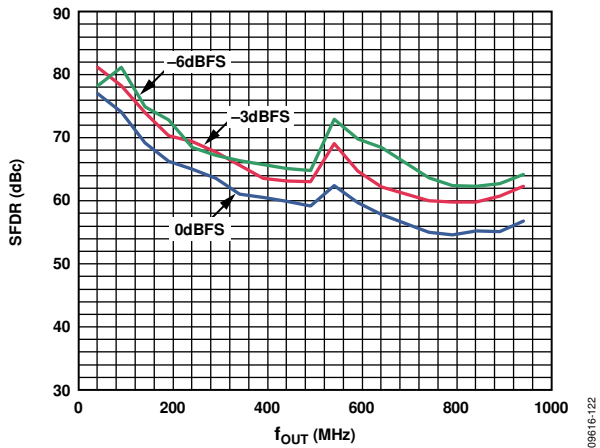


Figure 22. SFDR for Second Harmonic vs. f_{OUT} over Digital Full Scale

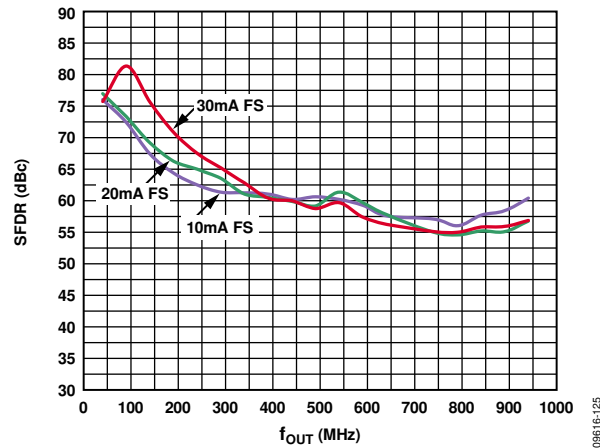


Figure 25. SFDR vs. f_{OUT} over DAC I_{OUTFS}

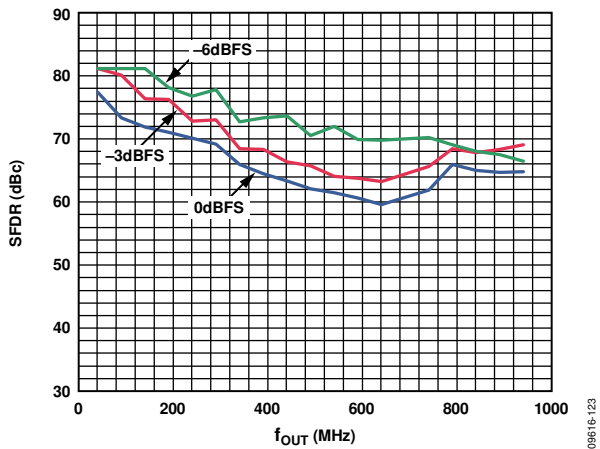


Figure 23. SFDR for Third Harmonic vs. f_{OUT} over Digital Full Scale

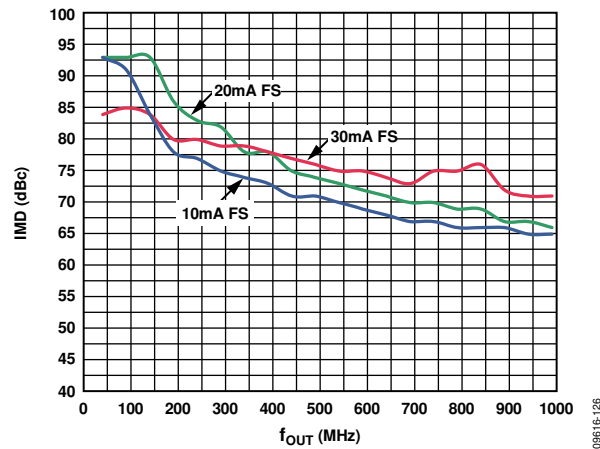


Figure 26. IMD vs. f_{OUT} over DAC I_{OUTFS}

AC (MIX-MODE)

$f_{DAC} = 2.1$ GSPS, $I_{OUTFS} = 20$ mA, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

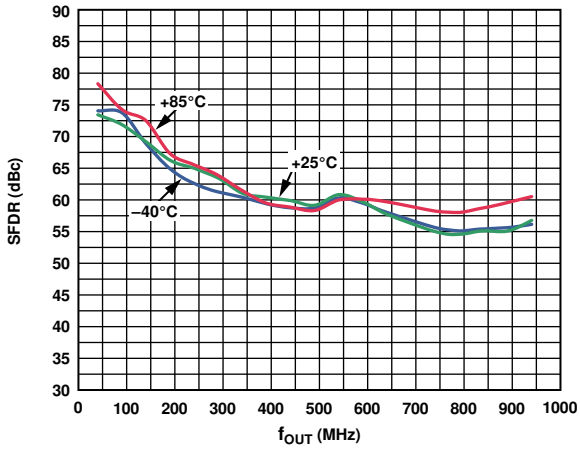


Figure 27. SFDR vs. f_{OUT} over Temperature

09816-127

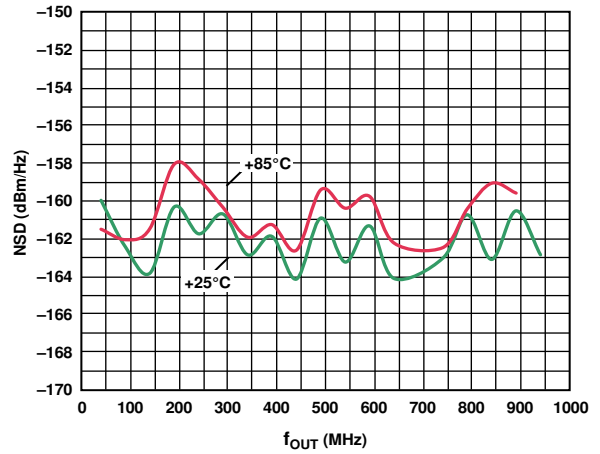


Figure 30. Eight-Tone NSD vs. f_{OUT} over Temperature

09816-130

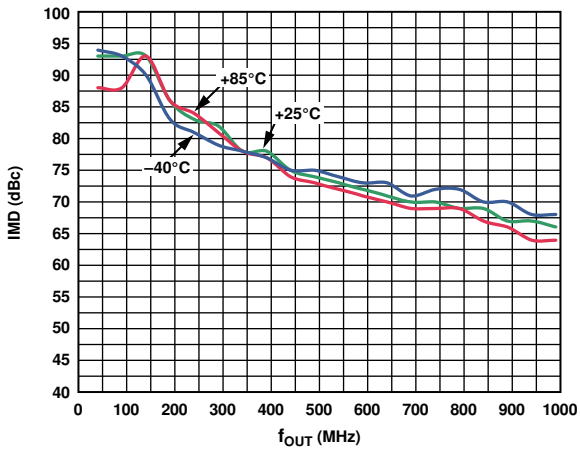


Figure 28. IMD vs. f_{OUT} over Temperature

09816-128

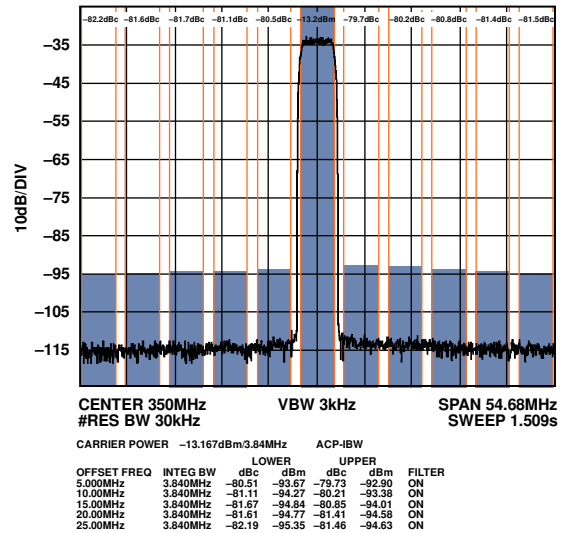


Figure 31. Single-Carrier WCDMA at 350 MHz, $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS

