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# AON7506

### 30V N-Channel AlphaMOS

#### **General Description**

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (αMOS LV) technology
- Very Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> at 4.5V V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate ChargeHigh Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

#### **Application**

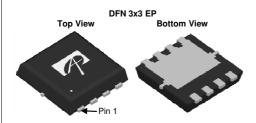
- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

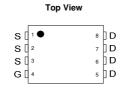
#### **Product Summary**

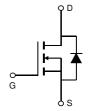
 $V_{\rm DS}$ 30V  $I_D$  (at  $V_{GS}=10V$ ) 12A  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS}\!\!=\!10V)$  $< 9.8 m\Omega$  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS}$ =4.5V) < 15.8 m $\Omega$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% R<sub>g</sub> Tested









Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25℃ unless otherwise noted								
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units				
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V				
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±20	V				
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	1	12					
Current G	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	I <sub>D</sub>	9.4	A				
Pulsed Drain Current C		I <sub>DM</sub>	48					
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	1	12	A				
Current <sup>G</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	IDSM	10.5	A				
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	20	Α				
Avalanche energy L=0.05mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	10	mJ				
V <sub>DS</sub> Spike	100ns	V <sub>SPIKE</sub>	36	V				
	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	В	20.5	W				
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	— P <sub>D</sub>	8	VV				
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	В	3.1	w				
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>DSM</sub>	2	T VV				
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	C				

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	$t \le 10s$ Steady-State $R_{\theta JA}$		30	40	℃/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD			60	75	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	5	6	℃/W		



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS										
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		30			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V				1	μА			
	Zoro date Voltage Brain Garrent		T <sub>J</sub> =55℃			5	μΛ			
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V				±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$		1.3	1.8	2.3	V			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10V$ , $I_D=12A$			8	9.8	mΩ			
			T <sub>J</sub> =125℃		11	13.5				
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_{D}$ =10A			13	15.8	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =12A			45		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.73	1	V			
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>					12	Α			
	PARAMETERS									
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz			542		pF			
Coss	Output Capacitance				233		pF			
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			31		pF				
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz		1	2	3	Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS									
$Q_g(10V)$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =12A			9	12.2	nC			
$Q_g(4.5V)$	Total Gate Charge				4.3	5.8	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				2.2		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				1.7		nC			
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime				4		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_{L}$ =1.25 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			3.5		ns			
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime				18		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				3		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =12A, dI/dt=500A/μs			9.7		ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F$ =12A, dI/dt=500A/ $\mu$ s			11.5		nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1 in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta,JA}$   $t \le 10s$  value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^{\circ}$  C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C.

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

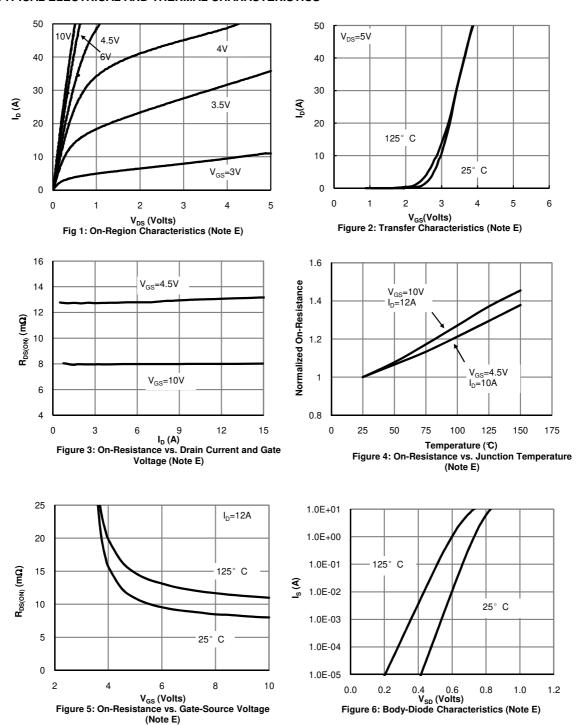
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25° C.



#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





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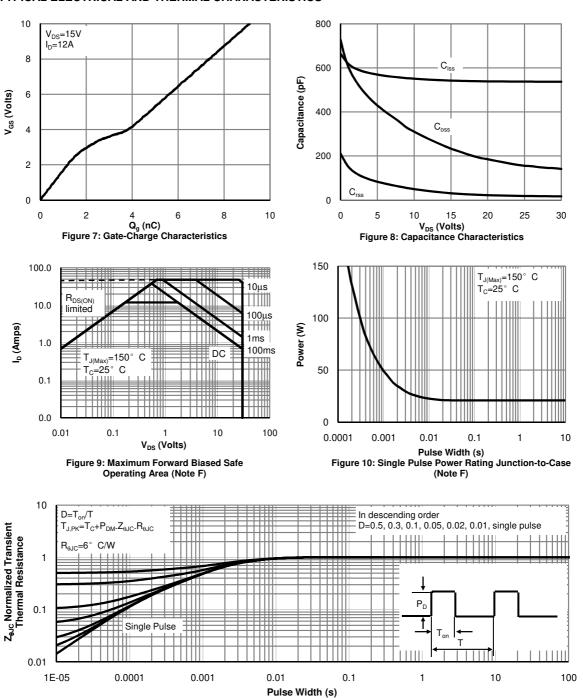
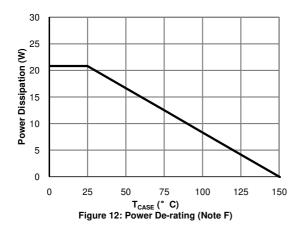
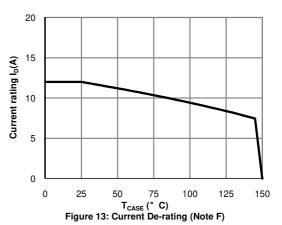


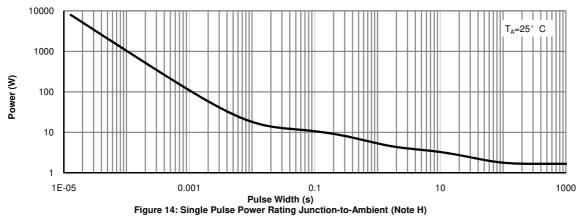
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

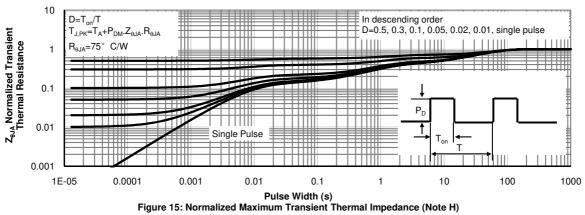


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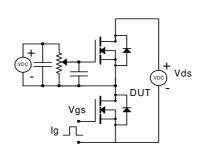


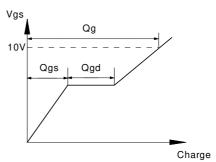




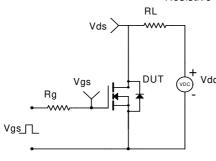


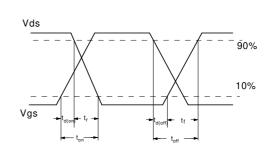
#### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



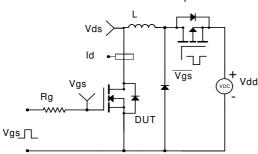


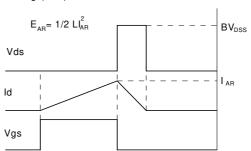
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

