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SUMMARY

Features

- High Performance, Low Power Atmel® AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 135 Powerful Instructions – Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16MHz
 - On-Chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- High Endurance Non-volatile Memory Segments
 - 64K/128K/256KBytes of In-System Self-Programmable Flash
 - 4Kbytes EEPROM
 - 8Kbytes Internal SRAM
 - Write/Erase Cycles: 10,000 Flash/100,000 EEPROM
 - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C/ 100 years at 25°C
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits
 - In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program
 - True Read-While-Write Operation
 - Programming Lock for Software Security
 - Endurance: Up to 64Kbytes Optional External Memory Space
- Atmel® QTouch® library support
 - Capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels
 - QTouch and QMatrix acquisition
 - Up to 64 sense channels
- JTAG (IEEE® std. 1149.1 compliant) Interface
 - Boundary-scan Capabilities According to the JTAG Standard
 - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
 - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses, and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- Peripheral Features
 - Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode
 - Four 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare- and Capture Mode
 - Real Time Counter with Separate Oscillator
 - Four 8-bit PWM Channels
 - Six/Twelve PWM Channels with Programmable Resolution from 2 to 16 Bits (ATmega1281/2561, ATmega640/1280/2560)
 - Output Compare Modulator
 - 8/16-channel, 10-bit ADC (ATmega1281/2561, ATmega640/1280/2560)
 - Two/Four Programmable Serial USART (ATmega1281/2561, ATmega640/1280/2560)
 - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
 - Byte Oriented 2-wire Serial Interface
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
 - Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal Calibrated Oscillator
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
- I/O and Packages
 - 54/86 Programmable I/O Lines (ATmega1281/2561, ATmega640/1280/2560)
 - 64-pad QFN/MLF, 64-lead TQFP (ATmega1281/2561)
 - 100-lead TQFP, 100-ball CBGA (ATmega640/1280/2560)
 - RoHS/Fully Green
- Temperature Range:
 - -40°C to 85°C Industrial
- Ultra-Low Power Consumption
 - Active Mode: 1MHz, 1.8V: 500µA
 - Power-down Mode: 0.1µA at 1.8V
- Speed Grade:
 - ATmega640V/ATmega1280V/ATmega1281V:
 - 0 - 4MHz @ 1.8V - 5.5V, 0 - 8MHz @ 2.7V - 5.5V
 - ATmega2560V/ATmega2561V:
 - 0 - 2MHz @ 1.8V - 5.5V, 0 - 8MHz @ 2.7V - 5.5V
 - ATmega640/ATmega1280/ATmega1281:
 - 0 - 8MHz @ 2.7V - 5.5V, 0 - 16MHz @ 4.5V - 5.5V
 - ATmega2560/ATmega2561:
 - 0 - 16MHz @ 4.5V - 5.5V

1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. TQFP-pinout ATmega640/1280/2560

