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Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



# International **TCR** Rectifier

## March 11, 2011 Automotive Grade AUIRS2092S PROTECTED DIGITAL AUDIO AMPLIFIER

#### Features

- Integrated analog input Class D audio amplifier driver in a small 16 pin package
- Floating inputs enable easy half bridge implementation
- Programmable bidirectional over-current protection with self-reset function
- Programmable preset deadtime for improved THD performances
- Start and stop click noise reduction
- High noise immunity
- ±100 V ratings deliver up to 500 W in output power
- Operates up to 800 kHz
- Leadfree, RoHS compliant
- Automotive Qualified<sup>†</sup>

### **Product Summary**

V <sub>OFFSET</sub> (max)	$\pm$ 100 V		
Gate driver	lo+ (typical)	1.0 A	
Gale unver	lo – (typical)	1.2 A	
Selectable Dea	dtime	25/40/65/105 ns	
OC protection d	lelay (max)	500 ns	
DC offset	DC offset		
PWM frequency	PWM frequency		
Error amplifier of	Error amplifier open loop gain		
THD+N* (1kHz,	0.01 %		
Residual Noise (AES-17 Filter)	200 µVrms		

\* measured with recommended circuit

## Package Options

#### **Typical Applications**

- Automotive mini component stereo systems
- Automotive powered speaker systems
- Automotive audio power amplifiers



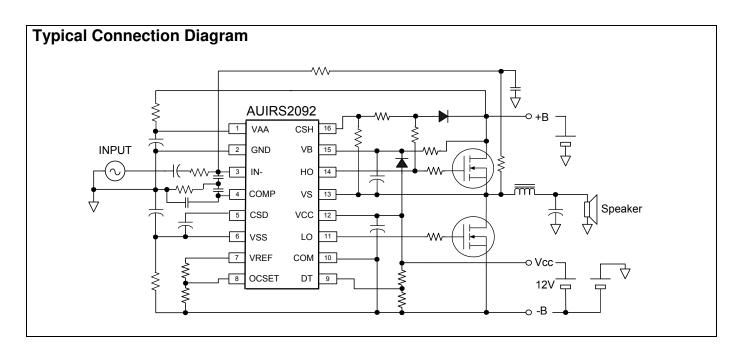


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#### Description

The AUIRS2092 is a high voltage, high performance Class D audio amplifier driver with PWM modulator and protection. In conjunction with two external MOSFET and a few external components, a complete Class D audio amplifier with protection can be realized.

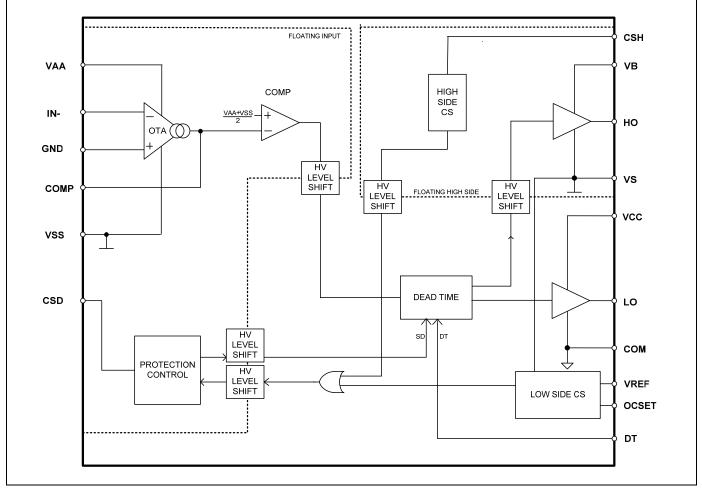
International Rectifier's proprietary noise isolation technology allows high current gate drive stage and high speed low noise error amplifier reside on a single small silicon die.

Open elements of PWM modulator section allow flexible PWM topology implementation.

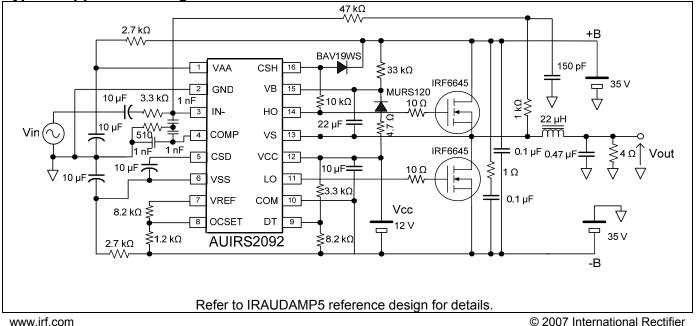
# International

# AUIRS2092S

### Simplified Block Diagram



### Typical Application Diagram



#### Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>

Qualification Level		Automotive (per AEC-Q100 <sup>††</sup> ) Comments: This family of ICs has passed an Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.		
Moisture Sensitivity Level		SOIC16N	MSL3 <sup>†††</sup> 260°C (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020)	
Machine Model		Class M2 (+/-150V) (per AEC-Q100-003)		
ESD	Human Body Model	Člass H1B (+/-750V) (per AEC-Q100-002)		
Charged Device Model		Class C3A (+/-750V) (per AEC-Q100-011)		
IC Latch-Up Test		Class II, Level B <sup>††††</sup> (per AEC-Q100-004)		
RoHS Compliant		Yes		

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site <u>http://www.irf.com/</u>

tt Exceptions to AEC-Q100 requirements are noted in the qualification report.

