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With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation, and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

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## Super Junction MOSFET

- Ultra Low $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$
- Low Miller Capacitance
- Ultra Low Gate Charge, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{g}}$

- Avalanche Energy Rated
- Extreme ${ }^{\mathbf{d v} / \mathrm{dt}}$ Rated
- Dual die (parallel)
- Popular T-MAX Package


Unless stated otherwise, Microsemi discrete MOSFETs contain a single MOSFET die. This device is made with
two parallel MOSFET die. It is intended for switch-mode operation. It is not suitable for linear mode operation.
MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | APT36N90BC3G | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DSS }}$ | Drain-Source Voltage | 900 | Volts |
| $I_{\text {D }}$ | Continuous Drain Current @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 36 | Amps |
|  | Continuous Drain Current @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 23 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DM }}$ | Pulsed Drain Current ${ }^{1}$ | 96 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS }}$ | Gate-Source Voltage Continuous | $\pm 20$ | Volts |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Total Power Dissipation @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 390 | Watts |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}, \mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | -55 to 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| T ${ }_{\text {L }}$ | Lead Temperature: 0.063 from Case for 10 Sec. | 260 |  |
| $\mathrm{dv} / \mathrm{dt}$ | Drain-Source Voltage slope ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=36 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 50 | V/ns |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {AR }}$ | Avalanche Current ${ }^{2}$ | 8.8 | Amps |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {AR }}$ | Repetitive Avalanche Energy ${ }^{2} \quad(\mathrm{Id}=8.8 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{Vdd}=50 \mathrm{~V})$ | 2.9 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {AS }}$ | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ( $\mathrm{Id}=8.8 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{Vdd}=50 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 1940 |  |

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic / Test Conditions | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{BV}_{(\mathrm{DSS})}$ | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=250 \mu \mathrm{~A}\right)$ | 900 |  |  | Volts |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{on})}$ | Drain-Source On-State Resistance ${ }^{3}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=18 \mathrm{~A}\right)$ |  | 0.10 | 0.12 | Ohms |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DSS}}$ | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=900 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=900 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | - | 50 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GSS}}$ | Gate-Source Leakage Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}(\mathrm{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=2.9 \mathrm{~mA}\right)$ | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | Volts |

TAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

| Symbol | Characteristic | Test Conditions | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {iss }}$ | Input Capacitance | $\begin{gathered} V_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ V_{D S}=25 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ |  | 7463 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {oss }}$ | Output Capacitance |  |  | 6827 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {rss }}$ | Reverse Transfer Capacitance |  |  | 167 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | Total Gate Charge ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} V_{G S}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ V_{D D}=450 \mathrm{~V} \\ I_{D}=36 \mathrm{~A} @ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | 252 |  | nC |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gs}}$ | Gate-Source Charge |  |  | 38 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gd}}$ | Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge |  |  | 112 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {d }}$ (on) | Turn-on Delay Time | INDUCTIVE SWITCHING |  | 70 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Rise Time | $\begin{gathered} V_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ V_{D D}=600 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=36 \mathrm{~A} @ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ R_{G}=4.3 \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 20 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d} \text { (off) }}$ | Turn-off Delay Time |  |  | 400 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | Fall Time |  |  | 25 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {on }}$ | Turn-on Switching Energy ${ }^{5}$ | INDUCTIVE SWITCHING @ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$$\begin{gathered} V_{D D}=600 \mathrm{~V}, V_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=36 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.3 \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 1500 |  | $\mu \mathrm{J}$ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {off }}$ | Turn-off Switching Energy |  |  | 750 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {on }}$ | Turn-on Switching Energy ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { INDUCTIVE SWITCHING @ } 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ V_{D D}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=36 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.3 \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 2130 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {off }}$ | Turn-off Switching Energy |  |  | 867 |  |  |

SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic / Test Conditions |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I_{S}$ | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) |  |  | 36 |  | Amps |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SM }}$ | Pulsed Source Current ${ }^{1}$ (Body Diode) |  |  | 96 |  |  |
| $V_{\text {SD }}$ | Diode Forward Voltage ${ }^{3}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=18 \mathrm{~A}\right)$ |  |  | 0.8 | 1.2 | Volts |
| ${ }^{\text {dv }} /{ }_{\text {dt }}$ |  |  |  |  | 10 | V/ns |
| $t_{\text {rr }}$ | Reverse Recovery Time$\left(I_{\mathrm{S}}=-36 \mathrm{~A},{ }^{\mathrm{di}} /{ }_{\mathrm{dt}}=100 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}\right)$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 930 |  | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1230 |  |  |
| $Q_{\text {rr }}$ | Reverse Recovery Charge$\left(I_{S}=-36 A,{ }^{d i} /{ }_{d t}=100 A / \mu s\right)$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 35 |  | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 44 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {RRM }}$ | Peak Recovery Current$\left(I_{S}=-36 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{dt}}=100 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{\mu s}\right)$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 70 |  | Amps |
|  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 68 |  |  |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $R_{\text {日JC }}$ | Junction to Case |  |  | 0.3 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $R_{\text {ӨJA }}$ | Junction to Ambient |  |  | 31 |  |


| 1 Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| temperature | 4 See MIL-STD- 750 Method 3471 |
| 2 Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can | 5 Eon includes diode reverse recovery. |
| be calculated as $P_{A V}=E_{A R}{ }^{* f}$. Pulse width tp limited by Tj max. | 6 Maximum $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ diode commutation speed $=$ di/dt $600 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| 3 Pulse Test: Pulse width < $380 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, Duty Cycle < $2 \%$ |  |

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.


Typical Performance Curves




FIGURE 6, Breakdown Voltage vs Temperature


FIGURE 8, Threshold Voltage vs Temperature

APT36N90BC3G


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics


FIGURE 5, Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature


$V_{\text {DS }}$, DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE (V)
FIGURE 9, Maximum Safe Operating Area

Typical Performance Curves


FIGURE 10, Capacitance vs Drain-To-Source Voltage



FIGURE 14, Rise and Fall Times vs Current


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy vs Gate Resistance


FIGURE 11, Gate Charges vs Gate-To-Source Voltage


FIGURE 13, Delay Times vs Current


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy vs Current

Typical Performance Curves


Figure 17，Turn－on Switching Waveforms and Definitions


Figure 18，Turn－off Switching Waveforms and Definitions


Figure 19，Inductive Switching Test Circuit


Dimensions in Millimeters and（Inches）

