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Features

- High efficiency synchronous step-down converter with greater than 94%
- Current Mode Operation for faster transient response and better loop stabilization
- 2.5V to 5.5V operating input voltage range
- Adjustable output voltage range from 0.8V to V_{IN}
- Fixed output voltage options: 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V
- Up to 800mA output current
- High efficiency over a wide range of load currents
- PWM operation mode
- Internal soft-start function
- Typical quiescent current of 150μA
- MSOP-10L: Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Lead Free Finish/ RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

General Description

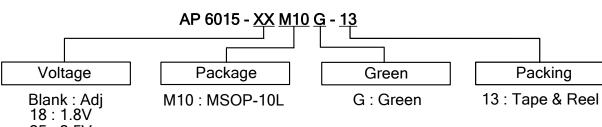
The AP6015 is the first device in a family of low-noise current mode synchronous step-down DC-DC converters. It is ideally suited for systems powered by either a 1-cell Li-ion battery or a 2-to 3-cell NiCd/ NiMH/ Alkaline battery.

The AP6015 is a synchronous PWM converter with integrated N- and P-channel power MOSFET switches. Compared to the asynchronous topology, synchronous rectification offers the benefits of higher efficiency and reduced component count. The high operating frequency of 1MHz allows small inductor and capacitor to be used. This results in small pcb area. During shut-down, the standby current drops to 1 μ A or less. The AP6015 is available in the 10-pin MSOP package. It operates over a free-air temperature range of -40°C to 85°C.

Applications

- Mobile Handsets
- PDAs, Ultra Mobile PCs
- Portable Media Players, Digital Still/Video Cameras
- USB-based DSL Modems
- LAN/WLAN/WPAN/WWAN Modules

Ordering Information



25 : 2.5V 33 : 3.3V

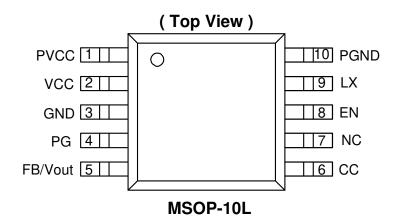
| Device | Package | Packaging | 13" Tape and Reel | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| Device | Code | (Note 2) | Quantity | Part Number Suffix | |
| Pb, AP6015-XXM10G-13 | M10 | MSOP-10L | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 | |

lotes: 1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied, see EU Directive 2002/95/EC Annex Notes.

 Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.



Pin Assignment

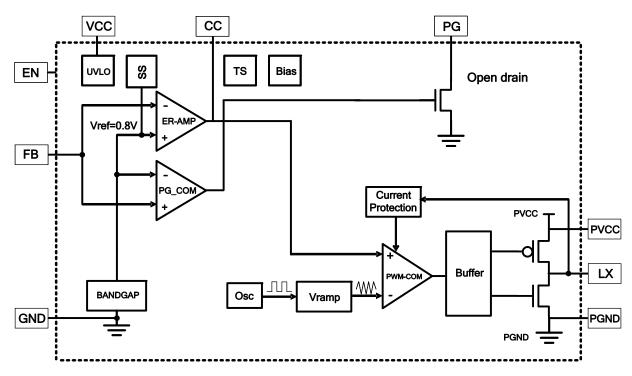


Pin Descriptions

| Pin Name | Pin NO. | I/O | Description | | |
|----------|---------|-----|--|--|--|
| PVCC | 1 | I | Supply voltage input | | |
| VCC | 2 | | upply bypass pin. A $1\mu F$ coupling capacitor should be connected as close possible to this pin. | | |
| GND | 3 | | Ground | | |
| PG | 4 | 0 | Power good comparator output. A pull-up resistor should be connected between PG and V_{o} . | | |
| FB | 5 | I | eedback pin for the fixed output voltage option. | | |
| CC | 6 | I | compensation pin | | |
| NC | 7 | NC | No connect | | |
| EN | 8 | I | Enable.Pin, H: Enable. L:shutdown | | |
| LX | 9 | I/O | Connect the inductor to this pin. | | |
| PGND | 10 | | Power ground | | |