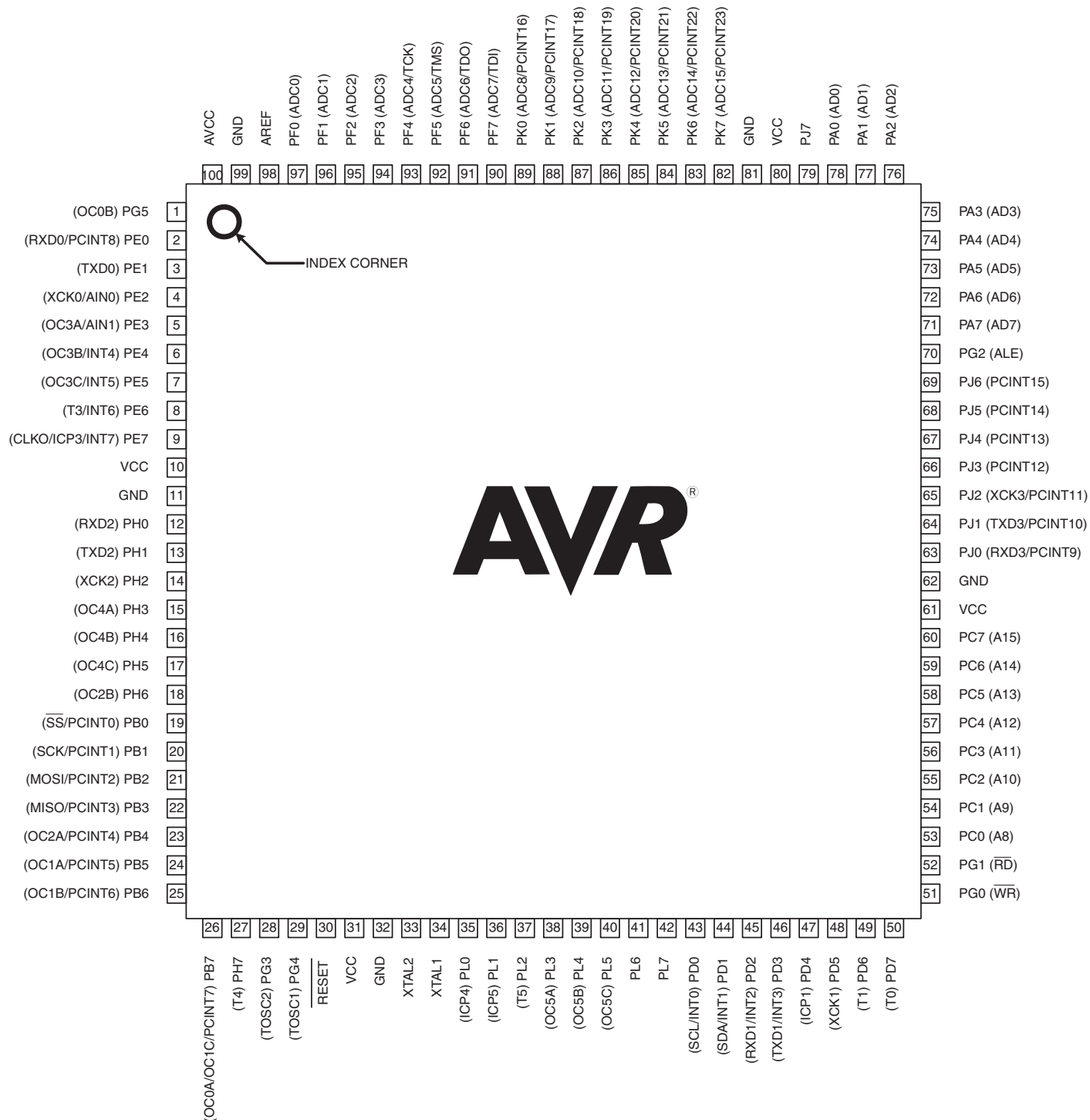


Figure 1-2. CBGA-pinout ATmega640/1280/2560

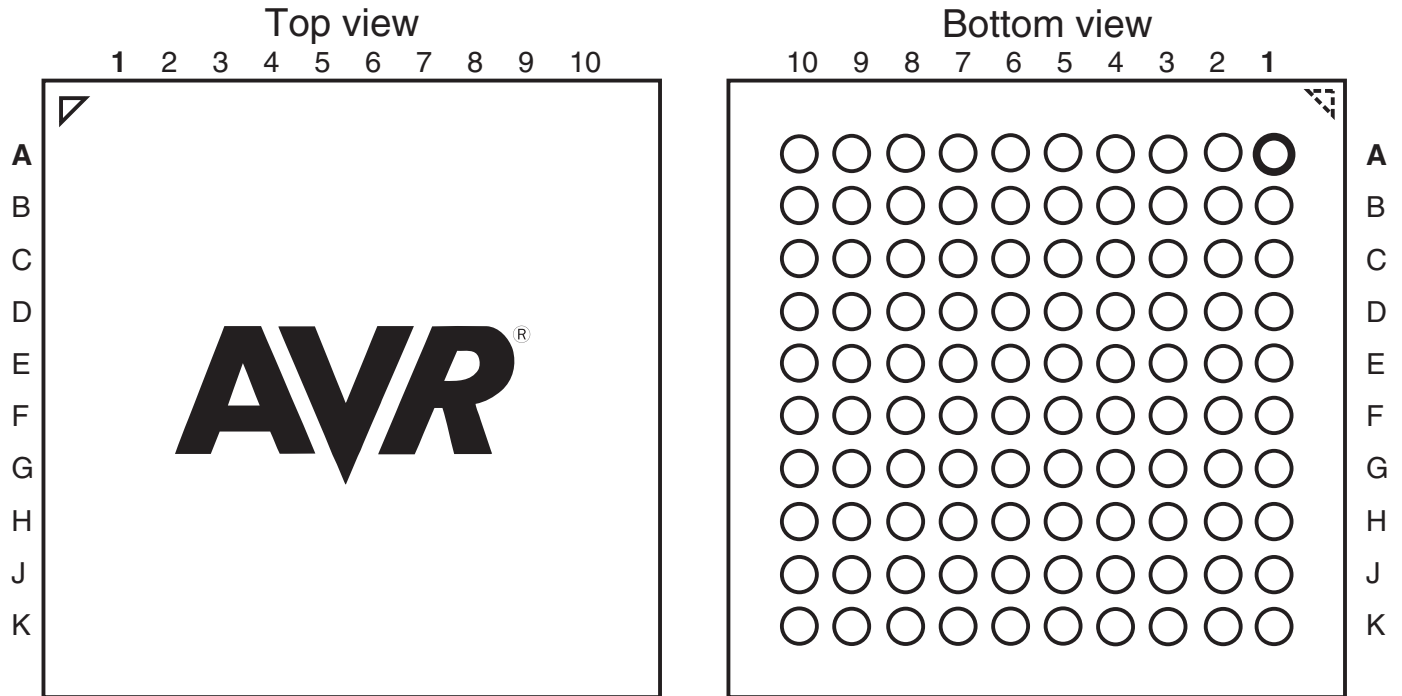
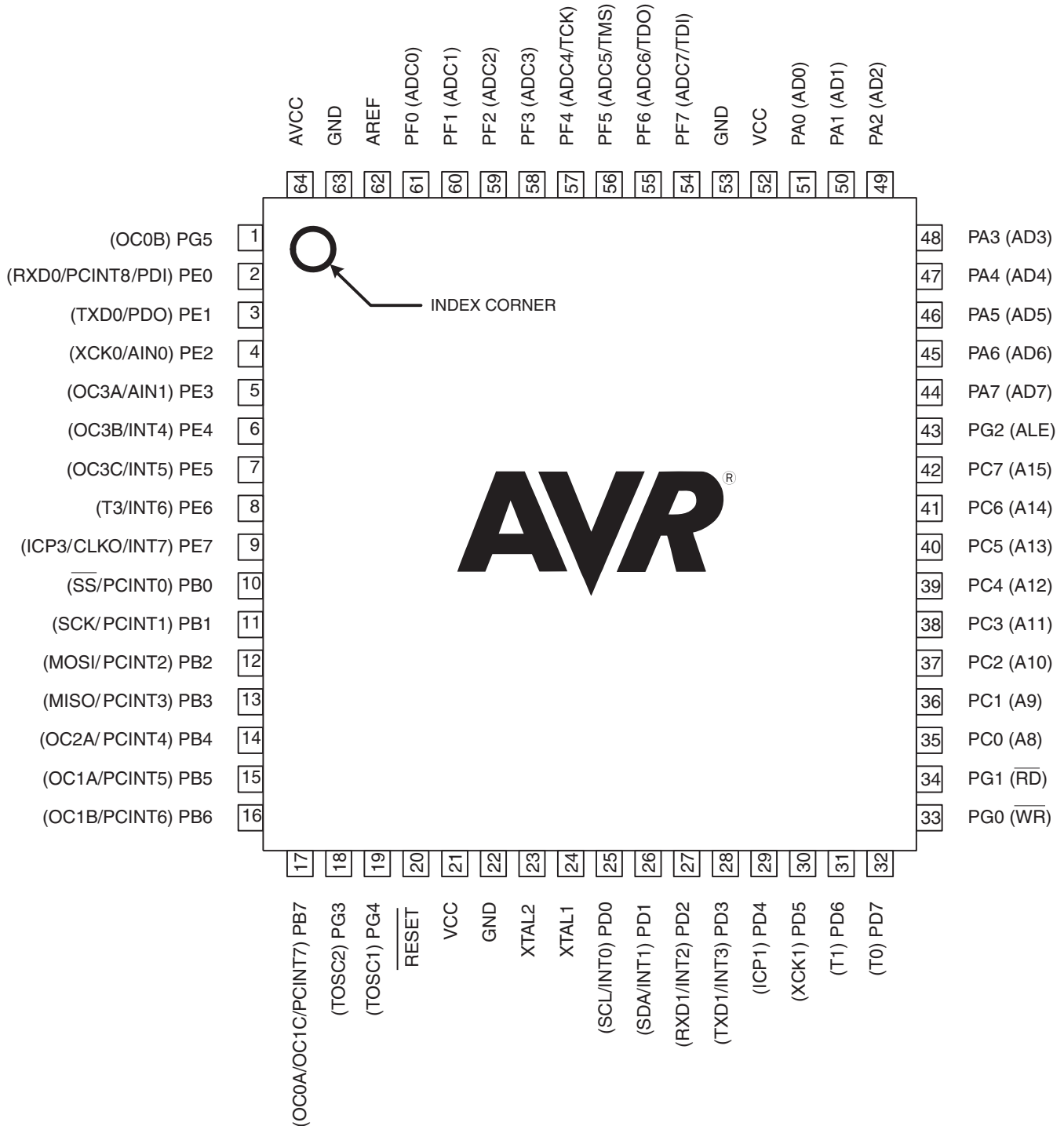


