# imall

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Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A



## **Applications**

- 48Vdc distributed power architectures
- Cellular Base Stations
- Satellite Hubs
- Network Equipment
- Network Attached Storage
- **Telecom Access Nodes**
- Routers/Switches/ATE Equipment

#### Description

# Remote ON/OFF control of the 48Vdc output

**Features** 

Remote sense (up to 0.25V) on the 48Vdc output

3 front panel LEDs: 1-input;2-output; 3 - fault Output programmable from 43.2 – 56Vdc

- No minimum load requirements
- Redundant parallel operation
- Active load sharing (single wire)
- Efficiency: typically 91% •
- Standby orderable either as 3.3Vdc or 5Vdc
- Auto recoverable OC & OT protection
- Operating temperature: -10 70°C (de-rated above 50°C)
- Digital status & control: I<sup>2</sup>C and PMBus serial bus .
- EN/IEC/UL60950-1 2<sup>nd</sup> edition; UL, CSA and VDE
- EMI: class B FCC docket 20780 part 15, EN55022
- Meets EN6100 immunity and transient standards
- Shock & vibration: NEBS GR-63-CORE, level 3

The CAR2548DC series of DC-DC Converters provide highly efficient isolated power from DC input mains in a compact 1U industry standard form factor in an unprecedented power density of 27W/in<sup>3</sup>. These converters complement the CAR2548FP rectifier providing comprehensive solutions for systems connected either to commercial ac mains, 48/60Vdc power plants or telecom central offices. This plug and play approach offers significant advantages since systems can be reconfigured and repositioned readily by simply replacing the power supply. The high-density, frontto-back airflow is designed for minimal space utilization and is highly expandable for future growth. The industry standard PMBus compliant I<sup>2</sup>C communications buss offers a full range of control and monitoring capabilities. The SMBusAlert signal pin alerts customers automatically of any state change within the power supply.

- UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association. VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
- Intended for integration into end-user equipment. All the required procedures for CE marking of end-user equipment should be followed. (The CE mark is placed on selected products.) ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards.
- PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of the System Management Interface Forum (SMIF)



Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

| Parameter  | Symbol           | Min | Max  | Unit            |
|--|------------------|-----|------|-----------------|
| Input Voltage: Continuous                          | VIN              | 0   | 75   | Vac             |
| Operating Ambient Temperature                      | T <sub>A</sub>   | -10 | 701  | °C              |
| Storage Temperature                                | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40 | 85   | °C              |
| I/O Isolation voltage (100% factory Hi-Pot tested) |                  |     | 1500 | V <sub>DC</sub> |

#### **Electrical Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, load, and temperature conditions.

| INPUT   |                 |                |        |     |                 |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----------------|
| Parameter   | Symbol          | Min            | Тур    | Max | Unit            |
| Operational Range   |                 | -36            | -48/60 | -75 |                 |
| 48Vdc output turned OFF   | VIN             |                |        | -36 | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| 48Vdc output turned ON  |                 | -42            | -45    | -48 |                 |
| Idling Power, 48Vdc output OFF  | W               |                |        | 35  | W               |
| 48Vdc output ON   | VV              |                |        | 45  | VV              |
| Maximum Input Current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 37.5Vdc, V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>O, set</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> =I <sub>O, max</sub> )                          | lin             |                |        | 75  | Add             |
| Cold Start Inrush Current (Excluding x-caps, 25°C, <10ms, per ETSI 300-132)   | l <sub>IN</sub> |                |        | 75  | Apeak           |
| Efficiency (T <sub>amb</sub> =25°C, V <sub>in</sub> = -48Vdc, V <sub>out</sub> = 48Vdc); 100% load<br>30 - 50% load<br>20% load                         | η               | 90<br>91<br>87 |        |     | %               |
| Holdup time <sup>2</sup> (V <sub>in</sub> = -48Vdc, V <sub>out</sub> = 48V <sub>dc</sub> , T <sub>amb</sub> 25°C, I <sub>O</sub> =I <sub>O, max</sub> ) | Т               | 4              |        |     | ms              |
| Loss of Output Early Warning Signal   | Т               | 1              |        |     | ms              |
| Isolation; Input/Output   |                 | 1500           |        |     | VDC             |
| Input/Frame   |                 | 1500           |        |     | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| Output/Frame  |                 | 1000           |        |     | VDC             |
| Input capacitance   | F               |                |        | 25  | μf              |

