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STRUCTURE : Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit
PRODUCT SERIES : Power Driver for Compact Disc Player
TYPE : BA5969FP
PACKAGE OUTLINES : fig. 1 (Plastic Mold)
POWER DISSIPATION : fig. 2
BLOCK DIAGRAM : fig. 3
APPLICATION : fig. 4
TEST CIRCUIT : fig.5,6

FUNCTION : $\quad 4$ channel BTL driver, 1channel reversible dri ver.
-Small surface mounting power package (HSOP-28).
-Thermal- shut- down circuit built in.
Wide dynamic range ( 6.0 V (Typ.) at $\mathrm{VCC}=8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=8 \Omega$ ).
<BTL driver>
-Input pins consist of (+) and (-), therefore various input types are available such as differential input(CH3, 4).
<Loading driver>
-Brake circuit built in.

- Circuit protection diode built in.
-The output voltage is adjustable by output voltage control terminal. (Only H Dide Voltage)
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Limit | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | 13.5 | V |
| Power dissipation | Pd | $1.7 \quad{ }^{* 1}$ | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr | $-40 \sim 85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | $-55 \sim 150$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*1) On less than 3\%(percentage occupied by copper foil), $70 \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, \mathrm{t}=1.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, glass epoxy mounting. Reduce power by 13.6 mW for each degree above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

GUARANTEED OPERATING RANGES

| VCC | $4.3 \sim 9 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

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- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
(Unless otherwise note, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vcc}=8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{BIAS}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=8 \Omega$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | MIN | TYP | MAX | Unit | Condition | test circuit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quiescent current | ICC | - | 24 | 34 | mA | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty$ | fig. 5 |
| < BTL driver> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output offset voltage | VOO | -50 | 0 | 50 | mV |  | fig. 6 |
| Max. output voltage | VOM | 5.4 | 6.0 | - | V |  | fig. 6 |
| Closed loop voltage gain | GVC | 14.0 | 16.1 | 18.0 | dB |  | fig. 6 |
| Mute on voltage | VMTON | - | - | 0.5 | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Mute off voltage | VMTOFF | 1.5 | - | - | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Input current for Mute pin | IMUTE | - | 180 | 270 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | VMUTE=5V | fig. 5 |
| Bias mute on voltage | VBMUTE ON | - | - | 0.5 | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Bias mute off voltage | VBMUTE OFF | 1.1 | - | - | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Input current for Bias pin | IBIAS | - | 75 | 120 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | VBIAS $=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | fig. 5 |
| < OP-AMP > |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common mode input voltage range | VICM | 0.5 | - | 6.8 | V |  | fig. 6 |
| Input offset voltage | VOFOP | -6 | 0 | 6 | mV |  | fig. 6 |
| Input bias current | IBOP | - | - | 300 | nA |  | fig. 6 |
| High level output voltage | VOHOP | 7.5 | - | - | V |  | fig. 6 |
| Low level output voltage | VOLOP | - | - | 0.5 | V |  | fig. 6 |
| Output sink current | ISIN | 1 | - | - | mA | Output to VCC by $50 \Omega$ | fig. 6 |
| Output source current | ISOU | 1 | - | - | mA | Output to GND by $50 \Omega$ | fig. 6 |
| Slew rate | SROP | - | 1 | - | V/us | Input pulse $100 \mathrm{KHz}, 2 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ | fig. 6 |
| < Loading driver > |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output saturation voltage 1 | VSAT1 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.4 | V | Upper+Lower saturation, $\mathrm{IL}=200 \mathrm{~mA}$ | fig. 6 |
| Output saturation voltage between F\&R | $\triangle$ VSAT1 | - | - | 0.1 | V | Output saturation voltage 1 between FWD and REV | fig. 6 |
| Output saturation voltage 2 | VSAT2 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 2.0 | V | Upper+Lower saturation, $\mathrm{IL}=500 \mathrm{~mA}$ | fig. 6 |
| Voltage gain | LGVC | 6.6 | 8.6 | 10.6 | dB | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VOLD/ VLDCTL } \\ (V L D C T L=2 V) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | fig. 6 |
| < Loading driver input logic > |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input high level voltage | VIHLD | 1.5 | - | VCC | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Input low level voltage | VILLD | -0.3 | - | 0.5 | V |  | fig. 5 |
| Input high level current | IHLD | - | 180 | 270 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | VFWD=VREV=5V | fig. 5 |

