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# ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro

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## ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro

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### Preface

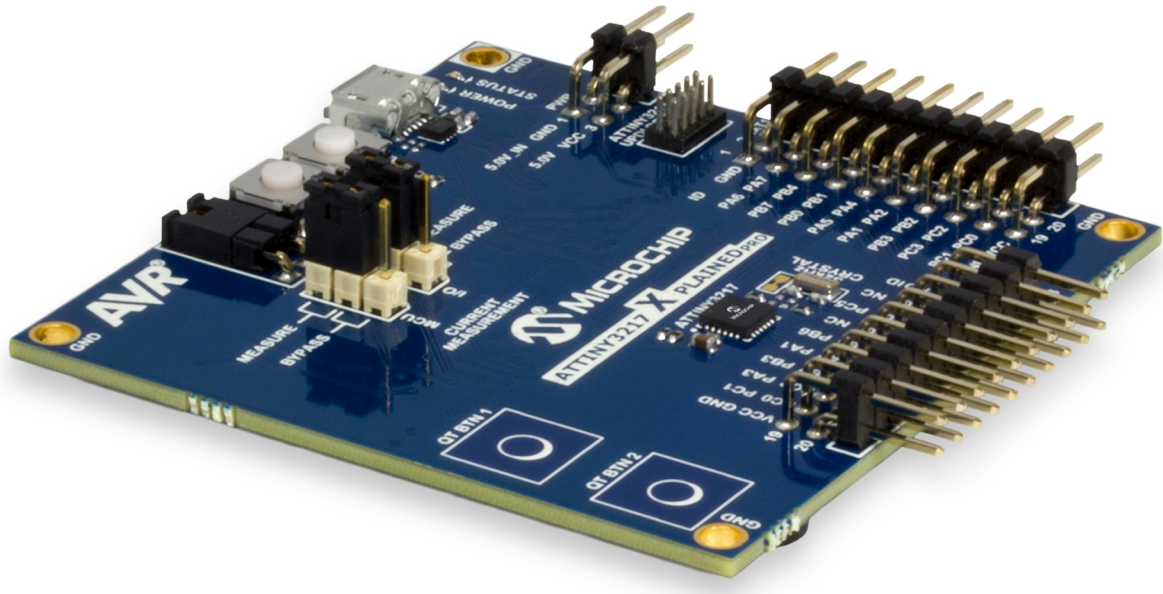
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The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro evaluation kit is a hardware platform to evaluate the ATtiny3217 microcontroller.

Supported by the Atmel Studio integrated development platform, the kit provides easy access to the features of the ATtiny3217 and explains how to integrate the device into a custom design.

The Xplained Pro MCU series evaluation kits include on-board Embedded Debuggers. No external tools are necessary to program or debug the ATtiny3217.

Xplained Pro extension kits offer additional peripherals to extend the features of the board and ease the development of custom designs.



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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Features

- ATtiny3217 microcontroller
- Two mechanical user buttons
- Two QTouch<sup>®</sup> buttons
- One yellow user LED
- 32.768 kHz crystal
- Two Xplained Pro extension headers
- Embedded Debugger
  - Auto-ID for board identification in Atmel Studio
  - One yellow status LED
  - One green board power LED
  - Symbolic debug of complex data types including scope information
  - Programming and debugging, including power measurements
  - Data Gateway Interface: SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, two GPIOs
  - Virtual COM Port (CDC)
- Embedded current measurement circuitry (XAM)
  - Measures power consumption of the ATtiny3217 and/or peripherals
  - Measures current between 100 nA and 400 mA
  - Current measurement data are shown in Microchip [Data Visualizer](#)
- USB powered
- Supported with application examples in Atmel START

### 1.2 Kit Overview

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro evaluation kit is a hardware platform to evaluate the ATtiny3217.

The kit offers a set of features that enables the ATtiny3217 user to get started with the ATtiny3217 peripherals right away and to get an understanding of how to integrate the device into their own design.



## 2. Getting Started

### 2.1 Xplained Pro Quick Start

Steps to start exploring the Xplained Pro platform:

1. Download and install Atmel Studio.
2. Launch Atmel Studio.
3. Connect the Debug USB port on the evaluation kit to the computer using a USB cable (Standard-A to Micro-B or Micro-AB).

When the Xplained Pro MCU kit is connected to the computer for the first time, the operating system installs the driver software automatically. This driver supports 32-bit and 64-bit versions of Microsoft® Windows® XP, Windows Vista®, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2012.

When the Xplained Pro MCU board is powered, the power LED (green) glows, and the Atmel Studio automatically detects the specific Xplained Pro MCU and extension board(s) that are connected. The landing page of the kit in the Atmel Studio has an option to launch the Atmel Software Framework (ASF) and the Atmel START example application codes for the kit. The ATtiny3217 device is programmed and debugged by the on-board embedded debugger and therefore no external programmer or debugger tool is required.

### 2.2 Design Documentation and Relevant Links

The following list contains links to the most relevant documents and software for the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro.

- **Xplained products** - Xplained evaluation kits are a series of easy-to-use evaluation kits for Microchip microcontrollers and other Microchip products.
  - Xplained Nano - used for low pin-count devices and provides a minimalistic solution with access to all I/O pins of the target microcontroller.
  - Xplained Mini - used for medium pin-count devices and adds Arduino Uno compatible header footprint and a prototyping area.
  - Xplained Pro - used for medium to high pin-count devices that features advanced debugging and standardized extensions for peripheral functions.

**Note:** All the above kits have on-board programmers/debuggers, which creates a set of low-cost boards for evaluation and demonstration of features and capabilities of different Microchip products.

- **Atmel Studio** - Free IDE for the development of C/C++ and assembler code for microcontrollers.
- **<http://start.atmel.com/>** - Atmel START is an online tool that helps the user to select and configure software components and tailor your embedded application in a usable and optimized manner.
- **EDBG User Guide** - User guide containing more information about the on-board Embedded Debugger.
- **IAR Embedded Workbench® for AVR®** - This is a commercial C/C++ compiler that is available for 8-bit AVR. There is a 30 day evaluation version as well as a 4 KB code size limited kick-start version available from their website.
- **QTouch® tools** - A collection of tools to design capacitive touch applications.
- **QTouch® Design Guide** - PTC Robustness design guide document for touch sensor development.

# ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro

## Getting Started

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- [Data Visualizer](#) - Data Visualizer is a program used for processing and visualizing data. The Data Visualizer can receive data from various sources such as the Embedded Debugger Data Gateway Interface found on Xplained Pro boards and COM Ports.
- [ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro website](#) - Kit information, latest user guide and design documentation.
- [ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro on Microchip Direct](#) - Purchase this kit on Microchip Direct.



### 3. Xplained Pro

Xplained Pro is an evaluation platform which contains a series of microcontroller boards (evaluation kits) and extension boards. Atmel Studio is used to program and debug the microcontrollers on these boards. Atmel Studio includes Advanced Software Framework (ASF) and Atmel START, which has drivers and demo code, and Data Visualizer, which supports data streaming and advanced debugging. Xplained Pro evaluation kits can be connected to a wide range of Xplained Pro extension boards through standardized headers and connectors. Xplained Pro extension boards have identification (ID) chips to uniquely identify which boards are connected to the Xplained Pro evaluation kits.

#### 3.1 Embedded Debugger

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro contains an Embedded Debugger (EDBG) for on-board debugging. The EDBG is a USB composite device with the following interfaces:

- Debugger
- Virtual COM Port
- Data Gateway Interface (DGI)

The EDBG can program and debug the ATtiny3217 with the help of Atmel Studio. The UPDI interface is connected between the EDBG and the ATtiny3217 on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro.

The Virtual COM Port is connected to a UART on the ATtiny3217 and provides an easy way to communicate with the target application through terminal software. It offers variable baud rate, parity, and stop bit settings. The settings on the ATtiny3217 must match the settings given in the terminal software.



**Info:** The Virtual COM Port in the EDBG requires the terminal software to set the Data Terminal Ready (DTR) signal to enable the UART pins connected to the ATtiny3217. If the DTR signal is not enabled, the UART pins on the EDBG are kept in tri-state (high-z) to render the COM Port not usable. The DTR signal is automatically set by some terminal software, but it may have to be manually enabled in your terminal.

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The DGI consists of several physical interfaces for bidirectional communication with the host computer. Communication over the interfaces is bidirectional. It can be used to send event values and data from the ATtiny3217. Traffic over the interfaces can be timestamped by the EDBG for more accurate tracking of events, but timestamping reduces the maximal data throughput. The [Data Visualizer](#) is used to send and receive data through DGI.

The EDBG controls two LEDs on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro; a power LED and a status LED. The following table provides details on how the LEDs are controlled in different operation modes.

**Table 3-1. EDBG LED Control**

Mode	Power LED	Status LED
Normal mode	The power LED is ON when power is applied to the board.	Activity indicator, the LED flashes when any communication happens to the EDBG.
Bootloader mode (idle)	The power LED and the status LED blink simultaneously.	
Bootloader mode (firmware upgrade)	The power LED and the status LED blink in an alternating pattern.	

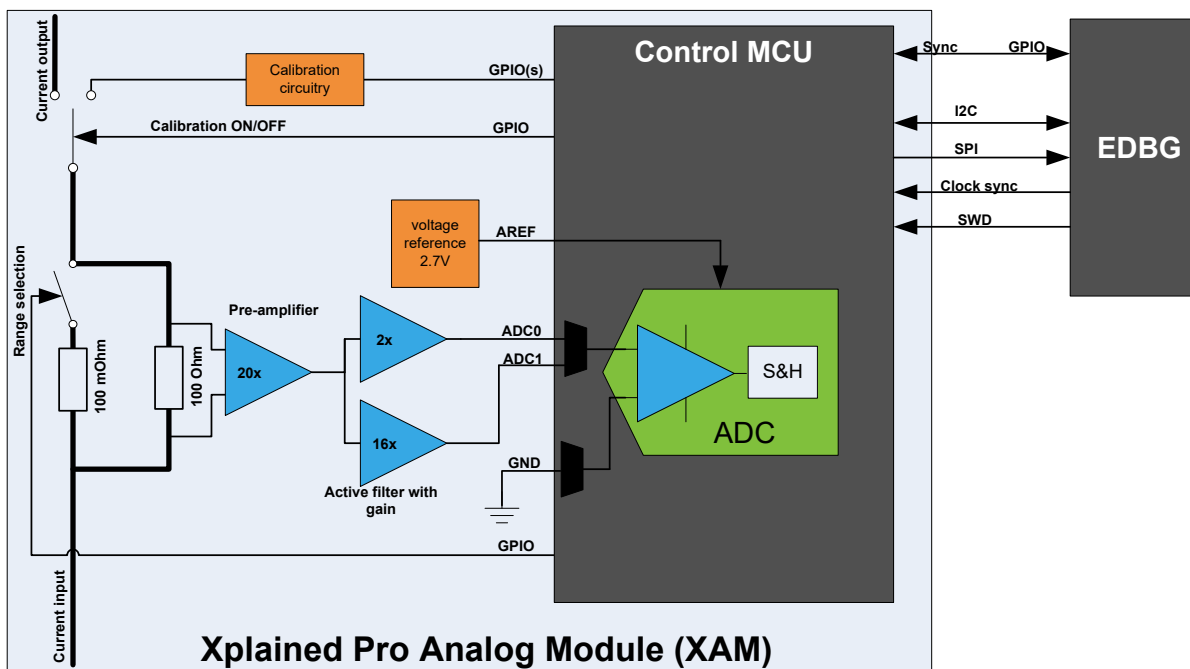
For additional information on the EDBG, see the [EDBG User Guide](#).

## 3.2 Xplained Pro Analog Module (XAM)

### 3.2.1 Overview

The Xplained Pro Analog Module (XAM) extends the embedded debugger with high dynamic range current measurement. This enables power profiling of the target system.

**Figure 3-1. XAM Block Diagram**



The XAM consists of:

- Calibration circuitry
- Voltage reference circuitry
- Analog front-end:
  - Shunt resistors with a range selection switch
  - Pre-amplifier
  - Two active filters with gain

- Control MCU
  - Analog-to-Digital Converter
  - Signal processing
  - Control/communication interface to the EDBG

The current measurement front-end is a high side shunt measurement with a pre-amplifier and a second active filter stage with gain as shown in [Figure 3-1](#). The wide dynamic range is achieved by four measurement ranges, which are defined by two shunt resistors and the two parallel second stage active filters with gain.

### 3.2.2 EDBG Interface

The XAM is connected to the EDBG with the following interfaces:

- **I<sup>2</sup>C**: This is used to control and configure the XAM.
- **SPI**: Current measurement data is streamed to the EDBG via this interface. This is a unidirectional channel from the XAM to the EDBG.
- **SWD**: The MCU in the XAM is programmed via SWD from the EDBG.
- **Clock sync**: Signal used to synchronize ADC measurements with the EDBG.
- **Reference clock**: Reference clock for the XAM.

