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## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832
Email \& Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, \#122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

T H E R M O M E T R I C S
A COMMITMENT TO EXCELLENCE

## NTC Type BR Series Glass Encapsulated Bead Thermistors



## Features

## Type BR11/14/16/25

Small glass encapsulated bead thermistors on fine diameter alloy lead-wires.

- Suitable for most low cost temperature measurement, control or compensation applications
- Very fast thermal response times
- Rugged glass encapsulation provides hermetic seal and better strain relief than small glass coated bead thermistors
- Long term stability is better than small glass coated bead thermistors
- Suitable for self-heated applications such as liquid level sensing or gas flow measurement
- Recommended for all applications where the customer will perform further assembly operations
- Normal operating/storage temperatures range from
- $-112^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to: $221^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material system $\mathrm{E} 0,392^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material systems A1 through A4, $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material systems A5 through D17
- Unaffected by severe environmental exposures, including nuclear radiation
- Intermittent operation to $1112^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ is permissible, however, stability will be degraded


## Type B32/42/55

Large glass encapsulated bead thermistors on fine diameter platinum alloy lead-wires.

- Suitable for most low cost temperature measurement, control or compensation applications
- Fast thermal response times
- Rugged glass encapsulation provides hermetic seal and better strain relief than large glass coated bead thermistors
- Long term stability is better than large glass coated bead thermistors
- Suitable for self-heated applications such as liquid level sensing or gas flow measurement
- Recommended for all applications where the customer will perform further assembly operations
- Normal operating/storage temperatures range from
- $-112^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to: $221^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material system $\mathrm{EO}, 392^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material systems A1 through A4, $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for Material systems A5 through D17
- Unaffected by severe environmental exposures, including nuclear radiation
- Intermittent operation to $1112^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(600^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ is permissible, however, stability will be degraded



## Type BR Series Specifications

## Type BR11/14/16/23

## Thermal and Electrical Properties

The following lists the thermal and electrical properties for all small ruggedized thermistors. All definitions and test methods per
MIL-PRF-23648.

## Body Dimensions

## BR11

- Nominal diameter: 0.011 in ( 0.28 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.012 in $(0.30 \mathrm{~mm})$
- Maximum length: 0.0242 in ( 0.610 mm )


## BR14

- Nominal diameter: 0.014 in ( 0.36 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.016 in ( 0.41 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.032 in $(0.81 \mathrm{~mm})$


## BR16

- Nominal diameter: 0.016 in ( 0.41 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.017 in ( 0.43 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.034 in ( 0.86 mm )


## BR23

- Nominal diameter: 0.023 in ( 0.58 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.025 in ( 0.63 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.056 in ( 1.46 mm )


## Lead-Wires

## BR11

- Nominal diameter: 0.0007 in ( 0.02 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite


## BR14

- Nominal diameter: 0.0011 in ( 0.03 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite


## BR16

- Nominal diameter: 0.0011 in ( 0.03 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite


## BR23

- Nominal diameter: 0.002 in ( 0.05 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 8 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite


Type BR Series dimensions

Material System (Table A)

| Code Letter | R vs T Curve | $\begin{gathered} 25 / 125 \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ | Nominal Resistance Range at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | BR11 | BR14 | BR16 | BR23 |
| E | 0 | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| A | 1 | 11.8 | 1 to $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 300 to $680 \Omega$ | 300 to $680 \Omega$ | 300 to $680 \Omega$ |
| A | 2 | 12.5 | 1.5 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 680 to $1.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 680 to $1.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 680 to $1.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 3 | 14 | 3.6 to $7.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.6 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.6 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.6 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 4 | 16.9 | 7.5 to $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.6 to $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.6 to $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.6 to $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 5 | 19.8 | 15 to $51 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 6.8 to $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 6.8 to $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 6.8 to $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 6 | 22.1 | - | - | - | - |
| A | 7 | 22.7 | 51 to $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 27 to $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 27 to $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 27 to $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 8 | 29.4 | 150 to $270 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 75 to $130 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 75 to $130 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 75 to $130 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 9 | 30.8 | 270 to $470 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 130 to $240 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 130 to $240 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 130 to $240 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 10 | 32.3 | 470 to $750 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 240 to $360 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 240 to $360 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 240 to $360 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 11 | 35.7 | 750 to $1.6 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 360 to $820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 360 to $820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 360 to $820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 12 | 38.1 | 1.6 to $2.7 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 820 to $1.3 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 820 to $1.3 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 820 to $1.3 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| B | 13 | 45 | 2.7 to $6.8 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1.3 to $3.36 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1.3 to $3.36 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1.3 to $3.36 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| B | 14 | 48.1 | 6.8 to $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 3.3 to $6.86 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 3.3 to $6.86 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 3.3 to $6.86 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| B | 15 | 56.5 | - | 6.8 to $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 6.8 to $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 6.8 to $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| D | 16 | 75.6 | - | - | - | - |
| D | 17 | 81 | - | - | - | - |

## Thermal Time Constant

BR11

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 0.8 second
- Plunge into water: 12 msec

BR14

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 1 second
- Plunge into water: 14 msec

BR16

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 1.2 second
- Plunge into water: 16 msec

BR23

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 1.7 second
- Plunge into water: 40 msec


# Type BR Series Specifications 

## Dissipation Constant <br> BR11

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.065 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Still water at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.33 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

BR14

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.10 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Still water at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.50 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

BR16

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.12 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Plunge into water: $0.60 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

BR23

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.18 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Plunge into water: $0.9 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ}$


## Power Rating (In Air)

BR11

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.007 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $257^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

BR14

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.015 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $257^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

BR16

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.015 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $257^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

BR23

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.020 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $257^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


## Options

- Non-standard resistance tolerances
- Non-standard resistance values
- Specify reference temperature(s) if it is not $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Mounting in special housings or enclosures
- Longer continuous leads
- Welded or soldered extension leads_specify lead material, diameter, length, and insulation, if any.
- Solderable or weldable/solderable leads
- Leads can be pre-tinned or treated for improved soldering
- Calibration_specify temperature(s)
- Interchangeable pairs or sets, R-vs-T curve matching; specify temperature range(s) and tolerance(s)
- Special aging and conditioning for high reliability applications


## Type BR32/42/55

## Thermal and Electrical Properties

The following lists the thermal and electrical properties for all large ruggedized thermistors. All definitions and test methods per MIL-PRF-23648.