Table 1-1. CBGA-pinout ATmega640/1280/2560

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	GND	AREF	PF0	PF2	PF5	PK0	PK3	PK6	GND	VCC
B	AVCC	PG5	PF1	PF3	PF6	PK1	PK4	PK7	PA0	PA2
C	PE2	PE0	PE1	PF4	PF7	PK2	PK5	PJ7	PA1	PA3
D	PE3	PE4	PE5	PE6	PH2	PA4	PA5	PA6	PA7	PG2
E	PE7	PH0	PH1	PH3	PH5	PJ6	PJ5	PJ4	PJ3	PJ2
F	VCC	PH4	PH6	PB0	PL4	PD1	PJ1	PJ0	PC7	GND
G	GND	PB1	PB2	PB5	PL2	PD0	PD5	PC5	PC6	VCC
H	PB3	PB4	RESET	PL1	PL3	PL7	PD4	PC4	PC3	PC2
J	PH7	PG3	PB6	PL0	XTAL2	PL6	PD3	PC1	PC0	PG1
K	PB7	PG4	VCC	GND	XTAL1	PL5	PD2	PD6	PD7	PG0

Note: The functions for each pin is the same as for the 100 pin packages shown in [Figure 1-1 on page 2](#).

Figure 1-3. Pinout ATmega1281/2561



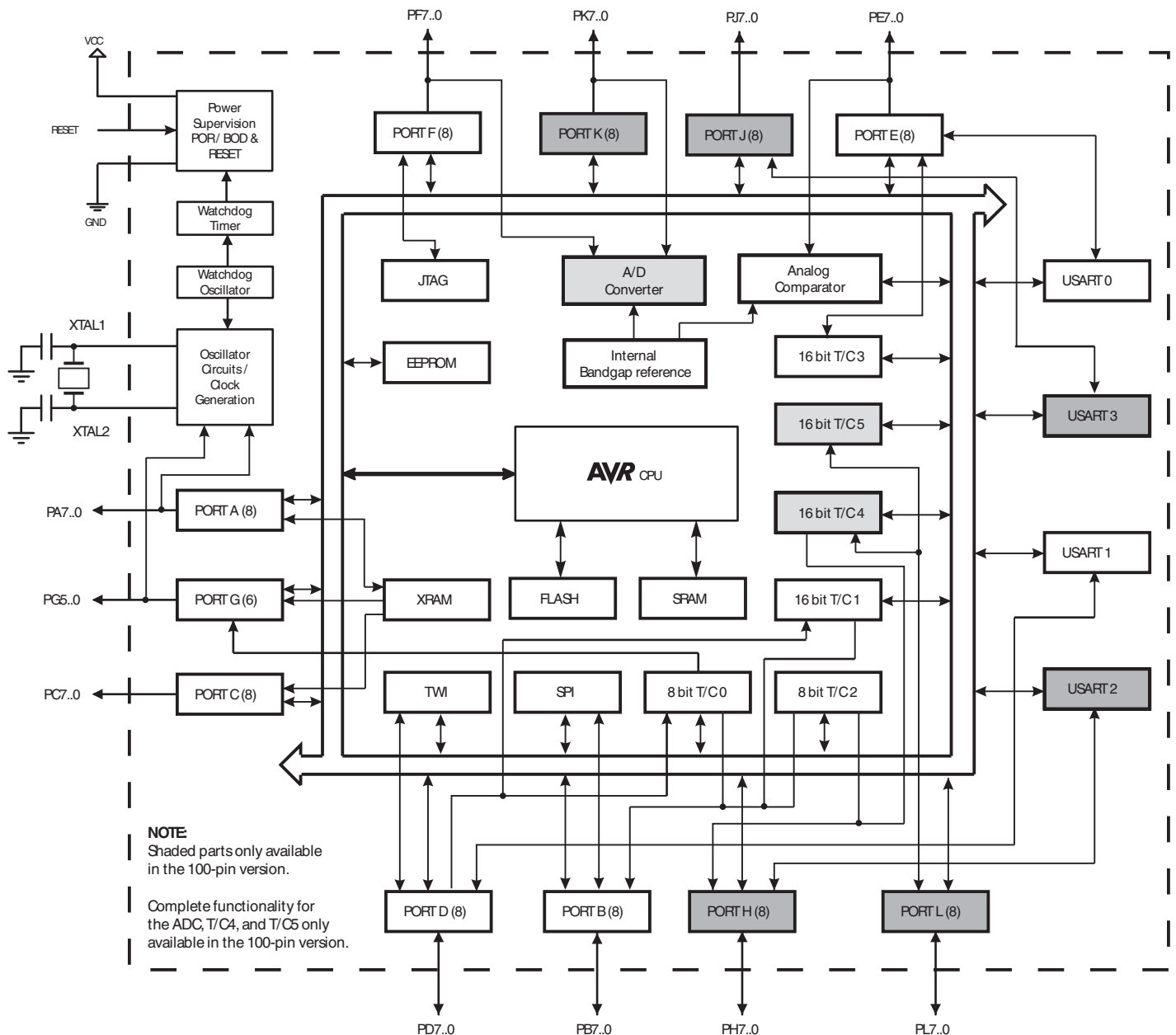
Note: The large center pad underneath the QFN/MLF package is made of metal and internally connected to GND. It should be soldered or glued to the board to ensure good mechanical stability. If the center pad is left unconnected, the package might loosen from the board.

