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BlueNRG-MS

Datasheet - production data

Upgradable Bluetooth® low energy network processor

WLCSP34 WLCSP34

Features

- Bluetooth specification v4.1 compliant
 master and slave single-mode Bluetooth low
 energy network processor
- Embedded Bluetooth low energy protocol stack: GAP, GATT, SM, L2CAP, LL, RF-PHY
- Bluetooth low energy profiles provided separately
- Operating supply voltage: from 1.7 to 3.6 V
- 8.2 mA maximum TX current (@0 dBm, 3.0 V)
- Down to 1.7 µA current consumption with active BLE stack
- Integrated linear regulator and DC-DC stepdown converter
- Up to +8 dBm available output power (at antenna connector)
- Excellent RF link budget (up to 96 dB)
- Accurate RSSI to allow power control
- Proprietary application controller interface (ACI), SPI based, allows interfacing with an external host application microcontroller

- Full link controller and host security
- High performance, ultra-low power Cortex-M0 32-bit based architecture core
- Upgradable BLE stack (stored in embedded Flash memory, via SPI)
- AES security co-processor
- Low power modes
- 16 or 32 MHz crystal oscillator
- 12 MHz ring oscillator
- 32 kHz crystal oscillator
- 32 kHz ring oscillator
- Battery voltage monitor
- Compliant with the following radio frequency regulations: ETSI EN 300 328, EN 300 440, FCC CFR47 Part 15, ARIB STD-T66
- Available in QFN32 (5 x 5 mm) and WLCSP34 (2.66 x 2.56 mm) packages
- Operating temperature range: -40 °C to 85 °C

Applications

- Watches
- Fitness, wellness and sports
- Consumer medical
- Security/proximity
- Remote control
- Home and industrial automation
- Assisted living
- Mobile phone peripherals
- PC peripherals

Table 1: Device summary

Order code	Package	Packing
BLUENRG-MSQTR	QFN32 (5 x 5 mm)	Tape and reel
BLUENRG-MSCSP	WLCSP34 (2.66 x 2.56 mm)	Tape and reel

January 2017

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1 Description

The BlueNRG-MS is a very low power Bluetooth low energy (BLE) single-mode network processor, compliant with Bluetooth specification v4.1. The BlueNRG-MS supports multiple roles simultaneously, and can act at the same time as Bluetooth Smart sensor and hub device.

The Bluetooth Low Energy stack runs on the embedded ARM Cortex-M0 core. The stack is stored on the on-chip non-volatile Flash memory and can be easily upgraded via SPI. The device comes pre-programmed with a production-ready stack image (whose version could change at any time without notice). A different or more up-to-date stack image can be downloaded from the ST web site and programmed on the device through the ST provided software tools.

The BlueNRG-MS allows applications to meet of the tight advisable peak current requirements imposed with the use of standard coin cell batteries. The maximum peak current is only 10 mA at 1 dBm of output power. Ultra low-power sleep modes and very short transition times between operating modes allow very low average current consumption, resulting in longer battery life. The BlueNRG-MS offers the option of interfacing with external microcontrollers using SPI transport layer.



2 General description

The BlueNRG-MS is a single-mode Bluetooth low energy master/slave network processor, compliant with the Bluetooth specification v4.1.

It integrates a 2.4 GHz RF transceiver and a powerful Cortex-M0 microcontroller, on which a complete power-optimized stack for Bluetooth single mode protocol runs, providing:

- Master, slave role support
- GAP: central, peripheral, observer or broadcaster roles
- ATT/GATT: client and server
- SM: privacy, authentication and authorization
- L2CAP
- Link Layer: AES-128 encryption and decryption

An on-chip non-volatile Flash memory allows on-field Bluetooth low energy stack upgrade.

In addition, according the Bluetooth specification v4.1 the BlueNRG-MS can support the following features through firmware updates:

- Multiple roles simultaneously support
- Support simultaneous advertising and scanning
- Support being Slave of up to two Masters simultaneously
- Privacy V1.1
- Low Duty Cycle Directed Advertising

The device allows applications to meet of the tight advisable peak current requirements imposed with the use of standard coin cell batteries. If the high efficiency embedded DC-DC step-down converter is used, the maximum input current is only 15 mA at the highest output power (+8 dBm). Even if the DC-DC converter is not used, the maximum input current is only 29 mA at the highest output power, still preserving battery life.

