Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!

Contact us

AK4121A
Asynchronous Sample Rate Converter

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AK4121A is a stereo asynchronous sample rate converter. The input sample rate ranges from 8kHz to 96kHz. The output sample rate is 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz or 96kHz. Since the internal PLL eliminates the need for a master clock in slave mode, the AK4121 simplifies the system design. Therefore, the AK4121A is suitable for applications requiring multiple sample rates, such as Car Audio, DVD recorders, and digital audio recording.
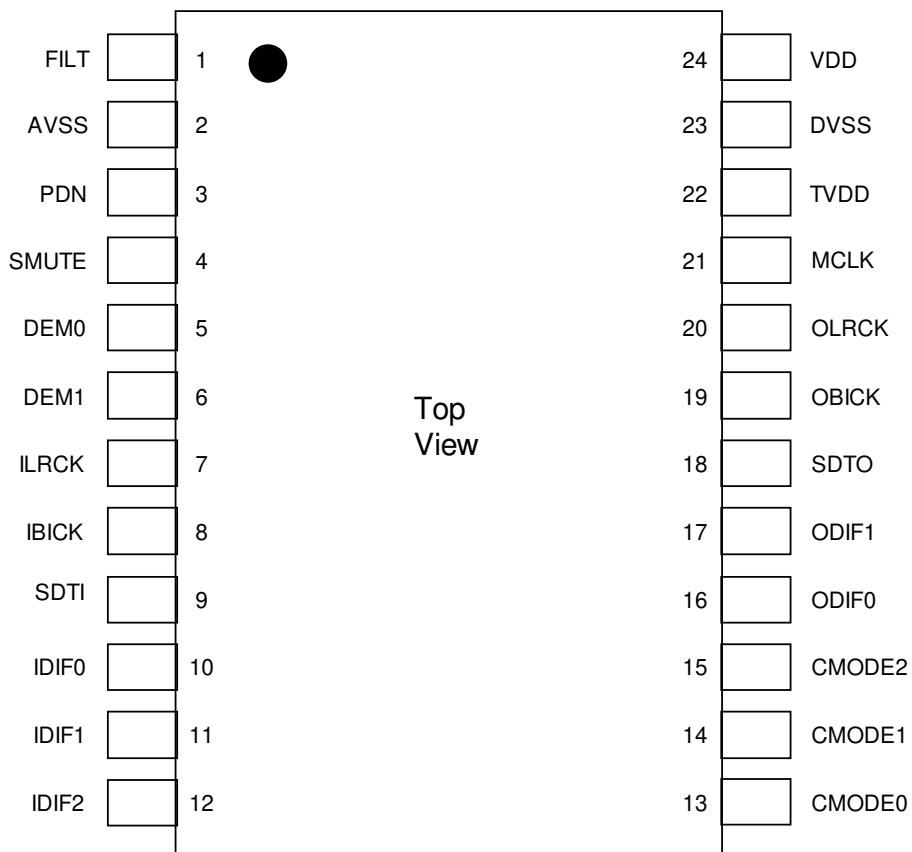
FEATURES

- ☐ Stereo asynchronous sample rate converter
- ☐ Input sample rate range (FSI): 8kHz to 96kHz
- ☐ Output sample rate (FSO): 32kHz/44.1kHz/48kHz/96kHz
- ☐ Input to output Sample rate ratio: FSO/FSI = 0.33 to 6
- ☐ THD+N: −113dB
- ☐ I/F format: MSB justified, LSB justified (24/20/16bit) and I^{2}S
- ☐ Clock for Master mode: 256/384/512/768fso
- ☐ De-emphasis filter: 32kHz/44.1kHz/48kHz
- ☐ SRC Bypass mode
- ☐ Soft Mute function
- ☐ Power Supply: VDD: 3.0 to 3.6V, TVDD: 3.0 to 5.5V (for input tolerant)
- ☐ Ta: −40 to +85°C
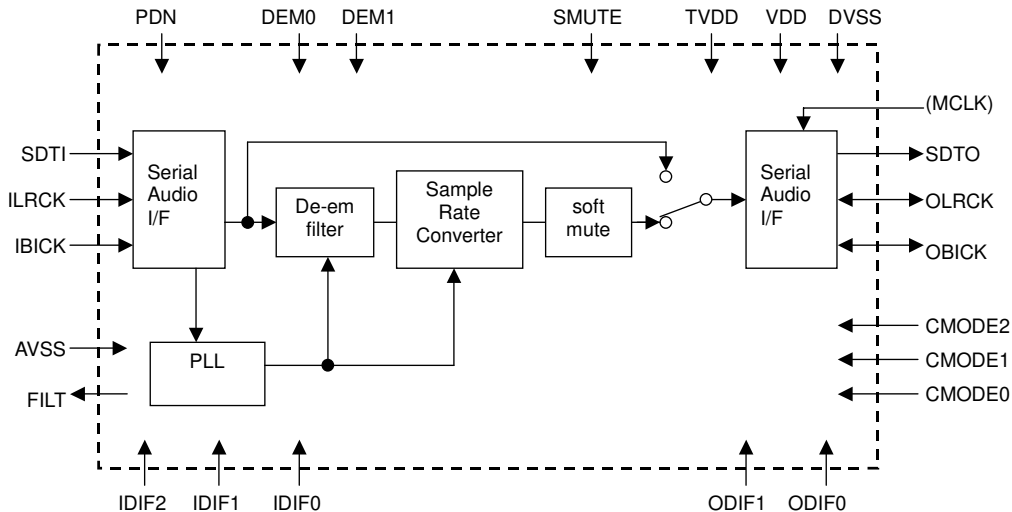
■ **Ordering Guide**

    AK4121AVF   −40 ~ +85°C   24pin VSOP (0.65mm pitch)
    AKD4121A   Evaluation Board for AK4121A

■ **Pin Layout**

FILT	1		24	VDD
AVSS	2		23	DVSS
PDN	3		22	TVDD
SMUTE	4		21	MCLK
DEM0	5		20	OLRCK
DEM1	6		19	OBICK
ILRCK	7	Top View	18	SDTO
IBICK	8		17	ODIF1
SDTI	9		16	ODIF0
IDIF0	10		15	CMODE2
IDIF1	11		14	CMODE1
IDIF2	12		13	CMODE0

■ **Difference between AK4121 and AK4121A**

The AK4121A has a better performance than the AK4121 regarding of the tracking capability to the change of the input sampling frequency (FSI) which normally takes long settling time. Refer to "Tracking to the Input Sampling Frequency".