Block Diagram



Notes: 3. The adjustable output voltage version does not use the internal feedback resistor divider. The FB pin is directly connected to the error amplifier.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Rating | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| ESD HBM | Human Body Model ESD Protection | 2.5 | KV |
| ESD MM | Machine Model ESD Protection | 300 | V |
| PVCC, VCC | Supply Voltage | -0.3 to +5.5 | V |
| | Voltages on pins EN, CC, PG, FB, LX | -0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3 | V |
| $T_{J(MAX)}$ | Maximum Junction Temperature Range | +150 | °C |
| T _{ST} | Storage temperature range | -65 to +150 | °C |
| T _{OP} | Operating Junction Temperature Range | -40 to +125 | °C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods ma affect device reliability.



Recommended Operating Conditions (T_A:-40~85°C)

| Symbol | Parameter | Rating | Unit |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|------|
| T _A | Operating Ambient Temperature Range | -40 to +85 | °C |
| V_{IN} | Supply Voltage | 2.0 to 5.5 | V |
| Vo | Output voltage range for adjustable output voltage version | $0.8 \text{ to } V_1$ | V |
| L | Inductor (see Note 4) | 3.3 | μΗ |
| Ci | Input capacitor (see Note 4) | 10 | μF |
| Co | Output capacitor (see Note 4) V _o ≥ 1.8V | 10 | μF |

Notes: 4. Refer to application section for further information.

Electrical Characteristics (T_A =25°C)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_1 =3.6V, V_0 =2.5V, I_0 =300mA, EN= V_{IN} . (unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter Parameter | | Conditions | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Supply cur | rent | | | | | | |
| | | -20 to 85 °C | I _O = 0mA to 800mA | 2.5 | - | 5.5 | V |
| W | Input Voltage range | -20 to 85 C | I _O = 0mA to 500mA | 2 | - | 5.5 | |
| V_{IN} | Input Voltage range | -40 to 85 °C | I _O = 0mA to 600mA | 2.5 | | 5.5 | |
| | | | I _O = 0mA to 400mA | 2 | - | - | |
| Iccq | Operating quiescent current | | I _O = 0mA | - | 150 | - | μΑ |
| I _{STBY} | Standby current | | EN= GND | - | 0.1 | 1 | μΑ |
| Enable | | | | | | | |
| V ENILISIS Israelis and college | | | V _{IN} ≤ 3V | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| V_{IH} | EN high-level input voltage | | V _{IN} > 3V | 2.5 | - | - | |
| V _{IL} | EN low-level input voltage | | | - | - | 0.7 | ٧ |
| IL | EN input leakage current | | EN= GND or V _{IN} | - | 0.01 | 0.1 | μA |
| V _(UVLO) | Under-voltage-lockout-threshold | | | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.95 | V |



Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_1 =3.6V, V_0 =2.5V, I_0 =300 mA, EN= V_1 N. (unless otherwise noted)

