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PRECISION ULTRA MICROPOWER CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ALD1726/ALD1726G is a monolithic precision CMOS ultra micropower high slew-rate, high performance operational amplifier intended for a broad range of analog applications using $\pm 1 V$ to $\pm 5 V$ dual power supply systems, as well as +2V to +10V battery operated systems. All device characteristics are specified for +5V single supply or $\pm 2.5 V$ dual supply systems. Supply current is $40 \mu A$ maximum at 5V supply voltage.

The ALD1726/ALD1726G is designed to offer high performance for a wide range of applications requiring very low power dissipation. It has been developed specifically for the $\pm 5V$ single battery or $\pm 1V$ to $\pm 5V$ dual battery user and offers the popular industry standard single operational amplifier pin configuration.

Several important characteristics of the device make application easier to implement at those voltages. First, the operational amplifier can operate with rail to rail input and output voltages. This means the signal input voltage and output voltage can be close to or equal to the positive and negative supply voltages. This feature allows numerous analog serial stages and flexibility in input signal bias levels. Second, the device was designed to accommodate mixed applications where digital and analog circuits may operate off the same power supply or battery. Third, the output stage can typically drive up to 25pF capacitive and $20 \text{K}\Omega$ resistive loads. These features, combined with extremely low input currents, high open loop voltage gain of 100 V/mV, useful bandwidth of 400 KHz, a slew rate of $0.17 \text{V/}\mu\text{s}$, low offset voltage and temperature drift, make the ALD1726/ALD1726G a versatile, micropower operational amplifier.

The ALD1726/ALD1726G, designed and fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology, offers 0.01 pA typical input bias current. On chip offset voltage trimming allows the device to be used without nulling in most applications.

The ALD1726/ALD1726G is also designed to offer tolerance to overvoltage input spikes of 300mV beyond supply rails, high open loop voltage gain, and robust operation at temperature extremes. Additionally, robust design and rigorous screening make this device especially suitable for operation in temperature-extreme environments and rugged conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATION ("L" suffix denotes lead-free (RoHS))

Operating Temperature Range								
0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C	-55°C to +125°C						
8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOIC)	8-Pin Plastic Dip Package	8-Pin CERDIP Package						
ALD1726SAL ALD1726GSAL	ALD1726PAL ALD1726GPAL	ALD1726DA ALD1726GDA						

^{*} Contact factory for leaded (non-RoHS) or high temperature versions.

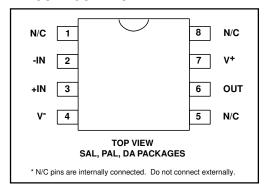
FEATURES & BENEFITS

- Lead Free RoHS compatible
- Robust high-temperature operation
- 20µA supply current
- All parameters specified for +5V single supply or ± 2.5V dual supply systems
- · Rail to rail input and output voltage ranges
- No frequency compensation required -- unity gain stable
- Extremely low input bias currents -- 0.1pA typical (30pA max.)
- · Ideal for high source impedance applications
- Dual power supply ±1.0V to ±5.0V operation
- Single power supply +2V to +10V operation
- High voltage gain -- typically 100V/mV @ ±2.5V (100dB)
- Drive as low as a 20KΩ load
- · Output short circuit protected
- · Unity gain bandwidth of 0.4MHz
- Slew rate of 0.17V/μs
- Suitable for rugged, temperature-extreme environments

APPLICATIONS

- · Voltage amplifier
- Voltage follower/buffer
- Charge integrator
- Photodiode amplifier
- Data acquisition systems
- High performance portable instruments
- Biochemical probe interface
- · Signal conditioning circuits
- Sensor and transducer amplifiers
- · Low leakage amplifiers
- · Precision Sample and Hold amplifiers
- · Active filters
- Picoammeter
- Current to voltage converter

PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, V+	10.6V
Differential input voltage range	0.3V to V++0.3V
Power dissipation	600 mW
Operating temperature range SAL, PAL packages	0°C to +70°C
DA package	55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	65°C to +150°C
Lead temperature, 10 seconds	+260°C

CAUTION: ESD Sensitive Device. Use static control procedures in ESD controlled environment.

