



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

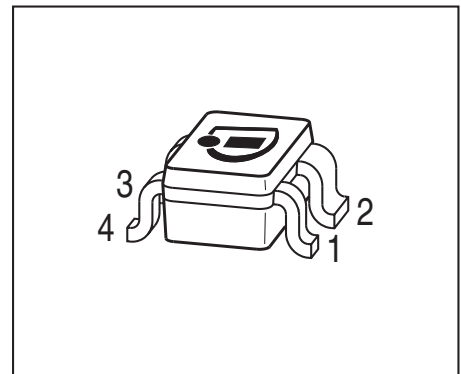
Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



Low Noise Silicon Bipolar RF Transistor

- For highest gain and low noise amplifier
- Outstanding $G_{ms} = 21.5$ dB at 1.8 GHz
Minimum noise figure $NF_{min} = 0.9$ dB at 1.8 GHz
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) and halogen-free package with visible leads
- Qualification report according to AEC-Q101 available



ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BFP540	ATs	1=B	2=E	3=C	4=E	-	-	SOT343

Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}		V
$T_A = 25$ °C		4.5	
$T_A = -55$ °C		4	
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	14	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	14	
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	1	
Collector current	I_C	80	mA
Base current	I_B	8	
Total power dissipation ¹⁾	P_{tot}	250	mW
$T_S \leq 77$ °C			
Junction temperature	T_J	150	°C
Ambient temperature	T_A	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	T_{Stg}	-65 ... 150	

¹⁾ T_S is measured on the emitter lead at the soldering point to the pcb

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	290	K/W

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

DC Characteristics

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	4.5	5	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = 14\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0$	I_{CES}	-	-	10	μA
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	-	10	μA
DC current gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3.5\text{ V}$, pulse measured	h_{FE}	50	110	185	-

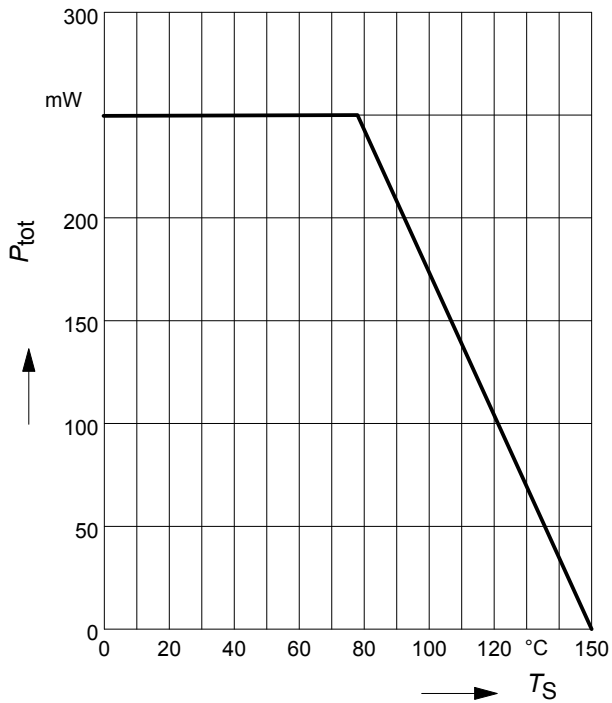
¹⁾For the definition of R_{thJS} please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