| | | ameter | (_I =3.6V, V _O =2.5V, I _O =300 mA, EN=V _{IN} . | Min | | Max | Unit | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Symbol | | | Conditions | IVIII | Тур. | wax | Unit | |
| Power swi | tch and current li | mit | N. V. 00V. L000 A | | | 440 | | |
| | P-channel MOS | FET on-resistance | V _I =V _{GS} =3.6V; I=200mA | 200 | 280 | 410 | mΩ | |
| | | | V _I =V _{GS} =2V; I=200mA | - | 480 | - | | |
| R _{DS(on)} | P-channel leaka | ige current | V _{DS} =5.5V | - | - | 1 | μΑ | |
| 20(011) | N-channel MOS | FET on-resistance | V _I =V _{GS} =3.6V; I _O =200mA | 200 | 280 | 410 | mΩ | |
| | | | V _I =V _{GS} =2V; I _O =200mA | - | 500 | - | | |
| | N-channel leaka | | V _{DS} =5.5V | - | - | 1 | μA | |
| I _(LIM) | P-channel curre | | 2.5V≤V _I ≤5.5V | 1200 | - | 1600 | mA | |
| Power goo | od output (see No | ote 5) | T | 000/ | 000/ | 0.407 | | |
| ., | Power good three | eshold | Feedback voltage falling | 88% | 92% | 94% | , , , | |
| $V_{(PG)}$ | _ | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Vo | V ₀ | Vo | V | |
| | Power good hys | steresis | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | | 2.5% V ₀ |) | | |
| V_{OL} | PG output low v | | $V_{(FB)}$ =0.8× V_{O} nominal; $I_{(sink)}$ =10 μ A | - | - | 0.3 | V | |
| I_{LKG} | PG output leaka | | V _(FB) =V _O nominal | | 0.01 | 1 | μΑ | |
| | Minimum suppl | y voltage for valid | | 1.2 | | | ٧ | |
| | power good sign | nal | | 1.2 | _ | _ | V | |
| Oscillator | | | | | | | | |
| Fs | Oscillator frequency | | | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | KHz | |
| Output | | | | | | | | |
| Vo | | ut voltage range | | 0.8 | | 5.5 | V | |
| V_{REF} | Reference volta | | | 0.784 | 0.8 | 0.816 | ٧ | |
| | Fixed output voltage (see Note 6) | AP6015-Adj | V _I =2.5V to 5.5V; | 00/ | | 40/ | | |
| | | AP6015-1.8V | 0mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA | -3% | - | 4% | V | |
| | | | 10mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA | -3% | - | 3% | | |
| | | AP6015-2.5V | V ₁ =2.7V to 5.5V; | | - | 3% | | |
| Vo | | | $ V_1 = 2.7 \text{ V (0 5.5 V)}$ $ 0\text{mA} \le I_0 \le 800\text{mA}$ | -3% | - | 4% | | |
| | | | | -3% | | 00/ | | |
| | | AP6015-3.3V | 10mA ≤ I ₀ ≤ 800mA | -3% | - | 3% | | |
| | | | V ₁ =3.6V to 5.5V; | -3% | - | 4% | | |
| | | | 0mA ≤ I ₀ ≤ 800mA | -3% | | 00/ | | |
| | | | 10mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA | -3% | - | 3% | | |
| | Line regulation | | $V_I = V_O + 0.5V \text{ (min.2V)}$ | 0.3 | | | %/V | |
| | End regulation | | to 6.0V; I _O =10mA | J | | 70/ 1 | | |
| | Load regulation | | V _I =5.0V; | | 0.8 | | % | |
| | | | I _O =10mA to 800mA | | | | | |
| η | Efficiency | | V _I =5V; V _O =3.3V; I _O =300mA V _I =3.6V; V _O =2.5V; I _O =200mA | 94 | | % | | |
| | Start-up time | | I _O =0mA, time from active EN to V _O | 0.4 | 1 | 4 | ms | |
| θЈА | Thermal Resista | | MSOP-10L (Note 7) | | 161 | | °C/W | |
| θ _{JC} | Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case | | MSOP-10L (Note 7) | | 39 | | °C/W | |

lotes: 5. Power good is not valid for the first 100µs after EN goes high. Please refer to the application section for more information.

