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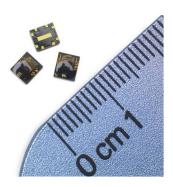


AEDR-871x

3-Channel High Resolution Reflective Incremental Encoder (Digital Outputs)



Data Sheet



Description

The AEDR-871x encoder is the smallest 3-channel optical encoder with digital outputs that employs Reflective Technology for motion control.

The encoder is designed to operate over the -20 °C to 85 °C temperature range and so is suitable for both commercial and industrial applications.

AEDR-871x offers high resolution (318 LPI) with built-in interpolation, enabling great flexibility and versatility in resolution range.

The compact dimensions of 3.95 mm (L) $\times 3.4 \text{ mm}$ (W) $\times 0.9562 \text{ mm}$ (H) coupled with the low operating 3.3 V option allows it to be used in a wide range of miniature commercial applications and portable devices in which space and power consumption is a primary concern.

AEDR-871x encoder offers two-channel (AB) quadrature digital outputs and a third channel, index digital outputs. Being TTL compatible, the outputs of the AEDR-871x encoder can be interfaced directly with most of the signal processing circuitries. Therefore, the encoder provides great design-in flexibility and easy integration into existing systems.

Features

- World's smallest 3-channel reflective technology encoder
- Digital Output option 3 channels TTL compatible; 2 channel quadrature (AB) digital outputs for direction sensing and a third channel, Index digital output. Builtin interpolator for 4×, 8× and 16× interpolation.
- Surface mount leadless package 3.95 mm (L) × 3.4 mm (W) × 0.9562 mm (H)
- Operating voltage of 3.3 V or 5 V supply
- Built-in LED current regulation, removing need for external biasing resistor
- -20 °C to 85 °C absolute operating temperature
- Encoding resolution: 318 (lines/inch, LPI)

Applications

Ideal for high volume applications:

- Miniature motors
- Printers and copiers
- Card readers
- Miniature camera module
- Portable measurement devices
- Healthcare, lab diagnostic equipment and portable devices
- Optometric equipment
- Consumer and industrial product applications

Output Waveform Top View Anti-clockwise Index of 90 e Deg option Index of 360 e Deg option Codewheel rotation movement (Anti-clockwise) Note: Drawing not to scale

QUADRATURE SIGNALS A, B and I

Test Parameter Definitions

Parameter	Symbol	Description
Count	N	The number of bar and window pairs, or counts per revolution (CPR), of the codewheel.
One Cycle	С	360 electrical degrees (°e), 1 bar and window pair.
One Shaft Rotation		360 mechanical degrees, N cycles.
Cycle Error	ΔC	An indication of cycle uniformity. The difference between an observed shaft angle that gives rise to one electrical cycle, and the nominal angular increment of 1/N of a revolution.
Pulse Width (Duty)	Р	The number of electrical degrees that an output is high during 1 cycle. This value is nominally 180°e or 1/2 cycle.
Pulse Width (Duty) Error	ΔΡ	The deviation, in electrical degrees, of the pulse width from its ideal value of 180°e.
State	S	The number of electrical degrees between a transition in the output of channel A and the neighboring transition in the output of channel B. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally 90°e.
State Error	ΔS	The deviation, in electrical degrees, of each state width from its ideal value of 90°e.
Phase	ф	The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state of channel A and the center of the high state of channel B. This value is nominally 90°e for quadrature output.
Phase Error	Δφ	The deviation of the phase from its ideal value of 90°e.
Optical Radius	R _{OP}	The distance from the codewheel's center of rotation to the optical center (O.C.) of the encoder module.
Index Pulse Width	Po	The number of electrical degrees that an index is high during one full shaft rotation.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Storage Temperature, T _S	-20 °C to 85 °C
Operating Temperature, T _A	-20 °C to 85 °C
Supply Voltage, V _{CC}	7 V

Notes:

- Exposure to extreme light intensity (such as from flashbulbs or spotlights) may cause permanent damage to the device.
 CAUTION: To avoid damage or degradation induced by ESD, take normal static precautions when handling the encoder.
- 3. Proper operation of the encoder cannot be guaranteed if the maximum ratings are exceeded.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Operating Temperature	T _A	-20	25	85	°C	
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Ripple < 100 mV _{p-p}
		4.5	5	5.5		
Current	Icc	-	27	60	mA	
Output Frequency	F	-	-	240	kHz	4× Interpolation
	F	-	-	480	kHz	8× Interpolation
	F	-	-	960	kHz	16× Interpolation
Radial Misalignment	E _R	-	-	± 0.2	mm	
Tangential Misalignment	E _T	-	-	± 0.2	mm	
Codewheel Gap	G	0.5	0.75	1.0	mm	

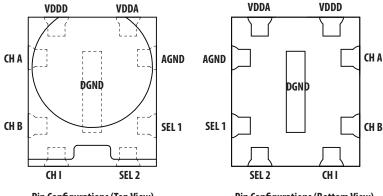
Recommended Codewheel Characteristics

Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
W _W /W _B	0.9	1.1		
L _W	1.80 (0.071)	-	mm (inches)	
Rf	60	-		Reflective area [1]
	-	10		Non-reflective area
LPmm	12.52		lines/mm	
LPI	318		lines/inch	
	W _W /W _B L _W Rf LPmm	W _W /W _B 0.9 L _W 1.80 (0.071) Rf 60 - LPmm 12.52	W _W /W _B 0.9 1.1 L _W 1.80 (0.071) - Rf 60 - - 10 LPmm 12.52	WW/WB 0.9 1.1 LW 1.80 (0.071) - mm (inches) Rf 60 - - - 10 LPmm 12.52 lines/mm

Notes:

- 1. Measurements from TMA μScan meter
- 2. LPmm = CPR/[2π .R_{op}(mm)]

Encoder Pinouts



Pin Configurations (Top View)

Pin Configurations (Bottom View)

Digital Option - Encoder's Built-in Interpolation

Pin (Inter	polation)			Example of CPR
SEL 1	SEL 2	Interpolation Factor	Max. output frequency	@ $R_{0P} = 11 \text{ mm}$
Н	Н	4×	240 kHz	3460
L	L	8×	480 kHz	6920
Н	L	16×	960 kHz	13840

This interpolation factor may be used in conjunction with the following formula to cater to the need for various rotation speeds (RPM) and counts.

RPM = (Count Frequency \times 60)/CPR

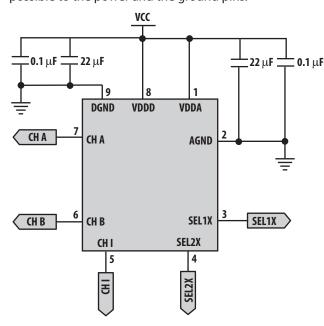
The CPR (@1 \times interpolation) is based on the following formula, which is directly dependent on R_{OP}:

CPR = LPI \times 2 π x R_{OP} (inch) or CPR = LPmm \times 2 π \times R_{OP} (mm)

Note: LPmm (lines per mm) = LPI/25.4

Recommended Setup For the Power Supply Pins

Connect both V_{DDD} , V_{DDA} and their corresponding grounds (AGND and DGND) appropriately as follows. It is recommended that you use 22 μ F and 0.1 μ F for bypass capacitor on V_{DDD} and V_{DDA} and place them in parallel as close as possible to the power and the ground pins.



Notes

- 1. DGND (Pin 9) is the center pad of the package.
- 2. For SEL1X and SEL2X configuration, see the Digital Option Encoder's Built-in Interpolation table.