09816-131

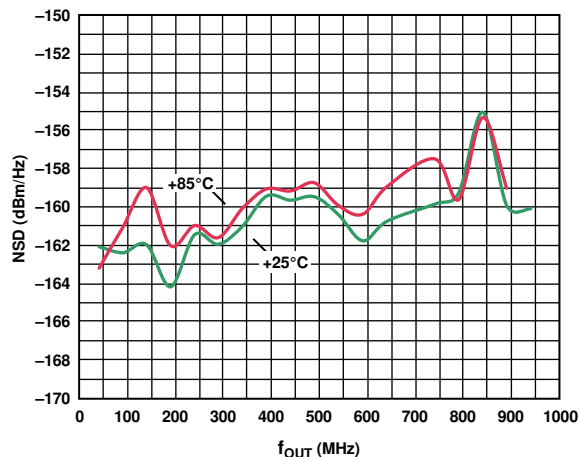


Figure 29. Single-Tone NSD vs. f_{OUT} over Temperature

09816-129

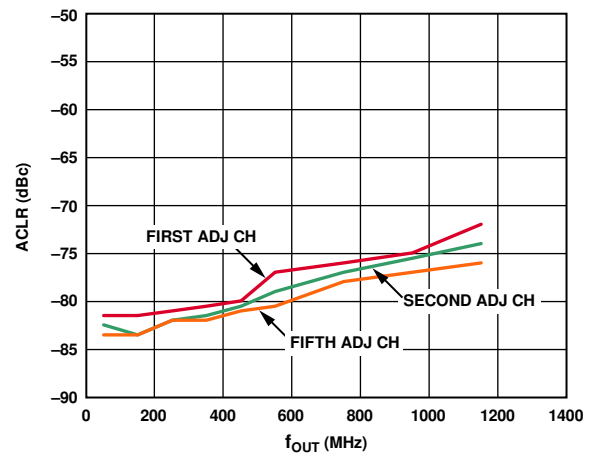


Figure 32. Single-Carrier WCDMA ACLR vs. f_{OUT} at 2457.6 MSPS

09816-226

$f_{DAC} = 2.1$ GSPS, $I_{OUTFS} = 20$ mA, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

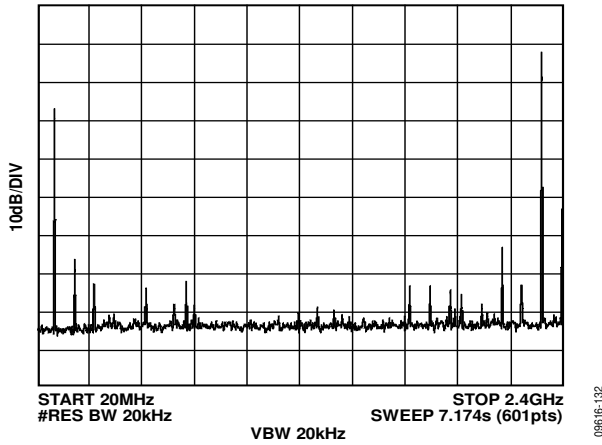


Figure 33. Single-Tone Spectrum at $f_{OUT} = 2.31$ GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2.4$ GSPS

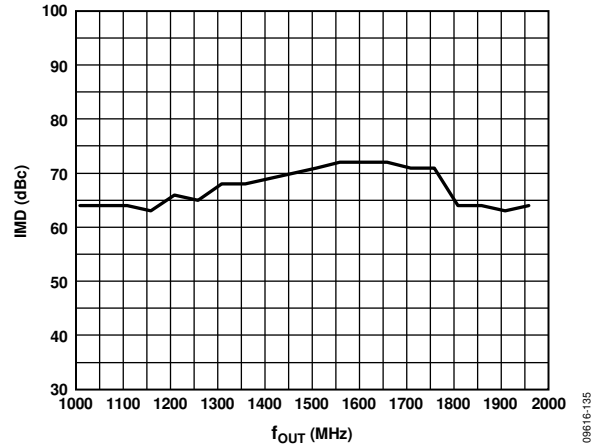


Figure 36. IMD in Mix-Mode vs. f_{OUT} at 2.4 GSPS

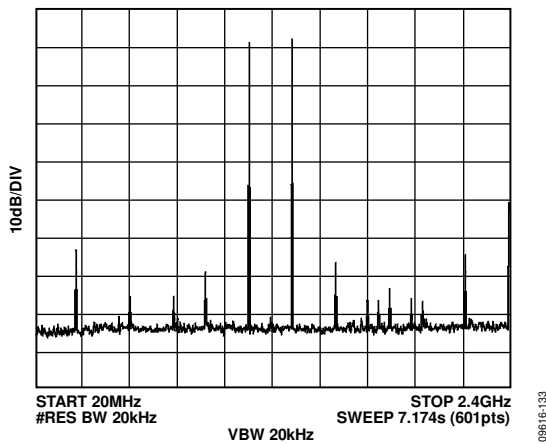


Figure 34. Single-Tone Spectrum at $f_{OUT} = 1.31$ GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2.4$ GSPS

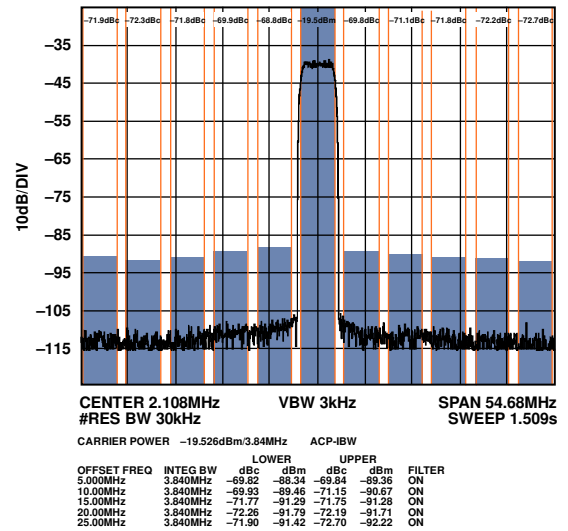


Figure 37. Typical Single-Carrier WCDMA ACLR Performance at 2.1 GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS (Second Nyquist Zone)