6. The output voltage accuracy includes line and load regulation over the full temperature range.

7. Test condition for MSOP-10L: Device mounted on 2oz copper, minimum recommended pad layout on top & bottom layer with thermal vias, double sided FR-4 PCB

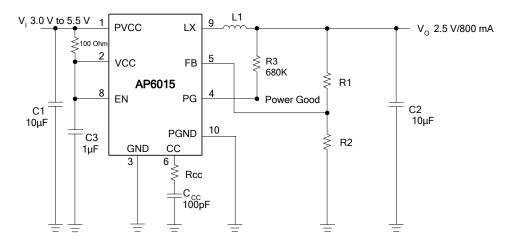


Typical Application Circuit

For best transient response we suggest that R_{CC}, C_{CC} and L1 values as below.

| | R _{cc} | $C_{\mathtt{cc}}$ | L1-WURTH | C1, C2 (MLCC) |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------|---------------|
| $V_{IN} < 3.0V, V_{OUT} < 2.5V$ | 200ΚΩ | 33PF | 1.8µH | 10μF |
| $V_{IN} \ge 3.0V, V_{OUT} < 2.5V$ | 68ΚΩ | 100PF | 1.8µH | 10μF |
| $V_{\text{IN}} \ge 3.0 V, \ V_{\text{OUT}} \ge 2.5 V$ | 82ΚΩ | 100PF | 3.3µH | 10μF |

(1) ADJ Output

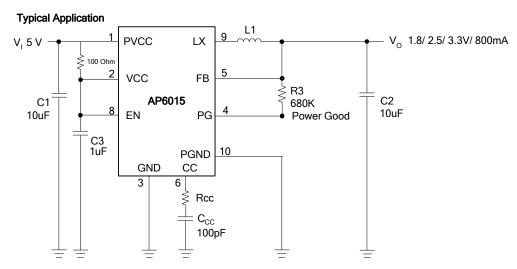


R2: Suggest to be 39K~100K because of stability reasons.

$$V_O = V_{REF} \times (1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2})$$

Typical Application Circuit for Adjustable Output Voltage Option

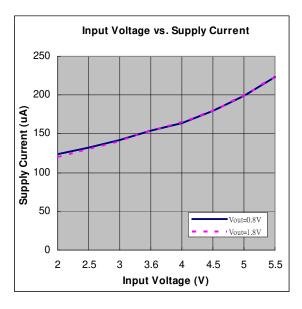
(2) FIXED Output



Standard 5 V to 1.8/2.5/3.3V/800mA Conversion; High Efficiency



Typical Operating Characteristics



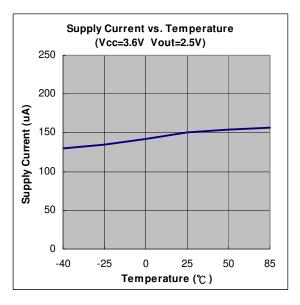


Figure 1

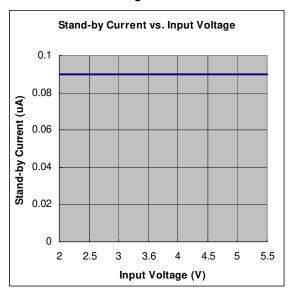


Figure 2

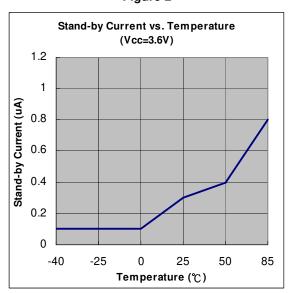
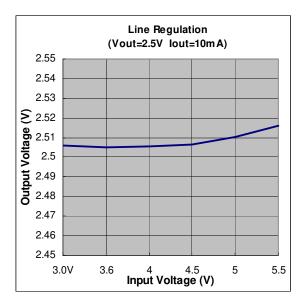