PIN/FUNCTION

No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function
1	FILT	O	Loop-Filter Pin for PLL
2	AVSS	I	Analog Ground Pin
3	PDN	I	Power-Down pin When "L", the AK4121A is powered-down and reset.
4	SMUTE	I	Soft Mute Pin
5	DEM0	I	De-emphasis Filter Control Pin #0
6	DEM1	I	De-emphasis Filter Control Pin #1
7	ILRCK	I	L/R Clock Pin for Input
8	IBICK	I	Audio Serial Data Clock Pin for Input
9	SDTI	I	Audio Serial Data Input Pin
10	IDIF0	I	Input Data Format pin #0
11	IDIF1	I	Input Data Format pin #1
12	IDIF2	I	Input Data Format pin #2
13	CMODE0	I	Clock Mode Select Pin #0
14	CMODE1	I	Clock Mode Select Pin #1
15	CMODE2	I	Clock Mode Select Pin #2
16	ODIF0	I	Output Data Format pin #0
17	ODIF1	I	Output Data Format pin #1
18	SDTO	O	Audio Serial Data Output Pin
19	OBICK	I/O	Audio Serial Data Clock Pin for Output
20	OLRCK	I/O	L/R Clock Pin for Output
21	MCLK	I	Master Clock Pin for Output
22	TVDD	I	Input Buffer Power Supply Pin, 3.3V or 5V
23	DVSS	I	Digital Ground Pin
24	VDD	I	Power Supply Pin, 3.3V

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(AVSS=DVSS=0V; Note 1)

Parameter		Symbol	min	max	Units
Power Supplies:	Core	VDD	−0.3	4.6	V
	Input Buffer	TVDD	−0.3	6.0	V
	|AVSS-DVSS| (Note 1)	Δ GND		0.3	V
Input Current, Any Pin Except Supplies		IIN	-	±10	mA
Input Voltage		VIN	−0.3	TVDD+0.3	V
Ambient Temperature (Power applied)		Ta	−40	85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	−65	150	°C

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device.
          Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(AVSS=DVSS=0V; Note 2)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Power Supplies: Core	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Input Buffer	TVDD	VDD	5	5.5	V

Note 2. All voltages with respect to ground.

SRC PERFORMANCE

(Ta=−40~85°C; VDD=3.0~3.6V; TVDD=3.0~5.5V; data=20bit; measurement bandwidth=20Hz~FSO/2; unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Resolution				20	Bits
Input Sample Rate	FSI	8		96	kHz
Output Sample Rate	FSO	32		96	kHz
Dynamic Range (Input= 1kHz, −60dBFS, Note 3)					
FSO/FSI=44.1kHz/48kHz		-	114	-	dB
FSO/FSI=48kHz/44.1kHz		-	114	-	dB
FSO/FSI=32kHz/48kHz		-	114	-	dB
FSO/FSI=96kHz/32kHz		-	115	-	dB
Worst Case (FSO/FSI=48kHz/96kHz)		112	-	-	dB
Dynamic Range (Input= 1kHz, −60dBFS, A-weighted, Note 3)					
FSO/FSI=44.1kHz/48kHz		-	117	-	dB
THD+N (Input= 1kHz, 0dBFS, Note 3)					
FSO/FSI=44.1kHz/48kHz		-	−113	-	dB
FSO/FSI=48kHz/44.1kHz		-	−112	-	dB
FSO/FSI=32kHz/48kHz		-	−113	-	dB
FSO/FSI=96kHz/32kHz		-	−111	-	dB
Worst Case (FSO/FSI=48kHz/8kHz)		-	-	−103	dB
Ratio between Input and Output Sample Rate (FSO/FSI, Note 4, Note 5)	FSO/FSI	0.33		6	-

Note 3. Measured by Rohde & Schwarz UPD04, Rejection Filter= wide, 8192point FFT.
Note 4. The "0.33" is the ratio of FSO/FSI when FSI is 96kHz and FSO is 32kHz
Note 5. The "6" is the ratio when FSI is 8kHz and FSO is 48kHz.

DIGITAL FILTER

(Ta=−40~85°C; VDD=3.0~3.6V; TVDD=3.0~5.5V)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Digital Filter						
Passband −0.001dB	0.985 ≤ FSO/FSI ≤ 6.000	PB	0		0.4583FSI	kHz
	0.905 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.985	PB	0		0.4167FSI	kHz
	0.714 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.905	PB	0		0.3195FSI	kHz
	0.656 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.714	PB	0		0.2852FSI	kHz
	0.536 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.656	PB	0		0.2245FSI	kHz
	0.492 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.536	PB	0		0.2003FSI	kHz
	0.452 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.492	PB	0		0.1781FSI	kHz
	0.333 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.452	PB	0		0.1092FSI	kHz
Stopband	0.985 ≤ FSO/FSI ≤ 6.000	SB	0.5417FSI			kHz
	0.905 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.985	SB	0.5021FSI			kHz
	0.714 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.905	SB	0.3965FSI			kHz
	0.656 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.714	SB	0.3643FSI			kHz
	0.536 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.656	SB	0.2974FSI			kHz
	0.492 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.536	SB	0.2732FSI			kHz
	0.452 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.492	SB	0.2510FSI			kHz
	0.333 ≤ FSO/FSI < 0.452	SB	0.1822FSI			kHz
Passband Ripple		PR			±0.01	dB
Stopband Attenuation		SA	96			dB
Group Delay (Note 6)		GD	-	57.5	-	1/fs

Note 6. This value is the time from the rising edge of LRCK after data is input to rising edge of LRCK after data is output, when LRCK for Output data corresponds with LRCK for Input.(at 20bit MSB justified, 16bit and 20bit LSB justified)

DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=−40~85°C; VDD=3.0~3.6V; TVDD=3.0~5.5V)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Power Supply Current (VDD+TVDD)					
Normal operation:					
FSI=FSO=48kHz at Slave Mode: VDD=TVDD=3.3V			10	-	mA
FSI=FSO=96kHz at Master Mode: VDD=TVDD=3.3V			20	-	mA
: VDD=TVDD=3.6V				40	mA
Power down: PDN = "L" (Note 7)			10	100	μA
High-Level Input Voltage	VIH	0.7xVDD	-	-	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	VIL	-	-	0.3xVDD	V
High-Level Output Voltage (Iout=−400μA)	VOH	VDD-0.4	-	-	V
Low-Level Output Voltage (Iout=400μA)	VOL	-	-	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	Iin	-	-	± 10	μA