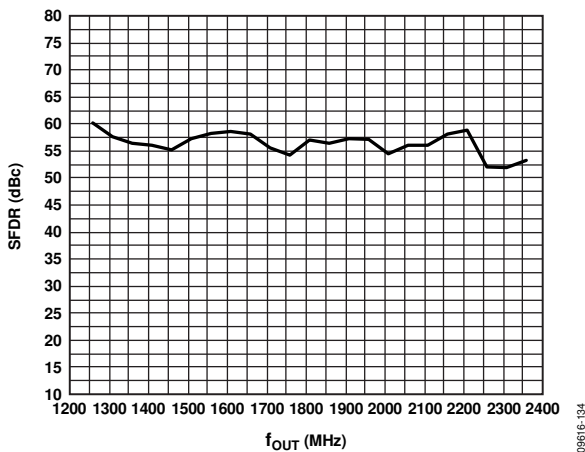


Figure 35. SFDR in Mix-mode vs. f_{OUT} at 2.4 GSPS

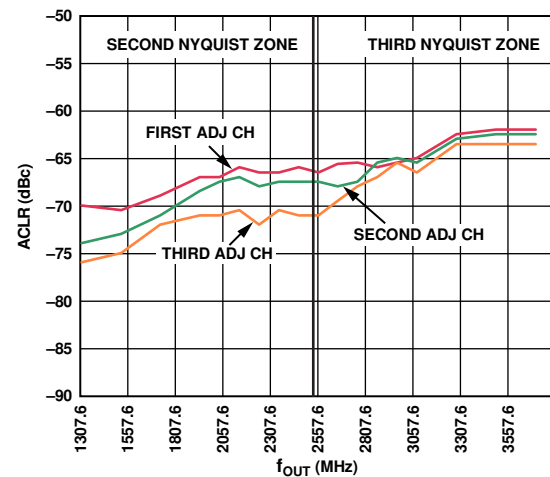


Figure 38. Single-Carrier WCDMA ACLR vs. f_{OUT} , $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS

$f_{DAC} = 2.1$ GSPS, $I_{OUTFS} = 20$ mA, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

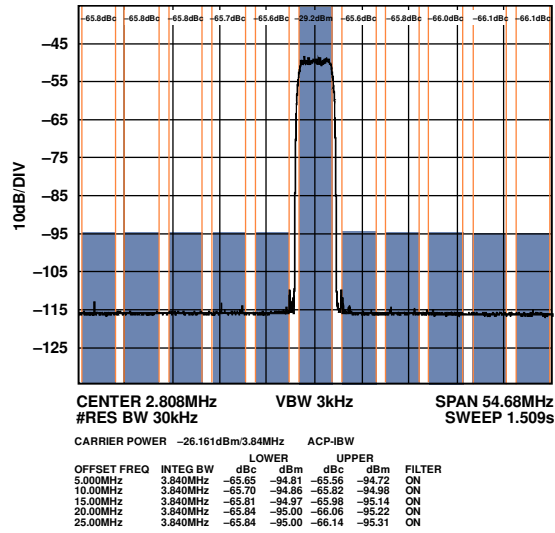


Figure 39. Typical Single-Carrier WCDMA ACLR Performance at 2.8 GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS (Third Nyquist Zone)

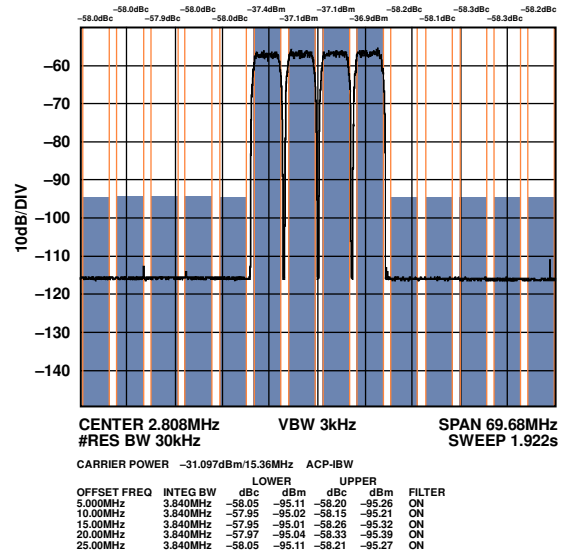


Figure 41. Typical Four-Carrier WCDMA ACLR Performance at 2.8 GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS (Third Nyquist Zone)

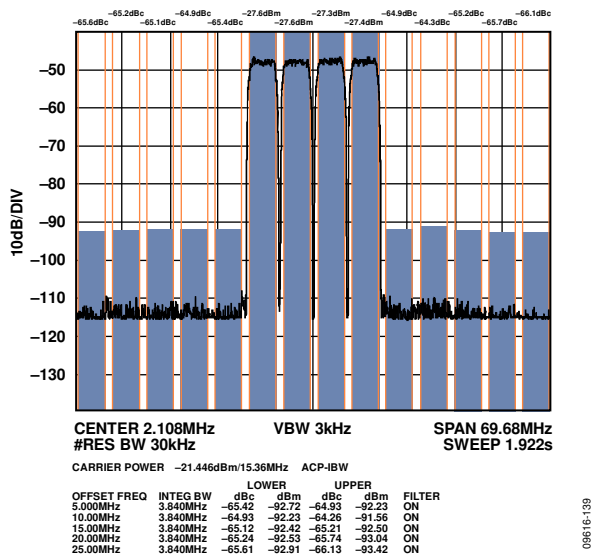


Figure 40. Typical Four-Carrier WCDMA ACLR Performance at 2.1 GHz, $f_{DAC} = 2457.6$ MSPS (Second Nyquist Zone)

ONE-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2.4576 GSPS, nominal supplies, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

