imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





Common-mode chokes, ring core 0.005 ... 47 mH, 100 ... 1200 mA, +60 °C

Series/Type: B82793C0/S0

Date:

March 2016

© EPCOS AG 2016. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.



B82793C0/S0

Data and signal line chokes

Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Rated voltage 42 V AC/80 V DC Rated inductance 0.005 ... 47 mH Rated current 100 ... 1200 mA

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Ferrite core
- LCP case (UL 94 V-0), silicone potting
- Bifilar winding (B82793C0)
- Sector winding (B82793S0)

Features

- High rated currents, reduced components height
- Qualified to AEC-Q200 (L ≤ 4.7 mH)
- Suitable for reflow soldering
- RoHS-compatible

Function

■ B82793C0:

Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines,

whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

B82793S0:

Suppression of asymmetrical and symmetrical interference (by L_{stray}) coupled in on lines. The high-frequency portions of the symmetrical data signal are decreased so far that EMC problems can be significantly reduced.

Applications

- Automotive applications, e.g. CAN bus
- Industrial applications
- Types with L_R > 4.7 mH only for telecom applications

Terminals

- Base material CuSn6
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped

Marking

 Marking on component: Manufacturer, process location (coded), winding method (coded), ordering code (short form), date of manufacture (YWWD)

2

03/16

 Minimum data on reel: Manufacturer, ordering code, L value and tolerance, quantity, date of packing

Delivery mode and packing unit

- 16-mm blister tape, wound on 330-mm Ø reel
- Packing unit: 1500 pcs./reel

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.





B82793C0/S0

Data and signal line chokes

Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Dimensional drawing and pin configuration



Layout recommendation



1) Soldering area

IND0010-9-E

Dimensions in mm

Taping and packing

Blister tape



Reel



Dimensions in mm



Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R	42 V AC (50/60 Hz) / 80 V DC				
Rated temperature T _R	+60 °C				
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature				
Rated inductance L _R	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Measured with Agilent 4284A, 0.1 mA, +20 °C} \\ \mbox{Measuring frequency: } L_R \leq 1 \mbox{ mH} = 100 \mbox{ kHz} \\ L_R > 1 \mbox{ mH} = 10 \mbox{ kHz} \\ \mbox{Inductance is specified per winding.} \end{array}$				
Inductance tolerance	$\pm 30\%$ (L $_R \leq 0.47$ mH), –30/+50% (L $_R \geq 1$ mH) at +20 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Inductance decrease ∆L/L	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , +20 °C				
Stray inductance L _{stray,typ}	Measured with Agilent 4284A, 5 mA, +20 °C, typical values Measuring frequency: $L_R \le 11 \mu H = -1 MHz$ $L_R > 11 \mu H = 100 \text{ kHz}$				
DC resistance R _{typ}	Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding				
Solderability	SnPb: $+(215 \pm 3) \ ^{\circ}C, (3 \pm 0.3) \ ^{\circ}S$ Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: $+(245 \pm 5) \ ^{\circ}C, (3 \pm 0.3) \ ^{\circ}S$ Wetting of soldering area $\geq 95\%$ (to IEC 60068-2-58)				
Resistance to soldering heat	+(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-58)				
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)				
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤75% RH				
Weight	Approx. 0.25 g				

B82793C0/S0



Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Characteristics and ordering codes

L _R	L _{stray,typ}	I _R	R _{typ}	V _{test}	Ordering code			
mH	nH	mA	mΩ	V DC, 2 s				
0.005	40	1200	60	250	B82793C0502N201			
0.011	50	800	80	250	B82793C0113N201			
0.025	60	800	110	250	B82793C0253N201			
0.025	1400	800	110	250	B82793S0253N201			
0.051	70	800	140	250	B82793C0513N201			
0.051	2300	800	140	250	B82793S0513N201			
0.10	100	500	180	250	B82793C0104N201			
0.47	100	700	170	750	B82793C0474N215			
1.0	70	700	140	750	B82793C0105N265			
2.2	120	500	400	750	B82793C0225N265			
4.7	250	400	550	750	B82793C0475N265			
For telecommunications								
20	300	100	1800	750	B82793C0206N265			
47	1200	100	3700	750	B82793C0476N265			

B82793C0/S0





Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Insertion loss α (typical values at |Z| = 50 Ω , +20 °C)

asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_{R} = 0.005 \text{ mH}$



L_R = 0.011 mH





Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Insertion loss α (typical values at |Z| = 50 Ω , +20 °C)

asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_R = 0.051 \text{ mH} (\text{low } L_{\text{stray}})$





L_R = 0.10 mH







Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.



B82793C0/S0

Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Insertion loss α (typical values at $|Z| = 50 \Omega$, +20 °C)

asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

---- symmetrical (differential mode)

L_R =1.0 mH





 $L_{R} = 2.2 \text{ mH}$







Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Insertion loss α (typical values at |Z| = 50 Ω , +20 °C)

asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_R = 47 \text{ mH}$



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature





Common-mode chokes, ring core

<u>SMD</u>

Recommended reflow soldering curve

Pb containing solder material (based on CECC 00802 edition 2)



Pb-free solder material (based on JEDEC J-STD 020D)



T ₁	T ₂	T ₃	T ₄	t ₁	t ₂	t ₃
°C	°C	°C	°C	S	S	S
150	200	217	250	< 110	< 90	< 40 @ T ₄ –5 °C

Time from +25 °C to T_4 : max 300 s Maximal numbers of reflow cycles: 3

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.



Cautions and warnings

<u>SMD</u>

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.

- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.



Important notes

<u>SMD</u>

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order.

We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.

- 6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).
- 7. The trade names EPCOS, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PQSine, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, TFAP, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.