### 3.2.3 Sample Rate

The raw sampling rate of the XAM is up to 250 kHz and with the default averaging configuration (average of 16 samples), the actual output of the XAM is 16.67 ksps.



**Info:** The XAM output sample rate is not an integer fraction of the raw sampling.

### 3.2.4 Measurement Ranges and Accuracy

The XAM has four measurement ranges. These are defined by two shunt resistors and two gain stages.

**Table 3-2. XAM Measurement Ranges and Accuracy**

Measurement Range	Hardware	Resolution	Accuracy	Comments
Range 1	Low current shunt and high gain stage	20 nA	1 LSB ±1%	Accuracy will decrease below 1 µA. Typical accuracy for 300 nA is 1 LSB ±10%.
Range 2	Low current shunt and low gain stage	150 nA	1 LSB ±1%	
Range 3	High current shunt and high gain stage	10 µA	1 LSB ±1%	
Range 4	High current shunt and low gain stage	100 µA	1 LSB ±1%	Accuracy will decrease above 100 mA. Typical accuracy is 1 LSB ±5% at 400 mA. Maximum current is 400 mA.

The ranges are automatically switched by the XAM to achieve the best measurement results, and the currently active range is visualized in the [Data Visualizer](#) front-end tool. The maximum voltage drop over the shunt resistor is 100 mV, and the XAM switches the range automatically before reaching this limit.

### 3.3 Hardware Identification System

All Xplained Pro extension boards come with an identification chip (ATSHA204A CryptoAuthentication™ chip) to uniquely identify the boards that are connected to the Xplained Pro evaluation kit. This chip contains information that identifies the extension with its name and some extra data. When an Xplained Pro extension is connected to an Xplained Pro evaluation kit, the information is read and sent to the Atmel Studio. The following table shows the data fields stored in the ID chip with example content.

**Table 3-3. Xplained Pro ID Chip Content**

Data Field	Data Type	Example Content
Manufacturer	ASCII string	Microchip\0'
Product name	ASCII string	Segment LCD1 Xplained Pro\0'
Product revision	ASCII string	02\0'
Product serial number	ASCII string	1774020200000010\0'
Minimum voltage [mV]	uint16_t	3000
Maximum voltage [mV]	uint16_t	3600
Maximum current [mA]	uint16_t	30

### 3.4 Power Sources

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro kit can be powered by several power sources, as listed in the table below.

**Table 3-4. Power Sources for ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro**

Power Source	Voltage Requirements	Current Requirements	Connector Marking
External Power	5V ±2% (±100 mV) for USB host operation. 4.3V to 5.5V if a USB host operation is not required.	Maximum recommended current is 2A.	PWR
Embedded debugger USB	4.4V to 5.25V (according to USB spec.)	500 mA (according to USB spec.)	DEBUG USB

The kit automatically detects which power sources are available and chooses which one to use according to the following priority:

1. External power.
2. Embedded Debugger USB.



**Info:** External power is required when 500 mA from a USB connector is not enough to power the board with possible extension boards.

## 3.5 Xplained Pro Headers and Connectors

### 3.5.1 Xplained Pro Standard Extension Header

All Xplained Pro kits have many dual-row, 20-pin, 100-mil extension headers. The Xplained Pro MCU boards have male headers, while the Xplained Pro extensions have their female counterparts. The following table provides the pin description of all the connected pins.



**Info:** Not all pins are always connected on all extension headers.

The extension headers can be used to connect a variety of Xplained Pro extensions to Xplained Pro MCU boards or to access the pins of the target microcontroller on the Xplained Pro boards.

**Table 3-5. Xplained Pro Standard Extension Header**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	ID	Pin to communicate with the ID chip on an extension board.
2	GND	Ground
3	ADC(+)	Analog-to-Digital Converter; alternatively, a pin for the positive terminal of a differential ADC.
4	ADC(-)	Analog-to-Digital Converter; alternatively, a pin for the negative terminal of a differential ADC.
5	GPIO1	General purpose I/O pin.
6	GPIO2	General purpose I/O pin.
7	PWM(+)	Pulse width modulation; alternatively, a pin for the positive part of a differential PWM.
8	PWM(-)	Pulse width modulation; alternatively, a pin for the negative part of a differential PWM.
9	IRQ/GPIO	Interrupt request pin and/or general purpose I/O pin.
10	SPI_SS_B/ GPIO	Slave select pin for Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) and/or general purpose I/O pin.
11	I <sup>2</sup> C_SDA	Data pin for I <sup>2</sup> C interface. Always connected, bus type.
12	I <sup>2</sup> C_SCL	Clock pin for I <sup>2</sup> C interface. Always connected, bus type.
13	UART_RX	Receiver pin of target device UART.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
14	UART_TX	Transmitter pin of target device UART.
15	SPI_SS_A	Slave select for SPI. This pin should preferably not be connected to anything else.
16	SPI_MOSI	SPI master out slave in pin. Always connected, bus type.
17	SPI_MISO	SPI master in slave out pin. Always connected, bus type.
18	SPI_SCK	SPI clock pin. Always connected, bus type.
19	GND	Ground pin for extension boards.
20	VCC	Power pin for extension boards.

### 3.5.2 Xplained Pro Power Header

The power header can be used to connect external power to the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro kit. The kit automatically detects and switches to an external power, if supplied. The power header can also be used to supply power to external peripherals or extension boards. Ensure that the total current does not exceed the recommended current limit of the on-board regulator when using the 3.3V pin.