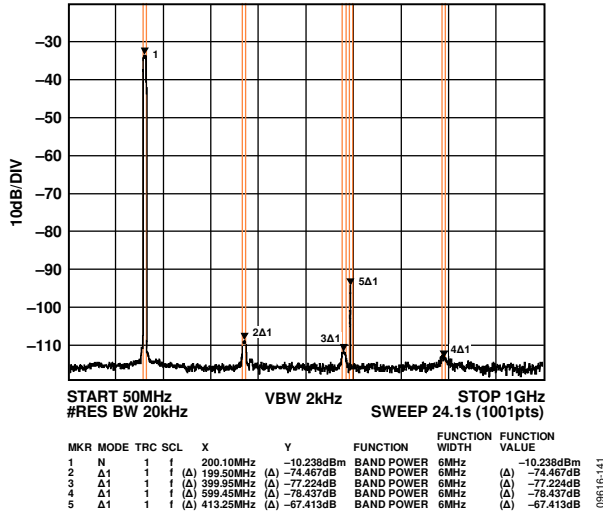


Figure 42. Low Band Wideband ACLR

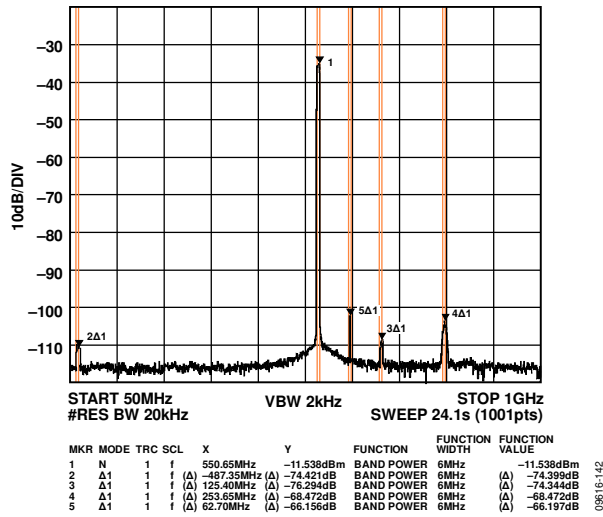


Figure 43. Mid Band Wideband ACLR

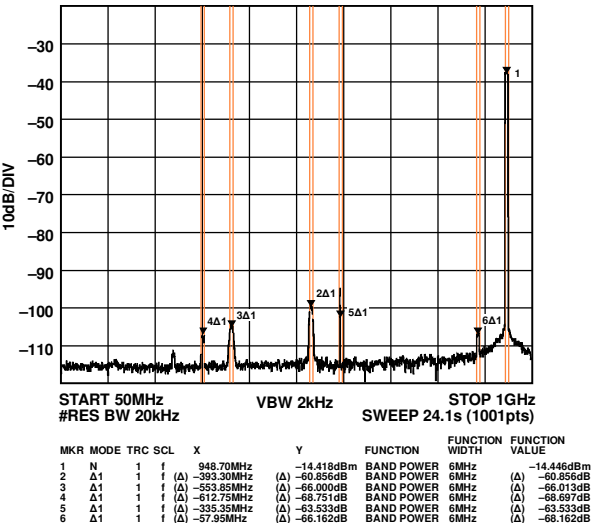


Figure 44. High Band Wideband ACLR

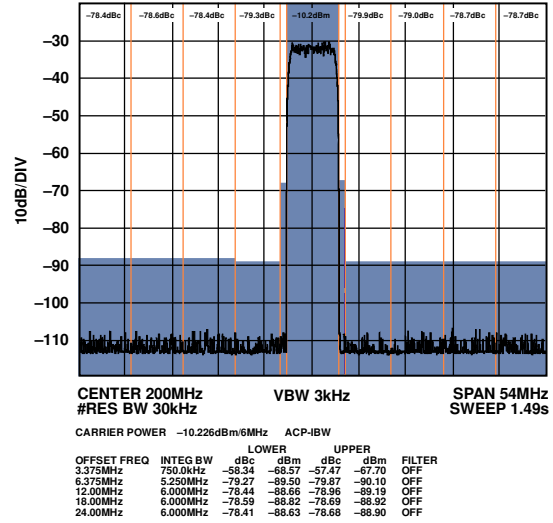


Figure 45. Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR

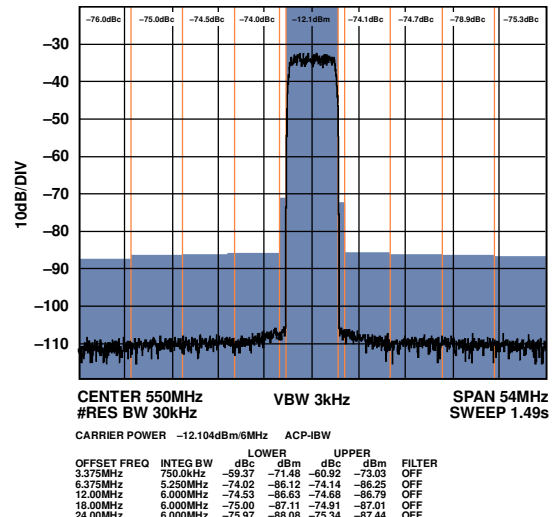


Figure 46. Mid Band Narrow-Band ACLR

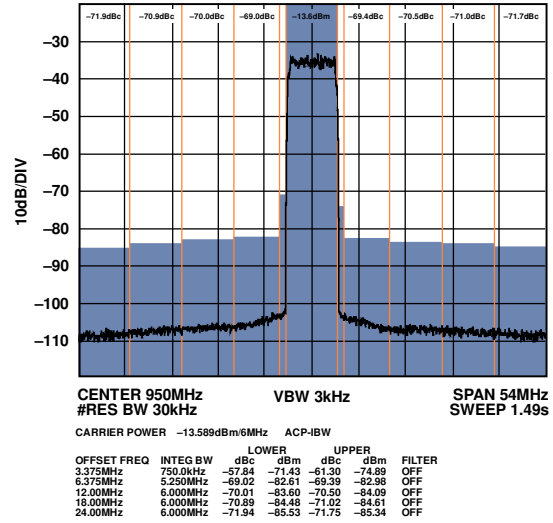


Figure 47. High Band Narrow-Band ACLR

FOUR-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

$I_{OUTFS} = 20 \text{ mA}$, $f_{DAC} = 2.4576 \text{ GSPS}$, nominal supplies, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