Note 7. All digital inputs including clock pins are held DVSS.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=−40~85°C; VDD=3.0~3.6V; TVDD=3.0~5.5V; C_L=20pF)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Master Clock Input (MCLK)						
Frequency		fCLK	8.192	-	36.864	MHz
Duty Cycle		dCLK	40	-	60	%
L/R clock for Input data (ILRCK)						
Frequency		fs	8		96	kHz
Duty Cycle		Duty	48	50	52	%
L/R clock for Output data (OLRCK)						
Frequency (Note 8)		fs	32		96	kHz
Duty Cycle Slave Mode		Duty	48	50	52	%
Master Mode		Duty		50		%
Audio Interface Timing						
Input						
IBICK Period		tBCK	1/64fs			ns
IBICK Pulse Width Low		tBCKL	65			ns
IBICK Pulse Width High		tBCKH	65			ns
ILRCK Edge to IBICK "↑" (Note 9)						
ILRCK Frequency = 8kHz ~ 32kHz		tLRB	1/256fs+45		16/256fs	ns
ILRCK Frequency = 32kHz ~ 48kHz		tLRB	1/256fs+25		16/256fs	ns
ILRCK Frequency = 48kHz ~ 96kHz		tLRB	1/256fs+15		16/256fs	ns
BICK "↑" to ILRCK Edge (Note 9)		tBLR	30			ns
SDTI Hold Time from IBICK "↑"		tSDH	30			ns
SDTI Setup Time to IBICK "↑"		tSDS	30			ns
Output (Slave Mode)						
OBICK Period		tBCK	1/64fs			ns
OBICK Pulse Width Low		tBCKL	65			ns
OBICK Pulse Width High		tBCKH	65			ns
OLRCK Edge to OBICK "↑" (Note 9)		tLRB	30			ns
OBICK "↑" to OLRCK Edge (Note 9)		tBLR	30			ns
OLRCK to SDTO (MSB)		tLRS			30	ns
OBICK "↓" to SDTO		tBSD			30	ns
Output (Master Mode)						
BICK Frequency		fBCK		64fs		Hz
BICK Duty		dBCK		50		%
BICK "↓" to LRCK		tMBLR	−20		20	ns
BICK "↓" to SDTO		tBSD	−20		30	ns
Power-down & Reset Timing						
PDN Pulse Width (Note 10)		tPD	150			ns

Note 8. Min is 8kHz when BYPASS="H".
Note 9. BICK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.
Note 10. The AK4121A must be reset by bringing PDN pin "H" to "L" upon power-up.

■ Timing Diagram
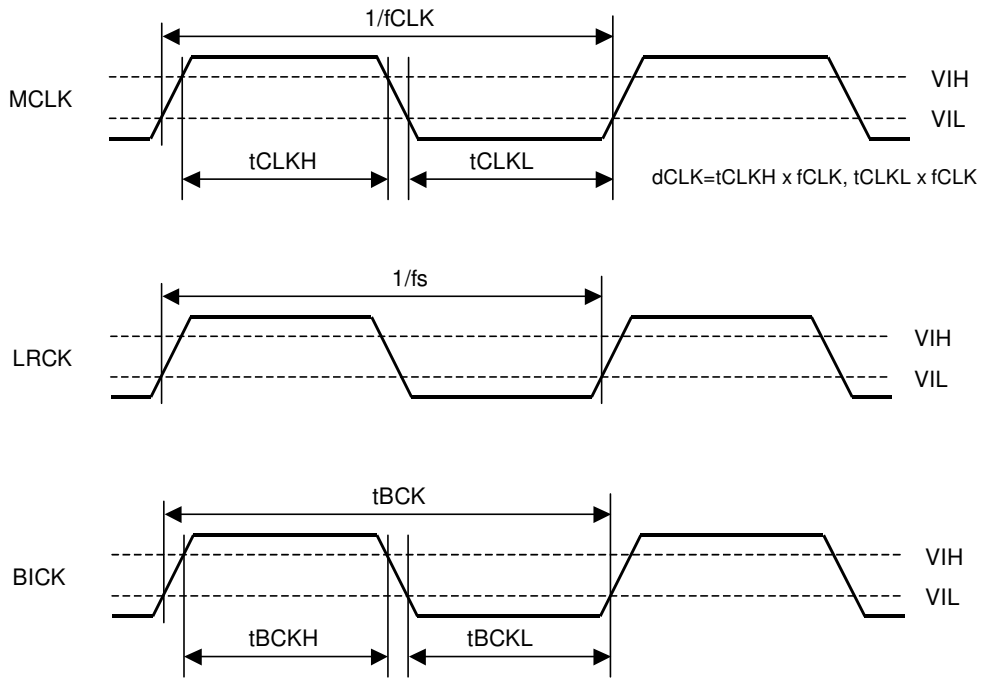
Figure 1. Clock Timing
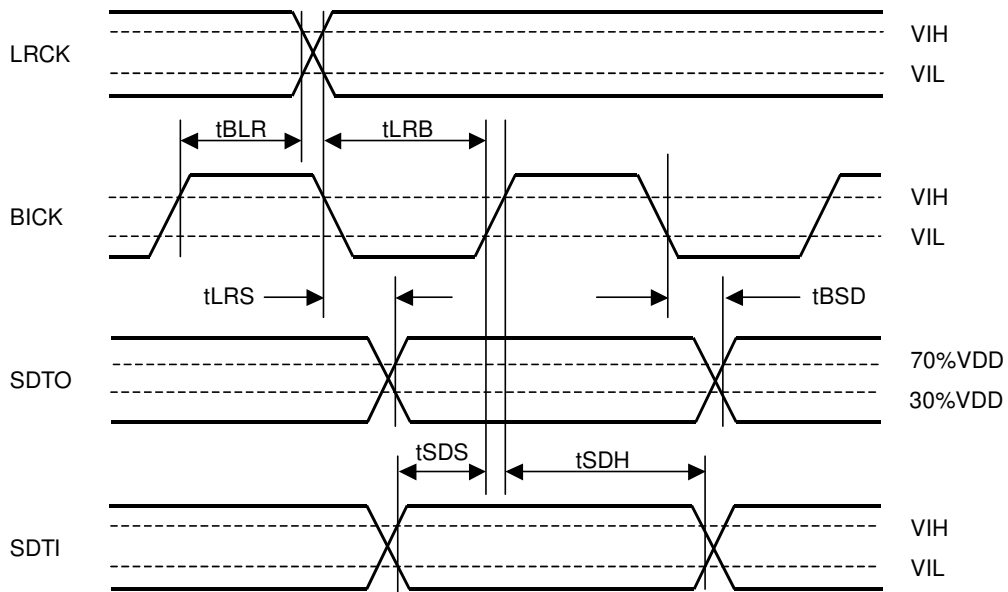
Figure 2. Audio Interface Timing at Slave Mode
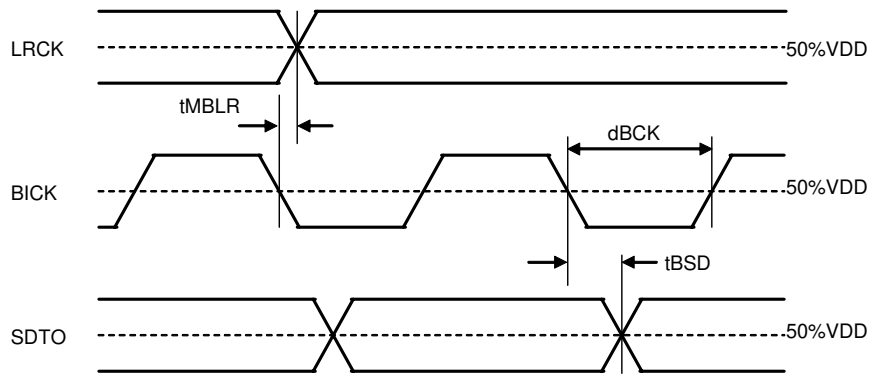
Figure 3. Audio Interface Timing at Master Mode
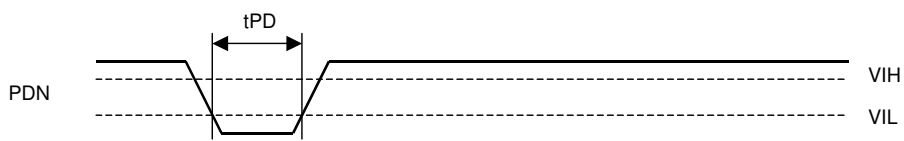

Figure 4. Power-down & Reset Timing

Note 11. BICK means IBICK and OBICK.
Note 12. LRCK means ILRCK and OLRCK.