Figure 3 Figure 4





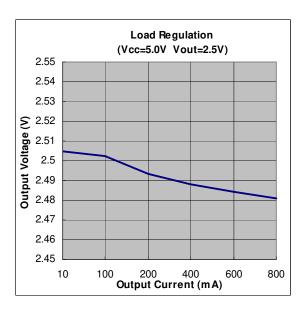


Figure 5

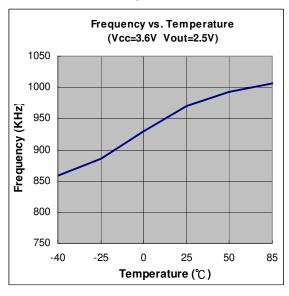


Figure 6

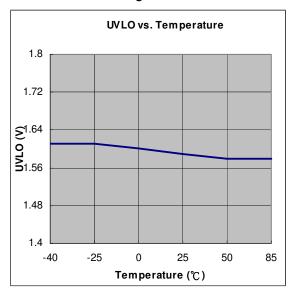


Figure 7 Figure 8



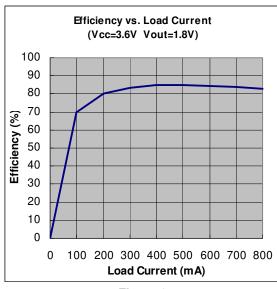


Figure 9

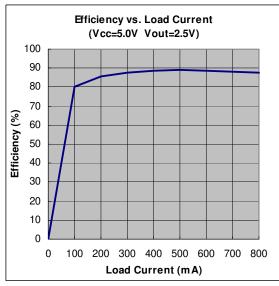


Figure 11

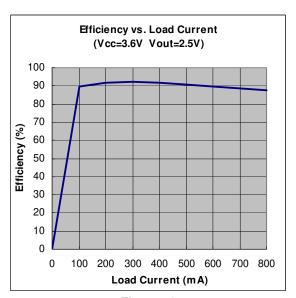


Figure 10

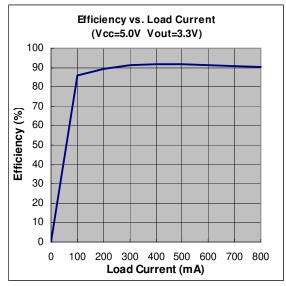
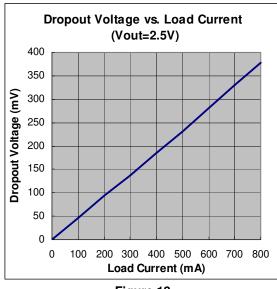


Figure 12





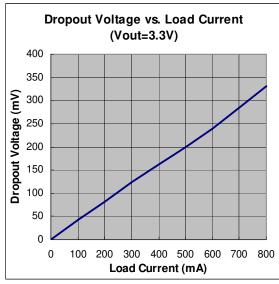
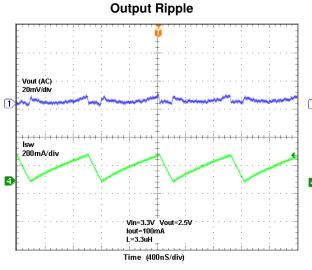


Figure 13

Figure 14



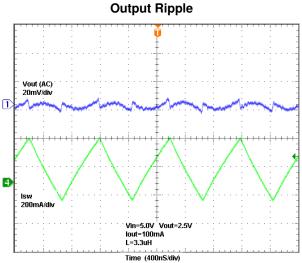
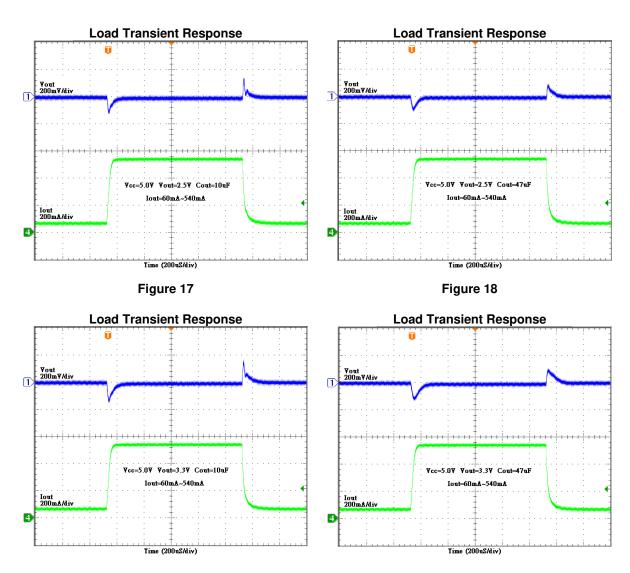