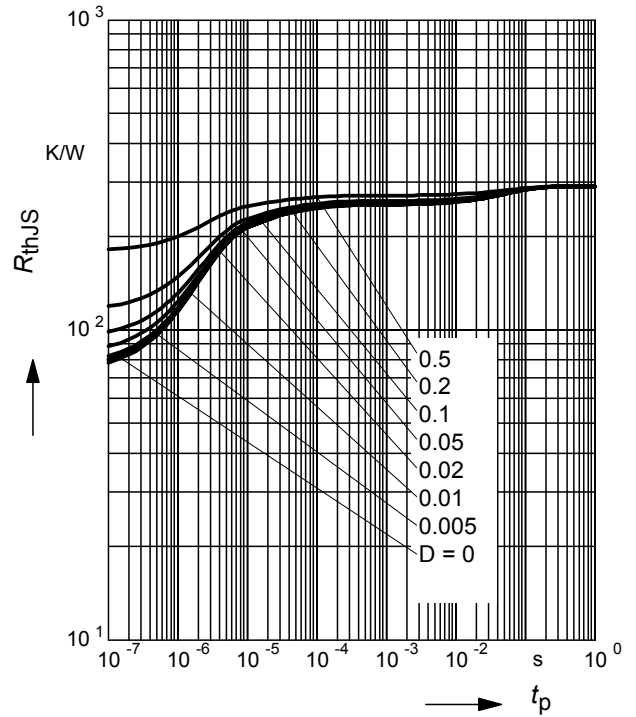
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$	f_T	21	30	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, emitter grounded	C_{cb}	-	0.14	0.24	pF
Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, base grounded	C_{ce}	-	0.33	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CB} = 0$, collector grounded	C_{eb}	-	0.65	-	
Minimum noise figure $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$	NF_{min}	-	0.9	1.4	dB
Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	G_{ms}	-	21.5	-	dB
Power gain, maximum available ¹⁾ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	G_{ma}	-	16	-	dB
Transducer gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	16	18.5	-	dB
Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	$IP3$	-	24.5	-	dBm
1dB compression point at output $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	P_{-1dB}	-	11	-	

¹⁾ $G_{ma} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}| (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2})$, $G_{ms} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}|$
²⁾ $IP3$ value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is $50\ \Omega$ from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