**Table 3-6. Xplained Pro Power Header**

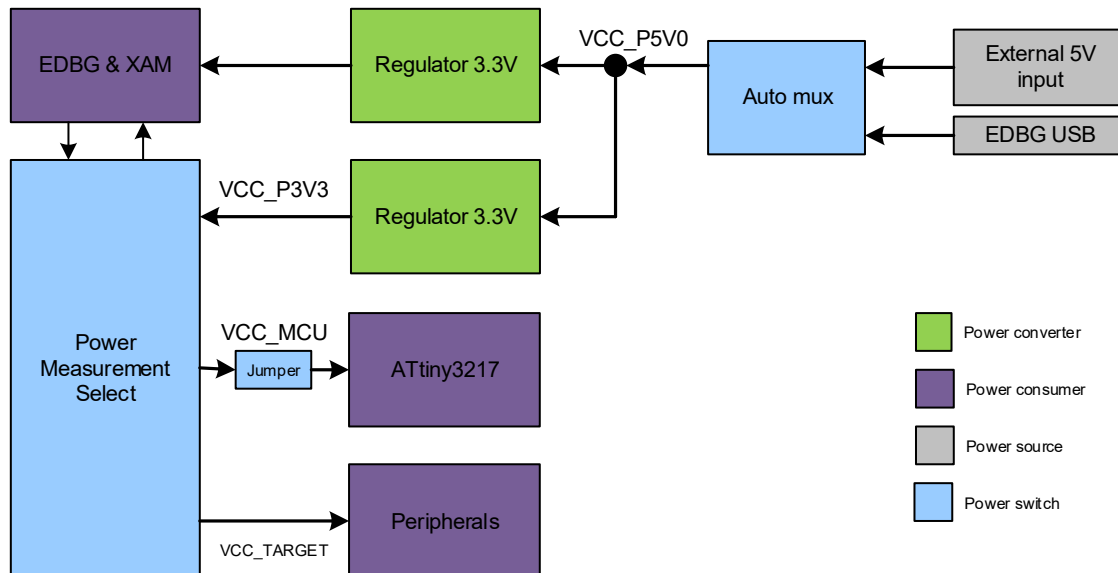
Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	VEXT_P5V0	External 5V input pin
2	GND	Ground pin
3	VCC_P5V0	Unregulated 5V pin (an output, derived from one of the input sources)
4	VCC_P3V3	Regulated 3.3V pin (an output, used as the main power supply for the kit)

## 4. Hardware User Guide

### 4.1 Power Distribution

ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro has two power sources; EDBG USB and external 5.0V. The kit will automatically select the power source. The kit has two on-board 3.3V voltage regulators; one for the EDBG and XAM, and one for the ATtiny3217 and other peripherals.

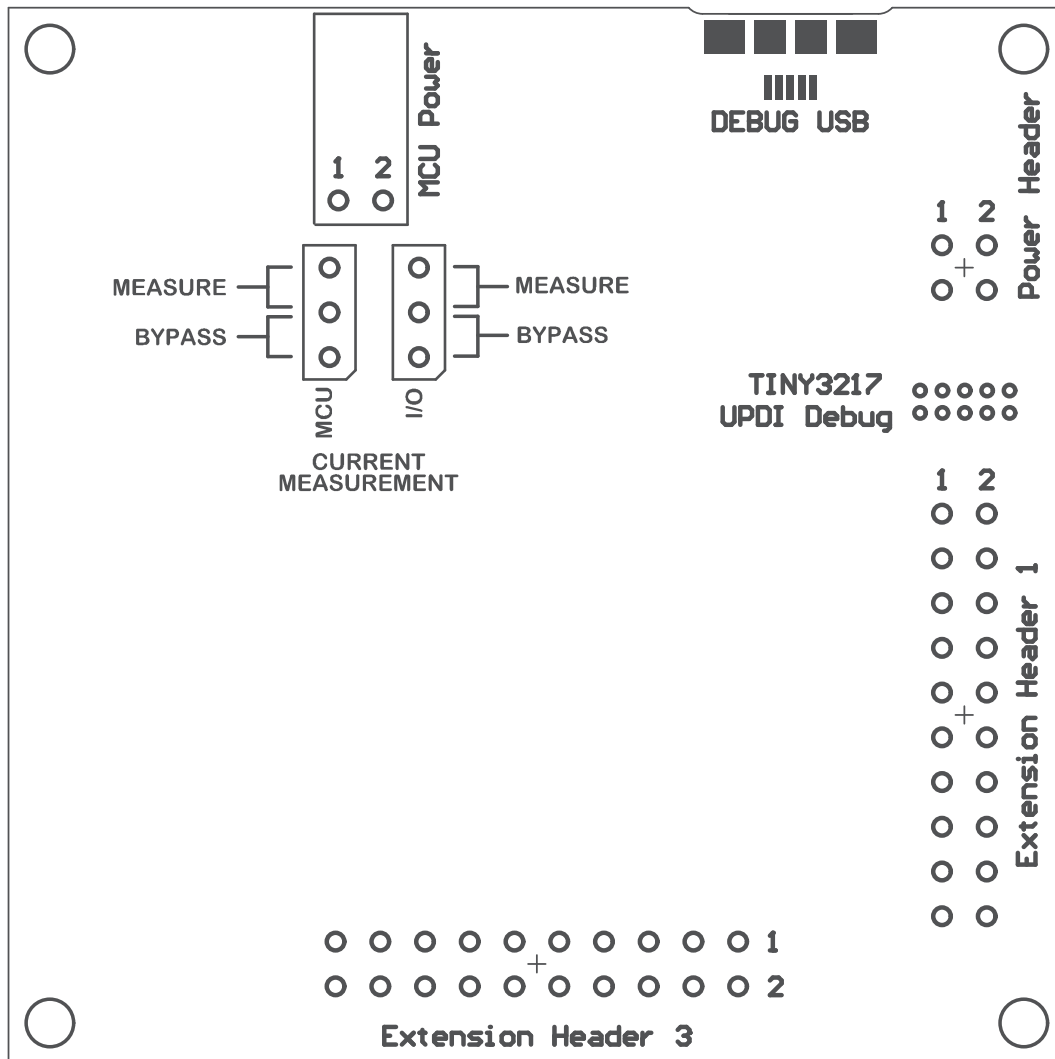
**Figure 4-1. Power Supply Block Diagram**



### 4.2 Connectors

The following sections describe the implementation of the relevant connectors and headers on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro and their connection to the ATtiny3217. The tables of connections in the sections also describe which signals are shared between the headers and on-board functionality. The figure below shows all available connectors and jumpers on ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro.

Figure 4-2. ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro Connector Overview



### 4.2.1 Xplained Pro Standard Extension Headers

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro headers EXT1 and EXT3 offer access to the I/O of the microcontroller in order to expand the board, e.g. by connecting extensions to the board. These headers are based on the standard extension header specified in the table below. The headers have a pitch of 2.54 mm.