Figure 15 Figure 16







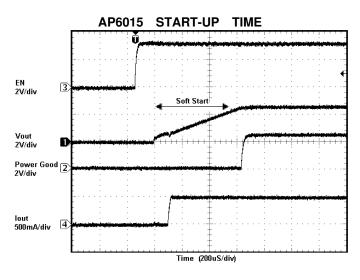
Application Information

■ Enable (EN)

When EN is on logic low, the AP6015 goes into shutdown mode. In shutdown, all other functions are turned off. The supply current is reduced to 1uA (Typ.).

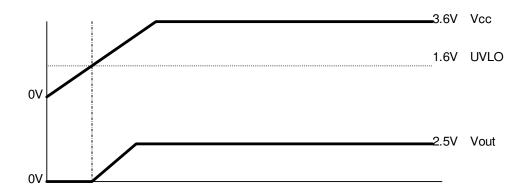
Soft Start

As the enable pin goes high, the soft-start function generates an internal voltage ramp. This causes the start-up current to slowly raise preventing output voltage overshoot and high inrush currents. The soft-start duration is typical 1mSec.



■ Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO)

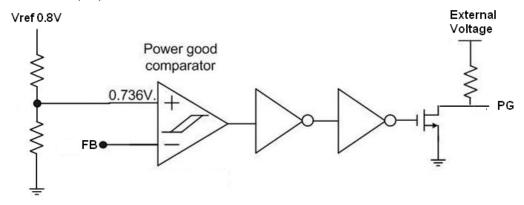
The UVLO prevents the converter from turning on when the voltage on V_{CC} is less than typically 1.6V.





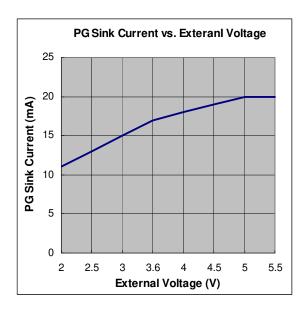
Application Information (Continued)

■ Power Good (PG)



The PG comparator has an open drain output capable of sinking typically 10mA. The PG is only active when the AP6015 is enable (EN=high). When the AP6015 is disable (EN=low), the PG pin is high impedance. If the PG pin is connected to the output of the AP6015 with a pull-up resistor, no initial spike occurs and precautions have to be taken during start-up.

The PG pin becomes active high when the output voltage exceeds typically 92% of its nominal value. Leave the PG pin unconnected when not used.





Application Information (Continued)

■ Inductor Selection

In order to avoid saturation of the inductor, the inductor should be rated at least for the maximum output current plus the inductor ripple current which is calculated as:

$$\Delta I_L = V_O \times \frac{1 - (\frac{V_O}{V_{CC}})}{L \times f} \qquad I_{L(MAX)} = I_{O(MAX)} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

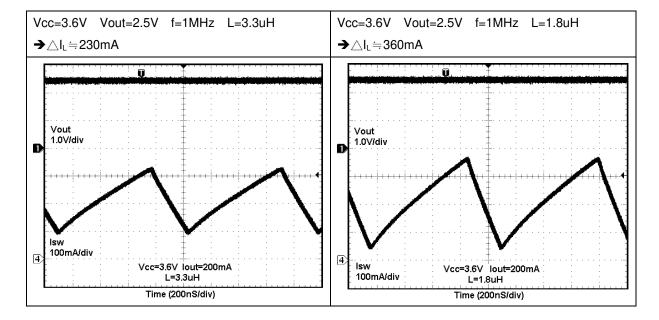
Where:

f= Switching frequency (1MHz typical)

L = Inductor value

 $\triangle I_L$ = Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current

 $I_{L}(max) = Maximum inductor current$





Application Information (Continued)

■ Input Capacitor Selection

Though there is no special requirement for the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) of the input capacitor, due attention should be paid to the tolerance and temperature coefficient of the capacitor used. A 10uF or larger capacitance is required between the PVCC and the GND pins. The input capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the PVCC pin in order to achieve good overall system performance.