Ultra low-power sleep modes and very short transition time between operating modes result in very low average current consumption during real operating conditions, providing very long battery life.

Two different external matching networks are suggested: standard mode (TX output power up to +5 dBm) and high power mode (TX output power up to +8 dBm).

The external host application processor, where the application resides, is interfaced with the BlueNRG-MS through an application controller interface protocol which is based on a standard SPI interface.







3 Pin description

The BlueNRG-MS pinout is shown in *Figure 2: "BlueNRG-MS pinout top view (QFN32)"*, *Figure 3: "BlueNRG-MS pinout top view (WLCSP34)"* and *Figure 4: "BlueNRG-MS pinout bottom view (WLCSP34)"*. In *Table 2: "Pinout description"* a short description of the pins is provided.





Figure 3: BlueNRG-MS pinout top view (WLCSP34)





Top view (balls are underneath).





Table 2: Pinout description

Pins		Namo	1/0	Description
QFN32	WLCSP	Name	1/0	Description
1	E2	SPI_MOSI	I	SPI_MOSI
2	E1	SPI_CLK	Ι	SPI_CLK
3	D2	SPI_IRQ	0	SPI_IRQ
4	D1	TEST1	I/O	Test pin
5	C1	VBAT3	VDD	1.7-3.6 battery voltage input
6	C2	TEST2	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
7	B1	TEST3	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
8	B2	TEST4	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
9	A1	TEST5	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
10	B3	TEST6	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
11	A2	TEST7	I/O	Test pin connected to GND
12	A3	VDD1V8	0	1.8 V digital core
13	A4	TEST8	I/O	Test pin not connected
14	A5	TEST9	I/O	Test pin not connected
15	B4	TEST11	I/O	Test pin not connected (QFN32) Test pin connected to GND (WLCSP)
16	B5	TEST12	I/O	Test pin not connected (QFN32) Test pin connected to GND (WLCSP)
17	A6	FXTAL1	I	16/32 MHz crystal
18	B6	FXTAL0	I	16/32 MHz crystal
19	-	VBAT2	VDD	1.8-3.6 battery voltage input
20	C6	RF1	I/O	Antenna + matching circuit
21	D6	RF0	I/O	Antenna + matching circuit
22	E6	SXTAL1	I	32 kHz crystal
23	E5	SXTAL0	I	32 kHz crystal
24	D5	VBAT1	VDD	1.7-3.6 battery voltage input
25	E4	RESETN	I	Reset



BlueNRG-MS

Pin description

Pins		Nomo	1/0	Description
QFN32	WLCSP	Name	1/0	Description
26	F6	SMPSFILT1	0	SMPS output
27	-	NO_SMPS	I	Power management strategy selection
28	F5	SMPSFILT2	I/O	SMPS input/output
29	F3	VDD1V2	0	1.2 V digital core
30	E3	TEST10	I/O	TEST pin connected to GND
31	F2	SPI_CS	Ι	SPI_CS
32	F1	SPI_MISO	0	SPI_MISO
-	C3	GND	GND	Ground
-	D3	GND	GND	Ground
-	D4	GND	GND	Ground
-	F4	SMPS-GND	GND	SMPS ground



4 Application circuits

The schematics below are purely indicative. For more detailed schematics, please refer to the "Reference design" and "Layout guidelines" which are provided as separate documents.





Figure 6: BlueNRG-MS application circuit: non active DC-DC converter QFN32 package





Figure 8: BlueNRG-MS application circuit: non active DC-DC converter WLCSP package