+++ Higher MSL ratings may be available for the specific package types listed here. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.

++++ CSD pin stressed to +/-20mA, CSH pin stressed to +/-40mA, DT and OCSET pins stressed to +/-20mA

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM lead. Stresses beyond those listed under " Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>B</sub>	High side floating supply voltage	-0.3	220	
Vs	High side floating supply voltage (Note2)	V <sub>B</sub> -20	V <sub>B</sub> +0.3	
V <sub>HO</sub>	High side floating output voltage	V <sub>S</sub> -0.3	V <sub>B</sub> +0.3	
V <sub>CSH</sub>	CSH pin input voltage	V <sub>S</sub> -0.3	V <sub>B</sub> +0.3	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side fixed supply voltage (Note2)	-0.3	20	
V <sub>LO</sub>	Low side output voltage	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V
V <sub>AA</sub>	Floating input positive supply voltage (Note2)	(See I <sub>AAZ</sub> )	210	
V <sub>SS</sub>	Floating input negative supply voltage (Note2)	-1 (See I <sub>SSZ</sub> )	GND +0.3	
V <sub>GND</sub>	Floating input supply ground voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 (See I <sub>SSZ</sub> )	V <sub>AA</sub> +0.3 (See I <sub>AAZ</sub> )	
I <sub>IN-</sub>	Inverting input current (Note1)		±3	mA
V <sub>CSD</sub>	SD pin input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3	V <sub>AA</sub> +0.3	
V <sub>COMP</sub>	COMP pin input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3	V <sub>AA</sub> +0.3	v
V <sub>DT</sub>	DT pin input voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	v
V <sub>OCSET</sub>	OCSET pin input voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	
I <sub>AAZ</sub>	Floating input positive supply zener clamp current (Note2)		20	
I <sub>SSZ</sub>	Floating input negative supply zener clamp current (Note2)		20	
I <sub>CCZ</sub>	Low side supply zener clamp current (Note3)		10	mA
I <sub>BSZ</sub>	Floating supply zener clamp current (Note3)		10	
I <sub>OREF</sub>	Reference output current		5	
dV <sub>S</sub> /dt	Allowable Vs voltage slew rate		50	V/ns
dV <sub>SS</sub> /dt	Allowable Vss voltage slew rate (Note3)		50	V/ms
Pd	Maximum power dissipation @ $T_A \le +25^{\circ}C$		1.0	W
Rth <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal resistance, Junction to ambient		115	°C/W
TJ	Junction Temperature		150	°C
Τ <sub>S</sub>	Storage Temperature	-55	150	°C
TL	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)		300	°C

Note1: IN- contains clamping diode to GND.

Note2:  $V_{DD}$  – IN+, GND -V<sub>SS</sub>, V<sub>CC</sub>-COM and V<sub>B</sub>-V<sub>S</sub> contain internal shunt zener diodes. Please note that the voltage ratings of these can be limited by the clamping current.

Note3: For the rising and falling edges of step signal of 10 V.  $V_{SS}$ =15 V to 200 V.

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

For proper operation, the device should be used within the recommended conditions below. The Vs and COM offset ratings are tested with supplies biased at  $V_{AA}-V_{SS}=10$  V,  $V_{CC}=12$  V and  $V_B-V_S=12$  V. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM; all currents are defined positive into any lead.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units	
VB	High side floating supply absolute voltage	V <sub>S</sub> +10	V <sub>S</sub> +18	V	
Vs	High side floating supply offset voltage	(Note 1)	200	v	
I <sub>AAZ</sub>	Floating input positive supply zener clamp current	1	11	mA	
I <sub>SSZ</sub>	Floating input negative supply zener clamp current	1	11	ШA	
$V_{SS}$	Floating input supply absolute voltage	0	200		
V <sub>HO</sub>	High side floating output voltage	Vs	V <sub>B</sub>		
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side fixed supply voltage	10	18		
$V_{LO}$	Low side output voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
$V_{GND}$	GND pin input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> (Note 3)	V <sub>AA</sub> (Note 3)	v	
V <sub>IN-</sub>	Inverting input voltage	$V_{GND}$ -0.5	V <sub>GND</sub> +0.5		
$V_{CSD}$	CSD pin input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>AA</sub>		
$V_{\text{COMP}}$	COMP pin input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>AA</sub>		
$C_{\text{COMP}}$	COMP pin phase compensation capacitor to GND	1	-	nF	
$V_{\text{DT}}$	DT pin input voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
I <sub>OREF</sub>	Reference output current to COM (Note 2)	0.3	0.8	mA	
V <sub>OCSET</sub>	OCSET pin input voltage	0.5	5	V	
$V_{CSH}$	CSH pin input voltage	Vs	V <sub>B</sub>	v	
dVss/dt	Allowable Vss voltage slew rate upon power-up (Note4)	-	50	V/ms	
I <sub>PW</sub>	Input pulse width	10 (Note 5)	-	ns	
f <sub>SW</sub>	Switching Frequency	-	800	kHz	
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Temperature	-40	125	۵°	

