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Single-chip Type with Built-in FET Switching Regulator Series

Step-up and inverted 2-channel DC/DC converter with Built-in Power MOSFET

BD8316GWL

Description

The BD8316GWL is step-up and inverted 2-channel switching regulator with integrated internal high-side MOSFET. With wide input range from 2.5~5.5V ,it suitable for application of portable item. In addition,The small package design is ideal for miniaturizing the power supply.

Features

- Wide input voltage range of 2.5V to 5.5 V
- High frequency operation 1.6MHz
- Incorporates Nch FET of 230m Ω/22V and Pch Pow FET of 230m Ω/15V
- Incorporates Soft Start (4.2msec(typ))and hight side switch of boost channel
- Independent ON/OFF signal(STB). Built-in discharge SW for step up channel
- Small package UCSP50L1(1.8mm×1.5mm, 4× 3 grid, 11pin, WLCSP)
- Circuits protection OCP,SCP,UVLO,TSD

Important Specifications

Input voltage range 2.5~5.5 [V] Output boost voltage Input voltage(max)~18 [V] Output inverted voltage -9.0~-1.0 [V] Maximum current 1[A](max) Operating frequency 1.6 [MHz] (typ.) Nch FET ON resistance 230[mΩ] Pch FET ON resistance 230[mΩ] Standby current 1[*µ* A](max) Package UCSP50L1 (WLCSP)

1.8mm × 1.5mm × 0.5mm, 4 × 3glid,11pin,

Application

- LCD battery
- CCD battery
- Portable items that are represented by mobile phone and DSC

•Typical Application Input: 2.5 to 5.5 V, ch1 output: 5.6 V / 200m A, ch2 output: 5.6 V/200m A

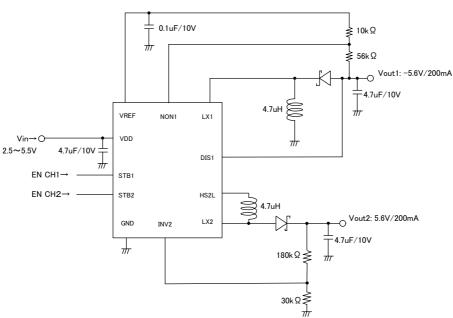


Fig.1 Application schematic

Pin Description

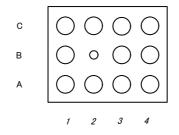


Fig.2 Pin assignment (Bottom view)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function					
A-1	VDD	Power input voltage pin. Connect to input ceramic capacitor bigger than 0.47uF.					
A-2	HS2L	Load SW output pin .Connect to inductor					
A-3	LX2	Boost channel drain Nch Power MOS. Connect to diode and inductor.					
A-4	GND	Ground connection					
B-1	LX1	PchPowerMOS drain of boost channel. Connect to diode and inductor					
B-3	STB1	Enable pin of inverted channel. ON threshold set to 1.5V. Integrated pull down resistance (800k Ω (typ))					
B-4	STB2	Enable pin of boost channel. ON threshold set to 1.5V. Integrated pull down resistance (800k Ω (typ))					
C-1	DIS1	DIS1 Discharge SW of inverted channel. Connect to output of inverted channel. STB1 disable , Output pin voltage is discharged by 100 Ω(typ)					
C-2	VREF	Reference voltage of inverted channel. 1.0V(typ) is included in error amp offset					
C-3	NON1	Feedback pin of inverted channel. Connect to feedback resistance and set output voltage. The method of output voltage setting is P16/20. When inverted cannel is disable , the pin is discharged by integrated resistance (150 Ω (typ))					
C-4	INV2	Feedback pin of boost channel. Connect to feedback resistance and set output voltage. The method of output voltage setting is P16/20.					