<div align="center">

OPERATION OVERVIEW

</div>

■ System Clock

The input port works in slave mode only. The output port works in slave and master mode. An internal system clock is created by the internal PLL using ILRCK. The MCLK is not needed when the output port is in slave mode, and the MCLK pin should be connected to DVSS. The CMODE2-0 pins must be controlled when PDN pin ="L".

Mode	CMODE2	CMODE1	CMODE0	MCLK	Master/Slave (Output Port)
0	L	L	L	256fso (fso~96kHz)	Master
1	L	L	H	384fso (fso~96kHz)	Master
2	L	H	L	512fso (fso~48kHz)	Master
3	L	H	H	768fso (fso~48kHz)	Master
4	H	L	L	Not used. Set to DVSS	Slave
5	H	L	H	-	(Reserved)
6	H	H	L	-	(Reserved)
7	H	H	H	Not used. Set to DVSS	Master (BYPASS mode)

<div align="center">

Table 1. Master/Slave control

</div>

■ Audio Interface Format

The IDIF2-0 pins select the data mode for the input port. The ODIF1-0 pins select the data mode for the output port. In all modes the audio data is MSB-first, 2's compliment format. The SDTO is clocked out on the falling edge of OBICK. Select these modes when PDN pin="L". In BYPASS mode, both IBICK and OBICK are fixed to 64fs.

Mode	IDIF2	IDIF1	IDIF0	SDTI Format	IBICK (Slave)
0	L	L	L	16bit LSB Justified	≥32fs
1	L	L	H	20bit LSB Justified	≥40fs
2	L	H	L	20bit MSB Justified	≥40fs
3	L	H	H	20/16bit I^{2}S Compatible	≥40fs or 32fs
4	H	L	L	24bit LSB Justified	≥48fs

<div align="center">

Table 2. Input Audio Data Formats

</div>

Mode	ODIF1	ODIF0	SDTO Format	OBICK (Slave)	OBICK (Master)
0	L	L	16bit LSB Justified	64fs	64fs
1	L	H	20bit LSB Justified	64fs	64fs
2	H	L	20/16bit MSB Justified (Note 13)	≥40fs or 32fs	64fs
3	H	H	20/16bit I^{2}S Compatible (Note 13)	≥40fs or 32fs	64fs

Note 13. The 16bit output is available only when the OBICK = 32fs.

<div align="center">

Table 3. Output Audio Data Formats

</div>
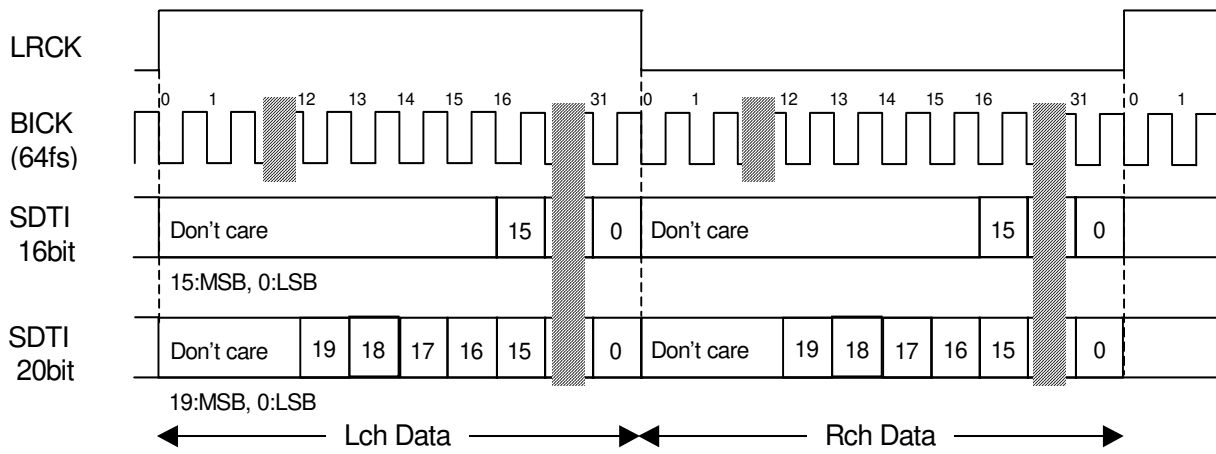
Figure 5. 16bit/20bit LSB justified Timing
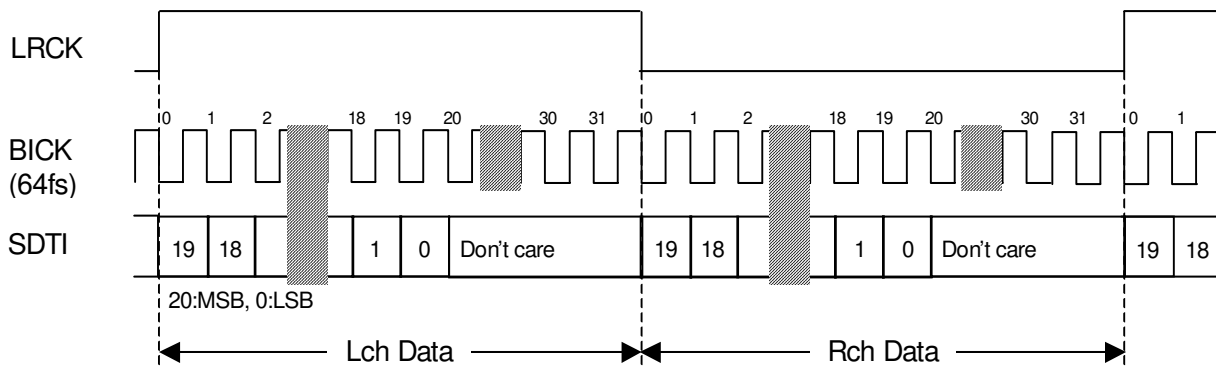
Figure 6. 20bit MSB justified Timing
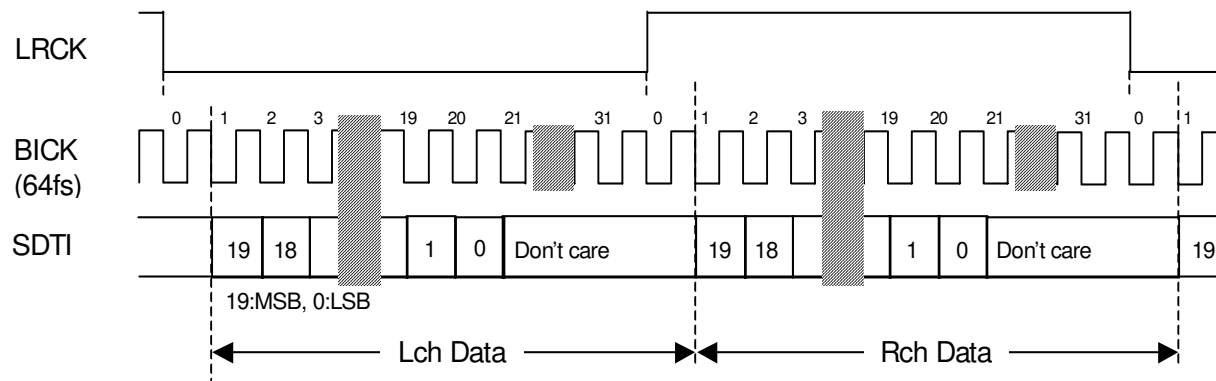
Figure 7. 20bit I²S Timing

