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## **SMT current sense transformers**

EE 4.2 core

**Series/Type:**            **B82801A**

**Date:**                    **May 2016**

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### Applications

- Switching power supplies
- Feedback control
- Overload sensing
- Load drop/shut down detection

### Features

- Very low DC resistance
- Different turns ratios
- Very small package
- RoHS compatible

### Marking

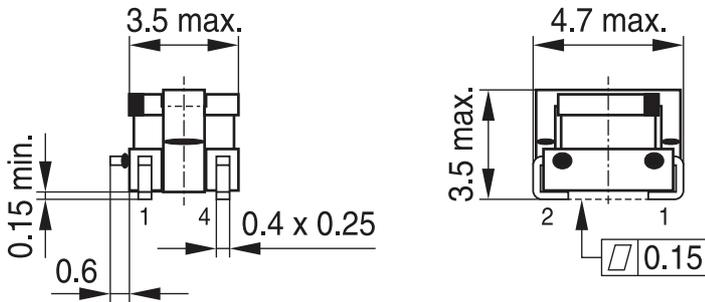
No marking on component

### Delivery mode and packing units

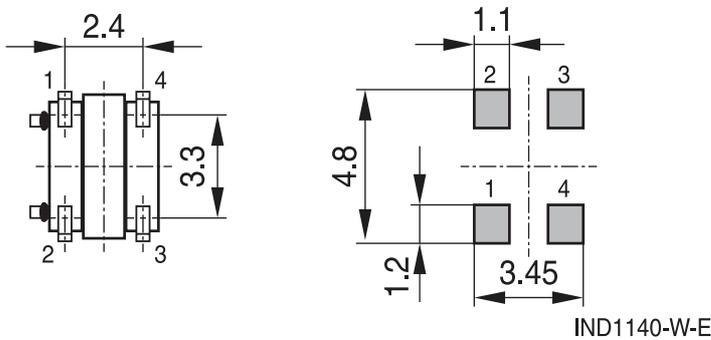
- 12 mm blister tape, 178 mm  $\varnothing$  reel
- Carton packaging
- Packing units: 600 pcs./reel;  
3000 pcs./carton



**Dimensional drawing**

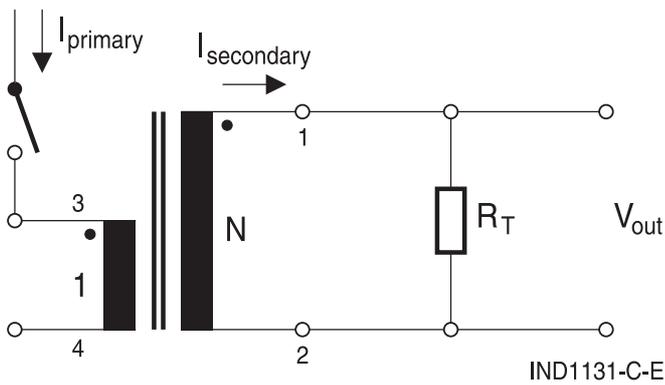


**Recommended PCB layout (Top View)**



Dimensions in mm

**Application circuit and pinning**



**Technical data and measuring conditions**

Frequency range	50 kHz ... 1 MHz
Hi-pot	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 2 s (winding to winding)
Inductance L (1-2)	100 kHz, 100 mV, @ +25 °C
DC resistance R <sub>max</sub>	Measured at +25 °C
Sensed current	The max. primary current of 7 A causes approx. +40 °C temperature rise
Solderability	≥ 99.9 Sn, lead-free. Or Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-58)
Resistance to soldering heat	+(260 ± 5) °C, (10 ± 1) s to IEC 60068-2-58
Storage conditions	-20 °C ... +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Operating temperature range	-40 °C ... +125 °C
Weight	Approx. 0.15 g

$$B_{\max} = \frac{V_{\text{sense, max}} \cdot \delta_{\max}}{n_s \cdot A_e \cdot f_{\text{osc}}}$$

**With:**

$B_{\max}$  Maximum magnetic flux density in the ferrite core of the current sense transformer

$V_{\text{sense, max}}$  Maximum output voltage of the measurement signal

$\delta_{\max}$  Maximum duty cycle

$n_s$  Number of turns of the secondary winding of the current sense transformer

$A_e$  Effective magnetic area of the ferrite core

$f_{\text{osc}}$  Operating frequency of the switching operator IC

Typical value for  $A_e$ :  $1.44 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$

Typical  $B_{\max}$ : 200 mT

$$R_T = \frac{V_{\text{sense, max}} \cdot n_s}{I_{\text{prim, max}}}$$

**With:**

$R_T$  Resistance of burden resistor

$V_{\text{sense, max}}$  Maximum output voltage of the measurement signal

$n_s$  Number of turns on the secondary side of the CT

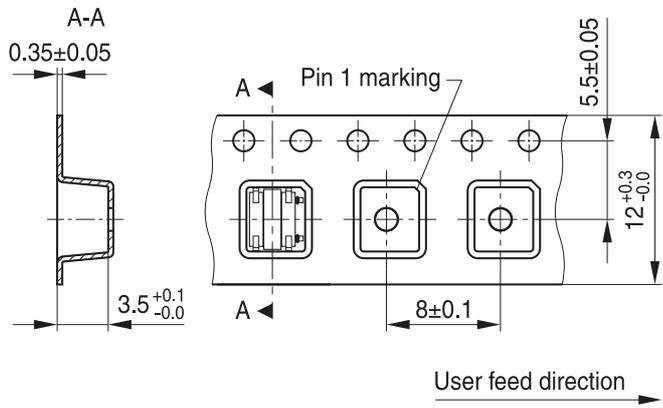
$I_{\text{prim, max}}$  Maximum primary current (peak current)