Note 1: Logic operational for Vs equal to -5 V to +200 V. Logic state held for Vs equal to -5 V to -V<sub>BS</sub>.

Note 2: Nominal voltage for V<sub>REF</sub> is 5.1 V. I<sub>OREF</sub> of 0.3 – 0.8 mA dictates total external resistor value on VREF to be 6.3 k $\Omega$  to 16.7 k $\Omega$ .

Note 3: GND input voltage is limited by  $I_{AAZ}$  and  $I_{SSZ}$ .

Note 4: V<sub>SS</sub> ramps up from 0 V to 200 V.

Note 5: Output logic status may not respond correctly if input pulse width is smaller than the minimum pulse width.

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#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted, these specifications apply for an operating junction temperature range of -40°C  $\leq$  Tj  $\leq$  125°C with bias conditions of V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>BS</sub>= 12 V, V<sub>SS</sub>=V<sub>S</sub>=COM=0 V, V<sub>AA</sub>=10 V, C<sub>L</sub>=1 nF.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Low Side	Supply					
UV <sub>CC+</sub>	Vcc supply UVLO positive threshold	8.4	8.9	9.8		
UV <sub>CC-</sub>	Vcc supply UVLO negative threshold	8.2	8.7	9.4	V	
UV <sub>CCHYS</sub>	UV <sub>cc</sub> hysteresis	-	0.2	-		
I <sub>QCC</sub>	Low side quiescent current	-	-	3	mA	V <sub>DT</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>CLAMPL</sub>	Low side zener diode clamp voltage	19.6	20.4	21.6	V	I <sub>CC</sub> =5 mA
	e Floating Supply		•	•		
UV <sub>BS+</sub>	High side well UVLO positive threshold	8.0	8.5	9.7		
UV <sub>BS-</sub>	High side well UVLO negative threshold	7.8	8.3	9.0	V	
UV <sub>BSHYS</sub>	UV <sub>BS</sub> hysteresis	-	0.2	-		
I <sub>QBS</sub>	High side quiescent current	-	-	1	mA	
I <sub>LKH</sub>	High to Low side leakage current	-	-	50	μA	V <sub>B</sub> =V <sub>S</sub> =200 V
V <sub>CLAMPH</sub>	High side zener diode clamp voltage	19.6	20.4	21.6	V	I <sub>BS</sub> =5 mA
	Input Supply					00 -
UV <sub>AA+</sub>	VA+, VA- floating supply UVLO positive threshold from V <sub>SS</sub>	8.2	8.7	9.7		V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V, GND pir floating
UV <sub>AA-</sub>	VA+, VA- floating supply UVLO negative threshold from V <sub>SS</sub>	7.7	8.2	9.0	V	V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V, GND pir floating
$UV_{AAHYS}$	UV <sub>AA</sub> hysteresis	-	0.5	-		V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V, GND pir floating
I <sub>QAA0</sub>	Floating Input positive quiescent supply current	-	0.5	2		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 \ V <sub>CSD</sub> =VSS
		-	6.5	11		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =VAA, Tj = - 40C
I <sub>QAA1</sub>	Floating Input positive quiescent supply current	-	8	11	mA	V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =VAA, Tj = 25C
		-	9.5	12.5		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =VAA, Tj = 125C
		-	6.5	11		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =GND, Tj = - 40C
I <sub>QAA2</sub>	Floating Input positive quiescent supply current	-	8	11		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =GND, Tj = 25C
		-	9.5	12.5		V <sub>AA</sub> =10 V, V <sub>SS</sub> =0 V V <sub>CSD</sub> =GND, Tj = 125C
I <sub>LKM</sub>	Floating input side to Low side leakage current	-	-	50	μA	V <sub>AA</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> =V <sub>GND</sub> = 100 V
V <sub>CLAMPM+</sub>	$V_{AA}$ floating supply zener diode clamp voltage, positive, with respect to GND	6.0	7.0	8.0	- V	$I_{AA}$ =5 mA, $I_{SS}$ =5 mA $V_{GND}$ =0 V, $V_{CSD}$ =VSS
V <sub>CLAMPM-</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> floating supply zener diode clamp voltage, negative, with respect to GND	-8.0	-7.0	-6.0		I <sub>AA</sub> =5 mA, I <sub>SS</sub> =5 mA V <sub>GND</sub> =0 V, V <sub>CSD</sub> =VSS
Audio Inr	out (V <sub>GND</sub> =0, V <sub>AA</sub> =5V, V <sub>SS</sub> =-5V)					
		-20	0	20	mV	Tj = -40C
Vos	Input offset voltage	-15	0	15	mV	Tj = 25C
00		-18	0	18	mV	Tj = 125C
I <sub>BIN</sub>	Input bias current	-	-	40	nA	, ,