■ Soft Mute Operation

When the SMUTE pin changes to "H", the output signal is attenuated from 0dB to $-\infty$dB during 1024 OLRCK cycles. When the SMUTE pin returns to "L", the attenuation is cancelled and the output signal gradually changes to 0dB during 1024 OLRCK cycles. If the soft mute is cancelled before attenuating to $-\infty$, the attenuation is discontinued and returns to 0dB by the same cycles. The soft mute is effective for changing the signal source.
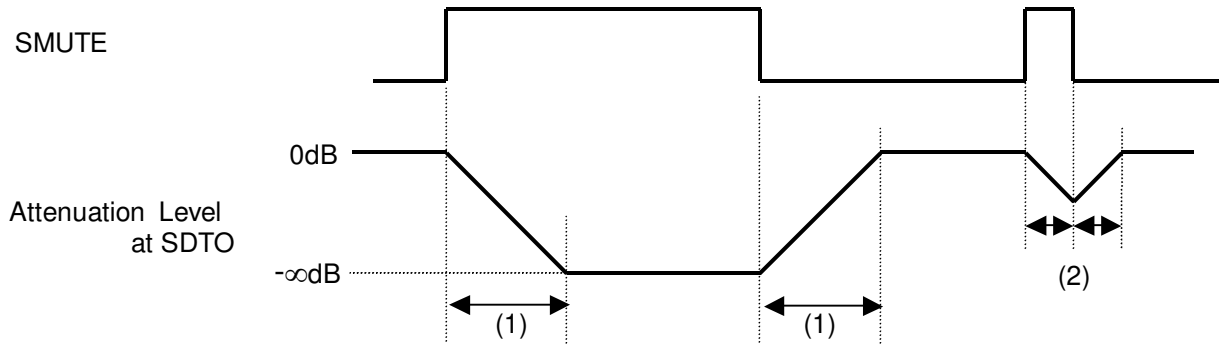
Notes:
    (1) Transition time. 1024 OLRCK cycles (1024/fso).
    (2) If the soft mute is cancelled before attenuating to $-\infty$ after starting the operation, the attenuation is discontinued and returned to 0dB by the same number of clock cycles.

Figure 8. Soft Mute

■ De-emphasis Filter

A digital de-emphasis filter is available for 32, 44.1 or 48kHz sampling rates (tc=50/15μs) and is enabled or disabled with DEM0 and DEM1.

Mode	DEM1	DEM0	De-emphasis filter
0	L	L	44.1kHz
1	L	H	OFF
2	H	L	48kHz
3	H	H	32kHz

Table 4. De-emphasis Filter Control

■ System Reset

Bringing the PDN pin="L" places the AK4121A in the power-down mode and initializes the digital filter. This reset should always be done after power-up. When the PDN pin = "L", the SDTO output is "L". Regarding the SDTO valid time, please refer to the Table 5. Until the output data becomes valid, the SDTO pin outputs "L".

Case 1
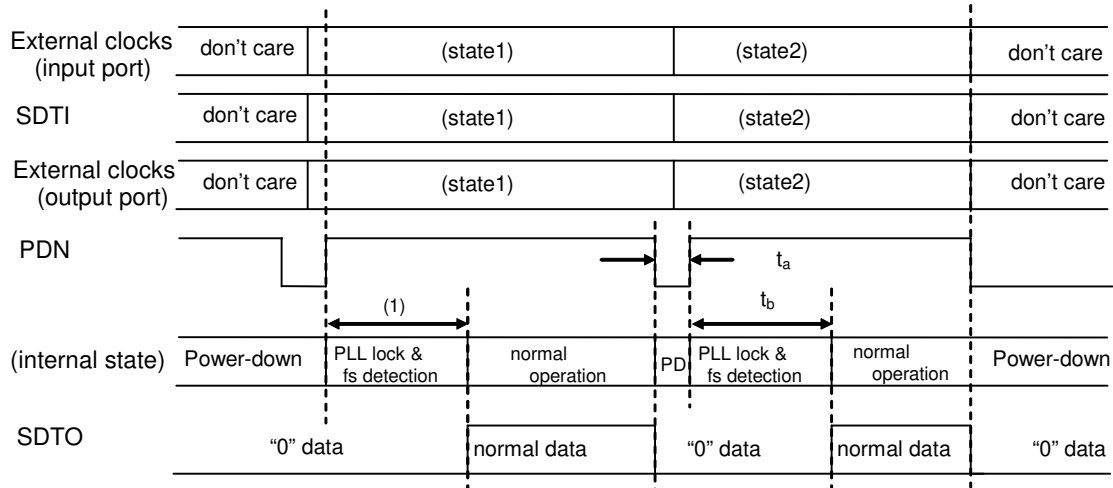
Case 2
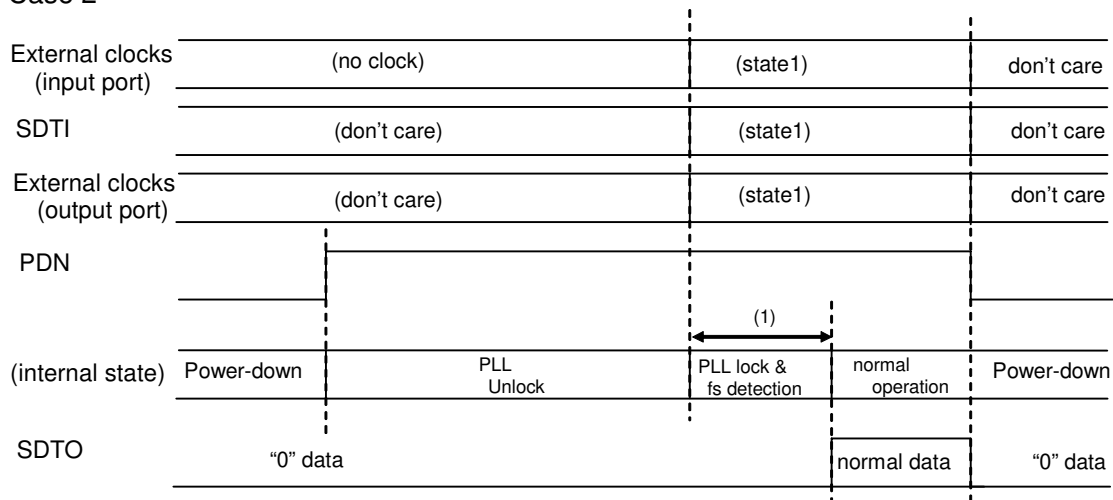
Note:
   (1) <100ms for recommended value 2, <200ms for recommended value 1. (Figure 11)

Figure 9. System Reset

Reset time t_a	Data valid time t_b
≤10ms	<100ms
10ms<	<200ms

Table 5. Reset time t_a and Data valid time t_b.