| 48V <sub>DC</sub> MAIN OUTPUT                 |        |      |       |      |                   |
|---|--------|------|-------|------|-------------------|
| Parameter                                     | Symbol | Min  | Тур   | Max  | Unit              |
| Output power                                  | Роит   | 0    |       | 2500 | W                 |
| Set point, @ 50% load                         |        | 47.5 | 48.00 | 48.5 | VDC               |
| Overall regulation (load, temperature, aging) |        | -2   |       | +2   | %                 |
| Linear droop, NL to FL                        | Vout   | 0.1  |       |      | V <sub>DC</sub>   |
| Remote sense (sum of hot & return)            |        |      |       | 0.25 | V <sub>DC</sub>   |
| Ripple and noise <sup>3</sup>                 |        |      | 500   |      | mV <sub>p-p</sub> |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Derated above 50°C at 2.5%/°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full load w/5,000µf external output capacitance, Output may droop down to 44Vdc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Measured across a 10µf tantalum and a 0.1µf ceramic capacitors in parallel. 20MHz bandwidth

# Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

| 48V <sub>DC</sub> MAIN OUTPUT (continued)  |        |      |     |                    |                 |  |  |  |  |
|--|--------|------|-----|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter  | Symbol | Min  | Тур | Max                | Unit            |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-ON overshoot  | Vout   |      |     | 3                  | %               |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-ON delay  |        |      |     | 2                  | sec             |  |  |  |  |
| Remote ON/OFF delay time   | Т      |      |     | 40                 | ms              |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-ON rise time (10 – 90% of V <sub>OUT</sub> )  |        |      |     | 50                 | ms              |  |  |  |  |
| Transient response 50% step [10%-60%, 50% - 100%]<br>(dI/dt – 1A/µs, recovery 300µs)                 |        | -2   |     | +2                 | VDC             |  |  |  |  |
| Programmable range (hardware & software)   | Vout   | 43.2 |     | 56                 | V <sub>DC</sub> |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage protection, latched <sup>4</sup><br>(recover by cycling OFF/ON via hardware or software) |        | 58   | 59  | 60                 | VDC             |  |  |  |  |
| Output current, V <sub>out</sub> = 48V <sub>dc</sub>   | lout   | 0    |     | 52                 | A <sub>DC</sub> |  |  |  |  |
| Power limit, V <sub>out</sub> = 48 to 56V <sub>dc</sub>  | Роит   | 2500 |     |                    | W               |  |  |  |  |
| Current limit, Hiccup (programmable level)   |        | 105  |     | 130                | % of FL         |  |  |  |  |
| Active current share   | Іоит   | -5   |     | +5                 | % of FL         |  |  |  |  |
| External capacitance   |        | 0    |     | 5,000 <sup>5</sup> | μf              |  |  |  |  |

| STANDBY OUTPUT                                |        |     |           |     |                 |  |  |  |
|---|--------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter                                     | Symbol | Min | Тур       | Max | Unit            |  |  |  |
| Set point                                     | Vout   |     | 3.3 / 5.0 |     | V <sub>dc</sub> |  |  |  |
| Overall regulation (load, temperature, aging) | Vout   | -5  |           | +5  | %               |  |  |  |
| Ripple and noise                              |        |     |           | 50  | mVp-p           |  |  |  |
| Output current                                | lout   | 0   |           | 1   | Adc             |  |  |  |

#### **General Specifications**

| Parameter                    | Min | Тур                | Max | Units      | Notes  |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|------------|--|
| Reliability, at 25°C<br>50°C |     | 250,000<br>100,000 |     | Hours      | Full load, ; MTBF per SR232 Reliability protection for electronic equipment, method I, case III, |
| Service Life                 |     | 10                 |     | Years      | Full load, excluding fans  |
| Weight                       |     |                    |     | Kgs/ (Lbs) |  |

## **Feature Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

| Parameter  | Symbol          | Min                | Тур | Max | Unit            |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Remote ON/OFF (Needs to be pulled HI via an external resistor) |                 |                    |     |     |                 |
| Logic High (Module ON)   | I <sub>IH</sub> |                    | —   | 20  | μA              |
|  | VIH             | $0.7V_{\text{DD}}$ | —   | 12  | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| Logic Low (Module OFF)   | l <sub>IL</sub> |                    | _   | 1   | mA              |
|  | VIL             | 0                  |     | 0.8 | V <sub>DC</sub> |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The power supply will attempt three restarts prior to latching the shutdown level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 4,000µf electrolytic and 1,000µf tantalum capacitors