Table 4-1. Extension Header EXT1

EXT1 Pin	ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
1 [ID]	-	-	Communication line to the ID chip on an extension board
2 [GND]	-	-	Ground
3 [ADC(+)]	PA6	AIN6	<a href="#">QTouch Button 1</a>
4 [ADC(-)]	PA7	AIN7	<a href="#">QTouch Button 2</a>
5 [GPIO1]	PB7	GPIO	-



EXT1 Pin	ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
6 [GPIO2]	PB4	GPIO	LED0
7 [PWM(+)]	PB0	TC/W0	-
8 [PWM(-)]	PB1	TC/W1	-
9 [IRQ/GPIO]	PA5	IRQ/GPIO	-
10 [SPI_SS_B/GPIO]	PA4	GPIO	-
11 [I <sup>2</sup> C_SDA]	PA1	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SDA</i>	EXT3 and EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C
12 [I <sup>2</sup> C_SCL]	PA2	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SCL</i>	EXT3 and EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C
13 [USART_RX]	PB3	UART RX	EXT3, EDBG CDC, and Crystal <sup>(1)</sup>
14 [USART_TX]	PB2	UART TX	EXT3, EDBG CDC, and Crystal <sup>(1)</sup>
15 [SPI_SS_A]	PC3	<i>SPI SS</i>	-
16 [SPI_MOSI]	PC2	<i>SPI MOSI</i>	EXT3 and EDBG SPI
17 [SPI_MISO]	PC1	<i>SPI MISO</i>	EXT3 and EDBG SPI
18 [SPI_SCK]	PC0	<i>SPI SCK</i>	EXT3 and EDBG SPI
19 [GND]	-	-	Ground
20 [VCC]	-	-	Power for extension board

1) Not connected by default, see [4.5.1 Connecting the 32 KHz Crystal](#) for more information.

**Note:** Signal functions in *italic* use alternative pin location. These have to be configured in the PORTMUX register of the device.

**Table 4-2. Extension Header EXT3**

EXT3 Pin	ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
1 [ID]	-	-	Communication line to the ID chip on an extension board
2 [GND]	-	-	Ground
3 [ADC(+)]	-	-	
4 [ADC(-)]	-	-	
5 [GPIO1]	PC5	GPIO	SW1 and UPDI debug connector
6 [GPIO2]	-	-	
7 [PWM(+)]	-	-	
8 [PWM(-)]	-	-	
9 [IRQ/GPIO]	PB6	IRQ/GPIO	EDBG DGI
10 [SPI_SS_B/GPIO]	PB5	GPIO	SW0 and EDBG DGI
11 [I <sup>2</sup> C_SDA]	PA1	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SDA</i>	EXT1 and EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C

EXT3 Pin	ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
12 [I <sup>2</sup> C_SCL]	PA2	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SCL</i>	EXT1 and EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C
13 [USART_RX]	PB3	UART RX	EXT1, EDBG CDC, and Crystal <sup>(1)</sup>
14 [USART_TX]	PB2	UART TX	EXT1, EDBG CDC, and Crystal <sup>(1)</sup>
15 [SPI_SS_A]	PA3	GPIO / SPI_SS	-
16 [SPI_MOSI]	PC2	<i>SPI MOSI</i>	EXT1 and EDBG SPI
17 [SPI_MISO]	PC1	<i>SPI MISO</i>	EXT1 and EDBG SPI
18 [SPI_SCK]	PC0	<i>SPI SCK</i>	EXT1 and EDBG SPI
19 [GND]	-	-	Ground
20 [VCC]	-	-	Power for extension board

1) Not connected by default, see [4.5.1 Connecting the 32 KHz Crystal](#) for more information.

**Note:** Signal functions in *italic* use alternative pin location. These have to be configured in the PORTMUX register of the device.

### 4.2.2 UPDI Debug Connector

ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro has a 10-pin 50-mil UPDI Debug Connector that can be used to attach external debuggers to the ATtiny3217.

**Table 4-3. UPDI Debug Connector**

UPDI Debug Connector Pin	Pin/Net	Function	Shared Functionality
1	-	-	
2	GND	Ground	
3	PA0	UPDI/RESET	EDBG
4	VCC_TARGET_P3V3	ATtiny3217 voltage	
5	-	-	
6	PC5	-	SW1 and EXT3
7	-	-	
8	-	-	
9	-	-	
10	-	-	

**Note:**

1. PA0 is configured as UPDI by default. PA0 can be fused to be RESET or GPIO, but this is prevented by the EDBG as this will disable all further programming and debugging by the EDBG.
2. Even though PC5 is connected to the UPDI debug connector this pin is not used for programming or debugging.

### 4.3 Peripherals

#### 4.3.1 Mechanical Buttons

ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro contains two generic user configurable mechanical buttons. When a button is pressed it will drive the I/O line to GND.



**Info:** There is no pull-up resistor connected to the generic user button SW0. Remember to enable the internal pull-up in the ATtiny3217 to use the button. There is an on-board pull-up resistor connected to the generic user button SW1. There is no need to enable the internal pull-up in the ATtiny3217 to use the button.

**Table 4-4. Mechanical Buttons**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Silkscreen Text	Shared Functionality
PB5	SW0	<a href="#">EXT3</a> and <a href="#">EDBG DGI</a>
PC5	SW1/RST	<a href="#">EXT3</a> and <a href="#">UPDI debug connector</a>



**Info:** PC5 is connected to a button that states 'SW1/RST' because PC5 had reset capabilities in an early version of the ATtiny3217. Today the ATtiny3217 does not have any reset capabilities on PC5.

#### 4.3.2 Crystal

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro kit contains a 32.768 kHz crystal, which can be used as clock source for the ATtiny3217 device. The crystal has a cut-strap next to it, which can be used to measure the oscillator safety factor. This is done by cutting the strap and adding a resistor across the strap. More information about oscillator allowance and safety factor can be found in the [AVR4100](#) application note from Microchip.

The 32.768 kHz crystal on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro is a Kyocera Crystal Device Corporation ST3215SB32768E0HPWBB. Kyocera has formally tested and matched the crystal to the ATtiny3217. The test report is available in the design documentation located at the [ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro website](#).



**Info:** The crystal is not connected to the device by default as the crystal pins on the device are shared with the UART module. The UART interface is lost if the crystal is needed by the application. See [Kit Modifications](#) for instructions on how to modify the kit for crystal operation.



**Info:** The Kyocera Crystal Device Corporation crystals that are matched with Microchip products can be found on their website: [http://prdct-search.kyocera.co.jp/crystal-ic/?p=en\\_search/](http://prdct-search.kyocera.co.jp/crystal-ic/?p=en_search/)

**Table 4-5. External 32.768 kHz Crystal**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function
PB2	XOUT32
PB3	XIN32

### Related Links

[2.2 Design Documentation and Relevant Links](#)

#### 4.3.3 LED

There is one yellow LED available on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro board that can be turned ON and OFF. The LED can be activated by connecting the I/O line to GND.