Block Diagram

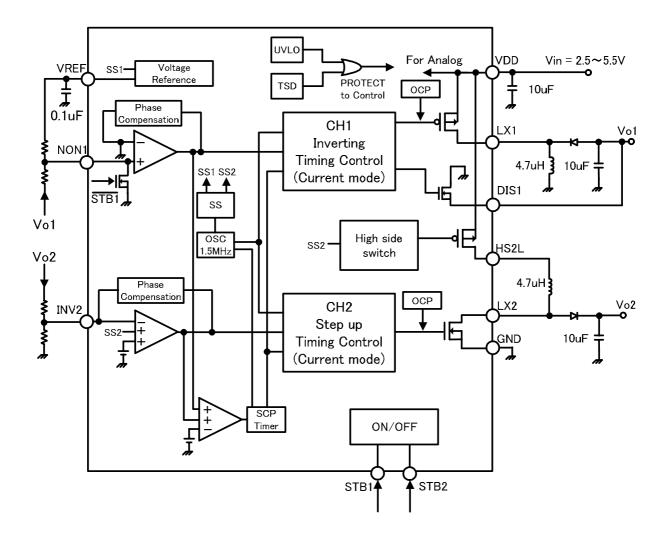


Fig.3 Block diagram

Function blacks description

1.Voltage Reference

This block generates ERROR AMP reference voltage.

The reference voltage of CH1 is 1.0V, The reference voltage of CH2 is 0.8V.

2.UVLO

Circuit for preventing malfunction at low voltage input.

This circuit prevents malfunction at the start of DC/DC converter and low input voltage .The function monitors VCC pin voltage and if VCC voltage is lower than 2.2V, function turns off all output of FETs and DC/DC converter , and reset the timer latch of the internal SCP circuit and soft-start circuit.

3.SCP

Short-circuit protection function based on timer latch system.

When the voltage of NON1 pin is higher than 0V or INV2 pin voltage is lower than 0.8V, the internal SCP circuit starts counting.

SCP circuit detects output of Error AMP. Since internal Error AMP has highly gain as high as 80dB or more, if input erroramp voltage cross reference voltage ,the output voltage of Error AMP goes high and detects SCP.

The internal counter is in synch with OSC, the latch circuit activates after the counter counts oscillations to turn off DC/DC converter output (about 40.9 msec).

To reset the latch circuit, turn off the STB pin once. Then, turn it on again or turn on the power supply voltage again.

4.OSC

This function determine oscillation frequency . Oscillation frequency of DC/DC converter set at 1.6MHz.

5.ERROR AMP

Error amplifier watch output voltage and output PWM control signals.

The internal reference voltage for Error AMP of ch1 is set at 0V.

The internal reference voltage for Error AMP of ch2 is set at 0.8V.

6.Timing Control

Voltage-pulse width converter for controlling output voltage corresponding to input voltage. Comparing the internal SLOPE waveform with the ERROR AMP output voltage, PWM COMP controls the pulse width and outputs to the driver.

Max Duties of ch1 and ch2 are set at 86%.

7.SOFT START

Circuit for preventing in-rush current at the start of DC/DC converter by bringing the output voltage. Soft-start time is in synch with the internal OSC, and the output voltage of the DC/DC converter reaches the set voltage after about 4.2m sec.

8.OCP

Circuit for preventing malfunction at over current.

Under input current over electrical characteristics, it supply minimum duty to DC/DC converter and IC stop safety by SCP detected.

9.TSD

Circuit for preventing malfunction at high Temperature . When it detects an abnormal temperature exceeding Maximum Junction Temperature (Tj=150 $^{\circ}$ C), it turns OFF all Output FET, and turns OFF DC/DC Comparator Output.

10. ON/OFF

Voltage applied on STB pin to control ON/OFF channel of each channel. Turned ON when a voltage of 1.5 V or higher is applied and turned OFF when the terminal is open or 0 V is applied. Incorporates approximately 800 k Ω pull-down resistance. OAbsolute maximum ratings(T=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
	VDD	-0.3~7	V
Maximum power supply voltage	STB1,STB2	-0.3~7	V
	IHS2L	1.0	A
Maximum input current	ILX1	1.0	А
	ILX2	1.0	A
	VDD-LX1	15	V
	LX2	22	V
Maximum input voltage	NON1	-0.3~7	V
	INV2	-0.3~7	V
	DIS1	-9~0.3	V
Power dissipation	Pd	730	mW
Operating temperature range	Topr	-35~+85	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55~+150	°C
Junction temperature	Tjmax	+150	°C

((*1) When mounted on $74.2 \times 74.2 \times 1.6$ mm and operated over 25° C Pd reduces by 4.96mW/°C.