■ Internal Reset Function for Clock Change

The AK4121A is reset automatically when the output clock is stopped. If the output clock is started again, normal data is output within 100ms.

■ Sequence of changing clocks

The recommended sequence for changing clocks is shown in Figure 10.
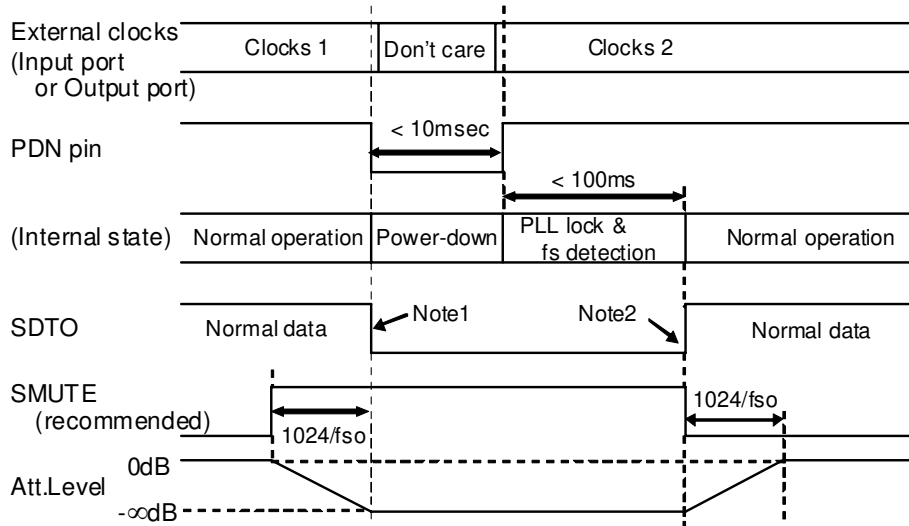
Figure 10. Sequence of changing clocks

Note 1. The data on SDTO may cause a clicking noise. To prevent this, set SDTI to "0" from GD before the PDN pin changes to "L", which will cause the data on SDTO to remain "0".

Note 2. The data on SDTO may cause a clicking noise. To prevent this, set SDTI to "0" for 1024/fso+100ms or more from the timing PDN pin changes to "H" while the SMUTE pin = "H".

Note 3. When the PDN pin is not used for this clock change, a distorted signal may output for about 10ms ~ 100ms (typ) after changing clocks.

■ Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

The AK4121A requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements. VDD are usually supplied from the system's analog supply. **AVSS and DVSS of the AK4121A must be connected to the analog ground plane.** System analog ground and digital ground should be connected together as close as possible to where the supplies are brought onto the printed circuit board. Decoupling capacitors especially a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor for high frequency noise should be placed as near to VDD as possible.

■ PLL Loop-Filter

The C1 (4.7μF) and R (560ohms) should be connected in series and attached between FILT pin and AVSS in parallel with C2 (1.0nF). A Care should be taken to ensure that noise on the FILT pin is minimized.
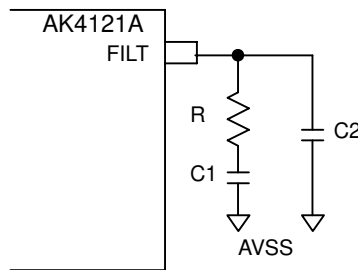
Parameter	Recommended value 1	Recommended value 2
R	560ohm +/−8%	1.2kohm +/−8%
C1	4.7μF +/−40%	2.2μF +/−40%
C2	1.0nF +/−40%	2.2nF +/−40%
FSI range	8k ~ 96kHz	16k ~ 96kHz

Note 14. Those recommended values include temperature dependence.

Figure 11. PLL Loop-Filter

■ Jitter Tolerance

Figure 12 shows the jitter tolerance to ILRCK. The jitter quantity is defined by the jitter frequency and the jitter amplitude shown in Figure 12. When the jitter amplitude is 0.01UIpp or less, the AK4121A operates normally regardless of the jitter frequency.

AK4121A Jitter Tolerance
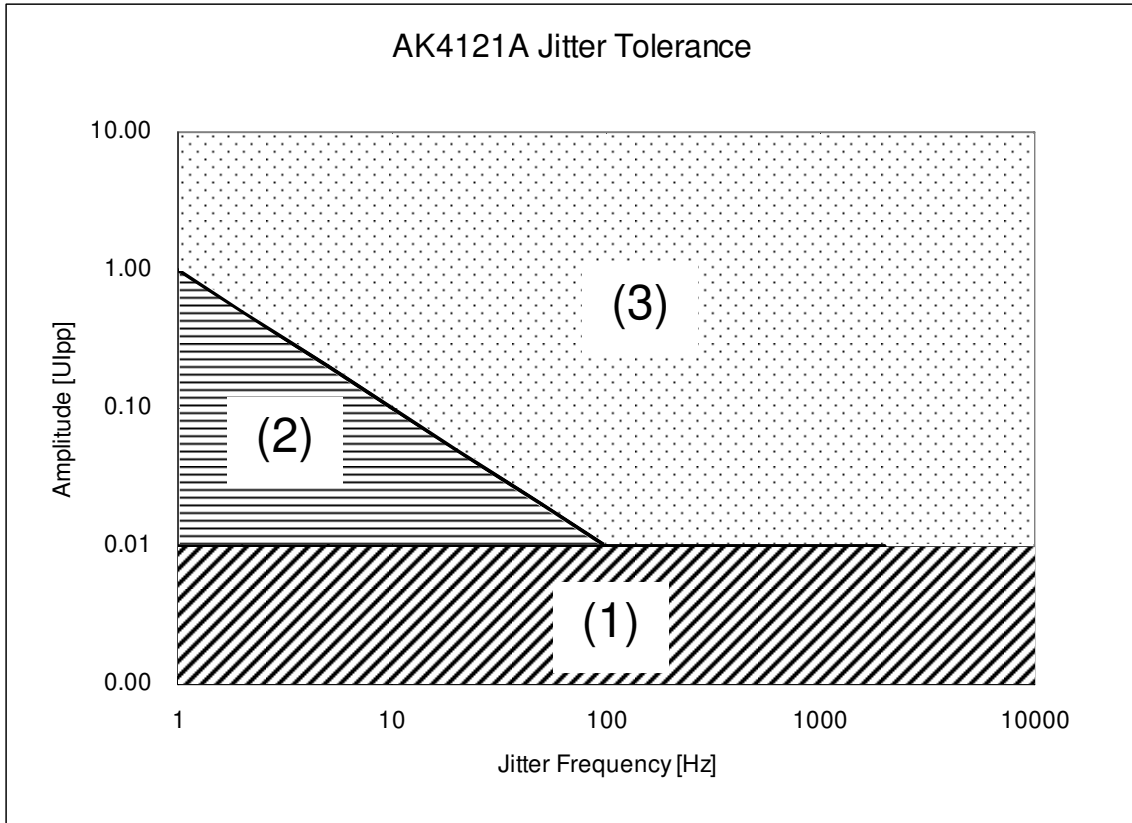
(1) Normal operation
(2) There is a possibility that the distortion degrades. (It may degrade up to about −50dB.)
(3) There is a possibility that the output data is lost.