Encoding Characteristics (Code wheel of R_{OP} @ 11 mm)

		Dynamic Performance			
Symbol		Unit			
	4 ×	8 ×	16×		
ΔC	±17	±28	±35	°e	
ΔΡ	±14	±18	±22	°e	
ΔØ	±5	±8	±9	°e	
ΔS	±8	±10	±13	°e	
Po	90	90	90	°e	
Po	180	180	180	°e	
Po	360	360	360	°e	
	ΔC ΔP ΔØ ΔS P _o P _o	$4 \times$ ΔC ±17 ΔP ±14 $\Delta \emptyset$ ±5 ΔS ±8 P_{o} 90 P_{o} 180	Symbol Typical $4 \times$ $8 \times$ ΔC ± 17 ± 28 ΔP ± 14 ± 18 $\Delta \emptyset$ ± 5 ± 8 ΔS ± 8 ± 10 P_0 90 90 P_0 180 180	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

- Typical values represent the average values of encoder performance in our factory-based setup conditions.
 The optimal performance of encoder depends on the motor/system setup condition of the individual customer.

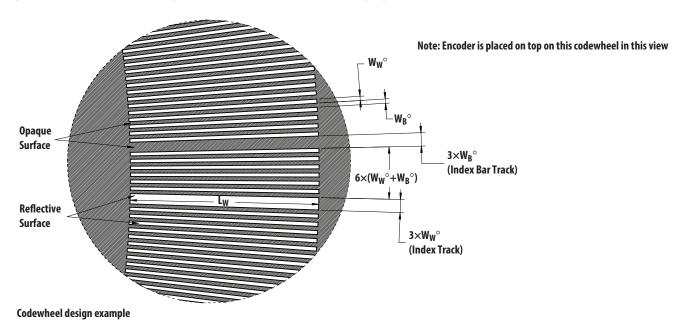
Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics over recommended operating conditions at 25 $^{\circ}$ C.

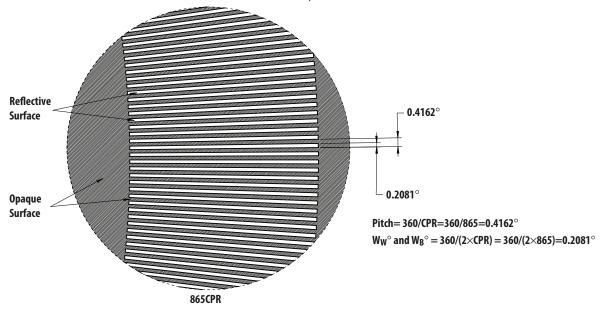
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	2.4	-	-	V	$I_{OH} = -4mA$
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	-	-	0.4	V	$I_{OH} = +4mA$
Output current per channel, l _{out}	lo	-	-	4	mA	
Rise Time	t _r	-	< 100	-	ns	C _L ≤ 50 pF
Fall Time	t _f	-	< 100	-	ns	

Codewheel Design Guideline

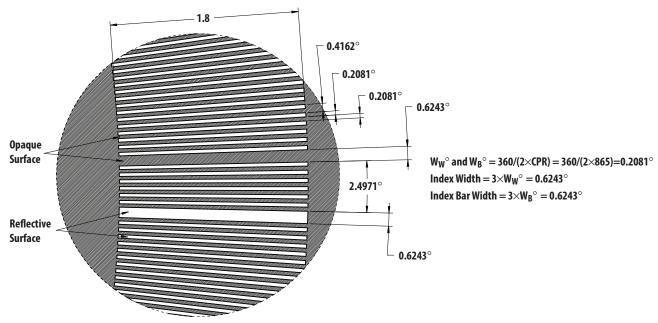
The index bar (I-) track is opaque and the width is $3 \times W_B^\circ$. The Index (I) track is reflective and the width is $3 \times W_W^\circ$. The dimension L_W should be at least 1.8 mm. (Note: If L_W shorter than 1.8 mm is required, please consult factory) There are 6 pairs of incremental track (1 pair= 1 W_B° and 1 W_W°) between opaque and reflective index tracks.