Total power dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

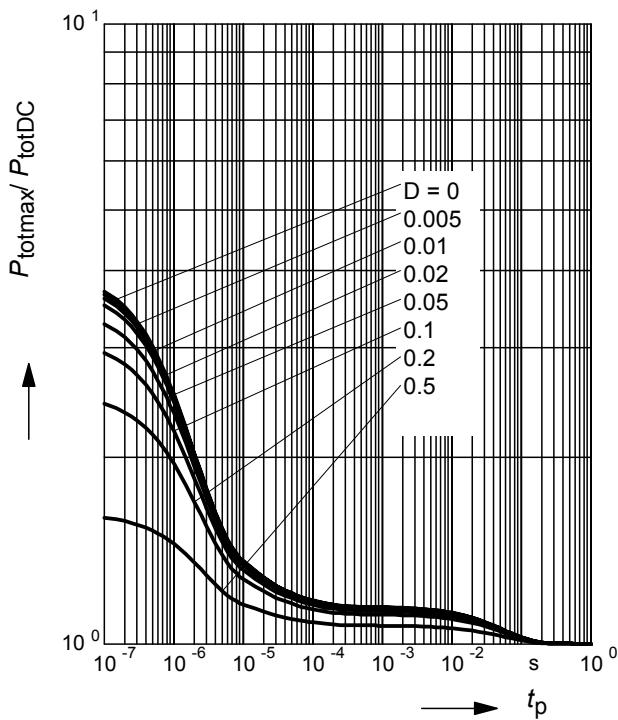


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$



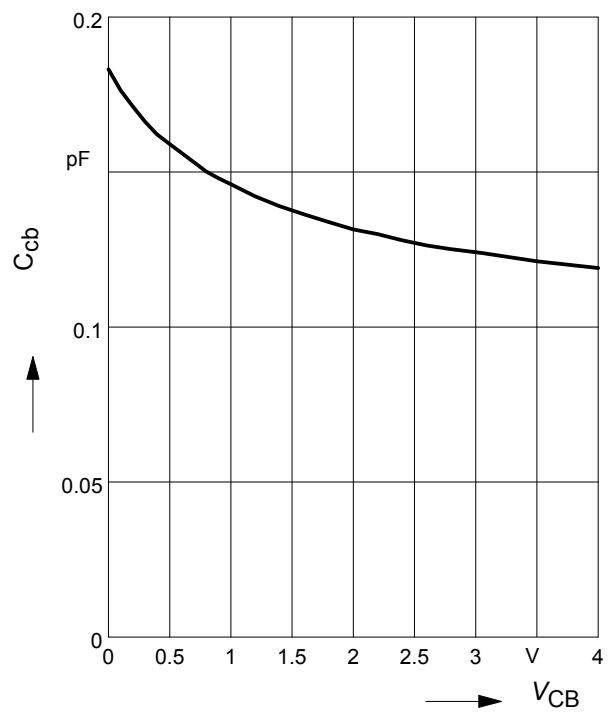
Permissible Pulse Load

$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$



Collector-base capacitance $C_{cb} = f(V_{CB})$

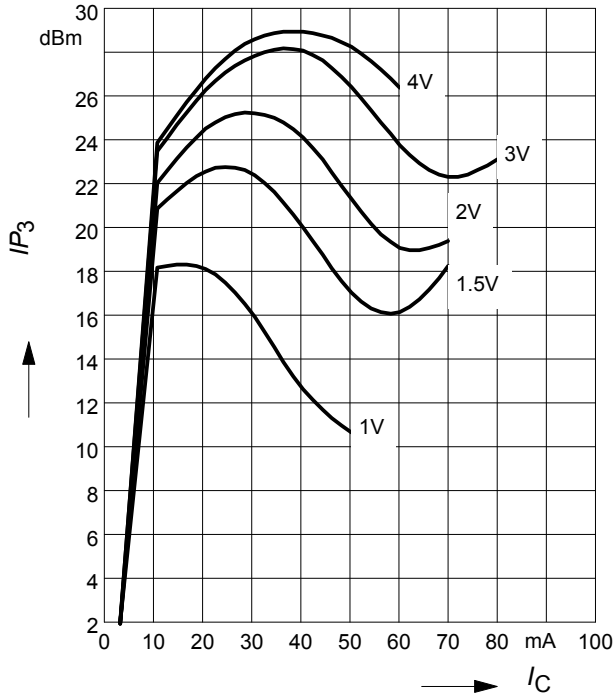
$f = 1\text{MHz}$



Third order Intercept Point $IP_3=f(I_C)$

(Output, $Z_S=Z_L=50\Omega$)