ORecommended operating conditions

Demonstern	Cumula al	Standard value			Units
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNILS
Power supply voltage	VDD	2.5		5.5	V
Inverted output voltage	V01	-9.0	-	-1.0	V
Step up output voltage	VO2	VCC	-	18	V

OElectrical characteristics(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.6V)

Parameter		Currench and	Standard value		11.5	Que ditions	
		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Conditions
Low voltage input m	alfunction prev	enting circuit					
Detect threshold voltage		Vuv	-	2.2	2.35	V	VDD sweep down
Hysteresis voltage		∆Vuvhy	50	100	150	mV	
[Oscillator]							
Oscillating frequency		Fosc	1.44	1.6	1.76	MHz	
LX1 Max Duty		Dmax1	82	86	90	%	
LX2 Max Duty		Dmax2	82	86	90	%	
[Error AMP, VREF]							
CH1output voltage		V01	-6.072	-6.000	-5.928	V	NON1 feedback resistance $20k \Omega$, $120k \Omega$
VREF line regulation		DVLi	-	4.0	12.5	mV	VDD=2.5~5.5V
INV threshold voltage	1	VINV	0.792	0.800	0.808	V	
NON1 input bias curr	ent	INON1	-50	0	50	nA	STB1=3.6V, NON1=-0.2V
INV2 input bias curre	nt	IINV2	-50	0	50	nA	INV2=1.2V
CH1 Soft start time		TSS1	3.7	4.2	4.7	ms	
CH2 Soft start time		TSS2	3.7	4.2	4.7	ms	
[Internal FET]				•			·
LX1 PMOS ON resistance		Ron1p	-	300	480	mΩ	
DIS1discharge resistance		RDIS1	-	100	160	Ω	VSTB1=0V, IDIS1=-1mA
NON1 discharge resistance		RNON1	-	150	240	Ω	VSTB1=0V, INON1=1mA
LX2HighsideSW ON resistance		Ron2p	-	150	240	mΩ	
LX2 NMOS ON resist	ance	Ron2n	-	300	480	mΩ	
LX1 OCP threshold		locp1	1.2	2.4	-	А	
LX2 OCP threshold		locp2	1.2	2.4	-	А	
HS2L leak current		IleakH1	-1	0	1	uA	
LX1 leak current		I leak1	-1	0	1	uA	
LX2 leak current		I leak2	-1	0	1	uA	
[STB]							
STB pin	Active	VsтвН	1.5	-	5.5	V	
Control voltage	Non-active	VstbL	-0.3	-	0.3	V	
STB pin pull down resistance		Rstb1	500	800	1400	kΩ	
[Circuit current]							
Standby current		Istb	-	-	1	uA	
Circuit current of operation VDD		IDD	_	450	650	uA	STB1=STB2=3.6V NON1=-0.2V, INV2=1.2V

©This product is not designed for normal operation within a radioactive environment.

Reference data

(unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, VCC=3.6V)