2. Overview

The ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The Atmel® AVR® core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 provides the following features: 64K/128K/256K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 4Kbytes EEPROM, 8Kbytes SRAM, 54/86 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, Real Time Counter (RTC), six flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes and PWM, four USARTs, a byte oriented 2-wire Serial Interface, a 16-channel, 10-bit ADC with optional differential input stage with programmable gain, programmable Watchdog Timer with Internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, IEEE® std. 1149.1 compliant JTAG test interface, also used for accessing the On-chip Debug system and programming and six software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or Hardware Reset. In Power-save mode, the asynchronous timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except Asynchronous Timer and ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the Crystal/Resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption. In Extended Standby mode, both the main Oscillator and the Asynchronous Timer continue to run.

Atmel offers the QTouch® library for embedding capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels functionality into AVR microcontrollers. The patented charge-transfer signal acquisition offers robust sensing and includes fully debounced reporting of touch keys and includes Adjacent Key Suppression® (AKS®) technology for unambiguous detection of key events. The easy-to-use QTouch Suite toolchain allows you to explore, develop and debug your own touch applications.

The device is manufactured using the Atmel high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators, and evaluation kits.

2.2 Comparison Between ATmega1281/2561 and ATmega640/1280/2560

Each device in the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 family differs only in memory size and number of pins. [Table 2-1](#) summarizes the different configurations for the six devices.

Table 2-1. Configuration Summary

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM	General Purpose I/O pins	16 bits resolution PWM channels	Serial USARTs	ADC Channels
ATmega640	64KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega1280	128KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega1281	128KB	4KB	8KB	54	6	2	8
ATmega2560	256KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega2561	256KB	4KB	8KB	54	6	2	8

2.3 Pin Descriptions

2.3.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

2.3.2 GND

Ground.

2.3.3 Port A (PA7..PA0)

Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 75](#).

2.3.4 Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B has better driving capabilities than the other ports.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 76](#).

2.3.5 Port C (PC7..PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port C also serves the functions of special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 79](#).

2.3.6 Port D (PD7..PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 80](#).

2.3.7 Port E (PE7..PE0)

Port E is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 82](#).

2.3.8 Port F (PF7..PF0)

Port F serves as analog inputs to the A/D Converter.

Port F also serves as an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port, if the A/D Converter is not used. Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port F output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port F pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port F pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PF7(TDI), PF5(TMS), and PF4(TCK) will be activated even if a reset occurs.

Port F also serves the functions of the JTAG interface.

2.3.9 Port G (PG5..PG0)

Port G is a 6-bit I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port G output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port G pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port G pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port G also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on [page 86](#).

2.3.10 Port H (PH7..PH0)

Port H is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port H output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port H pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port H pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port H also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on [page 88](#).

2.3.11 Port J (PJ7..PJ0)

Port J is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port J output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port J pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port J pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. Port J also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on [page 90](#).

2.3.12 Port K (PK7..PK0)

Port K serves as analog inputs to the A/D Converter.

Port K is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port K output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port K pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port K pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port K also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on [page 92](#).

2.3.13 Port L (PL7..PL0)

Port L is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port L output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port L pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port L pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port L also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on [page 94](#).

2.3.14 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in “[System and Reset Characteristics](#)” on [page 360](#). Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

2.3.15 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

2.3.16 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

2.3.17 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin for Port F and the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to V_{CC} , even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to V_{CC} through a low-pass filter.

2.3.18 AREF

This is the analog reference pin for the A/D Converter.

3. Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools and application notes, and datasheets are available for download on <http://www.atmel.com/avr>.

4. About Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. For I/O registers located in extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR".

5. Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 ppm over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

6. Capacitive touch sensing

The Atmel® QTouch® Library provides a simple to use solution to realize touch sensitive interfaces on most Atmel AVR® microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for the QTouch and QMatrix acquisition methods.

Touch sensing can be added to any application by linking the appropriate Atmel QTouch Library for the AVR Microcontroller. This is done by using a simple set of APIs to define the touch channels and sensors, and then calling the touch sensing API's to retrieve the channel information and determine the touch sensor states.

The QTouch Library is FREE and downloadable from the Atmel website at the following location: www.atmel.com/qtouchlibrary. For implementation details and other information, refer to the [Atmel QTouch Library User Guide](#) - also available for download from the Atmel website.

7. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x1FF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
...	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x13F)	Reserved									
(0x13E)	Reserved									
(0x13D)	Reserved									
(0x13C)	Reserved									
(0x13B)	Reserved									
(0x13A)	Reserved									
(0x139)	Reserved									
(0x138)	Reserved									
(0x137)	Reserved									
(0x136)	UDR3	USART3 I/O Data Register								page 218
(0x135)	UBRR3H	-	-	-	-	USART3 Baud Rate Register High Byte				page 222
(0x134)	UBRR3L	USART3 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								page 222
(0x133)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x132)	UCSR3C	UMSEL31	UMSEL30	UPM31	UPM30	USBS3	UCSZ31	UCSZ30	UCPOL3	page 235
(0x131)	UCSR3B	RXCIE3	TXCIE3	UDRIE3	RXEN3	TXEN3	UCSZ32	RXB83	TXB83	page 234
(0x130)	UCSR3A	RXC3	TXC3	UDRE3	FE3	DOR3	UPE3	U2X3	MPCM3	page 233
(0x12F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x12E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x12D)	OCR5CH	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register C High Byte								page 160
(0x12C)	OCR5CL	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register C Low Byte								page 160
(0x12B)	OCR5BH	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register B High Byte								page 160
(0x12A)	OCR5BL	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte								page 160
(0x129)	OCR5AH	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register A High Byte								page 160
(0x128)	OCR5AL	Timer/Counter5 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte								page 160
(0x127)	ICR5H	Timer/Counter5 - Input Capture Register High Byte								page 161
(0x126)	ICR5L	Timer/Counter5 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								page 161
(0x125)	TCNT5H	Timer/Counter5 - Counter Register High Byte								page 158
(0x124)	TCNT5L	Timer/Counter5 - Counter Register Low Byte								page 158
(0x123)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x122)	TCCR5C	FOC5A	FOC5B	FOC5C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0x121)	TCCR5B	ICNC5	ICES5	-	WGM53	WGM52	CS52	CS51	CS50	page 156
(0x120)	TCCR5A	COM5A1	COM5A0	COM5B1	COM5B0	COM5C1	COM5C0	WGM51	WGM50	page 154
(0x11F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x119)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x118)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x117)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x116)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x115)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x114)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x113)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x112)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x111)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x110)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10B)	PORTL	PORTL7	PORTL6	PORTL5	PORTL4	PORTL3	PORTL2	PORTL1	PORTL0	page 100
(0x10A)	DDRL	DDL7	DDL6	DDL5	DDL4	DDL3	DDL2	DDL1	DDL0	page 100
(0x109)	PINL	PINL7	PINL6	PINL5	PINL4	PINL3	PINL2	PINL1	PINL0	page 100
(0x108)	PORTK	PORTK7	PORTK6	PORTK5	PORTK4	PORTK3	PORTK2	PORTK1	PORTK0	page 99
(0x107)	DDRK	DDK7	DDK6	DDK5	DDK4	DDK3	DDK2	DDK1	DDK0	page 99
(0x106)	PINK	PINK7	PINK6	PINK5	PINK4	PINK3	PINK2	PINK1	PINK0	page 99
(0x105)	PORTJ	PORTJ7	PORTJ6	PORTJ5	PORTJ4	PORTJ3	PORTJ2	PORTJ1	PORTJ0	page 99
(0x104)	DDRJ	DDJ7	DDJ6	DDJ5	DDJ4	DDJ3	DDJ2	DDJ1	DDJ0	page 99
(0x103)	PINJ	PINJ7	PINJ6	PINJ5	PINJ4	PINJ3	PINJ2	PINJ1	PINJ0	page 99
(0x102)	PORTH	PORTH7	PORTH6	PORTH5	PORTH4	PORTH3	PORTH2	PORTH1	PORTH0	page 98
(0x101)	DDRH	DDH7	DDH6	DDH5	DDH4	DDH3	DDH2	DDH1	DDH0	page 99

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x100)	PINH	PINH7	PINH6	PINH5	PINH4	PINH3	PINH2	PINH1	PINH0	page 99
(0xFF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xED)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD6)	UDR2	USART2 I/O Data Register								page 218
(0xD5)	UBRR2H	-	-	-	-	USART2 Baud Rate Register High Byte				page 222
(0xD4)	UBRR2L	USART2 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								page 222
(0xD3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD2)	UCSR2C	UMSEL21	UMSEL20	UPM21	UPM20	USBS2	UCSZ21	UCSZ20	UCPOL2	page 235
(0xD1)	UCSR2B	RXCIE2	TXCIE2	UDRIE2	RXEN2	TXEN2	UCSZ22	RXB82	TXB82	page 234
(0xD0)	UCSR2A	RXC2	TXC2	UDRE2	FE2	DOR2	UPE2	U2X2	MPCM2	page 233
(0xCF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCE)	UDR1	USART1 I/O Data Register								page 218
(0xCD)	UBRR1H	-	-	-	-	USART1 Baud Rate Register High Byte				page 222
(0xCC)	UBRR1L	USART1 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								page 222
(0xCB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCA)	UCSR1C	UMSEL11	UMSEL10	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11	UCSZ10	UCPOL1	page 235
(0xC9)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	page 234
(0xC8)	UCSR1A	RXC1	TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	UPE1	U2X1	MPCM1	page 233
(0xC7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC6)	UDR0	USART0 I/O Data Register								page 218
(0xC5)	UBRR0H	-	-	-	-	USART0 Baud Rate Register High Byte				page 222
(0xC4)	UBRR0L	USART0 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								page 222
(0xC3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC2)	UCSR0C	UMSEL01	UMSEL00	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01	UCSZ00	UCPOL0	page 235
(0xC1)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	page 234
(0xC0)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	page 234
(0xBF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBD)	TWAMR	TWAM6	TWAM5	TWAM4	TWAM3	TWAM2	TWAM1	TWAM0	-	page 264

