

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



# Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







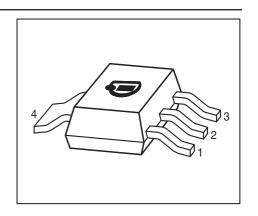


### **NPN Silicon High-Voltage Transistors**

- Suitable for video output stages TV sets and switching power supplies
- High breakdown voltage
- Low collector-emitter saturation voltage
- Complementary type: BFN39 (PNP)
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package
- Qualified according AEC Q101







Туре	Marking	Pin Configuration					Package	
BFN38	BFN38	1=B	2=C	3=E	4=C	-	-	SOT223

### **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	300	V	
Collector-base voltage	$V_{\mathrm{CBO}}$	300		
Emitter-base voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	6		
Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	200	mA	
Peak collector current, $t_p \le 10 \text{ ms}$	I <sub>CM</sub>	500		
Base current	l <sub>B</sub>	100		
Peak base current	l <sub>BM</sub>	200		
Total power dissipation-	P <sub>tot</sub>	1.5	W	
<i>T</i> <sub>S</sub> ≤ 124 °C				
Junction temperature	$T_{i}$	150	°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{\rm sta}$	-65 150		

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point <sup>1)</sup>	R <sub>thJS</sub>	≤ 17	K/W

1

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ For calculation of  $R_{thJA}$  please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)



**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified

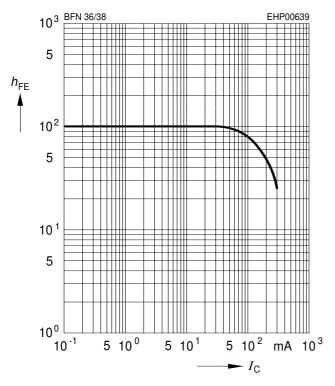
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	]
DC Characteristics					•
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	300	-	-	V
$I_{\rm C}$ = 1 mA, $I_{\rm B}$ = 0					
Collector-base breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	300	-	-	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 100 $\mu$ A, $I_{\rm E}$ = 0					
Emitter-base breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	6	-	-	
$I_{\rm E}$ = 100 $\mu$ A, $I_{\rm C}$ = 0					
Collector-base cutoff current	I <sub>CBO</sub>				μΑ
$V_{\rm CB} = 250 \text{ V}, I_{\rm E} = 0$		-	-	0.1	
$V_{\rm CB}$ = 250 V, $I_{\rm E}$ = 0 , $T_{\rm A}$ = 150 °C		-	-	20	
Emitter-base cutoff current	I <sub>EBO</sub>	-	_	100	nA
$V_{\rm EB} = 5  \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 0$					
DC current gain <sup>1)</sup>	h <sub>FE</sub>				-
$I_{\rm C}$ = 1 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 10 V		25	-	-	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 10 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 10 V		40	-	-	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 30 mA, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 10 V		30	-	-	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage <sup>1)</sup>	V <sub>CEsat</sub>	-	-	0.5	V
$I_{\rm C}$ = 20 mA, $I_{\rm B}$ = 2 mA					
Base emitter saturation voltage <sup>1)</sup>	V <sub>BEsat</sub>	-	-	0.9	
$I_{\rm C}$ = 20 mA, $I_{\rm B}$ = 2 mA					
AC Characteristics					
Transition frequency	f <sub>T</sub>	-	70	-	MHz
$I_{\rm C}$ = 20 MHz, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 10 V, $f$ = 20 MHz					
Collector-base capacitance	C <sub>cb</sub>	_	1.5	_	pF
$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pulse test:  $t < 300\mu s$ ; D < 2%



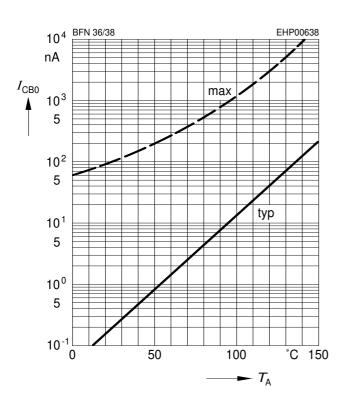
### **DC** current gain $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$