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

# Feature Specifications (continued)

| Parameter   | Symbol             | Min                | Тур | Max  | Unit             |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-----|------|------------------|
| Output Voltage programming (Vprog)                                |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Equation: Vout = $10.8 + (V \text{prog} * 0.96)$                  |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Vprog range   | Vprog              | 0                  |     | 2.5  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Programmed output voltage range                                   | Vo                 | 10.8               |     | 13.2 | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Voltage adjustment resolution (8-bit A/D)                         | Vo                 | —                  | 10  | _    | mV <sub>DC</sub> |
| Output configured to 13.2Vdc                                      | Vprog              | 2.5                |     | 3.0  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Output configured to the 12Vdc set-point                          | Vprog              | 3.0                |     | —    | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Enable [short pin controlling presence of the $12V_{DC}$ output]  |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| 12V output OFF  | Vi                 | 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> |     | 12   | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| 12V output ON   | Vi                 | 0                  |     | 0.4  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Write protect (Wp)  |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Write protect enabled   | Vi                 | 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> |     | 12   | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Write protect disabled  | VI                 | 0                  |     | 0.8  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| INPUT-OK (Needs to be pulled HI via an external resistor)         |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Logic High (Input within normal range)                            | Іон                |                    | —   | 20   | μA               |
|   | Vон                | 0.7Vdd             | _   | 12   | VDC              |
| Logic Low (Input out of range)                                    | lol                | —                  |     | 20   | mA               |
|   | Vol                | 0                  |     | 0.4  | VDC              |
| DC-OK ( Internally connected to 3.3V via a 10k $\Omega$ resistor) |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Logic High (Output voltage is present)                            | Іон                |                    | —   | 20   | μA               |
|   | V <sub>OH</sub>    | $0.7V_{DD}$        | —   | 12   | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Logic Low (Output voltage is not present)                         | Iol                | —                  |     | 20   | mA               |
|   | Vol                | 0                  |     | 0.4  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Over Temperature Warning (Needs to be pulled HI via an external   |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Logic High (temperature within normal range)                      | Іон                |                    | —   | 20   | μA               |
|   | Vон                | 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> | —   | 12   | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Logic Low (temperature is too high)                               | I <sub>OL</sub>    | —                  | _   | 20   | mA               |
|   | Vol                | 0                  |     | 0.4  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Delayed shutdown after Logic Low transition                       | T <sub>delay</sub> | 10                 |     |      | sec              |
| Fault (Needs to be pulled HI via an external resistor)            |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Logic High (No fault is present)                                  | Іон                |                    |     | 20   | μA               |
|   | Vон                | 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> |     | 12   | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Logic Low (Fault is present)                                      | I <sub>OL</sub>    |                    | _   | 20   | mA               |
|   | Vol                | 0                  |     | 0.4  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| PS Present (Needs to be pulled HI via an external resistor)       |                    |                    |     |      |                  |
| Logic High (Power supply is not plugged in)                       | lıı                |                    |     | 4    | mA               |
| Logic Low (Power supply is present)                               | VIL                | 0                  |     | 0.1  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

## Feature Specifications (continued)

| Parameter  | Symbol           | Min                | Тур | Max | Unit             |
|--|------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|------------------|
| SMBAlert# (Interrupt) (Needs to be pulled HI via an external |                  |                    |     |     |                  |
| Logic High (No Alert - normal)                               | I <sub>OH</sub>  |                    | —   | 20  | μA               |
|  | Vон              | 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> |     | 12  | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Logic Low (Alert is set)                                     | I <sub>OL</sub>  | —                  | —   | 20  | mA               |
|  | Vol              | 0                  |     | 0.4 | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Output current monitor (Imon)                                |                  |                    |     |     |                  |
| Resolution   |                  |                    | 100 |     | mV/A             |
| Accuracy   |                  | -5                 |     | 5   | % of FL          |
| Measurement range  | lo               | 0                  |     | 52  | Add              |
| Analog output range  | V <sub>mon</sub> | 0                  |     | 5.2 | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| Sourced output current                                       |                  |                    |     | 5   | mA <sub>DC</sub> |