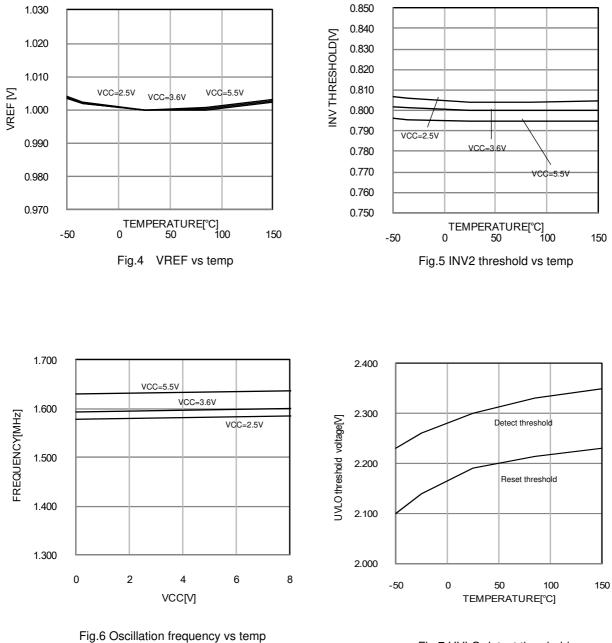
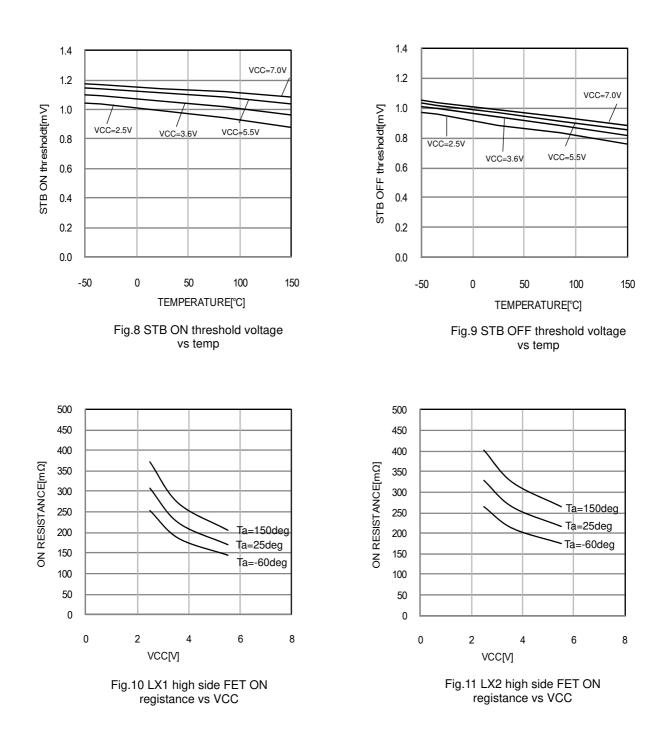
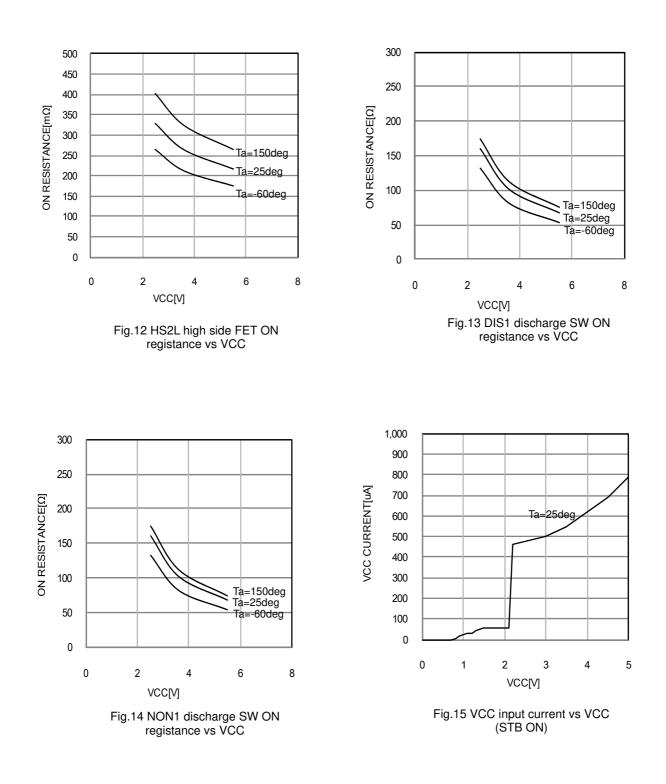
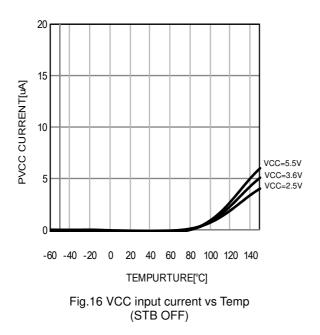
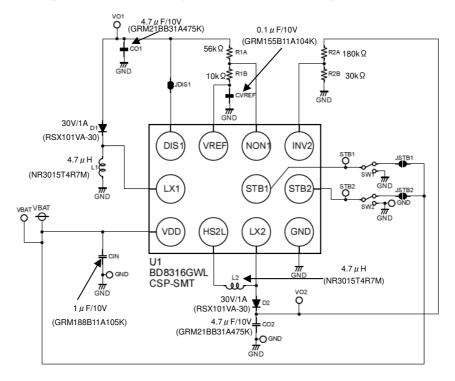