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xBC)	TWCR	TWINT	TWEA	TWSTA	TWSTO	TWWC	TWEN	-	TWIE	page 261
(0xBB)	TWDR	2-wire Serial Interface Data Register								page 263
(0xBA)	TWAR	TWA6	TWA5	TWA4	TWA3	TWA2	TWA1	TWA0	TWGCE	page 263
(0xB9)	TWSR	TWS7	TWS6	TWS5	TWS4	TWS3	-	TWPS1	TWPS0	page 262
(0xB8)	TWBR	2-wire Serial Interface Bit Rate Register								page 261
(0xB7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB6)	ASSR	-	EXCLK	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2AUB	OCR2BUB	TCR2AUB	TCR2BUB	page 179
(0xB5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB4)	OCR2B	Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Register B								page 186
(0xB3)	OCR2A	Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Register A								page 186
(0xB2)	TCNT2	Timer/Counter2 (8 Bit)								page 186
(0xB1)	TCCR2B	FOC2A	FOC2B	-	-	WGM22	CS22	CS21	CS20	page 185
(0xB0)	TCCR2A	COM2A1	COM2A0	COM2B1	COM2B0	-	-	WGM21	WGM20	page 186
(0xAF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAD)	OCR4CH	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register C High Byte								page 160
(0xAC)	OCR4CL	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register C Low Byte								page 160
(0xAB)	OCR4BH	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register B High Byte								page 160
(0xAA)	OCR4BL	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte								page 160
(0xA9)	OCR4AH	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register A High Byte								page 159
(0xA8)	OCR4AL	Timer/Counter4 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte								page 159
(0xA7)	ICR4H	Timer/Counter4 - Input Capture Register High Byte								page 161
(0xA6)	ICR4L	Timer/Counter4 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								page 161
(0xA5)	TCNT4H	Timer/Counter4 - Counter Register High Byte								page 158
(0xA4)	TCNT4L	Timer/Counter4 - Counter Register Low Byte								page 158
(0xA3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA2)	TCCR4C	FOC4A	FOC4B	FOC4C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0xA1)	TCCR4B	ICNC4	ICES4	-	WGM43	WGM42	CS42	CS41	CS40	page 156
(0xA0)	TCCR4A	COM4A1	COM4A0	COM4B1	COM4B0	COM4C1	COM4C0	WGM41	WGM40	page 154
(0x9F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9D)	OCR3CH	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register C High Byte								page 159
(0x9C)	OCR3CL	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register C Low Byte								page 159
(0x9B)	OCR3BH	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register B High Byte								page 159
(0x9A)	OCR3BL	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte								page 159
(0x99)	OCR3AH	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register A High Byte								page 159
(0x98)	OCR3AL	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte								page 159
(0x97)	ICR3H	Timer/Counter3 - Input Capture Register High Byte								page 161
(0x96)	ICR3L	Timer/Counter3 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								page 161
(0x95)	TCNT3H	Timer/Counter3 - Counter Register High Byte								page 158
(0x94)	TCNT3L	Timer/Counter3 - Counter Register Low Byte								page 158
(0x93)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x92)	TCCR3C	FOC3A	FOC3B	FOC3C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0x91)	TCCR3B	ICNC3	ICES3	-	WGM33	WGM32	CS32	CS31	CS30	page 156
(0x90)	TCCR3A	COM3A1	COM3A0	COM3B1	COM3B0	COM3C1	COM3C0	WGM31	WGM30	page 154
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8D)	OCR1CH	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register C High Byte								page 159
(0x8C)	OCR1CL	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register C Low Byte								page 159
(0x8B)	OCR1BH	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B High Byte								page 159
(0x8A)	OCR1BL	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte								page 159
(0x89)	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A High Byte								page 159
(0x88)	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte								page 159
(0x87)	ICR1H	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register High Byte								page 160
(0x86)	ICR1L	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								page 160
(0x85)	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register High Byte								page 158
(0x84)	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register Low Byte								page 158
(0x83)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x82)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	FOC1C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0x81)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	-	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	page 156
(0x80)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	COM1C1	COM1C0	WGM11	WGM10	page 154
(0x7F)	DIDR1	-	-	-	-	-	-	AIN1D	AIN0D	page 267
(0x7E)	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	page 287
(0x7D)	DIDR2	ADC15D	ADC14D	ADC13D	ADC12D	ADC11D	ADC10D	ADC9D	ADC8D	page 288
(0x7C)	ADMUX	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR	MUX4	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	page 281
(0x7B)	ADCSRB	-	ACME	-	-	MUX5	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	page 266, 282, 287
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	page 285
(0x79)	ADCH	ADC Data Register High byte								page 286

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x78)	ADCL	ADC Data Register Low byte								page 286
(0x77)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x76)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x75)	XMCRB	XMBK	-	-	-	-	XMM2	XMM1	XMM0	page 38
(0x74)	XMCRA	SRE	SRL2	SRL1	SRL0	SRW11	SRW10	SRW01	SRW00	page 36
(0x73)	TIMSK5	-	-	ICIE5	-	OCIE5C	OCIE5B	OCIE5A	TOIE5	page 162
(0x72)	TIMSK4	-	-	ICIE4	-	OCIE4C	OCIE4B	OCIE4A	TOIE4	page 161
(0x71)	TIMSK3	-	-	ICIE3	-	OCIE3C	OCIE3B	OCIE3A	TOIE3	page 161
(0x70)	TIMSK2	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE2B	OCIE2A	TOIE2	page 188
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	-	-	ICIE1	-	OCIE1C	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	page 161
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	page 131
(0x6D)	PCMSK2	PCINT23	PCINT22	PCINT21	PCINT20	PCINT19	PCINT18	PCINT17	PCINT16	page 113
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	page 113
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	page 114
(0x6A)	EICRB	ISC71	ISC70	ISC61	ISC60	ISC51	ISC50	ISC41	ISC40	page 110
(0x69)	EICRA	ISC31	ISC30	ISC21	ISC20	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	page 110
(0x68)	PCICR	-	-	-	-	-	PCIE2	PCIE1	PCIE0	page 112
(0x67)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x66)	OSCCAL	Oscillator Calibration Register								page 48
(0x65)	PRR1	-	-	PRTIM5	PRTIM4	PRTIM3	PRUSART3	PRUSART2	PRUSART1	page 56
(0x64)	PRR0	PRTWI	PRTIM2	PRTIM0	-	PRTIM1	PRSPI	PRUSART0	PRADC	page 55
(0x63)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x62)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x61)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	-	-	-	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	page 48
(0x60)	WDTCR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	page 65
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	page 13
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	page 15
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	page 15
0x3C (0x5C)	EIND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EIND0	page 16
0x3B (0x5B)	RAMPZ	-	-	-	-	-	-	RAMPZ1	RAMPZ0	page 16
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x39 (0x59)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x38 (0x58)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	SPMIE	RWWSB	SIGRD	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	page 323
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	JTD	-	-	PUD	-	-	IVSEL	IVCE	page 64, 108, 96, 301
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	-	-	-	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	page 301
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	-	-	-	-	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	page 50
0x32 (0x52)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x31 (0x51)	OCDR	OCDR7	OCDR6	OCDR5	OCDR4	OCDR3	OCDR2	OCDR1	OCDR0	page 294
0x30 (0x50)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	page 266
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x2E (0x4E)	SPDR	SPI Data Register								page 199
0x2D (0x4D)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X	page 198
0x2C (0x4C)	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	page 197
0x2B (0x4B)	GPOR2	General Purpose I/O Register 2								page 36
0x2A (0x4A)	GPOR1	General Purpose I/O Register 1								page 36
0x29 (0x49)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x28 (0x48)	OCR0B	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register B								page 130
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register A								page 130
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 (8 Bit)								page 130
0x25 (0x45)	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	-	-	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	page 129
0x24 (0x44)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	-	-	WGM01	WGM00	page 126
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	TSM	-	-	-	-	-	PSRASY	PSRSYNC	page 166, 189
0x22 (0x42)	EEARH	EEPROM Address Register High Byte								page 34
0x21 (0x41)	EEARL	EEPROM Address Register Low Byte								page 34
0x20 (0x40)	EEDR	EEPROM Data Register								page 34
0x1F (0x3F)	EEDR	-	-	EEDR1	EEDR0	EEDR2	EEDR3	EEDR4	EEDR5	page 34
0x1E (0x3E)	GPOR0	General Purpose I/O Register 0								page 36
0x1D (0x3D)	EIMSK	INT7	INT6	INT5	INT4	INT3	INT2	INT1	INT0	page 111
0x1C (0x3C)	EIFR	INTF7	INTF6	INTF5	INTF4	INTF3	INTF2	INTF1	INTF0	page 112
0x1B (0x3B)	PCIFR	-	-	-	-	-	PCIF2	PCIF1	PCIF0	page 113
0x1A (0x3A)	TIFR5	-	-	ICF5	-	OCF5C	OCF5B	OCF5A	TOV5	page 162
0x19 (0x39)	TIFR4	-	-	ICF4	-	OCF4C	OCF4B	OCF4A	TOV4	page 162
0x18 (0x38)	TIFR3	-	-	ICF3	-	OCF3C	OCF3B	OCF3A	TOV3	page 162
0x17 (0x37)	TIFR2	-	-	-	-	-	OCF2B	OCF2A	TOV2	page 188
0x16 (0x36)	TIFR1	-	-	ICF1	-	OCF1C	OCF1B	OCF1A	TOV1	page 162
0x15 (0x35)	TIFR0	-	-	-	-	-	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	page 131