**Characteristics and ordering codes**

$L_{\min}$ $\mu\text{H}$	Turns ratio $N_p : N_s$	DC resistance $R_{\max}$ (m $\Omega$ )		Voltage- time product $V \cdot \mu\text{s}$	Recomm. $R_T$	Ordering code
		primary	secondary			
33	1 : 20	2.5	320	5.76	20	B82801A0333A020
74	1 : 30	2.5	800	8.6	30	B82801A0743A030
132	1 : 40	2.5	1300	11.5	40	B82801A0134A040
205	1 : 50	2.5	2200	14.4	50	B82801A0214A050
295	1 : 60	2.5	3600	17.3	60	B82801A0304A060
400	1 : 70	2.5	4600	20.0	70	B82801A0404A070
820	1 : 100	2.5	8700	28.8	100	B82801A0824A100
1280	1 : 125	2.5	13000	36.0	125	B82801A0135A125
1840	1 : 150	2.5	21000	43.2	150	B82801A0185A150

**Taping and packing**

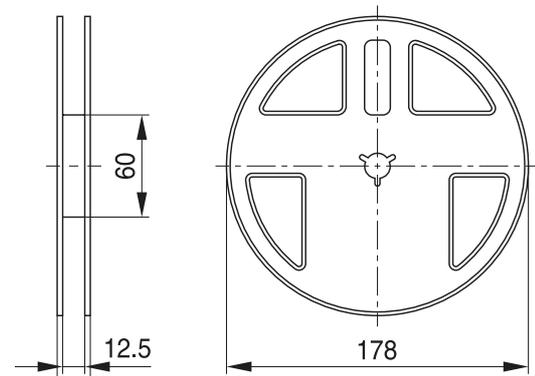
**Blister tape**



IND1141-R-E

Dimensions in mm

**Reel**

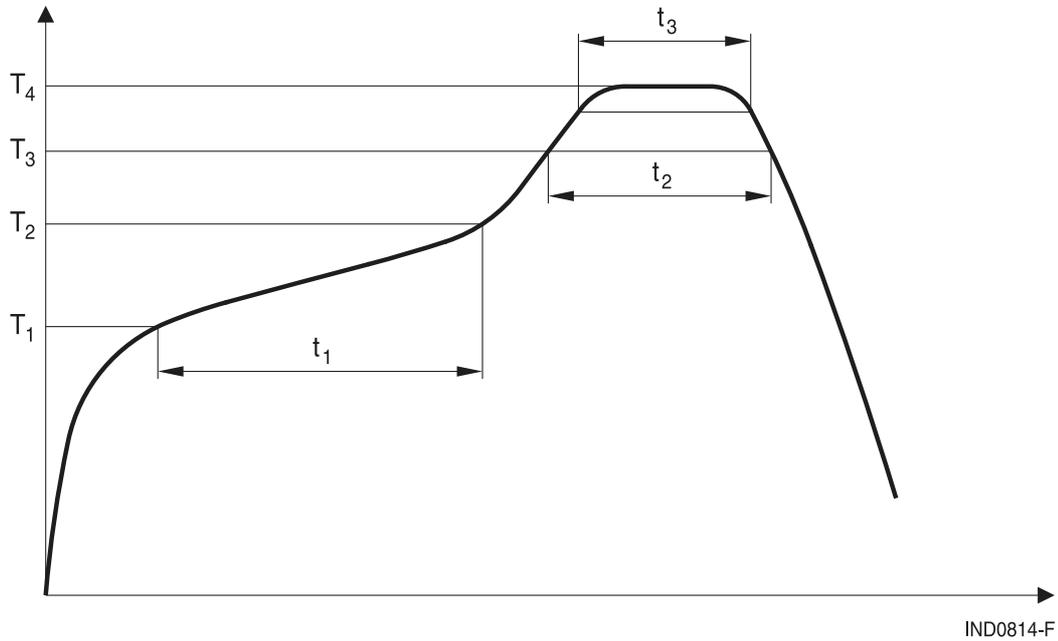


IND1142-S

Dimensions in mm

**Recommended reflow soldering curve**

Pb-free solder material (based on JEDEC J-STD 020D)



T <sub>1</sub> °C	T <sub>2</sub> °C	T <sub>3</sub> °C	T <sub>4</sub> °C	T <sub>1</sub> sec	T <sub>2</sub> sec	T <sub>3</sub> sec
150	200	217	245	<110	<90	20 ... 40

Max. time from +25 °C to T: 300 seconds

Max. 3 reflow cycles

## Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.  
Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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