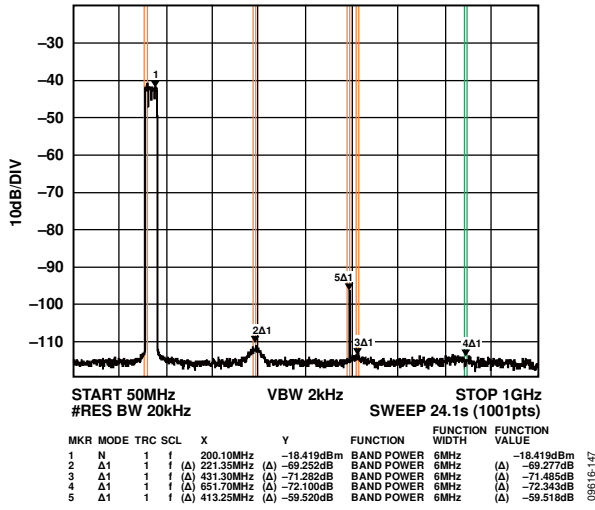


Figure 48. Low Band Wideband ACLR

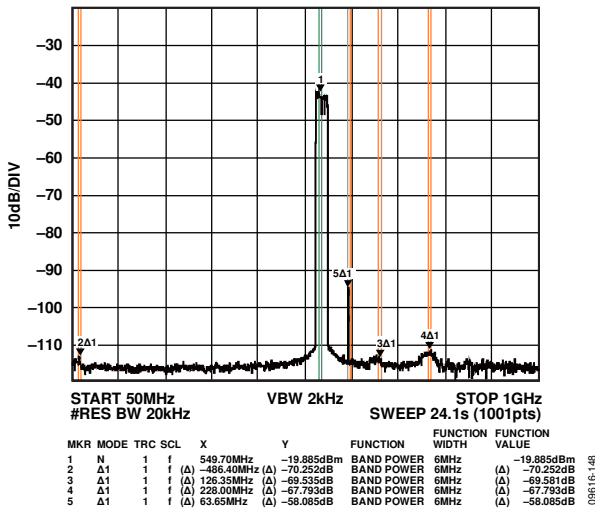


Figure 49. Mid Band Wideband ACLR

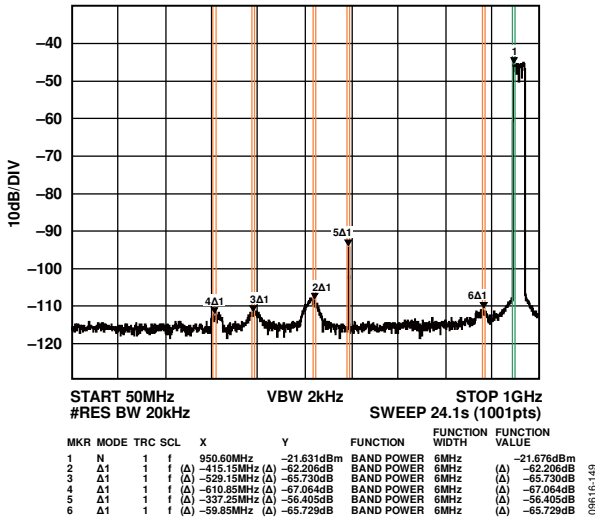


Figure 50. High Band Wideband ACLR

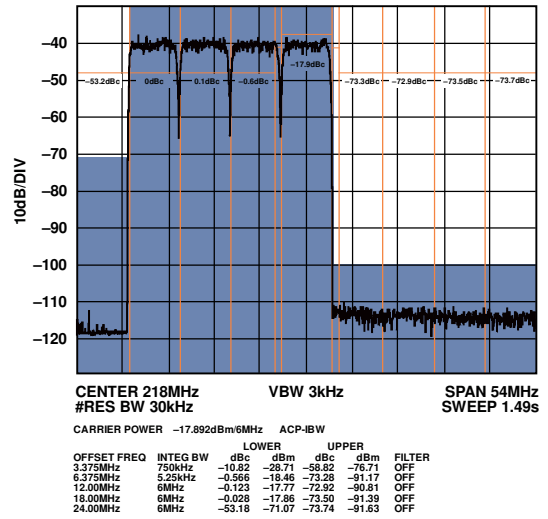


Figure 51. Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

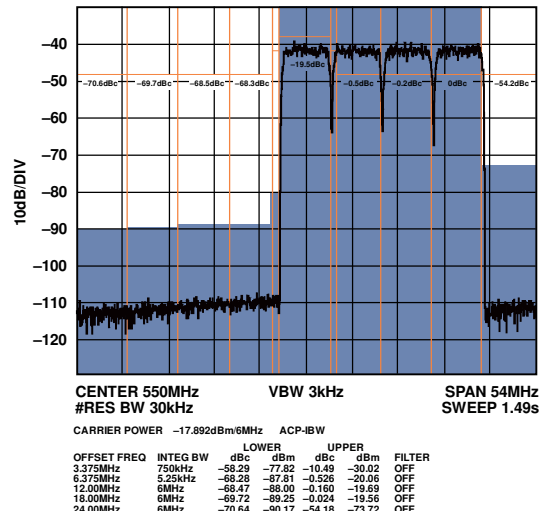


Figure 52. Mid Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

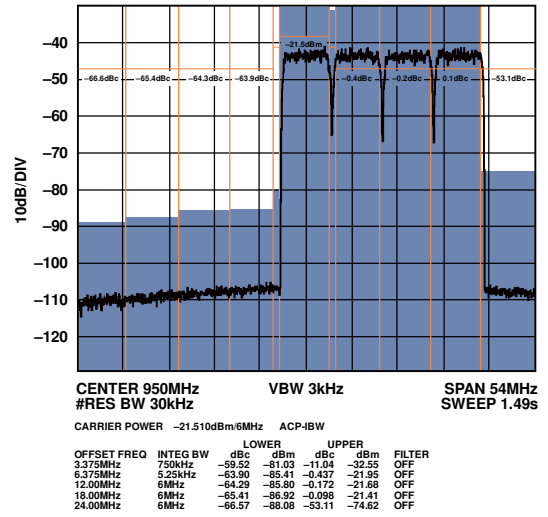


Figure 53. High Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

EIGHT-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2.4576 GSPS, nominal supplies, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