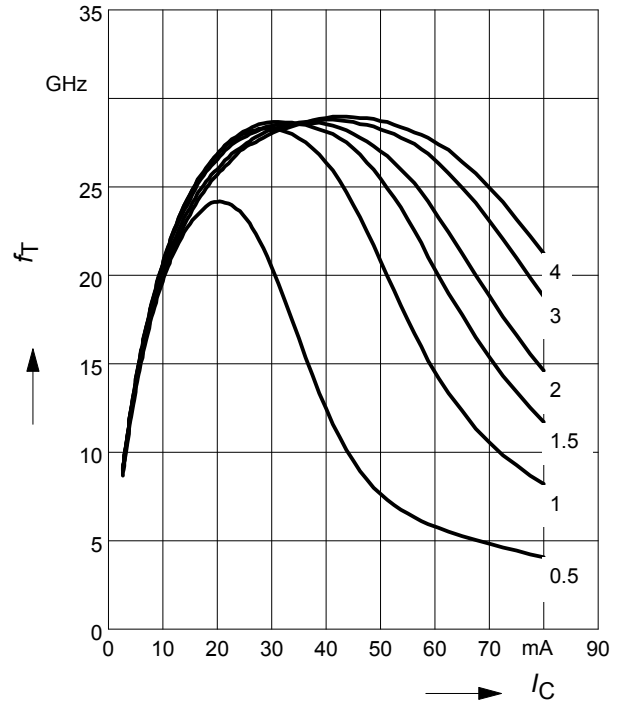
V_{CE} = parameter, $f = 1.8\text{GHz}$



Transition frequency $f_T=f(I_C)$

$f = 1\text{GHz}$

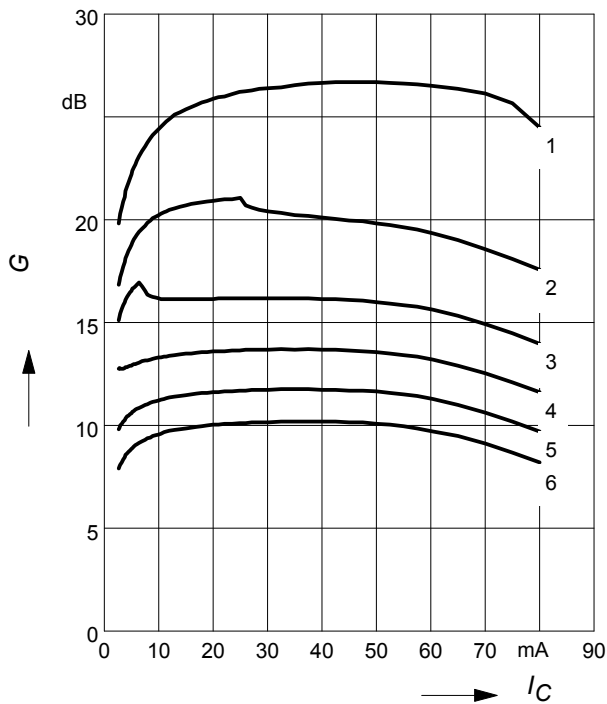
V_{CE} = Parameter in V



Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$

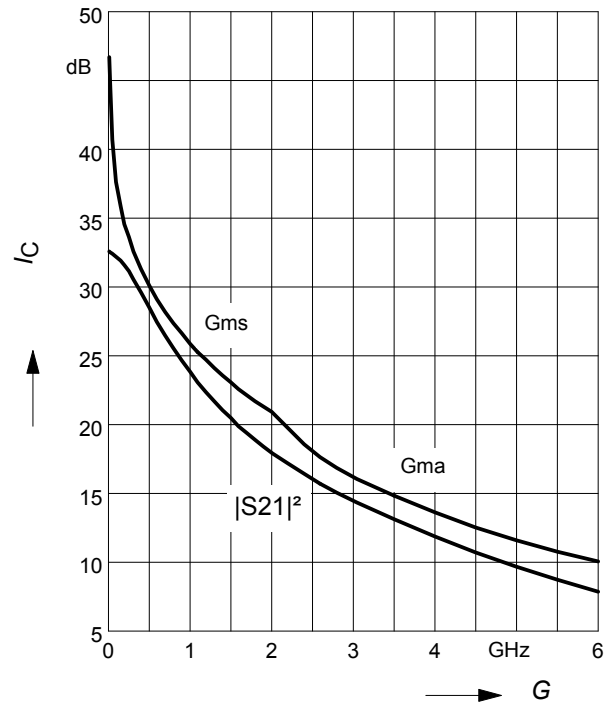
f = Parameter in GHz



Power Gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$

$|S_{21}|^2 = f(f)$

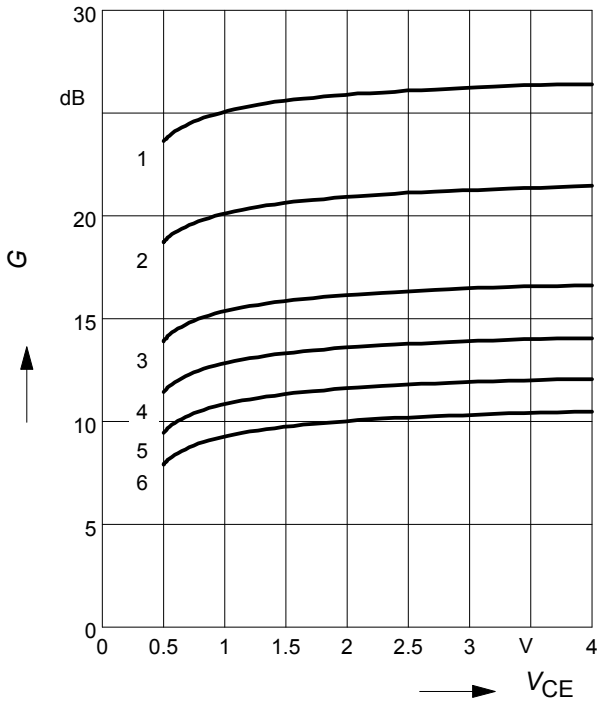
$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 20\text{mA}$