## Body Dimensions

BR32

- Nominal diameter: 0.032 in ( 0.81 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.033 in ( 0.84 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.084 in ( 2.1 mm )

BR42

- Nominal diameter: 0.042 in ( 1.16 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.046 in ( 1.2 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.095 in ( 2.4 mm )

BR55

- Nominal diameter: 0.055 in ( 1.41 mm )
- Maximum diameter: 0.060 in ( 1.5 mm )
- Maximum length: 0.120 in ( 3 mm )


## Lead-Wires

BR32

- Nominal diameter: 0.003 in ( 0.08 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite

BR42

- Nominal diameter: 0.004 in ( 0.10 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite

BR55

- Nominal diameter: 0.004 in ( 0.10 mm )
- Maximum lead length: 0.312 in ( 7.9 mm )
- Lead material: platinum alloy
- Available cuts: "K" adjacent or "P" opposite


## Thermal Time Constant

BR32

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 4.5 second
- Plunge into water: 90 msec

BR42

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 5$ second
- Plunge into water: 140 msec

BR55

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ : 7 second
- Plunge into water: 200 msec


## Material System (Table B)

| Code Letter | R vs T Curve | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 125 \\ & \text { Ratio } \end{aligned}$ | Nominal Resistance Range at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | BR32 | BR42 | BR55 |
| E | 0 | 5.0 | - | 30 to $51 \Omega$ | 30 to $51 \Omega$ |
| A | 1 | 11.8 | 100 to $300 \Omega$ | 51 to $150 \Omega$ | 51 to $150 \Omega$ |
| A | 2 | 12.5 | 300 to $750 \Omega$ | 150 to $360 \Omega$ | 150 to $360 \Omega$ |
| A | 3 | 14 | 750 to $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 360 to $750 \Omega$ | 360 to $750 \Omega$ |
| A | 4 | 16.9 | 1.5 to $3.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 750 to $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 750 to $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 5 | 19.8 | 3.0 to $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.5 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.5 to $3.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 6 | 22.1 | 6.8 to $13 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.6 to $6.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.6 to $6.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| A | 7 | 22.7 | 13 to $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 6.2 to $9.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 6.2 to $9.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 8 | 29.4 | 18 to $51 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 9.1 to $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 9.1 to $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 9 | 30.8 | 51 to $82 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 27 to $43 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 27 to $43 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 10 | 32.3 | 82 to $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 43 to $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 43 to $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 11 | 35.7 | 150 to $330 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 75 to $160 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 75 to $160 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 12 | 38.1 | 330 to $680 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 160 to $360 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 160 to $360 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 13 | 45 | 680 to $1.5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 360 to $750 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 360 to $750 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| B | 14 | 48.1 | 1.5 to $3.0 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 750 to $1.5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 750 to $1.5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| B | 15 | 56.5 | 3.0 to $6.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1.5 to $3.0 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 1.5 to $3.0 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| D | 16 | 75.6 | 6.2 to $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 3.0 to $8.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 3.0 to $8.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| D | 17 | 81 | - | 8.2 to $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 8.2 to $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |

## Dissipation Constant <br> BR32

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.285 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Still water at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 1.4 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## BR42

- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.33 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Still water at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 1.65 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ BR55
- Still air at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 0.5 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Still water at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): 2.50 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## Power Rating (In Air) <br> BR32

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.035 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $302^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

BR42

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.042 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $302^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


## BR55

- Maximum Power Rating: 0.050 W
- $100 \%$ Maximum Power To: $302^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Derated to $0 \%$ at: $572^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$


## Options

- Non-standard resistance tolerances
- Non-standard resistance values
- Specify reference temperature(s) if it is not $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Mounting in special housings or enclosures
- Longer continuous leads
- Welded or soldered extension leads; specify lead material, diameter, length, and insulation, if any.
- Solderable or weldable/solderable leads
- Leads can be pre-tinned or treated for improved soldering
- Calibration_specify temperature(s)
- Interchangeable pairs or sets, R-vs-T curve matching; specify temperature range(s) and tolerance(s)
- Special aging and conditioning for high reliability applications


## Ordering Information

The code number to be ordered may be specified as follows:


Special tolerances are available upon request. Consult factory for special resistance tolerances, nonstandard resistances and/or non-standard temperatures.

[^0]
[^0]:    *The zero-power resistance at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, expressed in $\Omega$, is identified by a three digit code number. The first two digits represent significant figures, and the last digit specifies the number of zeros to follow. Example: $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega=$ " 103 ". The standard resistance values are from the 24 -Value series decade as specified in Military Standard MS90178.
    1.0 / 1.1 / 1.2 / 1.3 / 1.5 / 1.6 / 1.8 / 2.0 / 2.2 / 2.4 / $2.7 / 3.0$
    $3.3 / 3.6 / 3.9 / 4.3 / 4.7 / 5.1 / 5.6 / 6.2 / 6.8 / 7.5 / 8.2 / 9.1$