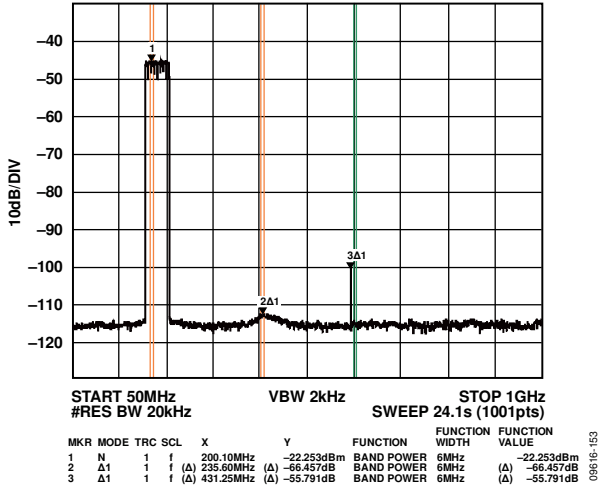


Figure 54. Low Band Wideband ACLR

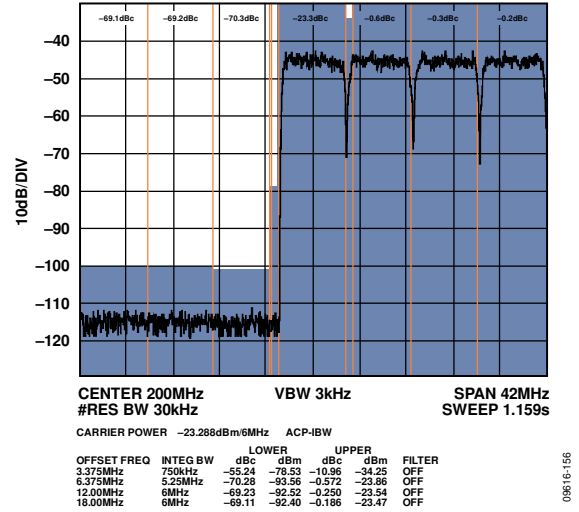


Figure 57. Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

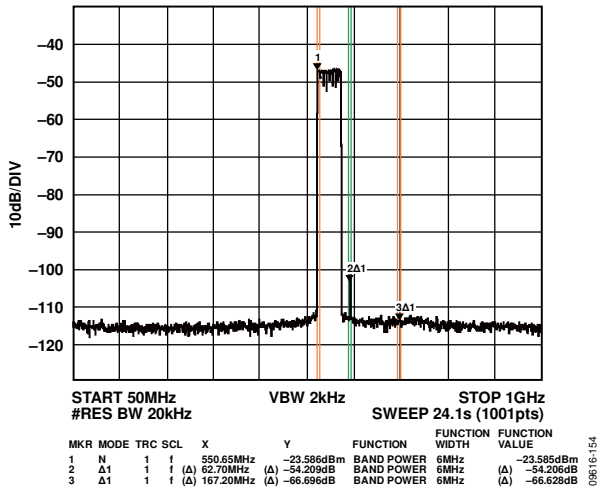


Figure 55. Mid Band Wideband ACLR

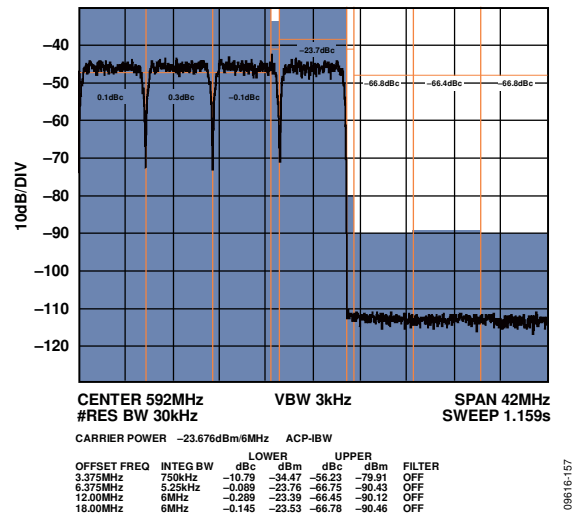


Figure 58. Mid Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

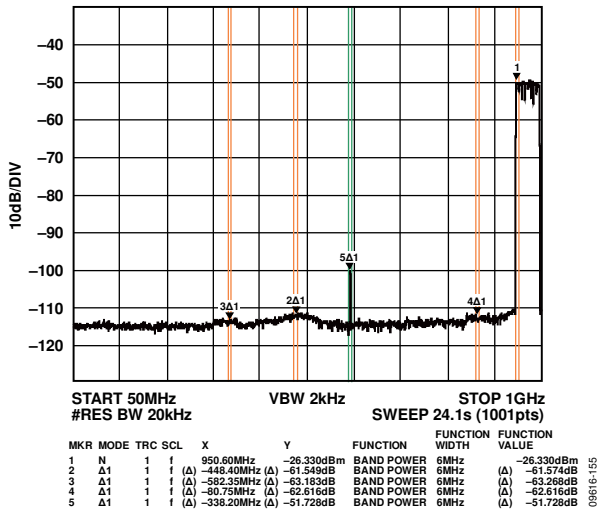


Figure 56. High Band Wideband ACLR

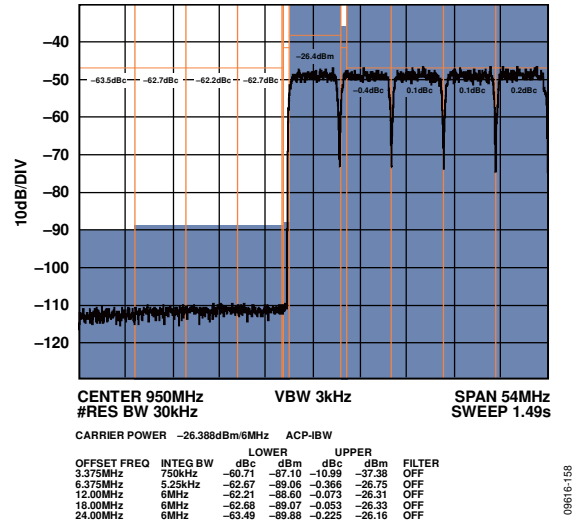


Figure 59. High Band Narrow-Band ACLR

16-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2.4576 GSPS, nominal supplies, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