Power gain G_{ma} , $G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$

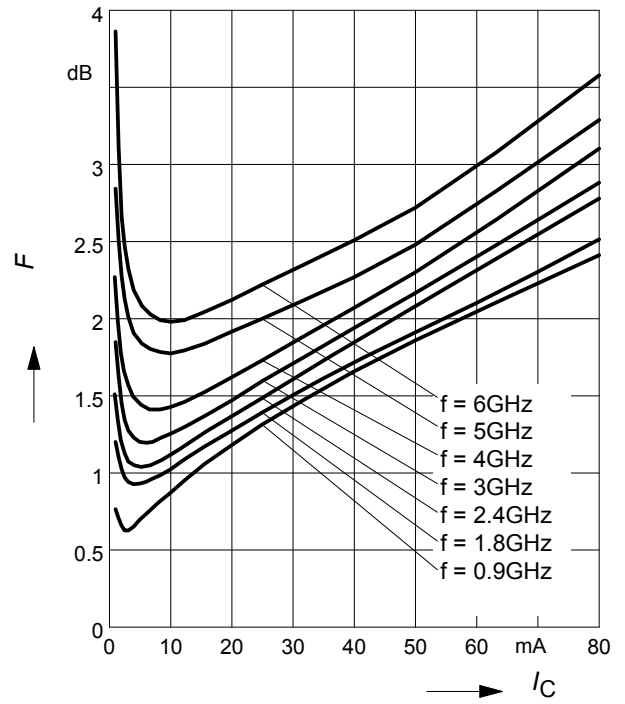
$I_C = 20\text{mA}$

$f = \text{Parameter in GHz}$



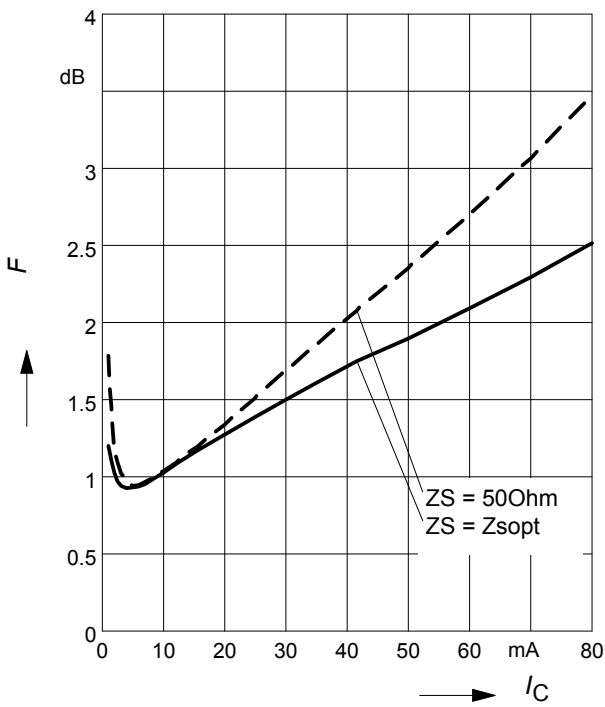
Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



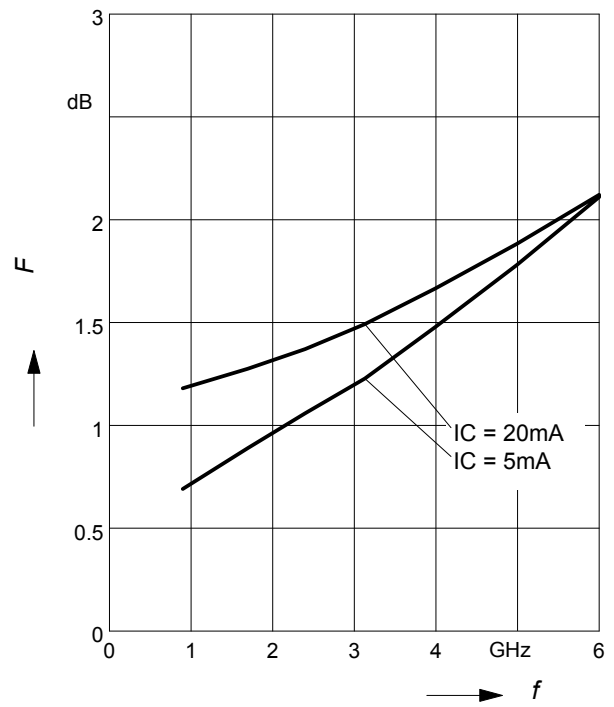
Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $f = 1.8\text{GHz}$