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BW	Small signal bandwidth	-	9	-	MHz	C <sub>COMP</sub> =2 nF, Rf=3.3 kΩ
V <sub>COMP</sub>	OTA Output voltage	VAA-1	-	VSS+1	V	
<b>g</b> <sub>m</sub>	OTA transconductance	-	100	-	mS	V <sub>IN-</sub> =10 mV
Gv	OTA gain	60	-	-	dB	
V <sub>Nrms</sub>	OTA input noise voltage	-	250	-	mVrms	BW=20 kHz, Resolution BW=22 Hz Fig.5
SR	Slew rate	-	±5	-	V/us	C <sub>COMP</sub> =1 nF
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	-	60	-	dB	
PSRR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	-	65	-	uр	
PWM cor	nparator					
Vth <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM comparator threshold in COMP	-	$(V_{AA}-V_{SS})/2$	-	V	
	COMP pin star-up local oscillation	0.7		1.2		
f <sub>ота</sub>	frequency	0.7	1.0	1.3	MHz	V <sub>CSD</sub> =GND
Protectio	n		•			
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference output voltage	4.8	5.1	5.5		I <sub>OREF</sub> =0.5 mA
						OCSET=1.2 V,
Vth <sub>OCL</sub>	Low side OC threshold in Vs	1.1	1.2	1.3		Fig.6
Vth <sub>OCH</sub>	High side OC threshold in V <sub>CSH</sub>	1.1+ Vs	1.2+ Vs	1.3+ Vs	V	Vs=200 V,
Vth1	CSD pin shutdown release threshold	0.62xV <sub>DD</sub>	0.70xV <sub>DD</sub>	0.78xV <sub>DD</sub>	-	
Vth2	CSD pin self reset threshold	0.26xV <sub>DD</sub>	0.30xV <sub>DD</sub>	0.34xV <sub>DD</sub>	-	
I <sub>CSD+</sub>	CSD pin discharge current	60	100	150		$V_{CSD} = V_{SS} + 5 V$
I <sub>CSD-</sub>	CSD pin charge current	60	100	150	μA	$V_{CSD} = V_{SS} + 5V$
ICSD-	Shutdown propagation delay from V <sub>CSD</sub> >	00	100			
t <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> + Vth <sub>OCH</sub> to Shutdown	-	-	250	-	
t <sub>OCH</sub>	Propagation delay time from V <sub>CSH</sub> > Vth <sub>OCH</sub> to Shutdown	-	-	650	ns	Fig.3
t <sub>OCL</sub>	Propagation delay time from Vs> Vth <sub>OCL</sub> to Shutdown	-	-	650		Fig.4
Gate Driv	/er					
lo+	Output high short circuit current (Source)	-	1.0	-	Α	Vo=0 V, PW <u>&lt;</u> 10 µs
lo-	Output low short circuit current (Sink)	-	1.2	-	Α	Vo=12 V, PW <u>&lt;</u> 10 µs
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low level out put voltage LO – COM, HO - VS	-	-	0.1		
V <sub>OH</sub>	High level out put voltage VCC – LO, VB - HO	-	-	2.3	V	lo=2 mA
ton	High and low side turn-on propagation delay	-	360	-	ns	$V_{DT} = V_{CC}$
toff	High and low side turn-off propagation delay	_	335	_	-	V <sub>DT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>
tr			20	50	-	
tr +f	Turn-on rise time	-	20	50	-	 
tf	Turn-off fall time	-	15	35	4	
	Deadtime: LO turn-off to HO turn-on	5	20	35		V <sub>DT</sub> >V <sub>DT1,</sub> Tj = -40C
DT1	$(DT_{LO-HO})$ & HO turn-off to LO turn-on $(DT_{HO-LO})$	15	25	35		V <sub>DT</sub> >V <sub>DT1,</sub> Tj = 25C
	\- · nu-Lu/	20	35	50		V <sub>DT</sub> >V <sub>DT1,</sub> Tj = 125C
		20	35	55		V <sub>DT1</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT2,</sub> Tj = -40C
DT2	Deadtime: LO turn-off to HO turn-on (DT <sub>LO-HO</sub> ) & HO turn-off to LO turn-on	25	40	55		V <sub>DT1</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT2,</sub> Tj = 25C
	(DT <sub>HO-LO</sub> )	30	50	70	1	V <sub>DT1</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT2,</sub> Tj = 125C
DT3	Deadtime: LO turn-off to HO turn-on (DT <sub>LO-HO</sub> ) & HO turn-off to LO turn-on	40	65	95		V <sub>DT2</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT3,</sub> Tj = -40C
	(DT <sub>HO-LO</sub> )	50	65	85	1	V <sub>DT2</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT3,</sub> Tj = 25C