## **Digital Interface Specifications**

| Parameter   | Conditions | Symbol                | Min | Тур | Max  | Unit            |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics                          |            |                       |     |     |      |                 |
| Input Logic High Voltage (CLK, DATA)                            |            | Vih                   | 2.1 |     | 3.6  | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| Input Logic Low Voltage (CLK, DATA)                             |            | VIL                   | 0   |     | 0.8  | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| Input high sourced current (CLK, DATA)                          |            | Ін                    | 0   |     | 10   | μA              |
| Output Low sink Voltage (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#)                  | lout=3.5mA | Vol                   |     |     | 0.4  | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| Output Low sink current (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#)                  |            | lol                   | 3.5 |     |      | mA              |
| Output High open drain leakage current<br>(CLK,DATA, SMBALERT#) | Vout=3.6V  | Іон                   | 0   |     | 10   | μΑ              |
| PMBus Operating frequency range                                 | Slave Mode | Fрмв                  | 10  |     | 400  | kHz             |
| Measurement System Characteristics                              |            |                       |     |     |      |                 |
| Clock stretching  |            | <b>t</b> STRETCH      |     |     | 25   | ms              |
| I <sub>OUT</sub> measurement range                              | Linear     | I <sub>RNG</sub>      | 0   |     | 52   | A <sub>DC</sub> |
| lou⊤ measurement accuracy 25°C                                  |            | IACC                  | -3  |     | +3   | % of FL         |
| V <sub>out</sub> measurement range                              | Linear     | V <sub>OUT(rng)</sub> | 0   |     | 60   | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> measurement accuracy                           |            | V <sub>OUT(acc)</sub> | -3  |     | +3   | %               |
| Temp measurement range  | Linear     | Temp(rng)             | 0   |     | 120  | °C              |
| Temp measurement accuracy <sup>6</sup>                          |            | Temp <sub>(acc)</sub> | -5  |     | +5   | °C              |
| l <sub>IN</sub> measurement range                               | Linear     | I <sub>IN(rng)</sub>  | 0   |     | 80   | ADC             |
| I <sub>IN</sub> measurement accuracy                            |            | I <sub>IN(acc)</sub>  | -5  |     | +5   | %               |
| V <sub>IN</sub> measurement range                               | Linear     | VIN(rng)              | 0   |     | 80   | V <sub>DC</sub> |
| V <sub>IN</sub> measurement accuracy                            |            | V <sub>IN(acc)</sub>  | -3  |     | +3   | %               |
| P <sub>IN</sub> measurement range                               | Linear     | P <sub>N(rng)</sub>   | 0   |     | 3000 | W               |
| P <sub>IN</sub> measurement accuracy                            |            | PIN(acc)              | -5  |     | +5   | %               |
| Fan Speed measurement range                                     | Linear     |                       | 0   |     | 30k  | RPM             |
| Fan Speed measurement accuracy                                  |            |                       | -5  |     | 5    | %               |
| Fan speed control range   | -direct-   |                       | 0   |     | 100  | %               |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Temperature accuracy reduces non-linearly with decreasing temperature

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

## **Environmental Specifications**

| Parameter                        | Min      | Тур    | Max       | Units                  | Notes  |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Ambient Temperature              | -107     |        | 70        | °C                     | Derated above 50°C   |
| Storage Temperature              | -40      |        | 85        | °C                     |  |
| Operating Altitude               |          |        | 2250/7382 | m/ft                   |  |
| Non-operating Altitude           |          |        | 8200/30k  | m / ft                 |  |
| Power Derating with Temperature  |          |        | 2.5       | %/°C                   | 50°C to 70°C   |
| Power Derating with Altitude     |          |        | 2.0       | °C/301 m<br>°C/1000 ft | Above 2250 m/7382 ft   |
| Acoustic noise                   |          |        | 55        | dbA                    | 25°C, half load  |
| Over Temperature Protection      |          | 110/95 |           | °C                     | Shutdown / restart   |
| Humidity<br>Operating<br>Storage | 30<br>10 |        | 95<br>95  | %                      | Relative humidity, non-condensing  |
| Shock and Vibration acceleration |          |        | 6         | Grms                   | NEBS GR-63-CORE, Level 3, 20 -<br>2000Hz, min 30 minutes   |
| Earthquake Rating                | 4        |        |           | Zone                   | NEBS GR-63-CORE, all floors, Seismic<br>Zone 4 Designed and tested to meet<br>NEBS specifications. |