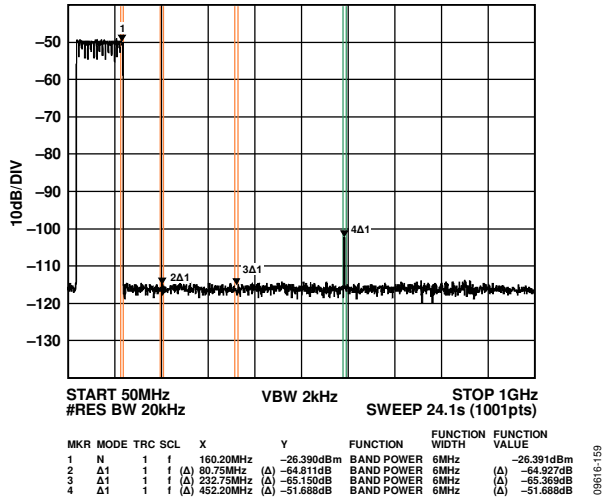


Figure 60. Low Band Wideband ACLR

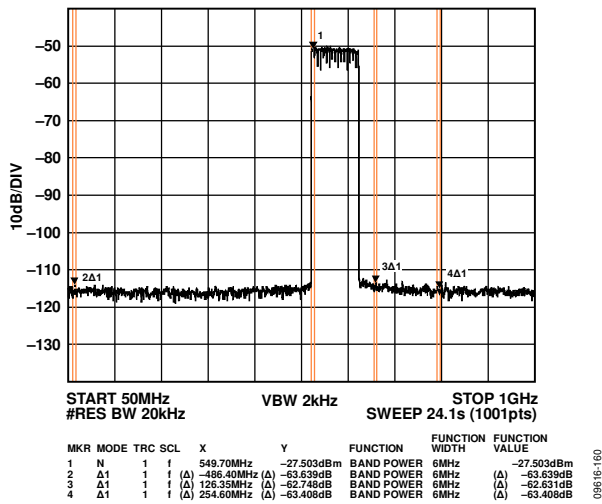


Figure 61. Mid Band Wideband ACLR

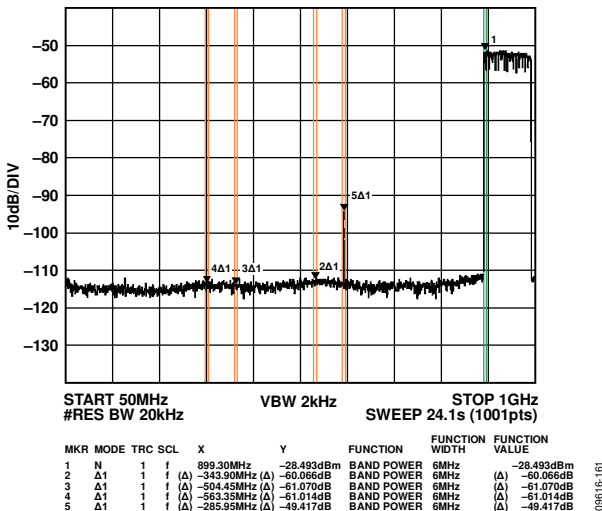


Figure 62. High Band Wideband ACLR

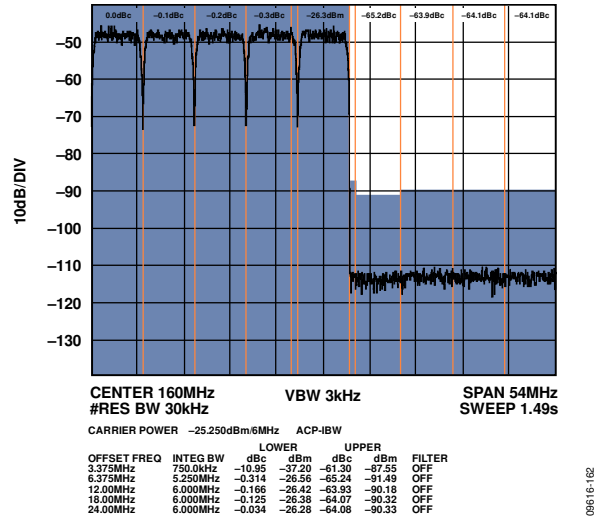


Figure 63. Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR

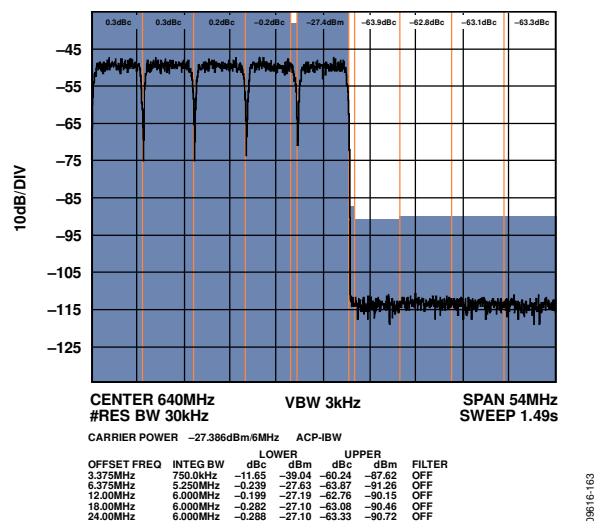


Figure 64. Mid Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

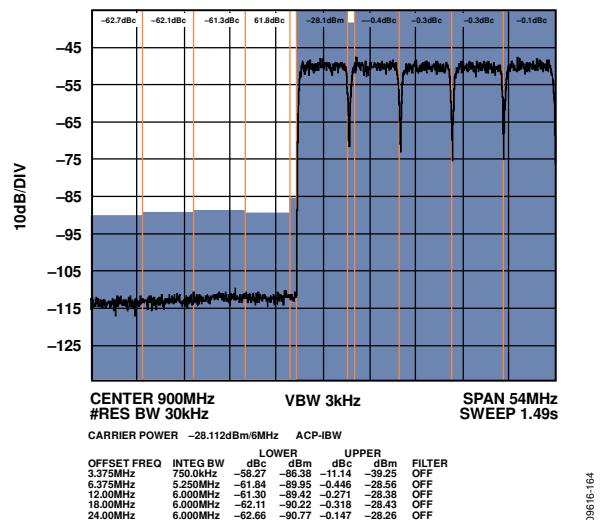


Figure 65. High Band Narrow-Band ACLR

32-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2.4576 GSPS, nominal supplies, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

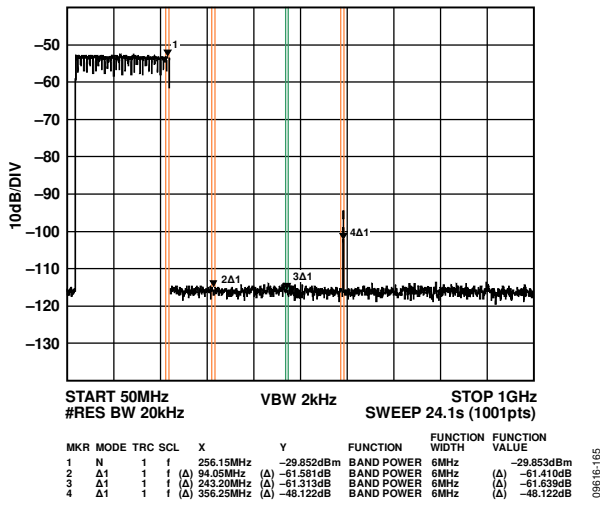


Figure 66. Low Band Wideband ACLR

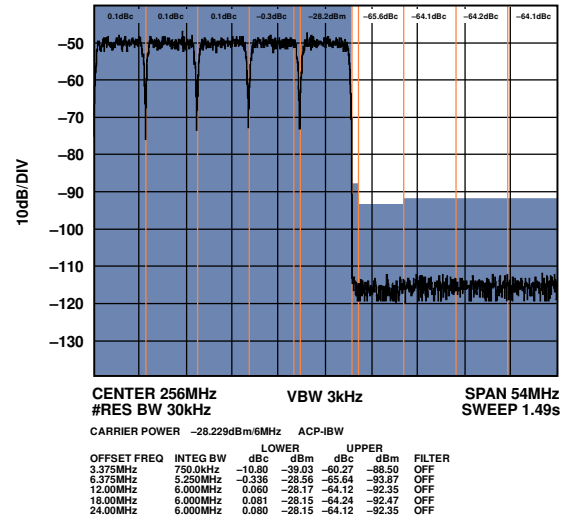


Figure 69. Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR

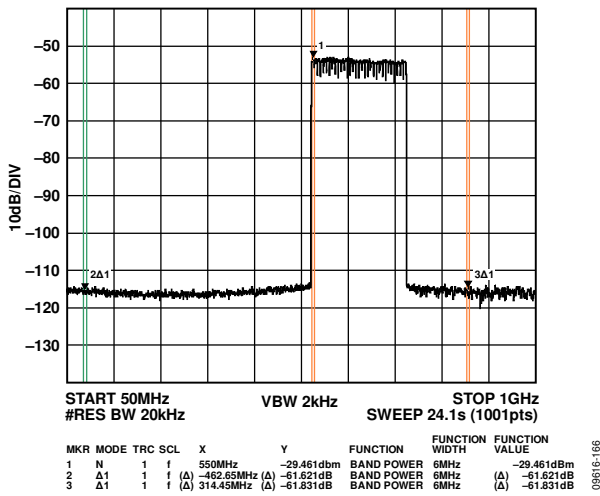


Figure 67. Mid Band Wideband ACLR

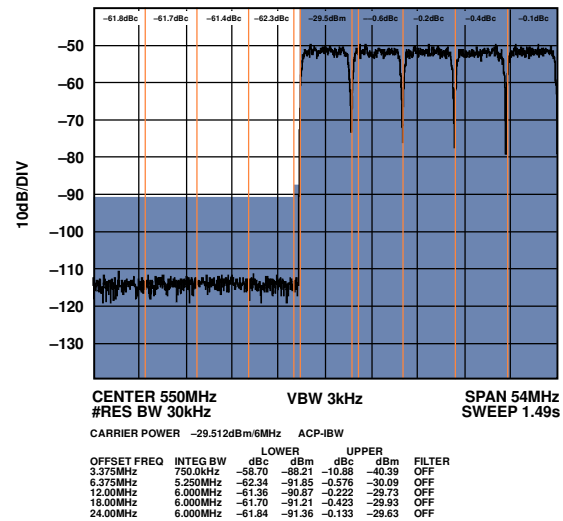


Figure 70. Mid Band Narrow-Band ACLR (Worse Side)

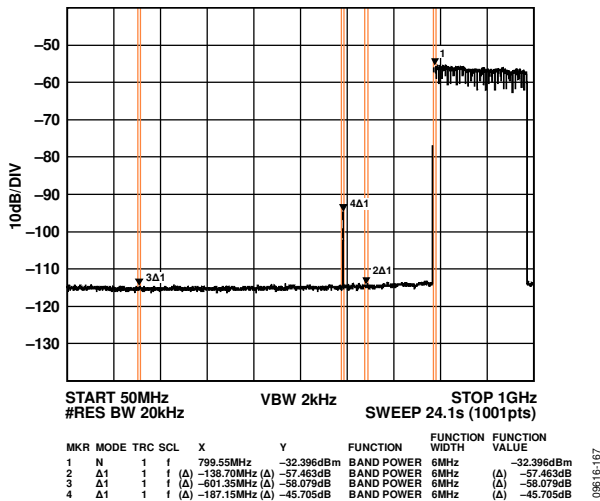


Figure 68. High Band Wideband ACLR

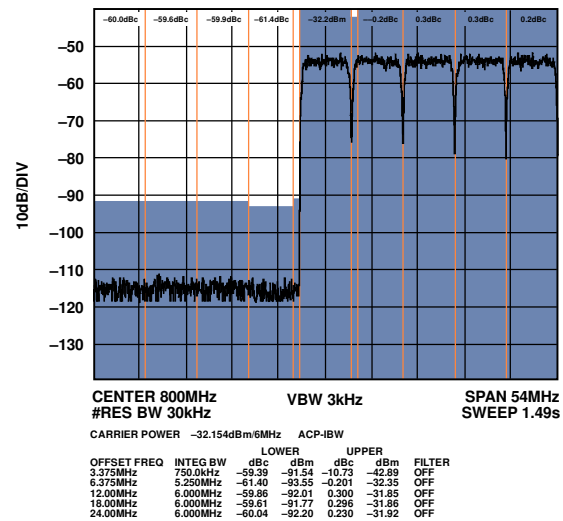


Figure 71. High Band Narrow-Band ACLR

64- AND 128-CARRIER DOCSIS PERFORMANCE (NORMAL MODE)