**Table 4-6. LED Connection**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Silkscreen Text	Shared Functionality
PB4	LED0	<a href="#">EXT1</a>

#### 4.3.4 QTouch<sup>®</sup> Button

There are two self-capacitance buttons available on the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro board, which can be used as input buttons for an application. These QTouch buttons are intended to be driven by the built-in Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC) of the device.

To get started using the QTouch buttons and the PTC, there is a similar example project that can be opened here: [QTouch Tiny817 Xplained Pro Selfcap Example](#) in Atmel Start (<http://start.atmel.com/#examples>). The two kits are identical except the device.



**Tip:** The touch buttons in the kit are placed on the inner layers of the PCB and have a very small overlay. Due to the short distance from the sensor to the touch area, it might be oversensitive. Different overlays can be used to avoid saturation of the sensor.

**Table 4-7. QTouch Connection**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Silkscreen Text	Shared Functionality
PA7	QT BTN1	<a href="#">EXT1</a>
PA6	QT BTN2	<a href="#">EXT1</a>

## 4.4 Embedded Debugger Implementation

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro contains an Embedded Debugger (EDBG), which can be used to program and debug the ATtiny3217 using Unified Program Debug Interface (UPDI). The Embedded Debugger also includes a Virtual COM Port interface over UART, a Data Gateway Interface over SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, and two ATtiny3217 GPIOs. The kit also includes an XAM extension processor to the Embedded Debugger for on-board current measurement. Atmel Studio can be used as a front-end for the Embedded Debugger.

### 4.4.1 Unified Program Debug Interface

The Unified Program Debug Interface (UPDI) uses one pin to communicate with the target. For further information on how to use the programming and debugging capabilities of the EDBG, see section [3.1 Embedded Debugger](#).

**Table 4-8. UPDI Connections**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
PA0	UPDI interface	<a href="#">UPDI debug connector</a>

### 4.4.2 Virtual COM Port

The Embedded Debugger acts as a Virtual COM Port gateway by using one of the ATtiny3217 UARTs. For further information on how to use the Virtual COM Port, see section [3.1 Embedded Debugger](#).

**Table 4-9. Virtual COM Port Connections**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
PB2	UART TXD (ATtiny3217 TX line)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>
PB3	UART RXD (ATtiny3217 RX line)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>

### 4.4.3 Data Gateway Interface

The Embedded Debugger features a Data Gateway Interface (DGI) by using either an SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C. The DGI can be used to send a variety of data from the ATtiny3217 to the host PC. For further information on how to use the DGI interface, see the [Data Visualizer](#) and the [EDBG User Guide](#).

**Table 4-10. DGI Interface Connections when using SPI**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
PC4	SPI SS (Slave select) (ATtiny3217 is Master)	-
PC2	<i>SPI MOSI</i> (Master Out, Slave in)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>
PC1	<i>SPI MISO</i> (Master In, Slave Out)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>
PC0	<i>SPI SCK</i> (Clock Out)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>

**Table 4-11. DGI Interface Connections when using I<sup>2</sup>C**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
PA1	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SDA</i> (Data line)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>
PA2	<i>I<sup>2</sup>C SCL</i> (Clock line)	<a href="#">EXT1</a> and <a href="#">EXT3</a>

**Note:** Signal functions in *italic* use alternative pin location. These have to be configured in the PORTMUX register of the device.

Two GPIO lines are connected to the Embedded Debugger. The EDBG can monitor these lines and timestamp pin value changes. This makes it possible to accurately timestamp events in the ATtiny3217 application code. For further information on how to configure and use the GPIO monitoring features, see the [Data Visualizer](#) and the [EDBG User Guide](#).

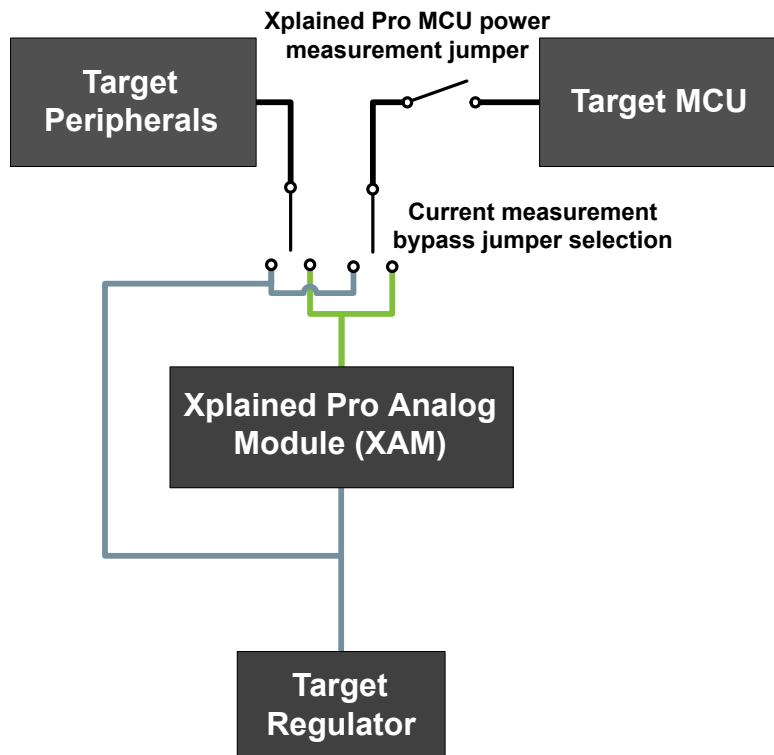
**Table 4-12. GPIO Lines Connected to the EDBG**

ATtiny3217 Pin	Function	Shared Functionality
PB5	GPIO0	EXT3 and SW0
PB6	GPIO1	EXT3

#### 4.4.4 XAM Configuration

On the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro, the MCU and the MCU peripherals (e.g. extensions) are powered by their own regulator, as shown in the figure below. All the other parts of the board, mainly the embedded debugger and the accompanying Xplained Pro Analog Module (XAM), are powered from a separate regulator. The current to the MCU and the peripherals can be measured by connecting them to the XAM output through jumper settings.

**Figure 4-3. ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro XAM Implementation Block Diagram**



On the ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro the XAM can be used in four configurations:

1. **No current measurement or external MCU current measurement:** The XAM is bypassed and thus the MCU and peripherals are supplied directly by the regulator. Set both jumpers in the "BYPASS" position. In this configuration, it is also possible to connect external measurement tools on the Xplained Pro MCU power measurement header to measure the MCU current directly instead of using the XAM.
2. **MCU current measurement:** The XAM measures only the MCU current while the peripherals are supplied directly by the regulator. For this configuration, place the jumper for "I/O" (peripherals) into the "BYPASS" position and the "MCU" into the "MEASURE" position.