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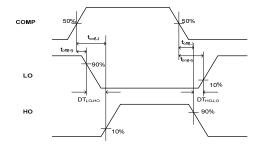
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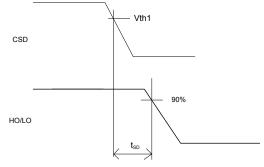
		50	80	105		V <sub>DT2</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT3,</sub> Tj = 125C
	Deadtime: LO turn-off to HO turn-on	65	110	150		V <sub>DT3</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT4,</sub> Tj = -40C
DT4	(DT <sub>LO-HO</sub> ) & HO turn-off to LO turn-on	85	105	135		V <sub>DT3</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT4,</sub> Tj = 25C
	$(DT_{HO-LO})V_{DT} = V_{DT4}$	80	115	155		V <sub>DT3</sub> >V <sub>DT</sub> > V <sub>DT4,</sub> Tj = 125C
V <sub>DT1</sub>	DT mode select threshold 2	0.51xVcc	0.57xVcc	0.63xVcc		
V <sub>DT2</sub>	DT mode select threshold 3	0.32xVcc	0.36xVcc	0.40xVcc	V	
V <sub>DT3</sub>	DT mode select threshold 4	0.21xVcc	0.23xVcc	0.25xVcc		

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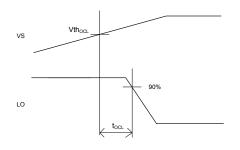
# **AUIRS2092S**

#### Waveform Definitions



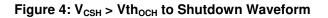


#### Figure 1: Switching Time Waveform Definitions



## -Vth<sub>OCH</sub> CSH vs 90% но $\mathbf{t}_{\text{OCH}}$





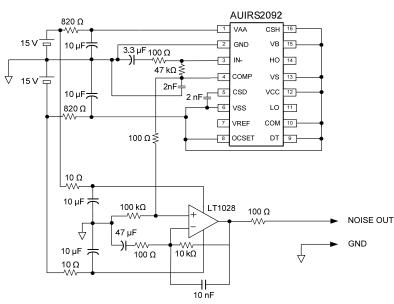
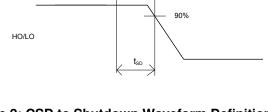
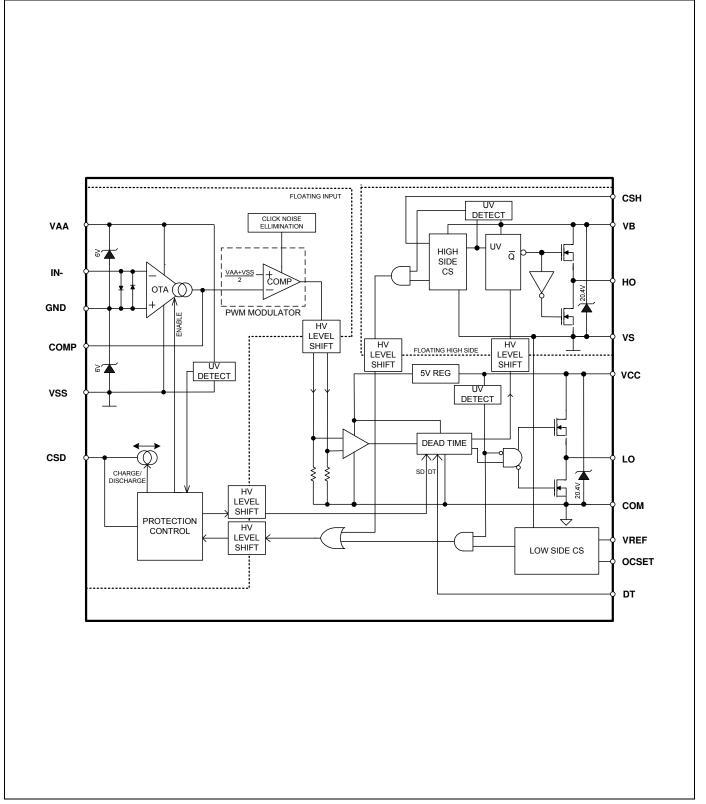