I_{OUTFS} = 20 mA, f_{DAC} = 2.4576 GSPS, nominal supplies, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

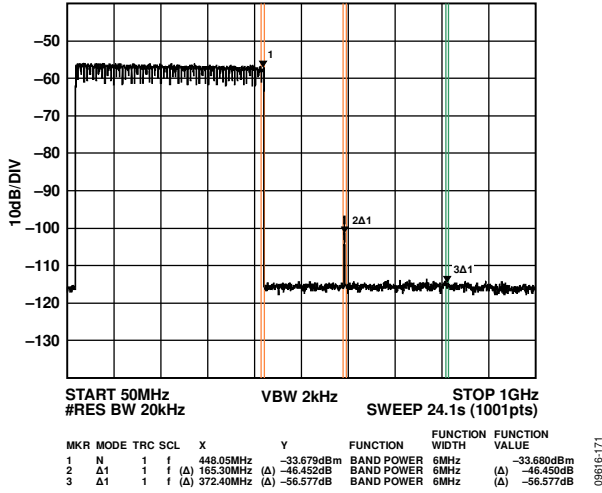


Figure 72. Low Band Wideband ACLR

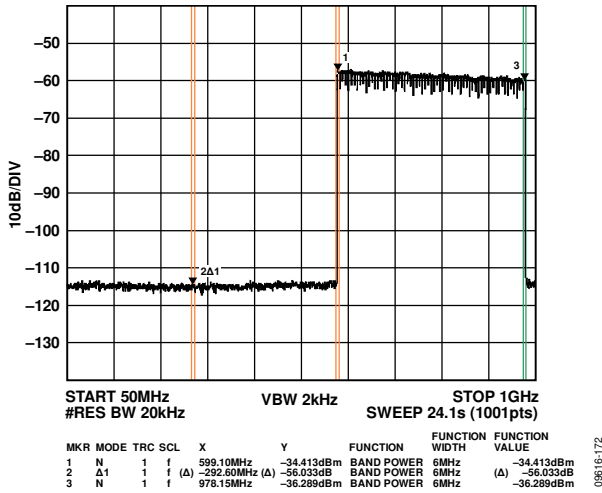


Figure 73. High Band Wideband ACLR

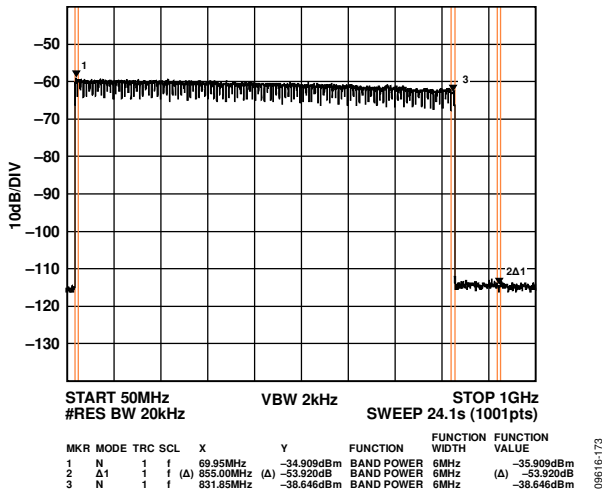


Figure 74. 128-Carrier Low Band Wideband ACLR

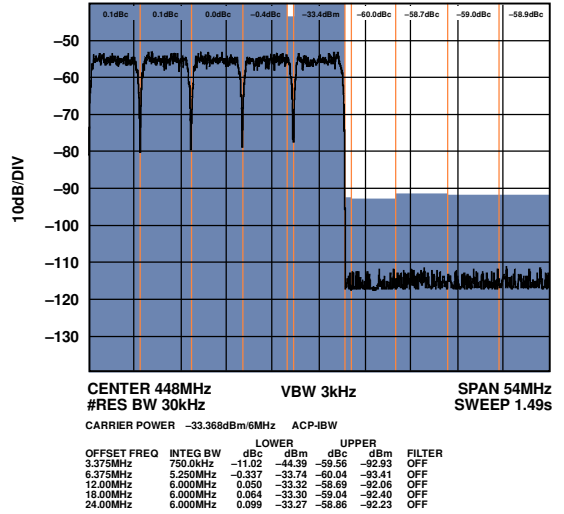


Figure 75. 64-Carrier Low Band Narrow-Band ACLR

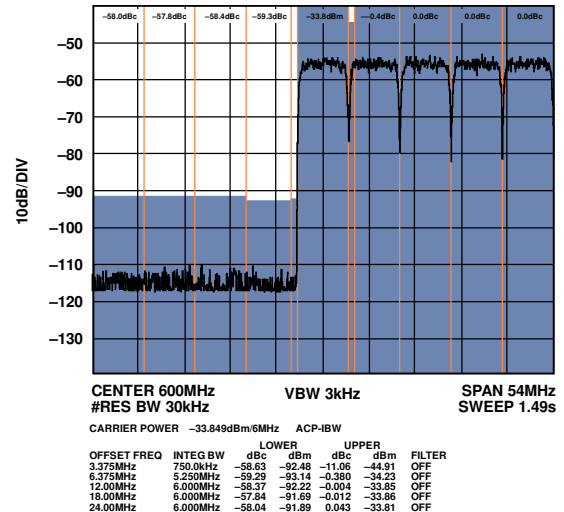


Figure 76. 64-Carrier High Band Narrow-Band ACLR

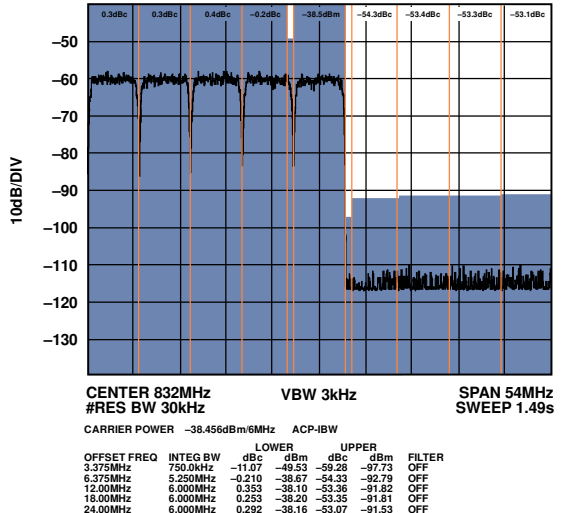


Figure 77. 128-Carrier Narrow-Band ACLR