3. **Peripherals measurement:** The XAM measures only the peripherals' current while the MCU is directly supplied by the regulator. For this configuration, place the jumper for "MCU" into the "BYPASS" position and the "I/O" jumper into the "MEASURE" position.
4. **MCU and peripherals measurement:** In this configuration, both the MCU and the peripherals are measured by the XAM. Place both jumpers on the "I/O" and "MCU" headers in the "MEASURE" position.

## 4.5 Kit Modifications

ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro has several resistors that can be used to disconnect I/O pins of the ATtiny3217 from connectors and on-board ICs and to disconnect power signals.



**Info:** Note that there are some resistors that aren't mounted by default on the kit listed in the table below.

**Table 4-13. Kit Modifications**

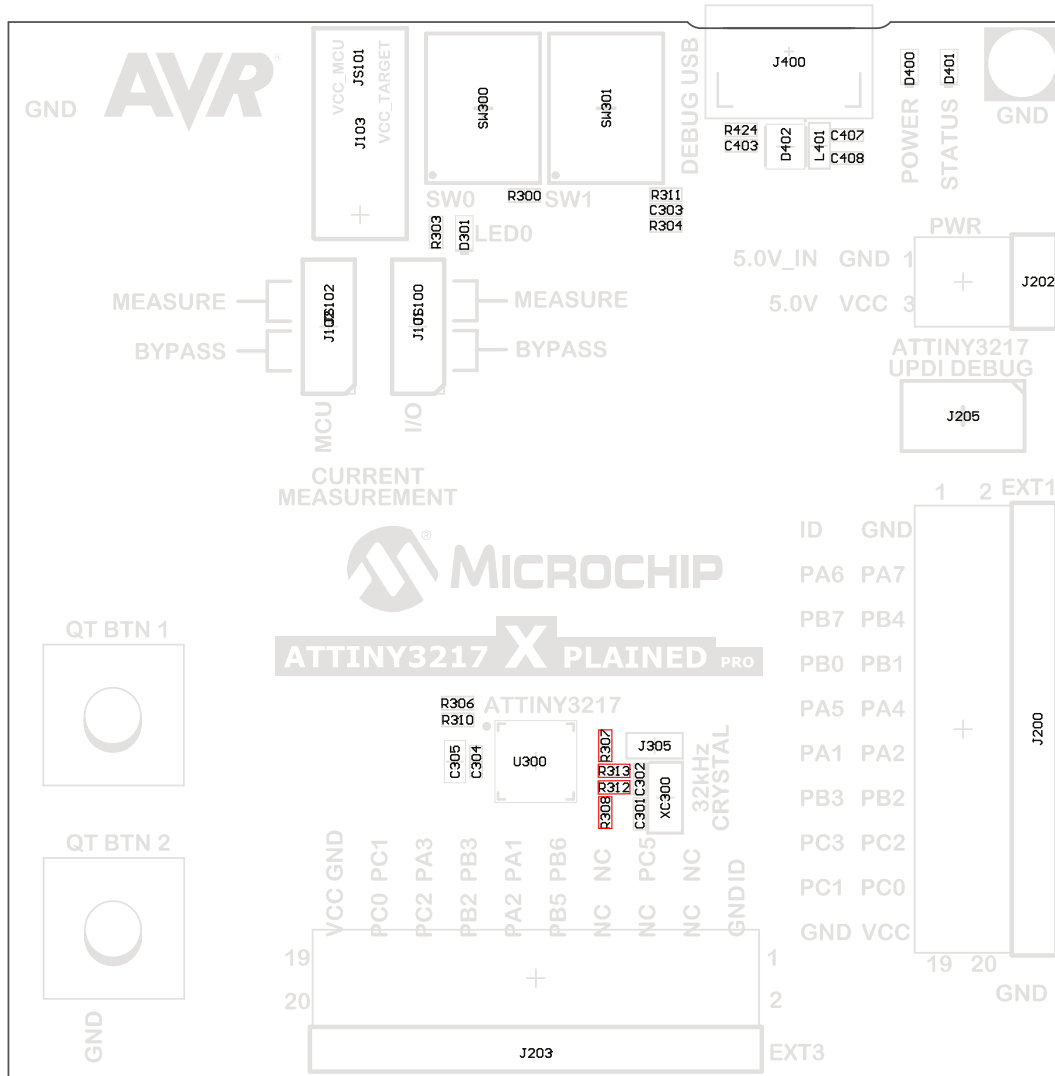
Designator	Value	Mounted	From	To	Comment
J100	cut-strap	N/A	VCC_P3V3	VCC_P3V3_CM_IN	ATtiny3217, peripherals, and connectors power supply
R107	0R	Yes	U100 OUT	VCC_CM_P3V3	XAM power supply
R108	0R	Yes	U100 OUT	VCC_EDBG_P3V3	EDBG power supply
R302	10k	Yes	QT BTN1	PA6 AIN6	Onboard QTouch buttons to the ATtiny3217
R305	10k	Yes	QT BTN2	PA7 AIN7	
R307	0R	Yes	PB2 UART TXD	PB2	EDBG CDC and UART on extension headers to the ATtiny3217
R308	0R	Yes	PB3 UART RXD	PB3	
R309	0R	Yes	SW1	PC5	Mechanical button SW1
R312	0R	No	PB3 TOSC1	PB3	32 KHz crystal to the ATtiny3217
R313	0R	No	PB2 TOSC2	PB2	
R404	0R	Yes	EDBG UPDI	PA0 UDPI RST	Debug interface from the EDBG to the ATtiny3217
R406	0R	Yes	EDBG CDC RX	PB2 UART TX	EDBG CDC and DGI interfaces to the ATtiny3217
R407	0R	Yes	EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C SDA	PA1 I <sup>2</sup> C SDA	
R408	0R	Yes	EDBG I <sup>2</sup> C SCL	PA2 I <sup>2</sup> C SCL	
R414	330R	Yes	EDBG CDC TX	PB3 UART RX	
R415	0R	Yes	EDBG SPI MOSI	PC2 SPI MOSI	
R416	330R	Yes	EDBG DGI_GPIO0	PB5 GPIO	