The following demonstrates a codewheel design for Rop of 11 mm @ 865 CPR for a 2-channel and a 3-channel encoder.



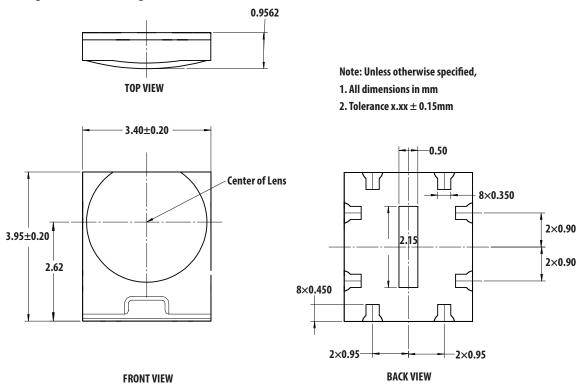
Codewheel pattern for a 2-channel encoder



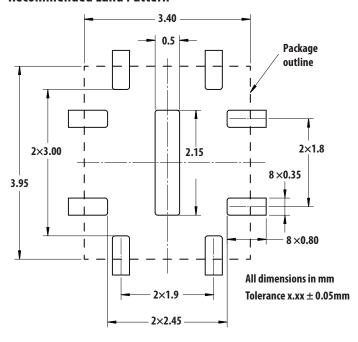
Codewheel pattern for a 3-channel encoder

Note: The overall physical track count is reduced but not the counts per revolution (CPR). The CPR *remains the same* because the count during this index transition is generated by an intelligent signal processing circuit.

Package Outline Drawing

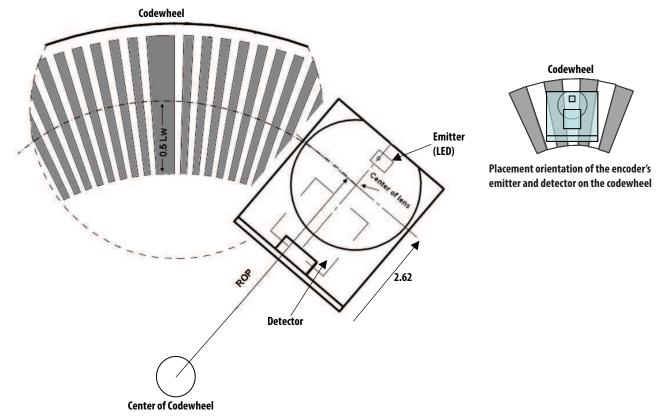


Recommended Land Pattern



Encoder Placement Orientation and Positioning

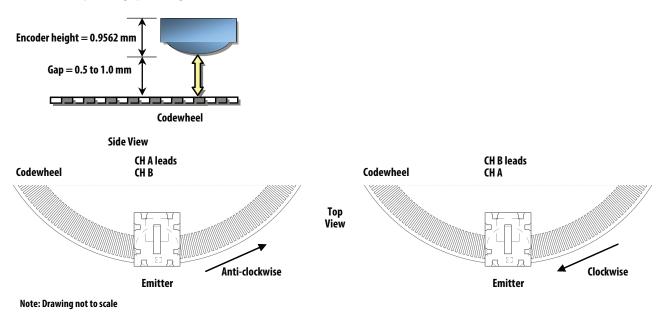
The AEDR-871x is designed such that both the emitter and the detector ICs are placed parallel to the window/bar orientation, with the encoder mounted on top of the codewheel (see below right). When properly oriented, the detector side will be closer to the center of codewheel than the emitter. More importantly, the center of the lens of the encoder unit must be aligned with the codewheel (R_{OP}), or more specifically tangential to the center point of L_W (1/2 of the length of window).