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A=25^{\circ}C~V_S=\pm2.5V~$ unless otherwise specified

			1726			1726G			Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Supply Voltage	V _S V+	±1.0 2.0		±5.0 10.0	±1.0 2.0		±5.0 10.0	V V	Dual Supply Single Supply
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}		.07	.15 0.6		.15	.35 1.0	mV mV	$\begin{aligned} R_S &\leq 100 K\Omega \\ 0^{\circ}C &\leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$
Input Offset Current	los		.01	10 240		.01	10 240	pA pA	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Input Bias Current	IB		.01	10 300		.01	10 600	pA pA	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Input Voltage Range	V _{IR}	-0.3 -2.8		5.3 2.8	-0.3 -2.8		5.3 2.8	V V	V+ = +5V V _S = ±2.5V
Input Resistance	R _{IN}		10 ¹⁴			10 ¹⁴		Ω	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCV _{OS}		7			7		μV/°C	R _S ≤ 100KΩ
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	65 65	80 80		60 60	80 80		dB dB	$\begin{aligned} R_S &\leq 100 K\Omega \\ 0^{\circ}C &\leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	65 65	83 83		60 60	83 83		dB dB	$R_S \le 100 K\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _V	32 20	100		32 20	100		V/ mV V/ mV	$R_L = 1M\Omega$ $R_L = 1M\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$
Output Voltage Range	V _O low V _O high	4.99	0.001 4.999	0.01	4.99	0.001 4.999	0.01	V V	$R_{L} = 1M\Omega$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +70^{\circ}C$
	V _O low V _O high	2.40	-2.48 2.48	-2.40	2.40	-2.48 2.40	-2.40	V V	$R_L = 100 \text{K}\Omega$ $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}\text{C}$
Output Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}		200			200		μА	
Supply Current	IS		25	40		25	50	μА	V _{IN} = 0V No Load
Power Dissipation	P _D			200			250	μW	V _S = ±2.5V
Input Capacitance	CIN		1			1		pF	
Bandwidth	BW		400			400		KHz	
Slew Rate	SR		.17			.17		V/μs	AV = +1 $RL = 1M\Omega$

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_S = \pm 2.5V$ unless otherwise specified (cont'd)

			1726			1726G			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Rise time	tr		1.0			1.0		μs	R _L = 1MΩ
Overshoot Factor			20			20		%	RL = $1M\Omega$, CL = $25pF$
Settling Time	t _S		10.0			10.0		μs	0.1% AV = 1, RL= 1MΩ CL = 25pF

$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_S = \pm 1.0V$ unless otherwise specified

			1726			1726G			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR		70			70		dB	$R_S \le 1M\Omega$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR		70			70		dB	$R_S \le 1M\Omega$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A _V		50			50		V/mV	R _L = 1MΩ
Output Voltage Range	V _O low V _O high	0.9	-0.95 0.95	-0.9	0.9	-0.95 0.95	-0.9	V	$R_L = 1M\Omega$
Bandwidth	B _W		0.3			0.3		MHz	
Slew Rate	S _R		0.17			0.17		V/μs	$A_V = +1, C_L = 50pF$

$V_S = \pm 2.5 V - 55^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		1726			1726G				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			1.0			2.0	mV	R _S ≤ 100KΩ
Input Offset Current	los			2.0			2.0	nA	
Input Bias Current	IB			2.0			2.0	nA	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	60	75		60	75		dB	R _S ≤1MΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	60	83		60	83		dB	R _S ≤1MΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Ay	15	50		15	50		V/mV	R _L = 1MΩ
Output Voltage Range	VO low	2.30	-2.40 2.40	-2.30	2.30	-2.40 2.40	-2.30	V V	R _L = 1MΩ

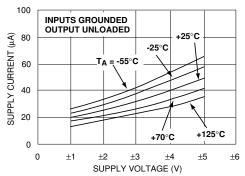
Design & Operating Notes:

- 1. The ALD1726/ALD1726G CMOS operational amplifier uses a 3 gain stage architecture and an improved frequency compensation scheme to achieve large voltage gain, high output driving capability, and better frequency stability. In a conventional CMOS operational amplifier design, compensation is achieved with a pole splitting capacitor together with a nulling resistor. This method is, however, very bias dependent and thus cannot accommodate the large range of supply voltage operation as is required from a stand alone CMOS operational amplifier. The ALD1726/ALD1726G is internally compensated for unity gain stability using a novel scheme that does not use a nulling resistor. This scheme produces a clean single pole roll off in the gain characteristics while providing for more than 70 degrees of phase margin at the unity gain frequency.
- 2. The ALD1726/ALD1726G has complementary p-channel and n-channel input differential stages connected in parallel to accomplish rail to rail input common mode voltage range. This means that with the ranges of common mode input voltage close to the power supplies, one of the two differential stages is switched off internally. To maintain compatibility with other operational amplifiers, this switching point has been selected to be about 1.5V below the positive supply voltage. Since offset voltage trimming on the ALD1726/ALD1726G is made when the input voltage is symmetrical to the supply voltages, this internal switching does not affect a large variety of applications such as an inverting amplifier or non-inverting amplifier with a gain larger than 2.5 (5V operation), where the common mode voltage does not make excursions below this switching point. The user should, however, be aware that this switching does take place if the operational amplifier is connected as a unity gain buffer and should make provision in his design to allow for input offset voltage variations.
- 3. The input bias and offset currents are essentially input protection diode reverse bias leakage currents, and are typically less than 1pA at room temperature. This low input bias current assures that the analog signal from the source will not be distorted by input bias currents. Normally, this extremely high input impedance of greater

- than $10^{12}\Omega$ would not be a problem as the source impedance would limit the node impedance. However, for applications where source impedance is very high, it may be necessary to limit noise and hum pickup through proper shielding.
- 4. The output stage consists of class AB complementary output drivers, capable of driving a low resistance load. The output voltage swing is limited by the drain to source on-resistance of the output transistors as determined by the bias circuitry, and the value of the load resistor. When connected in the voltage follower configuration, the oscillation resistant feature, combined with the rail to rail input and output feature, makes an effective analog signal buffer for medium to high source impedance sensors, transducers, and other circuit networks.
- 5. ALD1726/ALD1726G operational amplifier has been designed to provide full static discharge protection. Internally, the design has been carefully implemented to minimize latch up. However, care must be exercised when handling the device to avoid strong static fields that may degrade a diode junction, causing increased input leakage currents. In using the operational amplifier, the user is advised to power up the circuit before, or simultaneously with, any input voltages applied and to limit input voltages to not exceed 0.3V of the power supply voltage levels.
- 6. The ALD1726/ALD1726G, with its micropower operation, offers numerous benefits in reduced power supply requirements, less noise coupling and current spikes, less thermally induced drift, better overall reliability due to lower self heating, and lower input bias current. It requires practically no warm up time as the chip junction heats up to 0.1°C or less above ambient temperature under most operating conditions.
- The ALD1726/ALD1726G has an internal design architecture that provides robust high temperature operation. Contact factory for custom screening versions.

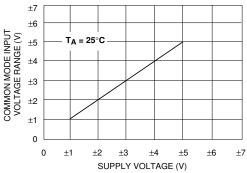
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE

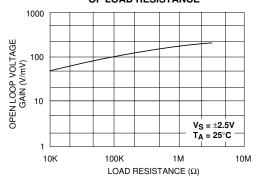


AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE

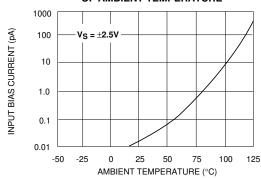
COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE



OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS AFUNCTION OF LOAD RESISTANCE

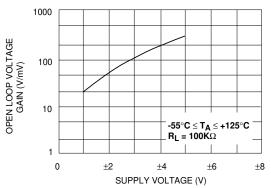


INPUT BIAS CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

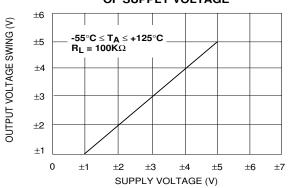


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

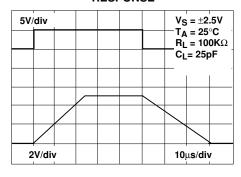
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND TEMPERATURE



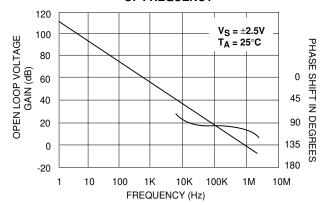
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



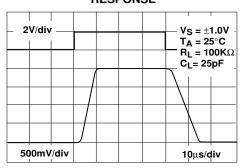
LARGE - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



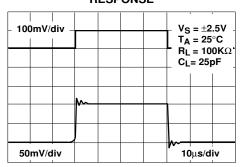
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