Output Capacitor Selection

Ripple at the voltage output pin is caused by the charge-and-discharge of the output capacitor. For the best performance, a low ESR output capacitor should be used. The equation below demonstrates how the size of the ripple can be calculated.

$$\Delta V_o = V_o \times \frac{1 - (\frac{V_o}{V_{CC}})}{L \times f} \times (\frac{1}{8 \times C_o \times f} + ESR) = \Delta I_L \times (\frac{1}{8 \times C_o \times f} + ESR)$$

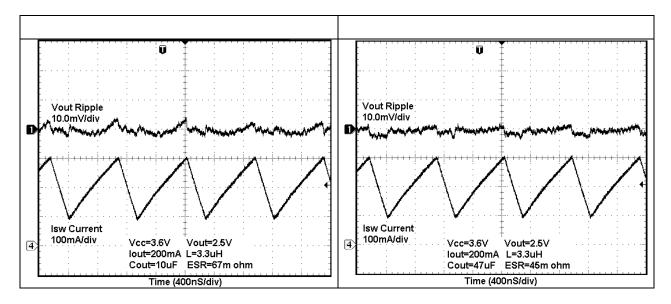
Where:

△Vo= Output voltage ripple

L = Inductor value

f = Switching frequency (1MHz typical)

 $\triangle I_L$ = Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current

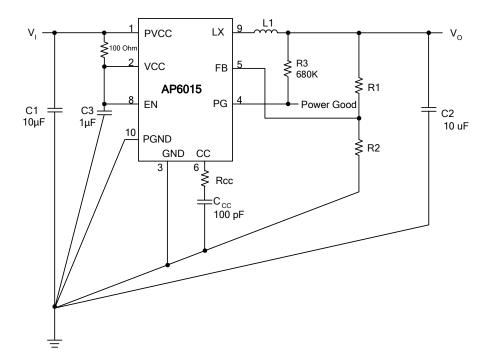




Application Information (Continued)

■ Layout Considerations

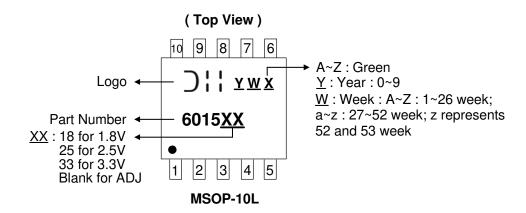
A good board layout practice can significantly improve the stability of the application circuit and reduce the system noise. The feedback path must be as short as possible. The input capacitor and bypass capacitor must be placed close to the PVCC and the VCC pins for optimal performance. It is recommended that the ground planes for System Ground / Power Ground / Analog Ground are isolated from each others, while they should all be joined together at a common point. An example drawing of a circuit with good ground noise performance is shown below.



The external inductor must be placed as close as possible to the switching node, i.e. the LX pin. The copper traces on the pcb, where high peak switching current may flow through, should be kept 'wide' and 'short'. This results in low inductance and capacitance in the current path, hence ground shift problem is avoided and system stability stay within bound.

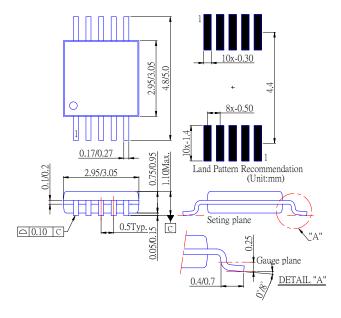


Marking Information



Package Information (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package type: MSOP-10L





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