 $V_{CE}$  = 10 V



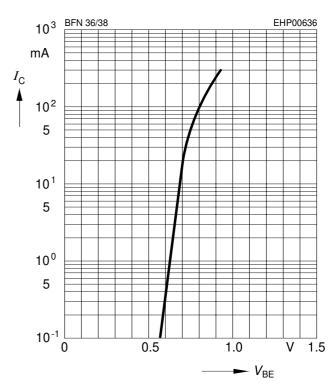
# Collector cutoff current $I_{CBO} = f(T_A)$

 $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ 



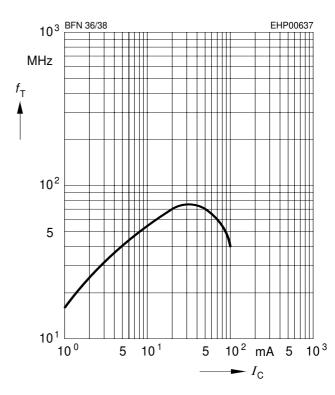
## Collector current $I_{C} = f(V_{BE})$

 $V_{CE} = 10V$ 



### Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$

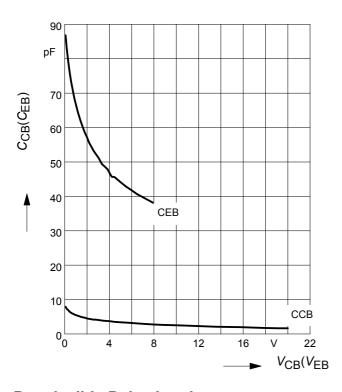
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ 

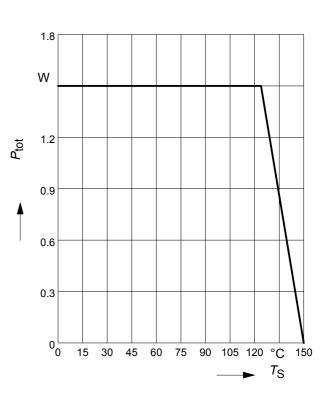




## Collector-base capacitance $C_{cb} = f(V_{CB})$ Emitter-base capacitance $C_{eb} = f(V_{EB})$

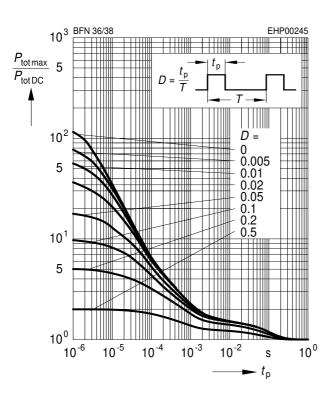
## Total power dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$





### **Permissible Pulse Load**

 $P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_{\text{p}})$ 



4



# Package Outline 1.6±0.1 $6.5 \pm 0.2$ 0.1 MAX 3±0.1 $\tilde{\Omega}$ $3.5 \pm 0.2$ 7±0.3 2 2.3 0.7±0.1 0.28 ±0.04 4.6 0...10° ⊕ 0.25 M A = 0.25 M B Foot Print 3.5 1.2 1.1 Marking Layout (Example) **(**infineon Manufacturer 2005, 24 CW Date code (YYWW) 0524 16 BCP52-16 Type code Pin 1 Packing Reel ø180 mm = 1.000 Pieces/Reel Reel ø330 mm = 4.000 Pieces/Reel 0.3 MAX. $\oplus$ 7.55

6.8

5

1.75



Edition 2009-11-16

Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 Munich, Germany

© 2009 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

#### **Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

#### Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (<a href="www.infineon.com">www.infineon.com</a>).

#### Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

6