Fig.7 UVLO detect threshold Vs temp

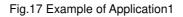








Example of Application1 Input: 2.5 to 5.5 V, ch1 output: 5.6 V / 200m A, ch2 output: 5.6V/200mA



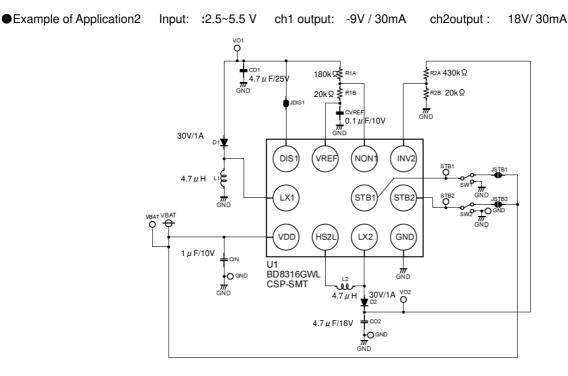


Fig.18 Example of Application2

•Example of Board Layout ROHM SMD Evaluation Board

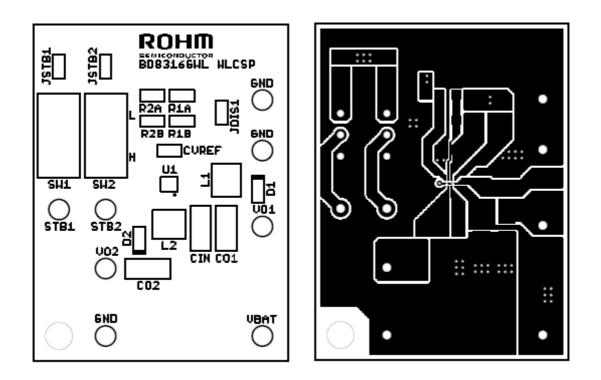


Fig.19 Assembly Layer

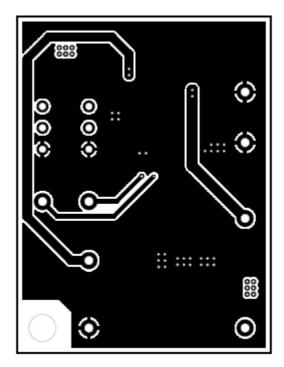
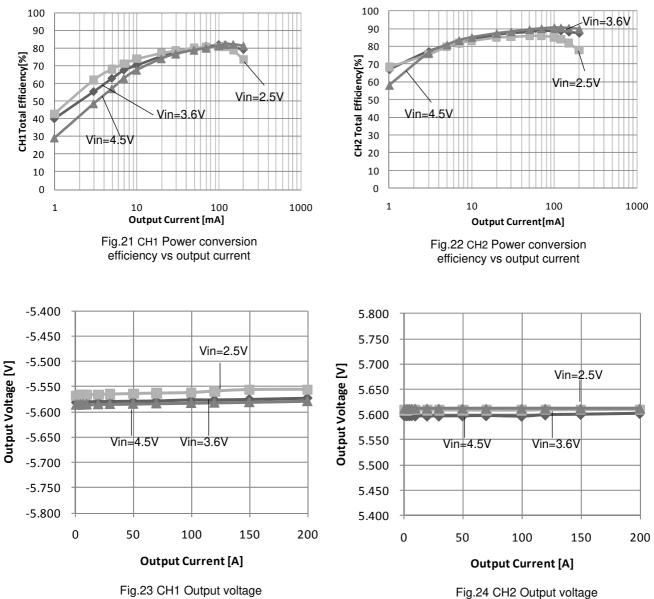