Figure 5: OTA input noise voltage mesurent circuit



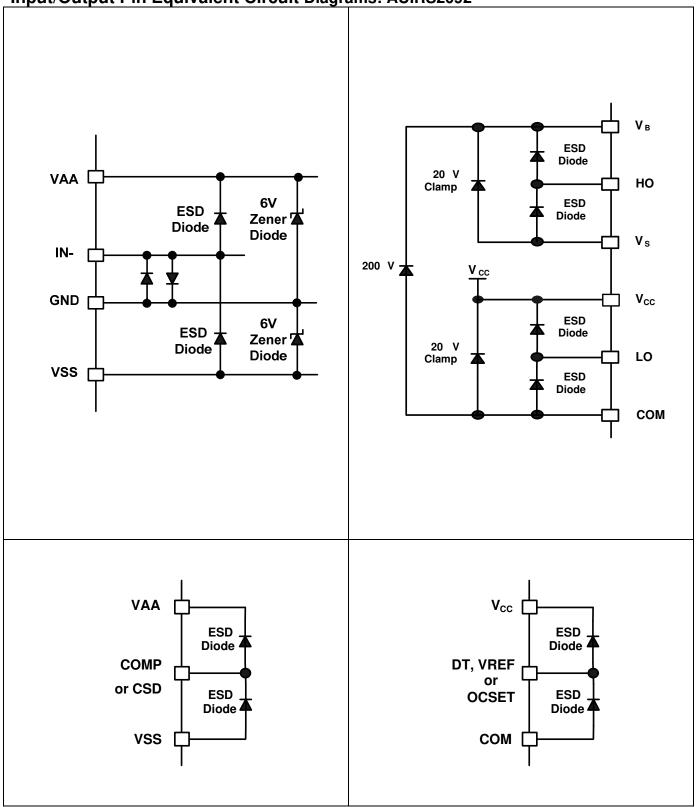
#### Figure 2: CSD to Shutdown Waveform Definitions

#### Functional Block Diagram: AUIRS2092



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# AUIRS2092S

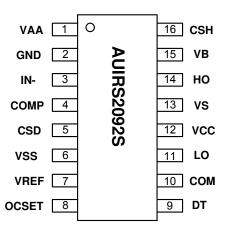


### Input/Output Pin Equivalent Circuit Diagrams: AUIRS2092

#### Lead Definitions: AUIRS2092

Pin #	Symbol	Description
1	VAA	Floating input positive supply
2	GND	Floating input supply return
3	IN-	Analog inverting input
4	COMP	Phase compensation input, comparator input
5	CSD	Shutdown timing capacitor
6	VSS	Floating input negative supply
7	VREF	5V reference voltage to program OCSET pin
8	OCSET	Low side over current threshold setting
9	DT	Deadtime program input
10	COM	Low side supply return
11	LO	Low side output
12	VCC	Low side supply
13	VS	High side floating supply return
14	HO	High side output
15	VB	High side floating supply
16	CSH	High side over current sensing input

#### Lead Assignments



SOIC16N



#### **Parameter Temperature Trends**

Figures illustrated in this chapter provide information on the experimental performance of the AUIRS2092S HVIC. The line plotted in each figure is generated from actual lab data. A large number of individual samples were tested at three temperatures (-40 °C, 25 °C, and 125 °C) in order to generate the experimental curve. The line consists of three data points (one data point at each of the tested temperatures) that have been connected together to illustrate the understood trend. The individual data points on the Typ. curve were determined by calculating the averaged experimental value of the parameter (for a given temperature).

400

375

350

325

300

-50

-25

M ax

Min

Turn-off Propagation Delay (ns)

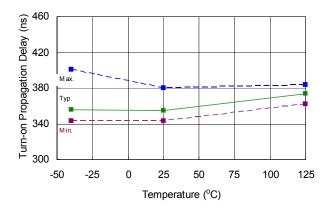


Figure 6: t<sub>ON</sub> vs. temperature

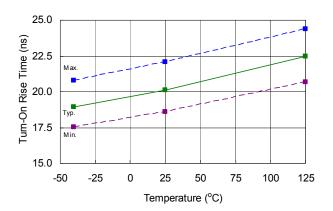


Figure 8: T<sub>R</sub> vs. temperature

Figure 7: t<sub>OFF</sub> vs. temperature

Temperature (°C)

25

50

75

100

125

0

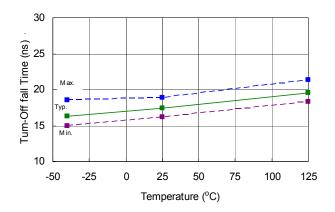


Figure 9: T<sub>F</sub> vs. temperature

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250

225

200

175

150

-50

-25

Shutdown Propagation Delay (ns)