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x14 (0x34)	PORTG	-	-	PORTG5	PORTG4	PORTG3	PORTG2	PORTG1	PORTG0	page 98
0x13 (0x33)	DDRG	-	-	DDG5	DDG4	DDG3	DDG2	DDG1	DDG0	page 98
0x12 (0x32)	PING	-	-	PING5	PING4	PING3	PING2	PING1	PING0	page 98
0x11 (0x31)	PORTF	PORTF7	PORTF6	PORTF5	PORTF4	PORTF3	PORTF2	PORTF1	PORTF0	page 97
0x10 (0x30)	DDRF	DDF7	DDF6	DDF5	DDF4	DDF3	DDF2	DDF1	DDF0	page 98
0x0F (0x2F)	PINF	PINF7	PINF6	PINF5	PINF4	PINF3	PINF2	PINF1	PINF0	page 98
0x0E (0x2E)	PORTE	PORTE7	PORTE6	PORTE5	PORTE4	PORTE3	PORTE2	PORTE1	PORTE0	page 97
0x0D (0x2D)	DDRE	DDE7	DDE6	DDE5	DDE4	DDE3	DDE2	DDE1	DDE0	page 97
0x0C (0x2C)	PINE	PINE7	PINE6	PINE5	PINE4	PINE3	PINE2	PINE1	PINE0	page 98
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	page 97
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	page 97
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	page 97
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	page 97
0x07 (0x27)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	page 97
0x06 (0x26)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	page 97
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	page 96
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	page 96
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	page 96
0x02 (0x22)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	page 96
0x01 (0x21)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	page 96
0x00 (0x20)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	page 96

- Notes:
1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
 2. I/O registers within the address range \$00 - \$1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
 3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
 4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses \$00 - \$3F must be used. When addressing I/O registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, \$20 must be added to these addresses. The ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from \$60 - \$1FF in SRAM, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.

8. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
ADIW	RdI, K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z, C, N, V, S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
SBIW	RdI, K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z, C, N, V, S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z, N, V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z, N, V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z, N, V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z, N, V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z, N, V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z, C, N, V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z, C, N, V, H	1
SBR	Rd, K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z, N, V	1
CBR	Rd, K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z, N, V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z, N, V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z, N, V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z, N, V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z, N, V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z, C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z, C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z, C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z, C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z, C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z, C	2
BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
EIJMP		Extended Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow (EIND:Z)$	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	4
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	4
EICALL		Extended Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow (EIND:Z)$	None	4
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	5
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	5
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	5
CPSE	Rd, Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd, Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPC	Rd, Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPI	Rd, K	Compare Register with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if $(C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if $(C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if $(C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if $(C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if $(H = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if $(H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if $(T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS					
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), Rd(0) ← 0	Z, C, N, V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), Rd(7) ← 0	Z, C, N, V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	Rd(0) ← C, Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), C ← Rd(7)	Z, C, N, V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	Rd(7) ← C, Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), C ← Rd(0)	Z, C, N, V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n=0..6	Z, C, N, V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(3..0) ← Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) ← Rd(3..0)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	Rd+1:Rd ← Rr+1:Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (X), X ← X + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Y), Y ← Y + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Y + q)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Z + q)	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	Rd ← (k)	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(X) ← Rr, X ← X + 1	None	2
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, (X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Y) ← Rr, Y ← Y + 1	None	2
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, (Y) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Y+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Z) ← Rr, Z ← Z + 1	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, (Z) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Z+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Z + q) ← Rr	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	Rd ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	3
ELPM		Extended Load Program Memory	R0 ← (RAMPZ:Z)	None	3
ELPM	Rd, Z	Extended Load Program Memory	Rd ← (RAMPZ:Z)	None	3
ELPM	Rd, Z+	Extended Load Program Memory	Rd ← (RAMPZ:Z), RAMPZ:Z ← RAMPZ:Z+1	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS					
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

Note: EICALL and EIJMP do not exist in ATmega640/1280/1281.
ELPM does not exist in ATmega640.

