imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

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Contact us

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Panasonic

Automation Controls Catalog

New

RoHS compliant

FPC connectors (0.4mm pitch) Back lock

For FPC/FFC

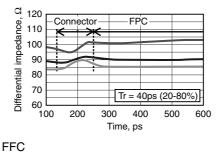
FEATURES

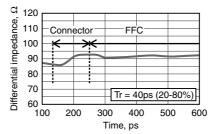
1. Differential impedance matching (100, 90, 85 Ω) compliant with various high-speed transmission standards.

■ FPC/FFC connector for high-speed transmission.

By matching the differential impedance, this FPC connector offers excellent highspeed differential transmission characteristics and supports all highspeed transmission standards. (when pin assignments are GSSG).







2. Mechanical design freedom is achieved with 0.4 mm pitch, 1.0 mm height and double top and bottom contacts.

Y4BH

■ More freedom in mechanical design

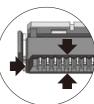
With top and bottom contact construction and no pin assignments, this FPC connector contributes to customer design freedom.



Unit: mm

■ FPC insertion displacement prevention

Constructed to make positional displacement difficult by surrounding the four sides on the FPC inlet side with wall molding

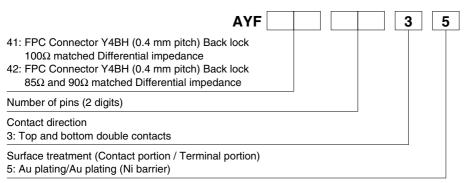


3. Easy-to-handle back lock structure. 4. Man-hours of assembly time can be reduced by delivering the connectors with their levers opened.

APPLICATIONS

Compact electronic devices such as PCs, tablet PCs, digital still cameras and digital video cameras.

ORDERING INFORMATION



PRODUCT TYPES

Height	Differential impedance	Number of pins	Part number	Packing	
пеции	Differential impedance			Inner carton (1-reel)	Outer carton
	85Ω and 90Ω types	40	AYF424035	- 5,000 pieces	10,000 pieces
1.0 mm		50	AYF425035		
1.0 mm	100Ω type	40	AYF414035		
		50	AYF415035		

Notes: 1. Order unit; For volume production: 1-inner carton (1-reel) units.

For samples, please contact our sales office. 2. Please contact our sales office.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. Characteristics

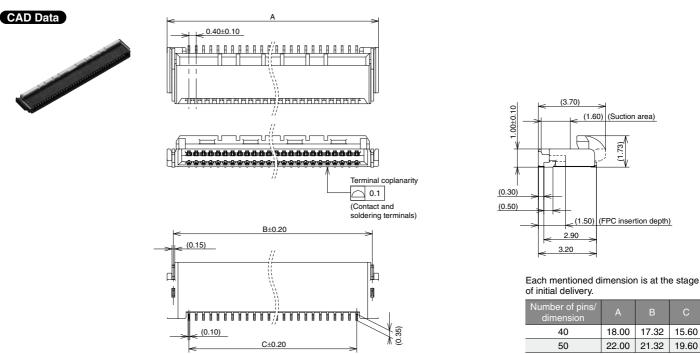
The followings show specifications, when using an applicable FPC (thickness 0.30 mm)

Item		Specifications			Conditions		
	Rated current	0.3A/pin contact	0.3A/pin contact				
	Rated voltage	50V AC/DC					
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000MΩ (initial)		Using 2	Using 250V DC megger (applied for 1 min.)		
	Dielectric strength	250V AC for 1 min.		No short-circuiting or damage at a detection current of 1 mA when the specified voltage is applied for one minute.			
	Contact resistance	Max. 100mΩ		Based on the contact resistance measurement method specified by JIS C 5402.			
		85Ω and 90Ω types	$85\Omega\pm10\Omega$ (Connector part) 90Ω±10Ω (Connector part)	Rise tim (FPC ar	Differential signal Rise times (Tr): 40 ps (20% to 80%) (FPC and PC board: Differential impedance 85Ω or 90Ω controlled.)		
	Differential impedance	100Ω type	100Ω±15Ω (Connector part)	Rise tim (FPC ar	Differential signal Rise times (Tr): 40 ps (20% to 80%) (FPC and PC board: Differential impedance 100Ω controlled.)		
Mechanical characteristics	FPC holding force	Min. 0.10N/pin contact × pin contacts (initial) Min. 0.10N/pin contact × pin contacts (initial) Measurement of the maximum ford inserted compatible FPC is pulled direction while the connector lever		pulled out in the insertion axis			
	Ambient temperature	-55°C to +85°C		No icing or condensation.			
	Storage temperature	-55°C to +85°C (Product only) -40°C to +50°C (Emboss packaging)					
			5 cycles, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω .		Conformed to MIL-STD-202F, method 107G		
					Temperature (°C)	Time (minutes)	
Environmental	Thermal shock resistance (with FPC mated)	5 cycles			-55_3	30	
					\$	Max. 5	
		contact resistance max. 100mΩ		3	85 ⁺³	30	
				4	S	Max. 5	
					-55_3		
characteristics		120 hours.		Conformed to IEC60068-2-78			
	Humidity resistance	insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 100m Ω			Bath temperature 40°C±2°C,		
	(with FPC mated)			humidity 90% to 95% R.H.			
	Saltwater spray resistance	24 hours,		Conformed to IEC60068-2-11			
	(with FPC mated)	insulation resistance min. 100M Ω ,		Bath temperature 35°C±2°C,			
		contact resistance max. 100mΩ		saltwater concentration 5%±1%			
	H ₂ S resistance (with FPC mated)	48 hours, contact resistance max. 100m Ω		Bath temperature 40°C±2°C, gas concentration 3 ppm ±1 ppm, humidity 75% to 80% R.H.			
		Peak temperature: 260°C or less		Reflow soldering			
	Soldering heat resistance	300°C within 5 sec. 350°C within 3 sec.		Soldering iron			
Lifetime characteristics	Insertion and removal life	20 times	20 times		Repeated insertion and removal: min. 10 sec./time		
Unit weight		50 pin contacts: 0.10 g					

2. Material and surface treatment

Part name	Material	Surface treatment
Molded portion	Housing: LCP resin (UL94V-0) Lever: LCP resin (UL94V-0)	_
Contact	Copper alloy	Contact portion; Base: Ni plating, Surface: Au plating Terminal portion; Base: Ni plating, Surface: Au plating

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm) The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

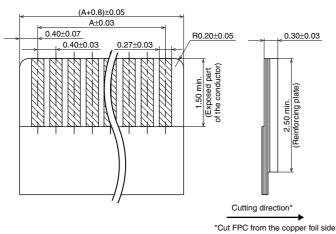


Recommended FPC/FFC dimensions

(Finished thickness: $t = 0.3 \pm 0.03$)

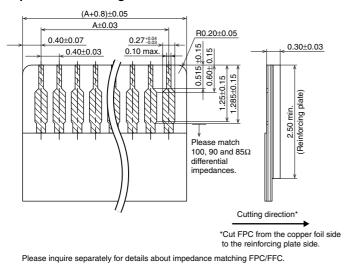
The conductive parts should be based by Ni plating and then Au plating.

Normal FPC/FFC



to the reinforcing plate side.

Impedance matching FPC

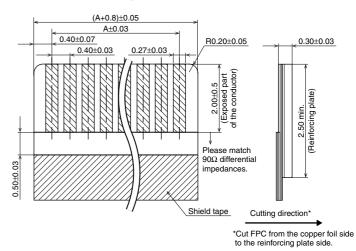


15.60 40 19.60 50

15.60

19.60

Impedance matching FFC (90 Ω) Please inquire about 85 Ω and 100 Ω .

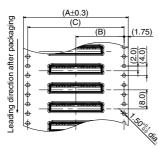


Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

-3-

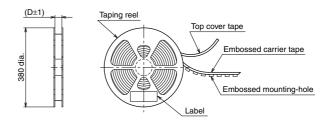
EMBOSSED TAPE DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

Specifications for taping



Specifications for the plastic reel

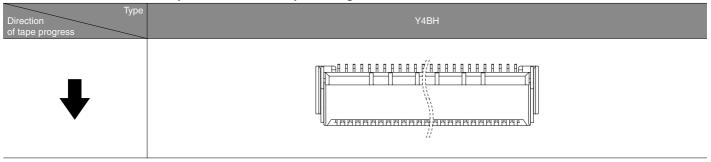
(In accordance with EIAJ ET-7200B.)



Dimension table (Unit: mm)

Number of pins	А	В	С	D	Quantity per reel	
40	32.0	14.2	28.4	33.4	5,000	
50	44.0	20.2	40.4	45.4	5,000	

Connector orientation with respect to embossed tape feeding direction



NOTES

1. Recommended PC board and metal mask patterns

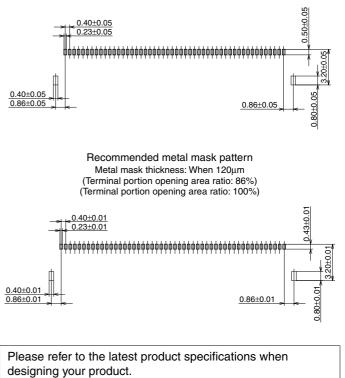
Connectors are mounted with high pitch density, intervals of contact pitch 0.4 mm, 0.5 mm or 0.6 mm.

In order to reduce solder and flux rise, solder bridges and other issues make sure the proper levels of solder is used.

The figures to the right are recommended metal mask patterns.

Please use our recommended patterns basically.

Recommended PC board pattern (mounting layout)



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Notes on Using FPC Connectors

About safety Remarks

• Do not use these connectors beyond the specification sheets. The usage outside of specified rated current, dielectric strength, and environmental conditions and so on may cause circuitry damage via abnormal heating, smoke, and fire.

• In order to avoid accidents, your thorough specification review is appreciated.

Please contact us if your usage is out of the specifications. Otherwise, Panasonic Corporation cannot guarantee the quality and reliability.

• Panasonic Corporation is consistently striving to improve quality and reliability.

However, the fact remains that electrical components and devices generally cause failures at a given statistical probability. Furthermore, their durability varies with use environments or use conditions. In this respect, please check for actual electrical components and devices under actual conditions before use. Continued usage in a state of degraded condition may cause the deteriorated insulation, thus result in abnormal heat, smoke or firing. Please carry out safety design and periodic maintenance including redundancy design, design for fire spread prevention, and design for malfunction prevention so that no accidents resulting in injury or death, fire accidents, or social damage will be caused as a result of failure of the products or ending life of the products.

PC board design

Design the recommended foot pattern in order to secure the mechanical strength in the soldered areas of the terminal.
In order to facilitate the connector mount, make sure to design the board with reduced warpage.

• Please design and pay attention to the distance from the board edge to the pattern. When cutting the board, do not give an excessive stress to the connector, which risks damaging the connector.

(Y3BW/Y5BW)

• Depending on FPC dimension and FPC insertion location, there is a possibility that the holding contact and an FPC pattern of both end of signal contacts are in short-circuited. Please design the equipment not to be affected even if a board pattern of holding contacts and an FPC pattern of both end of signal contacts are in short-circuited.

(For example: Do not connect a board pattern of holding contacts and GND. If connect a board pattern of holding contacts and GND, also connect board pattern of both end of signal contacts.)

FPC and equipment design

- Design the FPC based with recommended dimensions to
- ensure the required connector performance.
- When back lock type is used, secure enough space for closing
- the lever and for open-close operation of the lever.
- Make sure that connector positioning and FPC length are appropriate to prevent diagonal insertion of the FPC.

 Due to the FPC size, weight, or the reaction force of the routed FPC, FPC removed and connector deformation may occur by a fall, vibration, or other impact.

When using FPC connector for smart phones, cellular phones and other applications which require falling resistance, please pay attention to precautions.

• Carefully check the equipment design and take required measures to prevent the FPC removed.

• If the shock of falling, vibration is applied to the FPC, please design the equipment not to be applied a load to connector, such as fixing the FPC.

• Make sure to design the FPC insertion part with reduced warpage. Otherwise, the warpage may adversely affect the FPC insertion.

(Y4BH)

When using in high-speed transmission applications, please take care when designing the FPC/FFC, because the differential impedance values may be uneven depending on FPC/FFC dimensions settings, uneven dimensions, and layering composition.

(Y3BW/Y5BW)

The holding contacts cannot be used as conductors. The holding contacts are located on both ends of the connector, and the shape of the soldered portions is the same as that of the signal contacts.

Use caution to ensure connect identification.

(Y3BL)

Soldering terminal structure

• Since soldering terminals touch FPC, note that the short circuit may occur when the metal parts exposed on side of FPC.

• Depending on FPC dimension, there is a possibility that soldering terminals and an FPC pattern of both end of signal contacts are in short-circuited.