Note 15. The jitter amplitude for 1UI (Unit Interval) is one cycle of ILRCK. When FSI = 48kHz, 1UI is 1/48kHz = 20.8μs.

Figure 12. Jitter Tolerance

■ Tracking to the Input Sampling Frequency

When the ILRCK is generated by an external PLL, it may take a time to settle after changing the input sampling frequency because the response of an external PLL to the frequency change is slow. In case of the AK4121, the output data becomes incorrect when the speed of the frequency change exceeds 0.14%/sec. The AK4121A operates normally up to 23%/sec speed and the output data becomes incorrect at the speed of the frequency change over 23%/sec.

SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 13 and Figure 14 illustrate typical system connection diagrams. The evaluation board [AKD4121A] demonstrates this application circuit, the optimum layout, and power supply arrangement and performance measurement results.
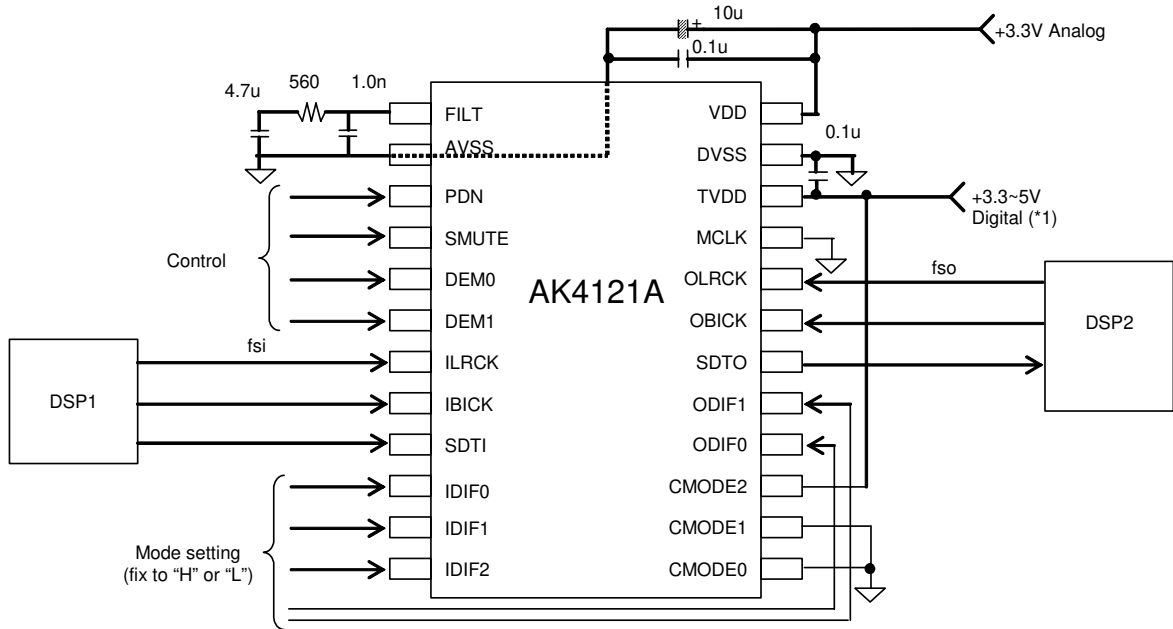
Figure 13. Example of a typical design (Slave Mode)
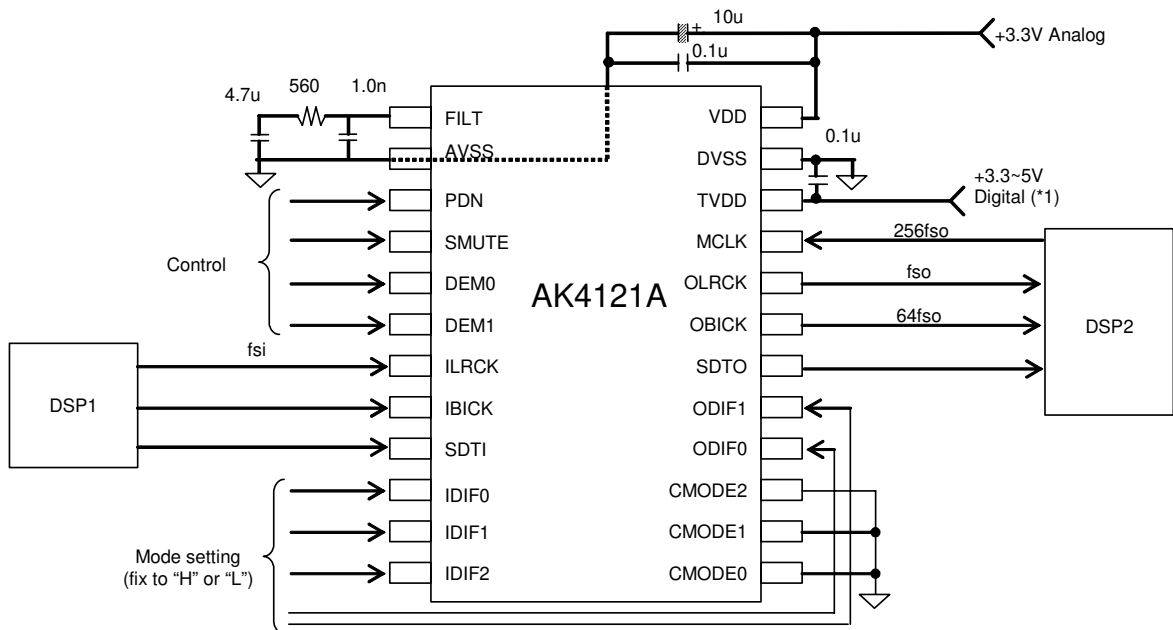
Figure 14. Example of a typical design (Master Mode; MCLK=256fso)

*1. TVDD should be the same as the maximum input voltage.