LARGE - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE



SMALL - SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE

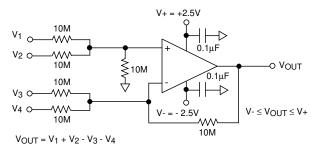


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE FOLLOWER/BUFFER

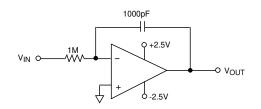
$Z_{IN} \cong 10^{12}\Omega$ 5V 0 0.1 μ F 0.1 μ F 0.1 μ F 0.5 V N 0 0.1 μ F 0.1

HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE RAIL-TO-RAIL PRECISION DC SUMMING AMPLIFIER

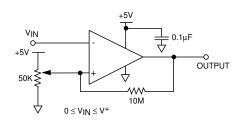


 $R_{IN} = 10M\Omega$ Accuracy limited by resistor tolerances and input offset voltage

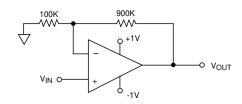
CHARGE INTEGRATOR



RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR



HIGH IMPEDANCE NON-INVERTING AMPLIFIER



WIEN BRIDGE OSCILLATOR

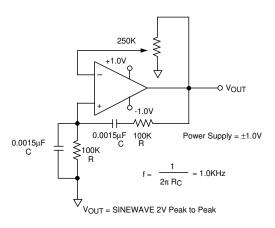
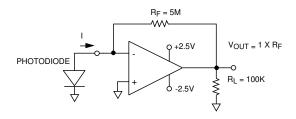
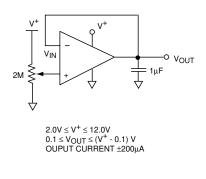


PHOTO DETECTOR CURRENT TO VOLTAGE CONVERTER

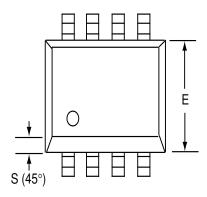


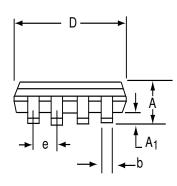
MICROPOWER BUFFERED VARIABLE VOLTAGE SOURCE



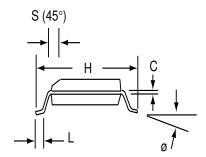
SOIC-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

8 Pin Plastic SOIC Package



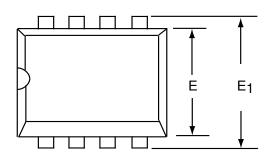


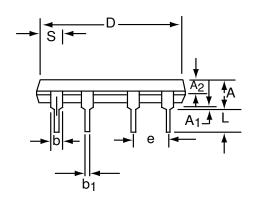
	Millim	neters	Inc	hes
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A ₁	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018
С	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010
D-8	4.69	5.00	0.185	0.196
E	3.50	4.05	0.140	0.160
е	1.27	BSC	0.050	BSC
н	5.70	6.30	0.224	0.248
L	0.60	0.937	0.024	0.037
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020



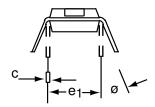
PDIP-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

8 Pin Plastic DIP Package



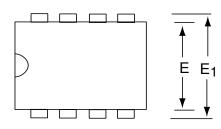


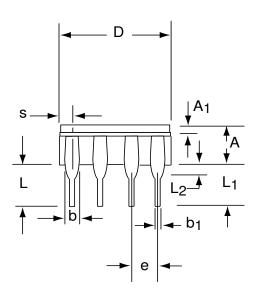
	Millin	neters	Inc	hes
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	3.81	5.08	0.105	0.200
A ₁	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
A ₂	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
b	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
b ₁	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
С	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D-8	9.40	11.68	0.370	0.460
E	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
E ₁	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
е	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e ₁	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
S-8	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080
Ø	0°	15°	0°	15°

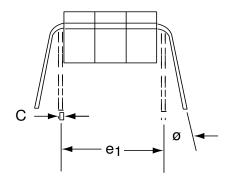


CERDIP-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

8 Pin CERDIP Package







	Millim	neters	Inc	hes	
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	3.55	5.08	0.140	0.200	
A ₁	1.27	2.16	0.050	0.085	
b	0.97	1.65	0.038	0.065	
b ₁	0.36	0.58	0.014	0.023	
С	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015	
D-8		10.29		0.405	
E	5.59	7.87	0.220	0.310	
E ₁	7.73	8.26	0.290	0.325	
е	2.54 E	BSC	0.100 BSC		
e ₁	7.62 E	BSC	0.300	BSC	
L	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200	
L ₁	3.18		0.125		
L ₂	0.38	1.78	0.015	0.070	
S		2.49		0.098	
Ø	0°	15°	0°	15°	