Table 3:	External	component	list

Component	Description	
C1	Decoupling capacitor	
C2	DC-DC converter output capacitor	
C3	DC-DC converter output capacitor	
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Component	Description	
C4	Decoupling capacitor for 1.2 V digital regulator	
C5	Decoupling capacitor for 1.2 V digital regulator	
C6	Decoupling capacitor	
C7	32 kHz crystal loading capacitor ⁽¹⁾	
C8	32 kHz crystal loading capacitor ⁽¹⁾	
C9	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C10	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C11	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C12	Decoupling capacitor	
C13	Decoupling capacitor	
C14	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C15	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C16	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
C17	16/32 MHz crystal loading capacitor	
C18	16/32 MHz crystal loading capacitor	
C19	Decoupling capacitor for 1.8 V digital regulator	
C20	Decoupling capacitor for 1.8 V digital regulator	
C21	RF balun/matching network capacitor High Performance, RF balun/matching network capacitor Standard mode	
L1	DC-DC converter input inductor, Isat > 100 mA, Q > 25	
L2	RF balun/matching network inductor High Performance RF balun/matching network inductor Standard mode	
L3	RF balun/matching network inductor High Performance RF balun/matching network inductor Standard mode	
L4	RF balun/matching network inductor High Performance RF balun/matching network inductor Standard mode	
R1	Pull-down resistor on the SPI_IRQ line (can be replaced by the internal pull-down of the Application MCU)	
XTAL1	32 kHz crystal (optional)	
XTAL2	16/32 MHz crystal	

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Values valid only for the crystal NDK NX3215SA-32.768 kHz-EXS00A-MU00003. For other crystals refer to what specified in their datasheet.



5 Block diagram and descriptions

A block diagram of the device is shown in *Figure 9: "Block diagram"*. In the following subsections a short description of each module is given.



Figure 9: Block diagram

5.1 Core, memory and peripherals

The BlueNRG-MS contains an ARM Cortex-M0 microcontroller core that supports ultra-low leakage state retention mode and almost instantaneously returning to fully active mode on critical events.

The memory subsystem consists of 64 KB Flash, and 12 KB RAM, divided in two blocks of 6 KB (RAM1 and RAM2). Flash is used for the M0 program. No RAM or FLASH resources are available to the external microcontroller driving the BlueNRG-MS.

The application controller interface (ACI) uses a standard SPI slave interface as transport layer, basing in five physical wires:

- 2 control wires (clock and slave select)
- 2 data wires with serial shift-out (MOSI and MISO) in full duplex
- 1 wire to indicate data availability from the slave

Name	Direction	Width	Description
SPI_CS	In	1	SPI slave select = SPI enable.
SPI_CLK	In	1	SPI clock (max 8 MHz).
SPI_MOSI	In	1	Master output, slave input.
SPI_MISO	Out	1	Master input, slave output.

Table 4: SPI interface



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Block diagram and descriptions

Name	Direction	Width	Description
SPI_IRQ	Out	1	Slave has data for master.

All the SPI pins have an internal pull-down except for the CSN that has a pull-up. All the SPI pins, except the CSN, are in high impedance state during the low-power states. The IRQ pin needs a pull-down external resistor.

The device embeds a battery level detector to monitor the supply voltage. The characteristics of the battery level detector are defined in *Table 19: "Auxiliary blocks characteristics"*.

5.2 Power management

The BlueNRG-MS integrates both a low dropout voltage regulator (LDO) and a step-down DC-DC converter, and one of them can be used to power the internal BlueNRG-MS circuitry. However even when the LDO is used, the stringent maximum current requirements, which are advisable when coin cell batteries are used, can be met and further improvements can be obtained with the DC-DC converter at the sole additional cost of an inductor and a capacitor.

The internal LDOs supplying both the 1.8 V digital blocks and 1.2 V digital blocks require decoupling capacitors for stable operation. When the VBAT voltage is below 1.8 V, the LDO 1.8 V output follows the VBAT value.

Figure 10 and *Figure 11*, show the simplified power management schemes using LDO and DC-DC converter.



Figure 10: Power management strategy using LDO





5.3 Clock management

The BlueNRG-MS integrates two low-speed frequency oscillators (LSOSC) and two High speed (16 MHz or 32 MHz) frequency oscillators (HSOSC).

The low frequency clock is used in Low Power mode and can be supplied either by a 32.7 kHz oscillator that uses an external crystal and guarantee up to ± 50 ppm frequency tolerance, or by a ring oscillator with maximum ± 500 ppm frequency tolerance, which does not require any external components.

The primary high frequency clock is a 16 MHz or 32 MHz crystal oscillator. There is also a fast-starting 12 MHz ring oscillator that provides the clock while the crystal oscillator is starting up. Frequency tolerance of high speed crystal oscillator is ±50 ppm.

