



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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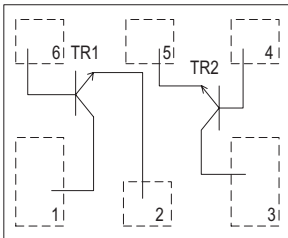
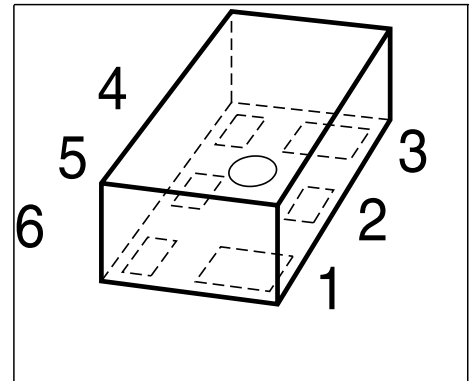
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NPN Silicon RF TWIN Transistor

- High f_T of 22 GHz
- For low voltage / low current applications
- Ideal for VCO modules and low noise amplifiers
- Low noise figure: 1.1 dB at 1.8 GHz
- World's smallest SMD 6-pin leadless package
- Excellent ESD performance
- Built in 2 transistors (TR1, TR2: die as BFR460L3)

* Short-term description



ESD: Electrostatic discharge sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BFS460L6	AB	1=C1	2=E1	3=C2	4=B2	5=E2	6=B1	TSLP-6-1

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}		V
$T_A > 0\text{ °C}$		4.5	
$T_A \leq 0\text{ °C}$		4.2	
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	15	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	15	
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	1.5	
Collector current	I_C	50	mA
Base current	I_B	5	
Total power dissipation ¹⁾	P_{tot}	200	mW
$T_S \leq 104\text{ °C}$			
Junction temperature	T_j	150	°C
Ambient temperature	T_A	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

¹⁾ T_S is measured on the collector lead at the soldering point to the pcb

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	≤ 230	K/W

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

DC Characteristics

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	4.5	5.8	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$	I_{CES}	-	-	10	μA
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	-	1	μA
DC current gain $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}$, pulse measured	h_{FE}	90	120	160	-

¹⁾For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$	f_T	16	22	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, emitter grounded	C_{cb}	-	0.33	0.5	pF
Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, base grounded	C_{ce}	-	0.17	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, collector grounded	C_{eb}	-	0.57	-	
Noise figure $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	F	-	1.1 1.4	-	dB
Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	G_{ms}	-	14.5 10	-	dB
Transducer gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	-	12.5 9	-	
Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	IP_3	-	28	-	dBm
1dB Compression point at output $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	P_{-1dB}	-	12	-	

¹ $G_{ma} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}| (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2})$, $G_{ms} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}|$
² IP_3 value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is 50Ω from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz