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With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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PTC thermistors as heating elements

Rectangular, 230 V

Series/Type: B59102

Date: January 2016

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Rectangular, 230 V

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Applications

- Home appliances
 - hair curlers
 - fan heaters
 - coffee machines
 - glue guns

Features

- Aluminum metallization
- Suitable for clamp contacting
- Self-regulating
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802), except $T_{ref} = 240$ °C. UL approval for $T_{ref} = 220$ °C and 270 °C with $V_{max} = 140$ V and $V_{B} = 120$ V.
- RoHS-compatible

Options

Other dimensions and ratings on request

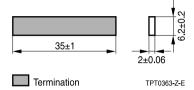
Delivery mode

Packed in cardboard boxes

General technical data

Max. operating voltage V_{max} 265 V AC 230 V AC Rated voltage V_R ٥С Operating temperature range (V = 0)Ton -40/+200 $(V = V_R; T_{ref} \le 60 \, ^{\circ}C)$ °C Operating temperature range Top -40/+60٥С Operating temperature range $(V = V_B; T_{ref} > 60 \, ^{\circ}C)$ Ton -40/+100Tolerance of R_R % ΔR_R ±50 Curvature < 0.05 mm

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm



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Electrical specifications and ordering codes

T _{ref}	V_{BD}	R _{min}	T _{surf} 1)	R _R	Ordering code
(typ.)		$(V = V_R)$	$(V = V_R)$	$(V_{\text{meas}} \leq 1.5 \text{ V})$	
°C	V	Ω	°C	Ω	
50	400	225 ²⁾	100	700	B59102R0050A010
70	400	130	115	700	B59102R0070A010
90	400	115	130	700	B59102R0090A010
110	400	100	145	700	B59102R0110A010
130	400	105	160	700	B59102R0130A010
150	400	90	180	700	B59102R0150A010
180	400	66	205	700	B59102R0180A010
220	400	80	240	1000	B59102R0220A010
240	400	75	255	1000	B59102R0240A010
270	340	85	280	1300	B59102R0270A010

Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance, cycling	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, V _{max} Number of cycles: 10 000	< 25%
Electrical endurance, constant	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} and T _{op,max} (@ V _R) Test duration: 1000 h	< 25%
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C Relative humidity of air: 93% Duration: 56 days Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	< 25%

¹⁾ Measured between points

²⁾ T ($R_{PTC} = R_{min}$) < 25 °C

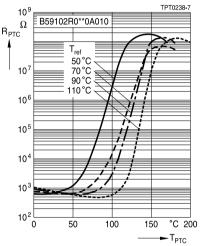


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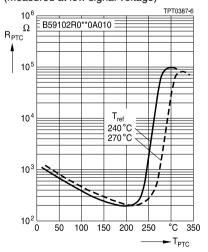
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Characteristics (typical)

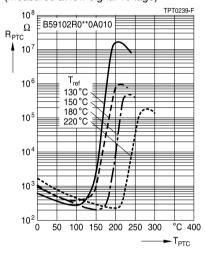
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)





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Heating elements

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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package prior to processing.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature −25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 1210 and smaller: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- The ceramic and metallization of the components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force and pressure of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N and 50 kPa, respectively. In case the assembly is exposed to mechanical shock and/ or vibration this force should be higher in order to avoid movement of the PTC during operation.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of EPCOS AG.

Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same EPCOS product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the EPCOS website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes



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Symbols and terms

Symbol	Term		
A	Area		
С	Capacitance		
C_{th}	Heat capacity		
f	Frequency		
1	Current		
I _{max}	Maximum current		
I _R	Rated current		
I _{res}	Residual current		
I _{PTC}	PTC current		
I_r	Residual currrent		
$I_{r,oil}$	Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)		
$I_{r,air}$	Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)		
I _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of current		
Is	Switching current		
I _{Smax}	Maximum switching current		
LCT	Lower category temperature		
N	Number (integer)		
N_c	Operating cycles at V _{max} , charging of capacitor		
N_f	Switching cycles at V _{max} , failure mode		
Р	Power		
P ₂₅	Maximum power at 25 °C		
P_{el}	Electrical power		
P_{diss}	Dissipation power		
R_G	Generator internal resistance		
R_{min}	Minimum resistance		
R_R	Rated resistance @ rated temperature T _R		
ΔR_R	Tolerance of R _R		
R_P	Parallel resistance		
R_{PTC}	PTC resistance		
R_{ref}	Reference resistance		
R_s	Series resistance		
R ₂₅	Resistance at 25 °C		
R _{25,match}	Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C		
ΔR_{25}	Tolerance of R ₂₅		



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T	Temperature		
t	Time		
T _A	Ambient temperature		
ta	Thermal threshold time		
T_C	Ferroelectric Curie temperature		
t _E	Settling time (for level sensors)		
T_R	Rated temperature @ 25 °C or otherwise specified in the data sheet		
T_{sense}	Sensing temperature		
T_{op}	Operating temperature		
T_{PTC}	PTC temperature		
t _R	Response time		
T_{ref}	Reference temperature		
T_{Rmin}	Temperature at minimum resistance		
ts	Switching time		
T_{surf}	Surface temperature		
UCT	Upper category temperature		
V or V_{el}	Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)		
$V_{c(max)}$	Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator		
$V_{F,max}$	Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode		
V_{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of voltage		
V_{BD}	Breakdown voltage		
V_{ins}	Insulation test voltage		
$V_{\text{link,max}}$	Maximum link voltage		
V_{max}	Maximum operating voltage		
$V_{max,dyn}$	Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage		
V_{meas}	Measuring voltage		
$V_{\text{meas,max}}$	Maximum measuring voltage		
V_R	Rated voltage		
V_{PTC}	Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor		
α	Temperature coefficient		
Δ	Tolerance, change		
δ_{th}	Dissipation factor		
$ au_{th}$	Thermal cooling time constant		
λ	Failure rate		

Lead spacing (in mm)

е



Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed guestions, please contact our sales offices.
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Important notes

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