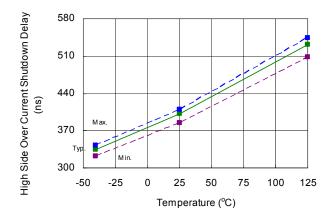


Figure 10: T<sub>OCH</sub> vs. temperature

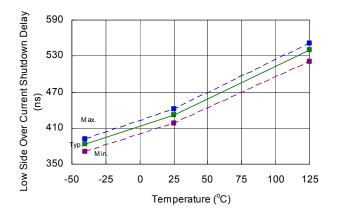


Figure 11: T<sub>OCL</sub> vs. temperature

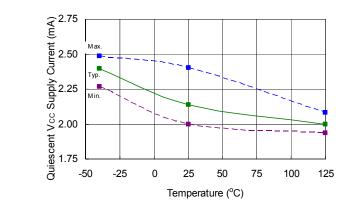


Figure 12: T<sub>SD</sub> vs. temperature

25

Temperature (°C)

0

50

75

100

125

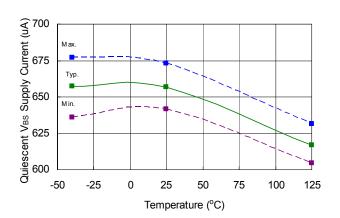


Figure 14: IQBS vs. temperature

Figure 13: I<sub>QCC</sub> vs. temperature

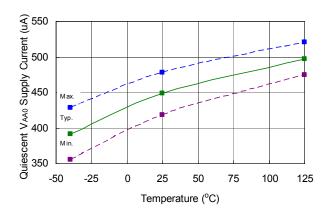
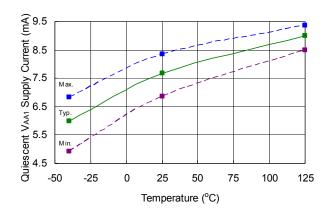


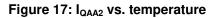
Figure 15: IQAA0 vs. temperature

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Figure 16: IQAA1 vs. temperature



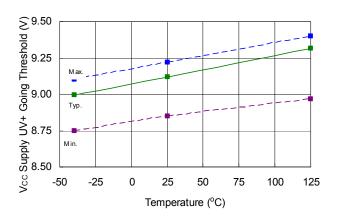


Figure 18: V<sub>CCUV+</sub> vs. temperature

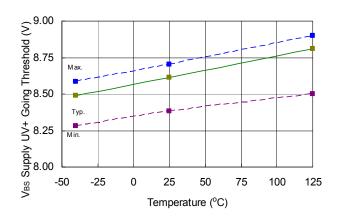


Figure 20: V<sub>BSUV+</sub> vs. temperature

Figure 19: V<sub>CCUV-</sub> vs. temperature

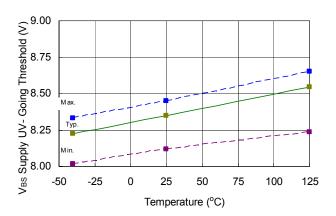


Figure 21: V<sub>BSUV-</sub> vs. temperature

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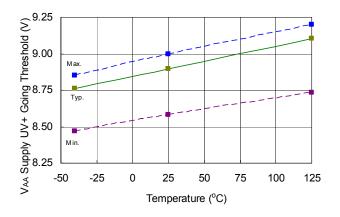