9. Ordering Information

9.1 ATmega640

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega640V-8AU ATmega640V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega640V-8CU ATmega640V-8CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
16	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega640-16AU ATmega640-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega640-16CU ATmega640-16CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 2. See [“Speed Grades” on page 357](#).
 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
100A	100-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
100C1	100-ball, Chip Ball Grid Array (CBGA)

9.2 ATmega1280

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8V - 5.5V	ATmega1280V-8AU	100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega1280V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A	
		ATmega1280V-8CU	100C1	
		ATmega1280V-8CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100C1	
16	2.7V - 5.5V	ATmega1280-16AU	100A	
		ATmega1280-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A	
		ATmega1280-16CU	100C1	
		ATmega1280-16CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100C1	

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 2. See “Speed Grades” on page 357.
 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
100A	100-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
100C1	100-ball, Chip Ball Grid Array (CBGA)

9.3 ATmega1281

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega1281V-8AU ATmega1281V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega1281V-8MU ATmega1281V-8MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
16	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega1281-16AU ATmega1281-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega1281-16MU ATmega1281-16MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 2. See [“Speed Grades” on page 357](#).
 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
64A	64-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
64M2	64-pad, 9mm × 9mm × 1.0mm Body, Quad Flat No-lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

9.4 ATmega2560

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8V - 5.5V	ATmega2560V-8AU	100A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega2560V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A	
		ATmega2560V-8CU	100C1	
		ATmega2560V-8CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100C1	
16	4.5V - 5.5V	ATmega2560-16AU	100A	
		ATmega2560-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A	
		ATmega2560-16CU	100C1	
		ATmega2560-16CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100C1	

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 2. See ["Speed Grades" on page 357](#).
 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
100A	100-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
100C1	100-ball, Chip Ball Grid Array (CBGA)

9.5 ATmega2561

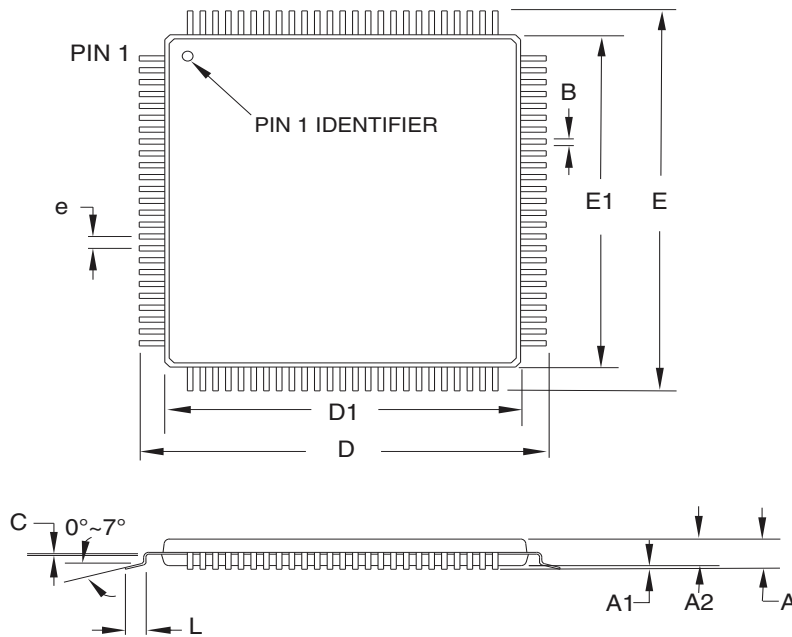
Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8V - 5.5V	ATmega2561V-8AU ATmega2561V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2561V-8MU ATmega2561V-8MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
16	4.5V - 5.5V	ATmega2561-16AU ATmega2561-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2561-16MU ATmega2561-16MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 2. See [“Speed Grades” on page 357](#).
 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
64A	64-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
64M2	64-pad, 9mm × 9mm × 1.0mm Body, Quad Flat No-lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

10. Packaging Information

10.1 100A




COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	1.20	
A1	0.05	–	0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
D	15.75	16.00	16.25	
D1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
E	15.75	16.00	16.25	
E1	13.90	14.00	14.10	Note 2
B	0.17	–	0.27	
C	0.09	–	0.20	
L	0.45	–	0.75	
e	0.50 TYP			

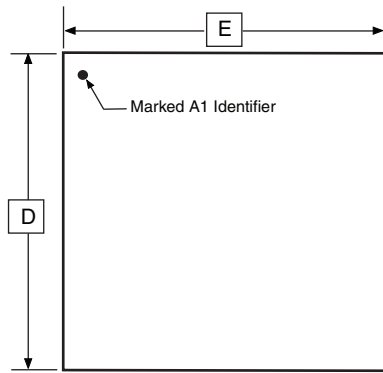
Notes:

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation AED.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.08 mm maximum.

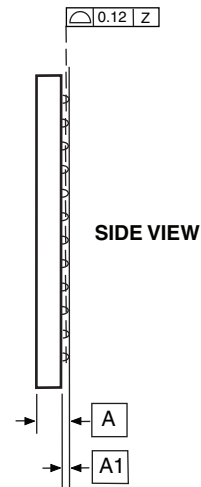
2010-10-20

 Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
	100A , 100-lead, 14 x 14 mm Body Size, 1.0 mm Body Thickness, 0.5 mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	100A	D

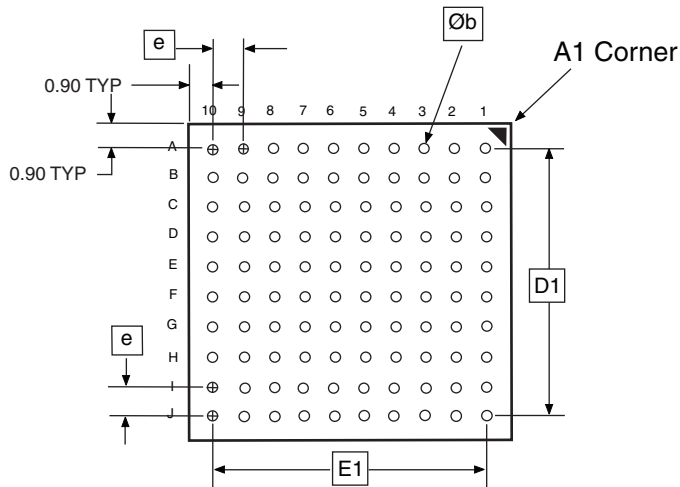
10.2 100C1



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	1.10	-	1.20	
A1	0.30	0.35	0.40	
D	8.90	9.00	9.10	
E	8.90	9.00	9.10	
D1	7.10	7.20	7.30	
E1	7.10	7.20	7.30	
Øb	0.35	0.40	0.45	
e	0.80 TYP			

5/25/06

Atmel 2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE
100C1, 100-ball, 9 x 9 x 1.2 mm Body, Ball Pitch 0.80 mm
Chip Array BGA Package (CBGA)

DRAWING NO.
100C1

REV.
A