Fig.20 Bottom Layer

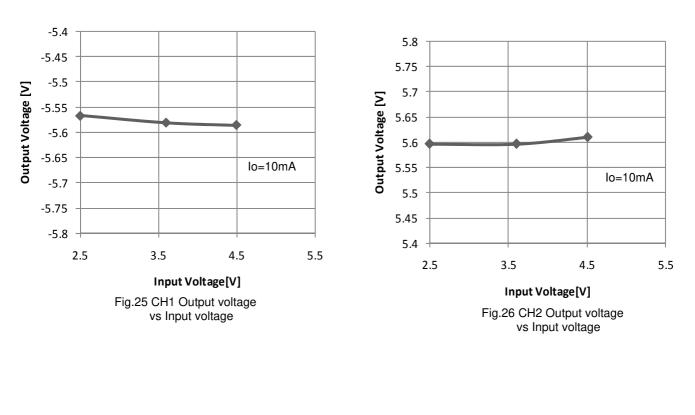
 Typical Performance Characteristic (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.6V)

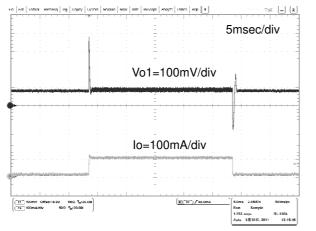
(Example of application 1)

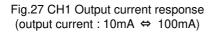


vs Output Current

Fig.24 CH2 Output voltage vs Output Current







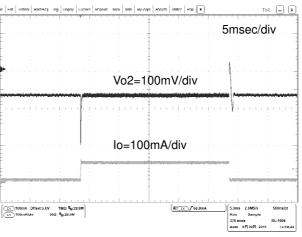


Fig.28 CH2 Output current response (output current : 10mA ⇔ 100mA)

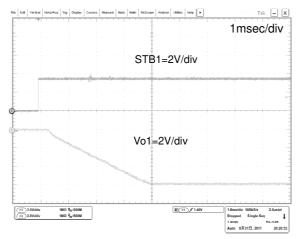


Fig.29 CH1 Soft start waveform

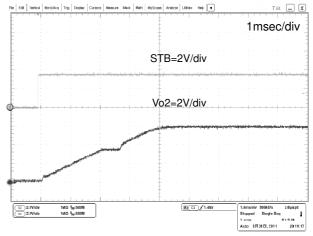


Fig.30 CH2 Soft start waveform

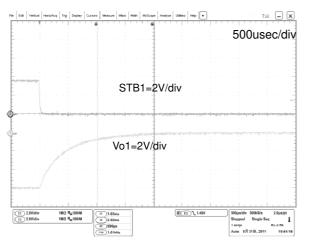


Fig.31 CH1 Discharge waveform [500usec/div] (STB1:High \rightarrow Low)

BD8316GWL

Datasheet

Selection of Parts for Applications

(1)Output inductor

A shielded inductor that satisfies the current rating (current value, Ipeak as shown in the drawing below) and has a low DCR (direct current resistance component) is recommended.

Inductor values affect output ripple current greatly.