Figure 22: V<sub>AAUV+</sub> vs. temperature

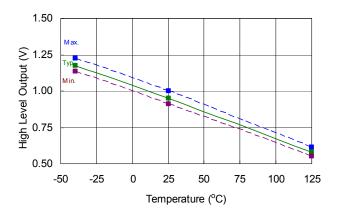


Figure 24:  $V_{OH}$  (I<sub>o</sub> = 0A) vs. temperature

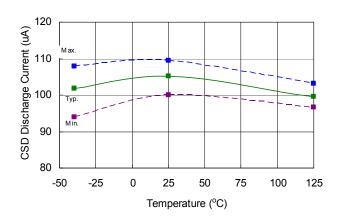


Figure 26: I<sub>CSD+</sub> vs. temperature

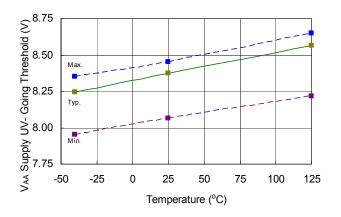


Figure 23: V<sub>AAUV</sub>. vs. temperature

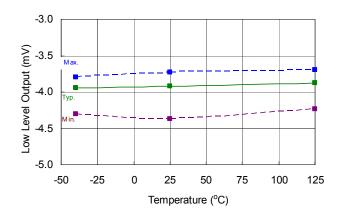


Figure 25:  $V_{OL}$  (I<sub>O</sub> = 0A) vs. temperature

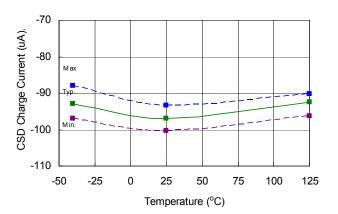
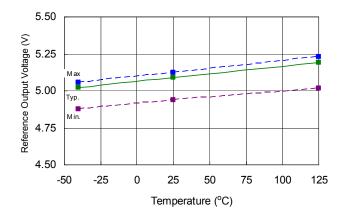
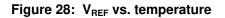
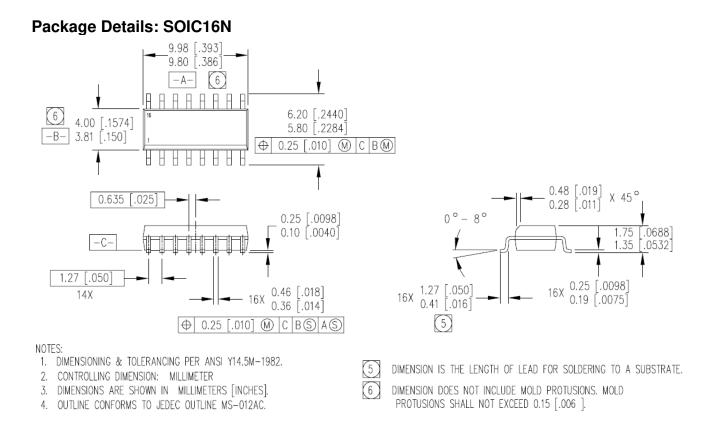


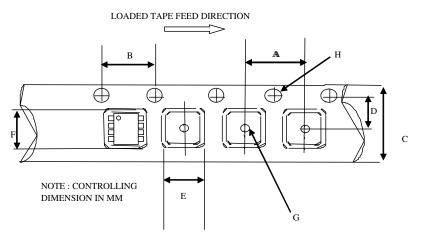
Figure 27: I<sub>CSD-</sub> vs. temperature





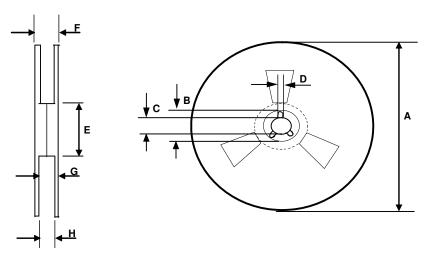


### Tape and Reel Details: SOIC16N



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 16SOICN

	Metric		Imperial	
Code	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318
В	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
С	15.70	16.30	0.618	0.641
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
E	6.40	6.60	0.252	0.260
F	10.20	10.40	0.402	0.409
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
Н	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062

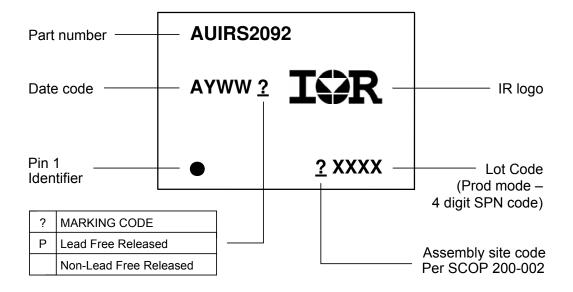


#### REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 16SOICN

	Metric		Imperial		
Code	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001	
В	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844	
С	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519	
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096	
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015	
F	n/a	22.40	n/a	0.881	
G	18.50	21.10	0.728	0.830	
Н	16.40	18.40	0.645	0.724	



#### **Part Marking Information**



#### **Ordering Information**

Deve Devi Nevel en	De alta en Terra	Standard F	Pack	Occurrente la David Neurolaure
Base Part Number	Package Type	Form	Quantity	Complete Part Number
	SOIC16N	Tube/Bulk	45	AUIRS2092S
AUIRS2092	3010101	Tape and Reel	2500	AUIRS2092STR



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> WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245 Tel: (310) 252-7105

## **Revision History**

Date	Comment
April 30, 2010	Converted from Industrial version
Aug. 5, 2010	Added tri-temp graphs;
Aug. 23, 2010	Updated Iqaa1,2,VOH,VOL,DT1,2,3,4, TOCH,TOCL,VOS, ICSD+/-, VREF, UVAA/CC/BS+/-;
	added Iqaa1-25,Iqaa2-25,DT1,2,3,4-25 parameters.
Sep. 1, 2010	Corrected DT1-25 max to 35. Added ESD and latchup classification
Jan. 19, 2011	Updated DT1-to-4, Vos, Iqaa1,2 tri-temp spec
Jan. 20, 2011	Added leadfree and automotive grade heading
Jan. 21, 2011	Added typical for IO on front page, merged DT,Vos, Iqaa repeated descriptions.
Mar. 11,2011	Changed notice address