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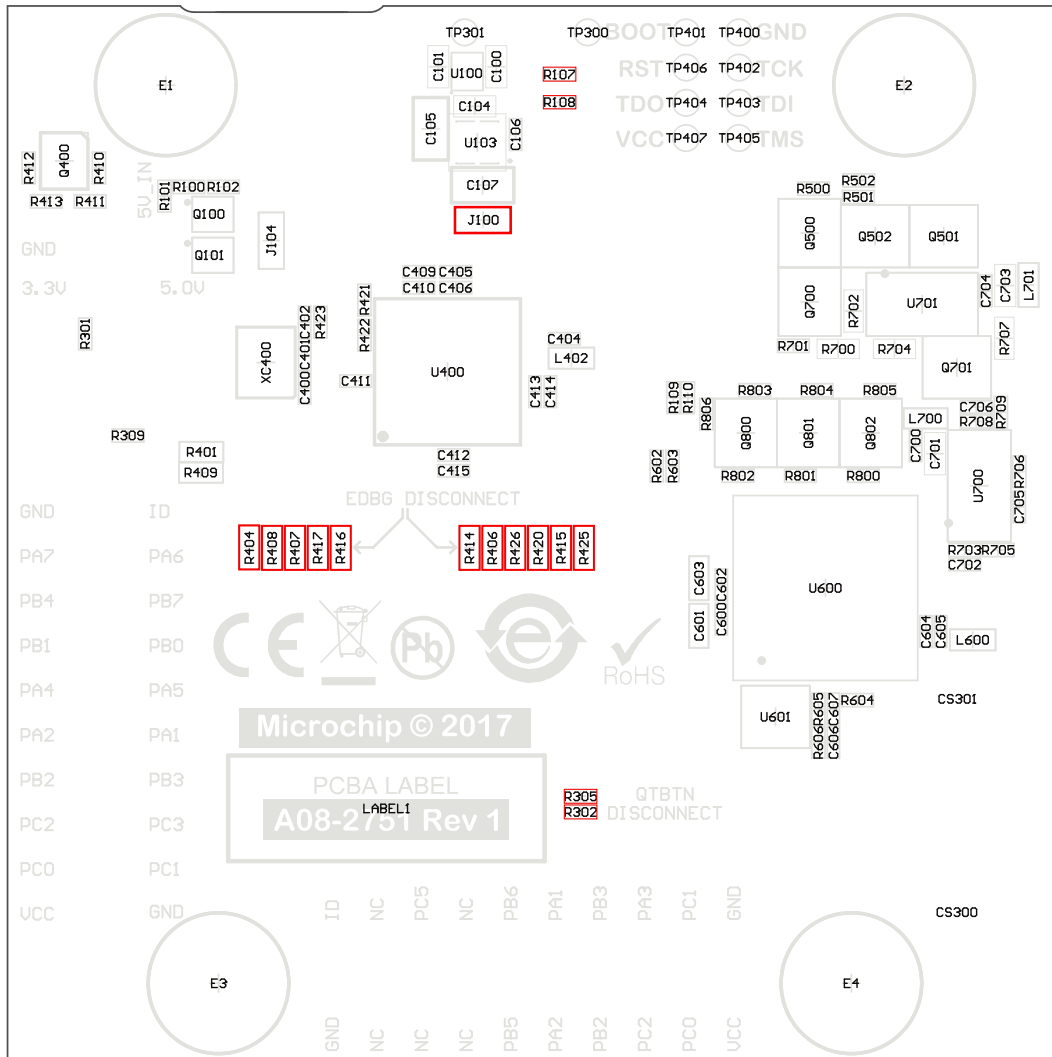
Designator	Value	Mounted	From	To	Comment
R417	330R	Yes	EDBG DGL_GPIO1	PB6 IRQ GPIO	
R420	330R	Yes	EDBG SPI MISO	PC1 SPI MISO	
R425	0R	Yes	EDBG SPI SCK	PC0 SPI SCK	
R426	0R	Yes	EDBG SS	PC4 SPI SS	

Figure 4-4. Assembly Drawing Top





**Figure 4-5. Assembly Drawing Bottom**



### 4.5.1 Connecting the 32 KHz Crystal

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro board has a 32.768 kHz crystal mounted on the kit. The crystal is not connected by default as the TOSC pins on the device are used for UART communication to the extension headers and the EDBG CDC. To use the crystal, this connection has to be broken in order to get a functional crystal operation.

To connect the crystal, remove resistors R307 and R308 and place them on the footprints for R312 and R313. To locate the components, see the assembly drawing in the section above (*Kit Modifications*).



**Info:** Operating the ATtiny3217 with the crystal requires physical modifications on the kit using a soldering iron.

### 4.5.2 Operation at Other Voltages

The ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro board is operated at 3.3V by default, but it can also operate from other voltages from an external supply. The EDBG is designed to run from a 3.3V supply and won't work on other voltages, therefore all connections from the EDBG and the on-board 3.3V regulator to the ATtiny3217 should be removed.

To completely disconnect the EDBG and the on-board power supply from the ATtiny3217, do the following:

- Remove the two jumpers from the on-board 3-pin current measurement headers (J101 and J102), and connect the two center pins (pin 2) together with a wire or an ammeter, as shown in [Figure 4-7](#)
- Remove R404, R406, R407, R408, R414, R415, R416, R417, R420, R425, R426
- Optionally, cut J100 to remove power to the on-board current measurement headers (J101 and J102) from the on-board regulator

[Figure 4-6](#) shows all components that have to be removed from the bottom side of the PCB for operation at other voltages. To locate the other components, see the assembly drawing in the section above. The kit can be supplied with a desired voltage through the pins marked 3.3V (pin four) and GND (pin two) on the Xplained Pro power header when the components are removed. To program and debug the ATtiny3217 the 2x5 50mil UPDI debug connector has to be used with an external debugger.



**Info:** Operating the ATtiny3217 on other voltages than 3.3V requires physical modifications on the kit using a soldering iron and an external debugger for programming the ATtiny3217. The on-board current measurement only works at 3.3V. The on-board LED is selected for 3.3V operation. The light level at 1.8V operation is very low. To increase the emitted light level the value of the series resistor can be lowered. The EDBG functionality can be restored by re-soldering the removed components. If J100 was cut a 0Ω resistor can be soldered across the cut.



The voltage supplied through the power header is applied directly to the ATtiny3217 and the extension headers. Applying a voltage higher than 5.5V may damage the board permanently.

**Figure 4-6. ATtiny3217 Xplained Pro EDBG Disconnect**