Noise figure $F = f(f)$

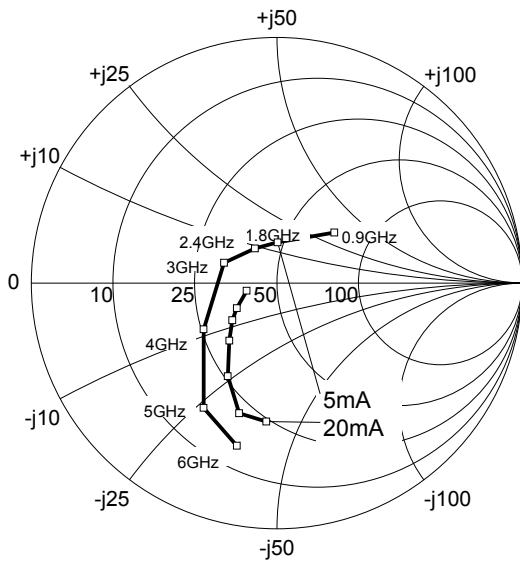
$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



Source impedance for min.

noise figure vs. frequency

$V_{CE} = 2V, I_C = 5mA / 20mA$

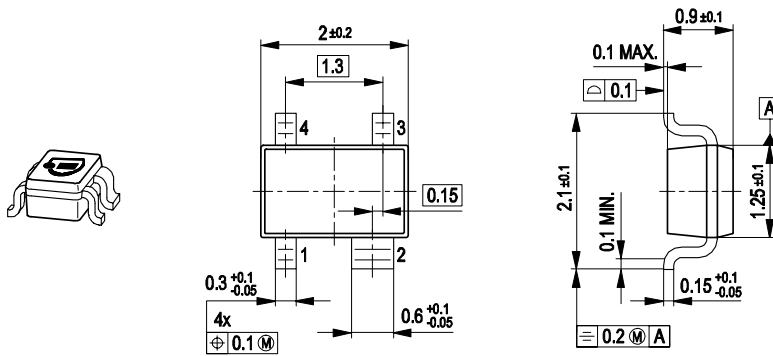


SPICE GP Model

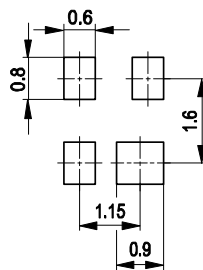
For the SPICE Gummel Poon (GP) model as well as for the S-parameters (including noise parameters) please refer to our internet website www.infineon.com/rf.models.

Please consult our website and download the latest versions before actually starting your design. You find the BFP540 SPICE GP model in the internet in MWO- and ADS-format, which you can import into these circuit simulation tools very quickly and conveniently. The model already contains the package parasitics and is ready to use for DC and high frequency simulations. The terminals of the model circuit correspond to the pin configuration of the device. The model parameters have been extracted and verified up to 10 GHz using typical devices. The BFP540 SPICE GP model reflects the typical DC- and RF-performance within the limitations which are given by the SPICE GP model itself. Besides the DC characteristics all S-parameters in magnitude and phase, as well as noise figure (including optimum source impedance, equivalent noise resistance and flicker noise) and intermodulation have been extracted.

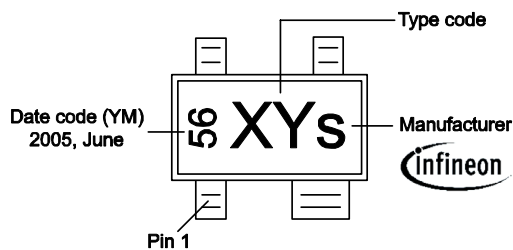
Package Outline



Foot Print

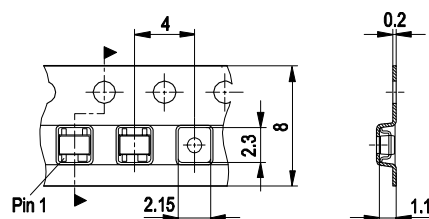


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel \varnothing 180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel
 Reel \varnothing 330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



Edition 2009-11-16

**Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany**

**© 2009 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.**

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.