$\odot$ This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

fig. 1 PACKAGE OUTLINES

- Electrical characteristic curves


Pd ; power dissipation

* On less than 3\%(percentage occupied by copper foil), $70 \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, \mathrm{t}=1.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, glass epoxy mounting.
fig. 2 POWER DISSIPATION

resister unit [ $\Omega$ ]
fig. 3 BLOCK DIAGRAM
- Pin description

| No | Symbol | Function | No | Symbol | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | FWD | Input for loading forward | 15 | VO4(+) | Non inverted output of CH4 |
| 2 | LDCTL | Loading driver output voltage control <br> terminal | 16 | VO4(-) | Inverted output of CH4 |
| 3 | TEST | TEST | 17 | VO3(+) | Non inverted output of CH3 |
| 4 | IN1 | Input of CH1 | 18 | VO3(-) | Inverted output of CH3 |
| 5 | TEST | TEST | 19 | GND | Substrate ground |
| 6 | TEST | TEST | 20 | BIAS | Input for Bias- amplifier |
| 7 | IN2 | Input of CH2 | 21 | MUTE | Input for mute control |
| 8 | VCC | VCC | 22 | OPOUT3 | Output of CH3 OP- AMP |
| 9 | VOL(-) | Inverted output of loading | 23 | OPIN3(-) | Inverting input of CH3 OP- AMP |
| 10 | VOL(+) | Non inverted output of loading | 24 | OPIN3(+) | Non inverting input of CH3 <br> OP- AMP |
| 11 | VO2(-) | Inverted output of CH2 | 25 | OPOUT4 | Output of CH4 OP- AMP |
| 12 | VO2(+) | Non inverted output of CH2 | 26 | OPIN4(-) | Inverting input of CH4 OP-AMP |
| 13 | VO1(-) | Inverted output of CH1 | 27 | OPIN4(+) | Non inverting input of CH4 OP- AMP |
| 14 | VO1(+) | Non inverted output of CH1 | 28 | REV | Input for loading reverse |

notes) Symbol of + and - (output of drivers) means polarity to input pin.
(For example if voltage of pin4 high, pin14 is high)

- EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT OF TERMINALS

| BIAS | ch3,4 input for OP- AMP |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| ch3,4 output for OP-AMP \& Input for BTL driver | chi, 2 input for BTL driver |
|  |  |
| Output for BTL driver | Output for loading driver |
|  |  |
| Input for Mute toading driver | LDCTL |
|  |  |




fig. 6 Test Circuit (each unit)

- SWITCH TABLE
※ Unless otherwise noted, VCC=8V, BIAS=2.5V, SW ; A position

|  | Switch |  |  |  |  |  | Input Voltage (V), Current (mA ) |  |  |  |  | Conditions | Measure point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <Circuit current> <br> (MUTE=3V, VBOP=2.5V) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quiescent current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AM8 |
| <BTL DRIVER> | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | MUTE | BIAS | VBOP | VIN |  |  |  |
| Output offset voltage |  |  |  |  | B |  | 3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | - |  |  | VO |
| Max. output voltage |  | B | C |  | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | 0 |  |  | VO |
|  |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | 8 |  |  | VO |
| Closed loop voltage gain |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | 3 | - |  |  | VO |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | 2 | - |  |  | VO |
| Mute on voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | $\downarrow$ | 3 | - |  |  | VO |
| Mute off voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | $\downarrow$ | 3 | - |  |  | VO |
| Bias mute on voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 0.5 | 3 | - |  |  | VO |
| Bias mute off voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | 1.1 | $\downarrow$ | - |  |  | VO |
| Input current for Mute pin |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | $\downarrow$ | 2.5 | - |  | input parameter | AM21 |
| Input current for Bias pin |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | - |  | input parameter | AM20 |
| <OP-AMP> (MUTE=3V) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | VBOP | VIN |  |  |  |
| Common mode input voltage range H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | - |  |  | VOF |
| Common mode input voltage range L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.45 | - |  |  | VOF |
| Input offset voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | - |  |  | VOF |
| Input bias current | B |  | C |  |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | - |  |  | VBIN, VNFR |
| High level output voltage |  | B | C |  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | 0 |  |  | OPOUT |
| Low level output voltage |  | B | C |  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | 8 |  |  | OPOUT |
| Output sink current |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | - |  |  | (VCC-OPOUT)/50 |
| Output source current |  |  |  | C |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | - |  |  | OPOUT/50 |
| Slew rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ※ | - |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { input pulse } \\ 100 \mathrm{kHz}, 2 \mathrm{Vp} \text { - } \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | OPOUT |
| <Loading Driver> (MUTE=3V, BIAS $=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VBOP}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | FWD | REV | ILF | ILR | VLDCTL |  |  |
| Output saturation voltage 1 |  |  |  |  | B |  | 1.4 | 0.6 | -200 | 200 | 3.3 |  | VCC-VOLD |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | 0.6 | 1.4 | 200 | -200 | 3.3 |  | VCC-VOLD |
| Output saturation voltage 1 F/R |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Voltage difference between VSAT1 FWD \& REV |  |
| Output saturation voltage 2 |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | 1.4 | 0.6 | -500 | 500 | 3.3 |  | VCC-VOLD |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | 0.6 | 1.4 | 500 | -500 | 3.3 |  | VCC-VOLD |
| Voltage gain |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  | 3.3 |  | VOL/VCTL |
| <Loading logic input> (MUTE=3V, VBOP=2.5V) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | FWD | REV |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input high level voltage (1pin) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | - |  |  |  | input parameter |  |
| Input high level voltage (28pin) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 1.5 |  |  |  | input parameter |  |
| Input low level voltage (1pin) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | - |  |  |  | input parameter |  |
| Input low level voltage (28pin) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 0.5 |  |  |  | input parameter |  |
| Input high level current |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | - |  |  |  |  | AM1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 5 |  |  |  |  | AM28 |

- NOTES

1. Thermal- shut- down circuit built in.

When IC chip temperature rise to $175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Typ.), output current is muted, and when IC chip temperature reaches $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Typ.), the driver circuit starts up.
2. When mute- terminal (pin.21) voltage is open or lowered below 0.5 V , output current is muted. Under normal use condition, pull up the mute terminal above 1.5 V .
3. When bias-terminal (pin.20) voltage is below 0.5 V , driver is muted. Under normal use condition, set above 1.1V.
4. When supply voltage falls below 3.8 V (Typ.), output current is muted. Next time supply voltage rises to 4.0 V (Typ.), the driver circuit start.
5. All drivers are muted by thermal- shut- down. When bias terminal voltage falls and mute is ON, BTL driver except loading driver is muted.
Previous stage operational amplifier is no case muted.
Output terminal of muted BTL driver applies internal bias voltage (VCC-0.7)/ 2(V)
6. Loading driver logic input

| FWD <br> $(1$ pin $)$ | REV <br> $(28$ pin $)$ | VOL (+) <br> $(10$ pin $)$ | VOL (-) <br> $(9 p i n)$ | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $L$ | L | OPEN | OPEN | OPEN MODE |
| L | H | L | H | REVERSE MODE |
| $H$ | L | H | L | FORWARD MODE |
| H | H | L | L | BRAKE MODE |

Input circuit of pin1 and pin28 is designed to avoid simultaneous activation of upper and lower output Tr. however, in order to improve reliability, apply motor forward/ backward input once through open mode.
We recommend time period for open mode longer than 10 msec .
And, the voltage between the outputs can be controlled with the terminal LDCTL (pin.2). The voltage is set 2.7 times ( 8.6 dB Typ.) LDCTL(pin.2).
7. Insert the by-pass capacitor between Vcc-terminal and GND- terminal of IC as near as possible (approximately $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ).
8. Heat dissipation fins are attached to the GND on the inside of the package.

Make sure to be connected to the external GND.
9. In priciple, do not apply voltage below sub- potential of IC to terminal.

Examine in consideration of operation margin, when each driver output falls below sub- voltage of IC (GND) due to counter- electromotive- force of load.
10. Please open the test termind (pin $3,5,6$ ).

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