The usage of the 16 MHz (or 32 MHz) crystal is strictly necessary.

5.4 Bluetooth low energy radio

The BlueNRG-MS integrates a RF transceiver compliant to the Bluetooth specification and to the standard national regulations in the unlicensed 2.4 GHz ISM band.

The RF transceiver requires very few external discrete components. It provides 96 dB link budgets with excellent link reliability, keeping the maximum peak current below 15 mA.

In Transmit mode, the power amplifier (PA) drives the signal generated by the frequency synthesizer out to the antenna terminal through a very simple external network. The power delivered as well as the harmonic content depends on the external impedance seen by the PA.



The output power is programmable from -18 dBm to +8 dBm, to allow a user-defined power control system and to guarantee optimum power consumption for each scenario.



6 Operating modes

Several operating modes are defined for the BlueNRG-MS:

- Reset mode
- Sleep mode
- Standby mode
- Active mode
- Radio mode
 - Receive Radio mode
 - Transmit Radio mode

In Reset mode, the BlueNRG-MS is in ultra-low power consumption: all voltage regulators, clocks and the RF interface are not powered. The BlueNRG-MS enters Reset mode by asserting the external reset signal. As soon as it is de-asserted, the device follows the normal activation sequence to transit to Active mode.

In Sleep mode either the low speed crystal oscillator or the low speed ring oscillator are running, whereas the high speed oscillators are powered down as well as the RF interface. The state of the BlueNRG-MS is retained and the content of the RAM is preserved. Depending on the application, part of the RAM (RAM2 block) can be switched off during sleep to save more power (refer to stack mode 1, described in UM1868).

While in Sleep mode, the BlueNRG-MS waits until an internal timer expires and then it goes into Active mode. The transition from Sleep mode to Active mode can also be activated through the SPI interface.

Standby mode and Sleep mode are equivalent but the low speed frequency oscillators are powered down. In Standby mode the BlueNRG-MS can be activated through the SPI interface.

In Active mode the BlueNRG-MS is fully operational: all interfaces, including SPI and RF, are active as well as all internal power supplies together with the high speed frequency oscillator. The MCU core is also running.

Radio mode differs from Active mode as also the RF transceiver is active and it is capable of either transmitting or receiving.

Figure 12: "Simplified state machine" reports the simplified state machine:





Table !	5: Blue	NRG-MS	operating	modes
	o. Diad		oporating	mouou

State	Digital LDO	SPI	LSOSC	HSOSC	Core	RF synt.	RX chain	TX chain
	OFF							
Reset	Register contents lost	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	ON							
Standby	Register contents retained	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	ON							
Sleep	Register contents retained	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	ON							
Active	Register contents retained	ON	-	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
	ON							
RX	Register contents retained	ON	-	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
	ON							
ТХ	Register contents retained	ON	-	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON



Operating modes

BlueNRG-MS

Table 6: BlueNRG-MS transition times						
Transition	Maximum time	Condition				
	1.5 ms	32 kHz not available				
Reset-active ⁽¹⁾	7 ms	32 kHz RO				
	94 ms	32 kHz XO				
	0.42 ms	32 kHz not available				
Standby-active ⁽¹⁾	6.2 ms	32 kHz RO				
	93 ms	32 kHz XO				
Sleep-active ⁽¹⁾	0.42 ms					
Active DV	125 µs	Channel change				
ACIIVE-RA	61 µs	No channel change				
Active TV	131 µs	Channel change				
ACUVE-1A	67 µs	No channel change				
RX-TX or TX-RX	150 µs					

Notes:

 $^{(1)}\mbox{These}$ measurements are taken using NX3225SA-16.000 MHz-EXS00A-CS05997.



7 Application controller interface

The application controller interface (ACI) is based on a standard SPI module with speeds up to 8 MHz. The ACI defines a protocol providing access to all the services offered by the layers of the embedded Bluetooth stack. The ACI commands are described in the BlueNRG-MS ACI command interface document (UM1865). In addition, the ACI provides a set of commands that allow to program BlueNRG-MS firmware from an external device connected to SPI. The complete description of updater commands and procedures is provided in a separate application note (AN4491).