Ripple current can be reduced as the inductor L value becomes larger and the switching frequency becomes higher as the equations shown below.

$$I_{peak} = \frac{V_{in} - V_{out} + V_{f}}{V_{in}} \times I_{out} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{V_{in} \times (-V_{out} + V_{f})}{L \times f \times (V_{in} - V_{out} + V_{f})}$$

and the (Inverted channel)

Fig. 32 Ripple current

 $I_{peak} = \frac{I_{out} \times V_{out}}{V_{in} \times \eta} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{V_{in} \times (V_{out} - V_{in})}{L \times f \times V_{out}}$ (Boost channel)

η: Efficiency(<0.92), f: Switching frequency(1.6MHz), L: inductance,

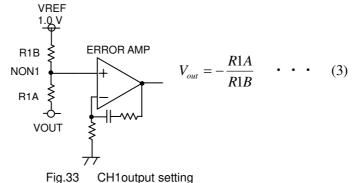
The second terms of equations above are ripple current of the inductor(\angle IL of Fig.32) which should be set at about 20 to 50% of the maximum output current.

* Current over the inductor rating flowing in the inductor brings the inductor into magnetic saturation, which may lead to lower efficiency or output bad oscillation. Select an inductor with an adequate margin so that the peak current does not exceed the rated current of the inductor.

(2) Output capacitor

CH1

The reference voltage of CH1 is 1.0V and the internal reference voltage of the ERROR AMP is 0 V. Output voltage should be obtained by referring to Equation (3) of Fig.33.



CH2

The internal reference voltage of the ERROR AMP is 0.8 V. Output voltage should be obtained by referring to Equation (4) of Fig.34.

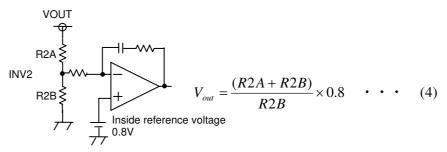


Fig.34 CH2 output setting

(3) Output capacitor

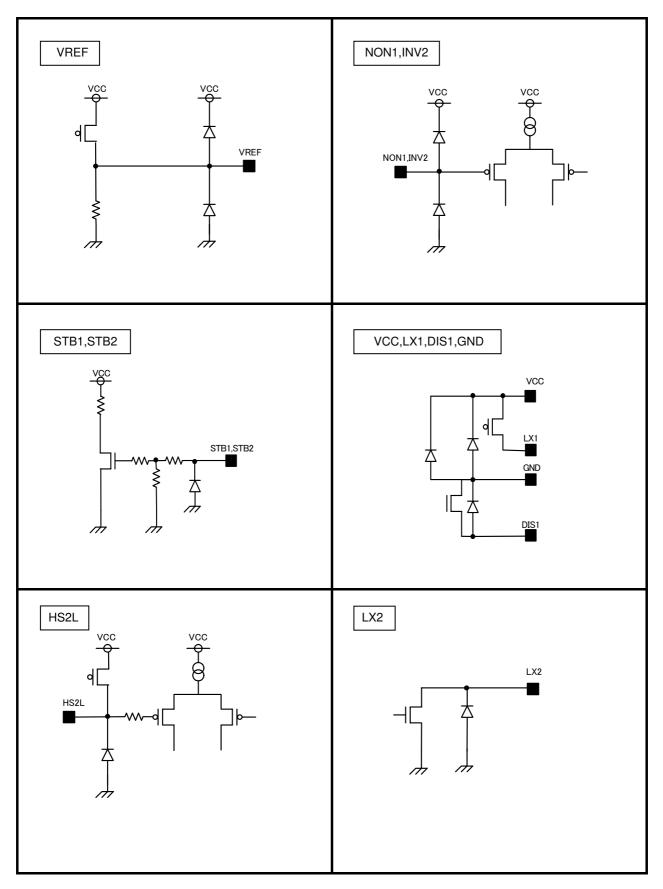
A ceramic capacitor with low ESR is recommended for output in order to reduce output ripple. There must be an adequate margin between the maximum rating and output voltage of the capacitor, taking the DC bias property into consideration. Output ripple voltage when ceramic capacitor is used is obtained by the following equation.

1 $Vpp = \angle IL \times \frac{1}{2\pi \times f \times Co} + \angle IL \times R_{ESR} \quad [V]$

Co is set within the range of $1 \sim 20 \text{uF}$.

Setting must be performed so that output ripple is within the allowable ripple voltage.