Please design the equipment not to be affected even if a board pattern of soldering terminals and an FPC pattern of both end of signal contacts are in short-circuited.

(For example: Do not connect a board pattern of soldering terminals and GND. If connect a board pattern of soldering terminals and GND, also connect board pattern of both end of signal contacts.)

Connector mounting

• Excessive mounter chucking force may deform the molded or metal part of the connector. Consult us in advance if chucking is to be applied.

• In case of dry condition, please note the occurrence of static electricity.

The product may be adhered to the embossed carrier tape or the cover tape in dry condition.

Recommended humidity is from 40%RH to 60%RH and please remove static electricity by ionizer in manufacturing process.

Soldering

1) Manual soldering

• As this product is compact size, please avoid the excessive solder. Because the excessive solder makes creepage and flux wicking at contact portion, or impact contact by soldering interference.

• Please use the soldering iron under specified temperature and times.

• Soldering flux may contaminate the contact portion, please check the contact portion after soldering with a magnifying glass. If the contamination is found, please clean the contamination before use.

• As excessive force to terminal by manual soldering has some possibilities of contact portion deformation, please be careful to the force by hand.

• Please clean soldering iron tip.

• Make sure that the soldering iron tip is heated within the

temperature and time limits indicated in the specifications.

• Flux from the solder wire may adhere to the contact surfaces during soldering operations. After soldering, carefully check the contact surfaces and cleans off any flux solder use.

• Be aware that a load applied to the connector terminals while soldering may displace the contact.

• Thoroughly clean the iron tip.

2) Reflow soldering

• When cream solder printing is used, screen method is recommended.

• To achieve the appropriate soldering state, make sure that the reflow temperature, PC board foot pattern, window size and thickness of metal mask are recommended condition.

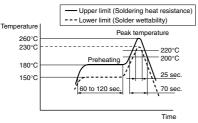
• Note that excess solder on the terminals prevents complete insertion of the FPC, and causes flux climbing up.

 \bullet A screen thickness of 120 μm is recommended during cream solder printing.

• When applying the different thickness of a screen, please contact us.

• There may be a case of difficult self-alignment depending on the connector size. In that case, please be careful to align terminals and solder pads.

• The following diagram shows the recommended reflow soldering temperature profile.



• Infrared reflow soldering is able to passed two times.

• The temperature is measured on the PC board surface near connector terminals.

• The condition of solder or flux creepage and wettability depend on the type of solder and flux. Please set the reflow temperature and oxygen level by considering the solder and flux characteristics.

• Do not use resin-containing solder. Otherwise, the contacts might be firmly fixed.

• When performing reflow soldering on the back of the PC board after reflow soldering the connector, secure the connector using, for example, an adhesive.

(Double reflow soldering on the same side is possible.) Do not apply reflow heating while a lever is closing (or on the way of closing). The terminals may be deformed by reflow heating with a lever is closing (or on the way of closing). 3) Rework of soldering portion.

• Rework shall be only one time.

• Please avoid the supplementary flux in case of rework for soldering bridge, as this may cause flux creepage to contact portion.

When adding the solder for reworking, do not add an excessive solder.

• Please use the soldering iron under specified temperature.

■ As the excessive force on the terminals may cause the deformation and the integrity of solderability will be lost during reflow soldering, please avoid dropping or rough handling of the product.

■ When the soldering is not completed, do not open/ close the lever or insert/ remove an FPC.

And the external compulsory force to the terminal may cause the fixing force lowering between the terminal and the molding or the coplanarity failures.

In addition, do not insert an FPC into the connector before soldering the connector.

■ When cutting or bending the PC board after mounting the connector, please avoid the stress at the soldering portion.



■ PC board

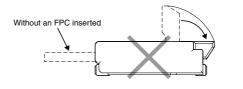
As thick coverlay / solder resist and adhesive may cause poor soldering, please set thickness of coverlay and adhesive as thin as possible.

Precautions for insertion/removal of FPC

(Except for Y3BC)

• Avoid touching the lever (applying any external force) until an FPC is inserted.

Do not open/close the lever without an FPC inserted. Failure to follow this instruction will cause the contacts to warp, leading to the contact tips to interfere with the insertion of an FPC, deforming the terminals. Failure to follow this instruction may cause the lever to be removed, terminals to be deformed, and/or the FPC insertion force to increase.



• These connectors are of the back lock type, which has the FPC insertion section on the opposite side of the lever.

Be careful not to make a mistake in the FPC insertion position or the lever opening/closing position. Otherwise, a contact failure or connector breakage may occur.

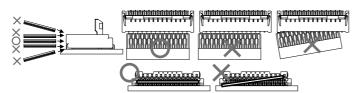
• Do not insert an FPC upside down. Inserting an FPC in a direction opposite to that you intended may cause an operation failure or malfunction.

• Insert an FPC with the lever opened at right angle, that is, in the factory default position.

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• After checking the position of FPC insertion slot and FPC, completely insert the FPC horizontally to the full depth of the connector without altering the angle.

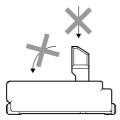
An FPC inserted at an excessive angle to the board may cause the deformation of metal parts, crack of molding parts, FPC insertion failures, and FPC circuit breakages.



• Insert the FPC into the connector after checking the position of FPC insertion slot and FPC. Do not insert the FPC without positioning the FPC and connector. Otherwise, it may cause connector breakages. When it is hard to insert the FPC, do not insert the FPC on that condition. Confirm the FPC and connector positioning.

• Do not apply an excessive load to the lever in the opening direction beyond its open position; otherwise, the lever may be deformed or removed.

• Do not apply an excessive load to the lever in a direction perpendicular to the lever rotation axis or in the lever opening direction; otherwise, the terminals may be deformed, and the lever may be removed.



• To close the lever, turn down the lever by pressing the entire lever or both sides of the lever with fingers tips. And close the lever completely. Be careful not to apply partial load to the lever that may cause its deformation or destruction or lever going back to initial position.

Close the lever completely to prevent contact failure.

• Avoid applying an excessive load to the top of the lever during or after closing the lever. Otherwise, the terminals may be deformed.

• When opening the lever to remove the FPC, rotate the lever to the initial position. Do not push the lever into the FPC inlet side and ensure that the lever will not go over the initial position; otherwise, it may be deformed or broken.

• To open the lever, if pressure to the lever is applied unevenly, such as to an edge only, it may deform or break.

• Do not open the lever forcefully with something sharp tool, otherwise, the lever may be deformed.

• Remove the FPC at parallel with the lever fully opened. If the lever is closed, or if the FPC is forcedly pulled, the product or FPC may break.

• If a lever is accidentally detached during the handling of a connector, do not use the connector any longer.

■ After an FPC is inserted, carefully handle it so as not to apply excessive stress to the base of the FPC. When using FPC with a bent condition, please pay attention to precautions below; otherwise, in some conditions it may cause conduction failure, connector breakage, unlocking lever or FPC disconnection.

• Design so that a load is not applied to connector directly by FPC bending.

- Avoid sharp FPC bending at the root of FPC insertion part.
- Design so that a load is not applied to the part of FPC bending.
- If there might be a load on FPC, please fix the FPC.

(Y3BW and Y5BW)

• Fix the FPC if there might be a load to the cut out, do not apply bending load to the cutout part of FPC. Otherwise, it may cause FPC disconnection and deformation since the cutout part of FPC is subjected to bending stress.



FPC cutout par

Cleaning treatment

Cleaning this product is not needed basically.

Please note the following points to prevent the negative effect to the product when cleaning is necessary.

• Please keep the cleanliness of the cleaning fluid to make sure that the contact surfaces are not contaminated by the cleaning fluid itself.

• Semi-aqueous cleaning solvent is recommended as some powerful solvent may dissolve the molding portion or the marked letters.

Please contact us when other solvent is used.

Precautions for operating environment and storage environment

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

Other precautions

• When the coating material is used for preventing PC board isolation deterioration after soldering, please assure the coating material is not adhered on any part of connector.

• Please avoid the usage of connector as electric switching basically.

• There is no problem on the product quality though the swelling, the black spot, the small scars and the foreign matter, etc. might be generated in the molding parts.

• There is no problem on the product quality though the weld line might be generated in the weld part of molding parts when the use of product is within the specifications.

• The detailed shape of metal parts and molding parts may differ depending on the mold.

• Height in FPC mating depends on the way to being used, such as mounting condition, thickness of FPC, and angle of lever lock etc. Please check it by actual equipment.

Please refer to the latest product specifications when designing your product.

Please contact

Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division

Electromechanical Control Business Division ■ 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/



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