8 Absolute maximum ratings and thermal data

Absolute maximum ratings are those values above which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. All voltages are referred to GND.

Pin	Parameter	Value	Unit
5, 19, 24, 26, 28	DC-DC converter supply voltage input and output	-0.3 to +3.9	V
12, 29	DC voltage on linear voltage regulator	-0.3 to +3.9	V
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 25, 27, 30, 31, 32	DC voltage on digital input/output pins	-0.3 to +3.9	V
13, 14, 15,16	DC voltage on analog pins	-0.3 to +3.9	V
17, 18, 22, 23	DC voltage on XTAL pins	-0.3 to +1.4	V
20, 21 ⁽¹⁾	DC voltage on RF pins	-0.3 to +1.4	V
Тятд	Storage temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
Vesd-hbm	Electrostatic discharge voltage	±2.0	kV

Table 7:	Absolute	maximum	ratings

Notes:

⁽¹⁾+8 dBm input power at antenna connector in Standard mode, +11 dBm in High Power mode, with given reference design.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
P	The mediateness is notion embient	34 (QFN32)	°C/W	
Kthj-amb	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	50 (WLCSP36)		
D.	Thormal registance junction case	2.5 (QFN32)	°C M/	
r €thj-c		25 (WLCSP36)	C/vv	

Table 8: Thermal data

9 General characteristics

Table 9: Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VBAT	Operating battery supply voltage	1.7	-	3.6	V
T _A	Operating ambient temperature range	-40	-	+85	°C



10 Electrical specification

10.1 Electrical characteristics

Characteristics measured over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified. Typical value are referred to $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BAT} = 3.0$ V. All performance data are referred to a 50 W antenna connector, via reference design, QFN32 package version.

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power cor	nsumption when DC-	DC converter active					
		Reset		_	5	_	nA
		Standby	RAM2 OFF	_	1.3	_	μA
			RAM2 ON	_	2	_	
IBAT			32 kHz XO ON (RAM2 OFF)	_	1.7	_	
		Sloop	32 kHz XO ON (RAM2 ON)	-	2.4	-	
		Sieep	32 kHz RO ON (RAM2 OFF)	-	2.8	-	μΑ
			32 kHz RO ON (RAM2 ON)	-	3.5	-	
	Supply current	Active	CPU, Flash and RAM off	-	2	-	
			CPU, Flash and RAM on	-	3.3	-	mA
		RX	High Power mode	-	7.7	-	mA
			Standard mode	-	7.3	-	
				+5 dBm	11	-	
				0 dBm	8.2	_	
			Standard	-2 dBm	7.2	-	
		ТХ	mode	-6 dBm	6.7	-	mA
				-9 dBm	6.3	-	
				-12 dBm	6.1	-	

Table 10. Electrical characteri	etire





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Electrical specification

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	ons	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
				-15 dBm	5.9	-			
				-18 dBm	5.8	-			
				+8 dBm	15.1	-			
			Hiah	+4 dBm	10.9	-			
		TX P	Power	+2 dBm	9	-	mA		
			mode	-2 dBm	8.3	-			
				-5 dBm	7.7	_]		
Power co	Power consumption when DC-DC converter not active								
		Reset		-	5	-	nA		
		Standby	RAM2 OFF	-	1.4	-	μA		
			RAM2 ON	-	2	_			
	Supply current		32 kHz XO ON (RAM2 OFF)	_	1.7	_			
		Sleep	32 kHz XO ON (RAM2 ON)	_	2.4	_			
			32 kHZ RO ON (RAM2 OFF)	_	2.8	_	μΑ		
			32 kHZ RO ON (RAM2 ON)	_	3.5	_			
IBAT		Active	CPU, flash and RAM off	_	2.3	_	mA		
		RX	high power mode	-	14.5	_			
			standard mode	-	14.3	-	mA		
			+5 dBm	-	21	_	- mA		
			0 dBm	-	15.4	_			
			-2 dBm	-	13.3	-			
		TX standard mode	-6 dBm	-	12.2	-			
			-9 dBm	_	11.5	_			
			-12 dBm	_	11	_			
			-15 dBm	_	10.6	_			
			-18 dBm	_	10.4	_			
		TX High Power mode	+8 dBm	_	28.8	-	mA		