PACKAGE

24pin VSOP (Unit: mm)

*7.9±0.2

24   13

*5.6±0.2

1   12

0.22±0.1   0.65

1.25±0.2

A

7.6±0.2

0.15 +0.1 -0.05

0.1±0.1

Detail A

0.5±0.2

0-10°

Seating Plane

△ 0.10
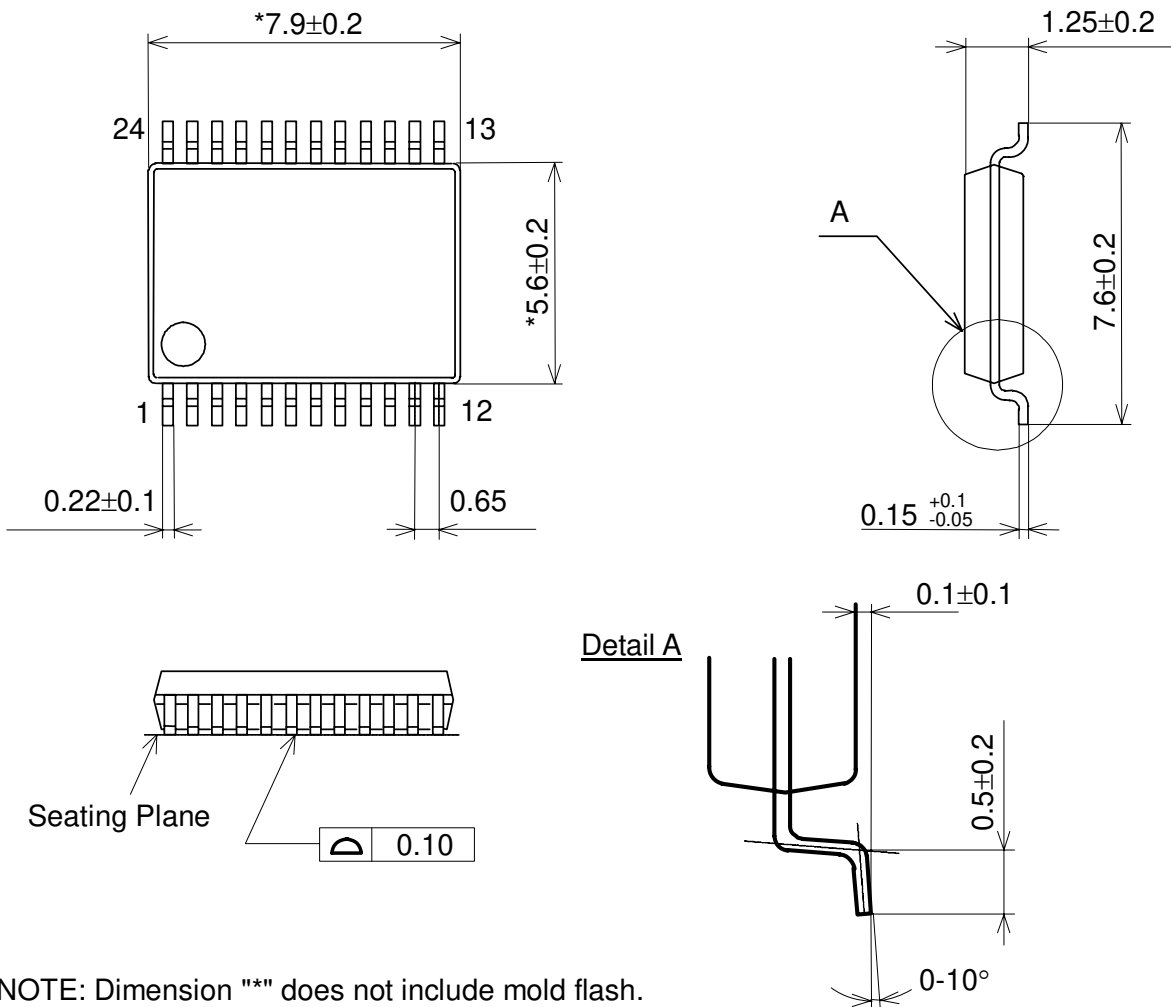
NOTE: Dimension "*" does not include mold flash.

■ **Package & Lead frame material**

Package molding compound: Epoxy
Lead frame material: Cu
Lead frame surface treatment: Solder plate (Pb free)

MARKING

AKM
AK4121AVF
AAXXXX
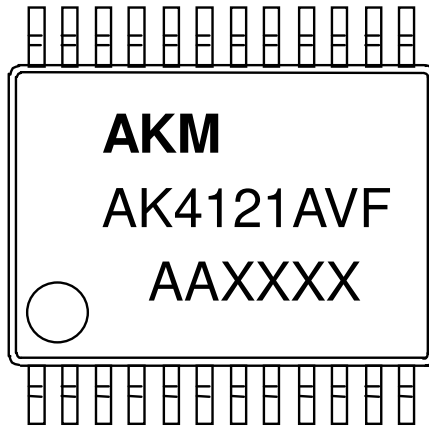
Contents of AAXXXX
AA: Lot#
XXXX: Date Code

REVISION HISTORY

Date (YY/MM/DD)	Revision	Reason	Page	Contents
04/09/01	00	First Edition		

07/06/05	01	Error Correct	4	SRC PERFORMANCE
				  Dynamic Range, Worst Case
				  FSO/FSI=32kHz/44.1kHz → 48kHz/96kHz

		Description Change	6	SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS
				  Audio Interface timing
				  ILRCK Edge to IBICK "↑" is changed to
				    ILRCK period (8kHz ~ 32kHz): 1/256fs+45
				    ILRCK period (32kHz ~ 48kHz): 1/256fs+25
				    ILRCK period (48kHz ~ 96kHz): 1/256fs+15

07/07/25	02	Description Change	13	■ Internal Reset Function for Clock Change ■ Sequence of Changing Clocks

07/09/14	03	Add Spec	6	Max values of ILRCK Edge to IBICK "↑" were added.
				  ILRCK Frequency =8kHz ~ 32kHz: 16/256fs
				  ILRCK Frequency =32kHz ~ 48kHz: 16/256fs
				ILRCK Frequency =48kHz ~ 96kHz: 16/256fs

		Error Correct	6	The Symbol of ILRCK Edge to IBICK "↑"
				  tBLR → tLRB
				The Symbol of IBICK "↑" to ILRCK Edge
				  tLRB → tBLR
				The Symbol of OLRCK Edge to OBICK "↑"
				  tBLR → tLRB
				The Symbol of OBICK "↑" to OLRCK Edge
				  tLRB → tBLR

08/03/05	04	Description Addition	9	Note 13. was added.

08/04/05	05	Description Change	5	DC CHARACTERISTICS
				  Power Supply Current
				  (VDD+TVDD) description was added.
				    VDD =3.3V → VDD=TVDD=3.3V
				    VDD= 3.6V → VDD=TVDD=3.6V

10/04/30	06	Description Addition	13	■ Sequence of changing clocks Description is added in notes.

<div style="border:1px solid">

━ IMPORTANT NOTICE ━

</div>