Center of the lens should be aligned with the R_{OP} of the codewheel

Direction of Movement

With the detector side of the encoder placed closer to the codewheel (see picture on the previous page), Channel A leads Channel B when the codewheel rotates anti-clockwise and vice versa (with the encoder mounted on top of the codewheel). The optimal gap setting recommended is between 0.5 to 1.0 mm (see the side view below).



Moisture Sensitivity Level

The AEDR-871x is specified to Moisture Sensitive Level (MSL) 3. Precaution is required to handle this moisture-sensitive-product to ensure the reliability of the product.

Storage before use

- An unopened Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB) can be stored at < 40 °C/90% RH for 12 months.
- It is not recommended that the MBB is opened before assembly.

Control after the MBB is opened

• Encoder that will be subjected to reflow solder must be mounted within 168 hours of factory condition <30 °C/60% RH

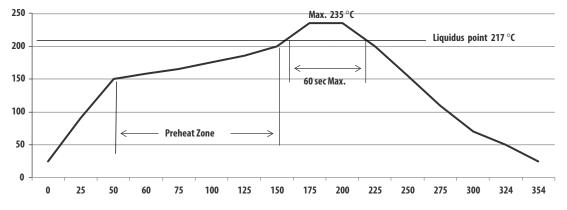
Control for unfinished reel

• Stored and sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccators at < 5% RH.

Baking is required if:

- Humidity Indicator Card (HIC) is > 10% when read at 23 ± 5 °C
- The encoder floor life exceeded 168 hours.
- Recommended baking condition: 60 ± 5 °C for 20 hours (tape and reel), 125 ± 5 °C for 5 hours (loose unit)

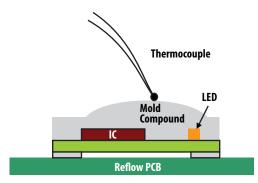
Recommended Lead-free Reflow Soldering Temperature Profile



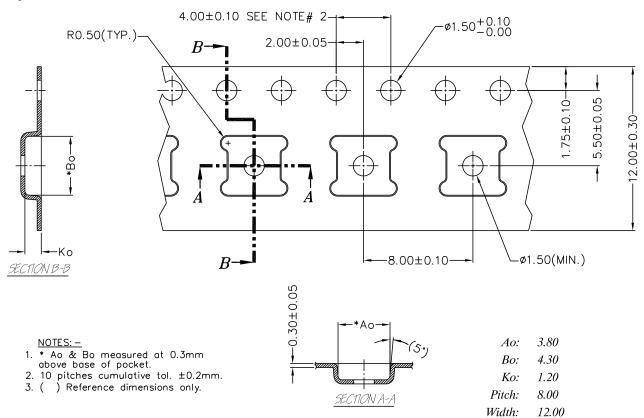
Average ramp up rate	= 3 °C/sec		
Average ramp down rate	= 6 °C/sec		
Preheat temperature	= 150 °C to 200 °C		
Preheat time	= 60 to 100 sec		
Time maintain above 217 °C	= 40 to 60 sec		
Peak Temperature	= 235 °C		
Time within 5 °C of peak temperature	= 20 to 30 sec		

Notes:

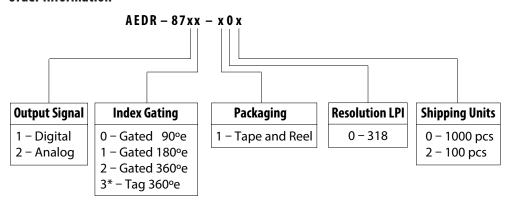
- 1. Reflow with peak temperature > 235 °C may damage the component.
- 2. Due to treatment of high temperature, this clear compound may turn yellow after IR reflow.
- 3. Profile shown here is the actual readings from the thermocouple (attached to AEDR-871x as shown to the right) on the reflow board PCB.



Tape and Reel Information



Order Information



Notes:

Digital 3.3 V and 5 V operating mode

Analog: 5 V operating mode only

Index Gating: 3* applicable only for analog output

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