●I/O Equivalence Circuit





OOperation Notes

1.) Absolute maximum ratings

This product is produced with strict quality control. However, the IC may be destroyed if operated beyond its absolute maximum ratings. If the device is destroyed by exceeding the recommended maximum ratings, the failure mode will be difficult to determine. (E.g. short mode, open mode) Therefore, physical protection counter-measures (like fuse) should be implemented when operating conditions beyond the absolute maximum ratings anticipated.

2.) GND potential

Make sure GND is connected at lowest potential.

3.) Setting of heat

Make sure that power dissipation does not exceed maximum ratings.

4.) Pin short and mistake fitting

Avoid placing the IC near hot part of the PCB. This may cause damage to IC. Also make sure that the output-to-output and output to GND condition will not happen because this may damage the IC.

5.) Actions in strong magnetic field

Exposing the IC within a strong magnetic field area may cause malfunction.

6.) Mutual impedance

Use short and wide wiring tracks for the main supply and ground to keep the mutual impedance as small as possible. Use inductor and capacitor network to keep the ripple voltage minimum.

7.) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit)

The IC incorporates a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). The thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit) is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent runaway thermal operation. It is not designed to protect the IC or guarantee its operation. Do not continue to use the IC after operating this circuit or use the IC in an environment where the operation of this circuit is assumed. 8.)Rush current at the time of power supply injection.

An IC which has plural power supplies, or CMOS IC could have momentaly rush current at the time of power supply injection. Because there exists inside logic uncertainty state. Please take care about power supply coupling capacity and width of power Supply and GND pattern wiring.

9.)IC Terminal Input

This IC is a monolithic IC that has a P- board and P+ isolation for the purpose of keeping distance between elements. A P-N junction is formed between the P-layer and the N-layer of each element, and various types of parasitic elements are then formed. For example, an application where a resistor and a transistor are connected to a terminal (shown in Fig.36):

OWhen GND > (terminal A) at the resistor and GND > (terminal B) at the transistor (NPN), the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

OWhen GND > (terminal B) at the transistor (NPN), a parasitic NPN transistor operates as a result of the NHayers of other elements in the proximity of the aforementioned parasitic diode.

Parasitic elements are structurally inevitable in the IC due to electric potential relationships. The operation of parasitic elements Induces the interference of circuit operations, causing malfunctions and possibly the destruction of the IC. Please be careful not to use the IC in a way that would cause parasitic elements to operate. For example, by applying a voltage that is lower than the GND (P-board) to the input terminal.

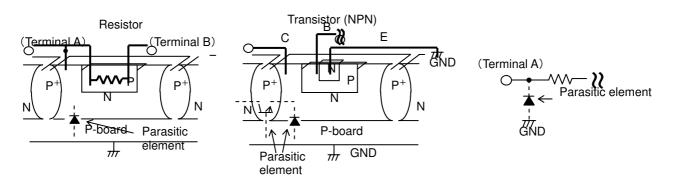
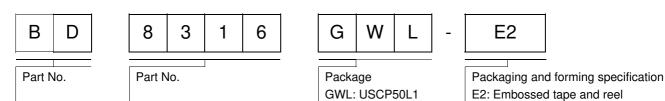


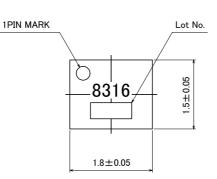
Fig.36 Simplified structure of a Bipolar IC

BD8316GWL

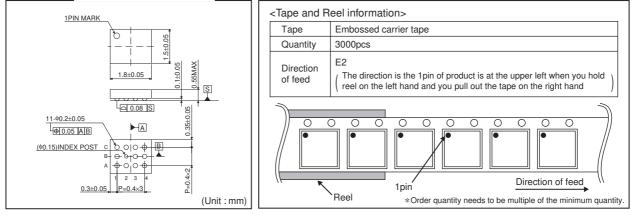
Ordering part number



External information



UCSP50L1 (BD8316GWL)



Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ^(Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	
CLASSⅣ	CLASSIII	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [C] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

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