## **EMC Compliance**

| Parameter | Criteria                            | Standard   | Level | Test                                |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|-------|-------------------------------------|
| DC input  | Conducted emissions                 | Conducted emissions EN55022, FCC Docket 20780 part 15, subpart J |       | 0.15 – 30MHz                        |
|           | Radiated emissions <sup>9</sup>     | EN55022  | А     | 30 – 10000MHz                       |
|           | Voltage dips                        | EN61000-4-11   | В     | -30%, 10ms                          |
|           |                                     |  | В     | -60%, 100ms                         |
| DC INPUT  |                                     |  | В     | -100%, 5sec                         |
| immunity  | Voltago surgo $EN61000-4-5$ lovel 4 |  | А     | 4kV, 1.2/50µs, common mode          |
|           |                                     |  | A     | 2kV, 1.2/50µs, differential<br>mode |
|           | Fast transients                     | EN61000-4-4, level 3   | В     | 5/50ns, 2kV (common mode)           |
|           |                                     |  |       |                                     |
|           | Conducted RF fields                 | EN61000-4-6, level 3   | A     | 130dBµV, 0.15-80MHz, 80%<br>AM      |
| Enclosure | Radiated RF fields                  | EN61000-4-3, level 3   | А     | 10V/m, 80-1000MHz, 80% AM           |
| immunity  |                                     | ENV50140   | А     |                                     |
|           | ESD                                 | EN61000-4-2, level 3   | В     | 6kV contact, 8kV air                |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Designed to start at an ambient down to -40°C; meet spec after  $\cong$  30 min warm up period, may not meet operational limits below -10°C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Class B EMI conducted and radiated levels met with an external filter. Please contact sales for a recommended filter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Radiated emissions compliance is contingent upon the final system configuration.

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

#### **Control and Status**

**Control hierarchy:** Some features, such as output voltage, can be controlled both through hardware and firmware. For example, the output voltage is controlled both by the signal pin (Vprog) and the PMBus command, (Vout\_command).

Using output voltage as an example; the Vprog signal pin has ultimate control of the output voltage until the Vprog is either > 3Vdc or a no connect. When the programming signal via Vprog is either a no connect or > 3Vdc, it is ignored, the output voltage is set at its nominal 12Vdc and the unit output voltage can be controlled via the PMBus command, (Vout\_command).

Analog controls: Details of analog controls are provided in this data sheet under Signal Definitions.

**Common ground:** All signals and outputs are referenced to Output return. These include 'Vstb return' and 'Signal return'.

#### **Control Signals**

**Voltage programming (Vprog):** An analog voltage on this signal can vary the output voltage from 43.2Vdc to 56Vdc. The equation of this signal is:

Vout = 42.67 + (Vprog \* 5.33) where Vprog = 0.1 to 2.5V

For Vprog > 2.5V the output reverts back to 48Vdc.

Load share (Ishare): This is a single wire analog signal that is generated and acted upon automatically by power supplies connected in parallel. The Ishare pins should be tied together for power supplies if active current share among the power supplies is desired. No resistors or capacitors should get connected to this pin.

Able to current share with CAR2548FP rectifiers.

**Remote\_ON/OFF:** Controls presence of the 48Vdc output voltage. This is an open collector, TTL level control signal that needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

A turn OFF command either through this signal (Remote ON/OFF) or firmware commanded would turn OFF the 48V output.

**Enable:** This is a short signal pin that controls the presence of the 48Vdc main output. This pin should be connected to 'output return' on the system side of the output connector. The purpose of this pin is to ensure that the output turns ON after engagement of the power blades and turns OFF prior to disengagement of the power blades.

Write protect (WP): This signal protects the contents of the EEPROM from accidental over writing. When left open the EEPROM is write protected. A LO (TTL compatible) permits writing to the EEPROM. This signal is pulled HI internally by the power supply.

#### Status signals

Output current monitor (Imon): A voltage level proportional to the delivered output current is present on this pin. The signal level is 0.1V per amp  $\pm$  0.25V.

**Input\_OK:** A TTL compatible status signal representing whether the input voltage is within the anticipated range. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

**DC\_OK:** A TTL compatible status signal representing whether the output voltage is present. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

**Over\_temp\_warning:** A TTL compatible status signal representing whether an over temperature exists. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

If an over temperature should occur, this signal would pull LO approximately 10 seconds prior to shutting down the power supply. The unit would restart if internal temperatures recover within normal operational levels. At that time the signal reverts back to its open collector (HI) state.

**Fault:** A TTL compatible status signal representing whether a Fault occurred. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

This signal activates for OTP, OVP, OCP, INPUT fault or No output.

**PS\_Present:** This pin is connected to 'output return' within the power supply. Its intent is to indicate to the system that a power supply is present. This signal may need to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

Interrupt (SMBAlert): A TTL compatible status signal, representing the SMBusAlert# feature of the PMBus compatible i<sup>2</sup>C protocol in the power supply. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

#### **Serial Bus Communications**

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface facilitates the monitoring and control of various operating parameters within the unit and transmits these on demand over an industry standard I<sup>2</sup>C Serial bus.

All signals are referenced to 'Signal Return'.

Device addressing: The microcontroller (MCU) and the EEPROM have the following addresses:

| Device    | Address | Address Bit Assignments<br>(Most to Least Significant) |   |   |   |    |    |    |     |  |
|-----------|---------|--|---|---|---|----|----|----|-----|--|
| MCU       | 0xBx    | 1  | 0 | 1 | 1 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W |  |
| Broadcast | 0x00    | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |  |
| EEPROM    | 0xAx    | 1  | 0 | 1 | 0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W |  |

The **Global Broadcast** instruction executes a simultaneous *write* instruction to all power supplies. A *read* instruction cannot be accessed globally. The three programmable address bits are the same for all I<sup>2</sup>C accessible devices within the power supply.

Address lines (A2, A1, A0): These signal pins allow up to eight (8) modules to be addressed on a single I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The pins are pulled HI internal to the power supply. For a logic LO these pins should be connected to 'Output Return'

Serial Clock (SCL): The clock pulses on this line are generated by the host that initiates communications across the I<sup>2</sup>C Serial bus. This signal is pulled up internally to 3.3V by a 10k $\Omega$ resistor. The end user should add additional pull up resistance as necessary to ensure that rise and fall time timing and the

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

maximum sink current is in compliance to the I<sup>2</sup>C specifications.

Serial Data (SDA): This line is a bi-directional data line. This signal is pulled up internally to 3.3V by a  $10k\Omega$  resistor. The end user should add additional pull up resistance as necessary to ensure that rise and fall time timing and the maximum sink current is in compliance to the I<sup>2</sup>C specifications.

#### **Digital Feature Descriptions**

**PMBus™ compliance:** The power supply is fully compliant to the Power Management Bus (PMBus™) rev1.2 requirements.

Manufacturer specific commands located between addresses 0xD0 to 0xEF provide instructions that either do not exist in the general PMBus specification or make the communication interface simpler and more efficient.

Master/Slave: The 'host controller' is always the MASTER. Power supplies are always SLAVES. SLAVES cannot initiate communications or toggle the Clock. SLAVES also must respond expeditiously at the command of the MASTER as required by the clock pulses generated by the MASTER.

**Clock stretching:** The 'slave' µController inside the power supply may initiate clock stretching if it is busy and it desires to delay the initiation of any further communications. During the clock stretch the 'slave' may keep the clock LO until it is ready to receive further instructions from the host controller. The maximum clock stretch interval is 25ms.

The host controller needs to recognize this clock stretching, and refrain from issuing the next clock signal, until the clock line is released, or it needs to delay the next clock pulse beyond the clock stretch interval of the power supply.

Note that clock stretching can only be performed after completion of transmission of the 9<sup>th</sup> ACK bit, the exception being the START command.

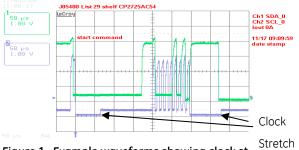


Figure 1. Example waveforms showing clock st

I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Lock-Up detection: The device will abort any transaction and drop off the bus if it detects the bus being held low for more than 35ms.

**Communications speed:** Both 100kHz and 400kHz clock rates are supported. The power supplies default to the 100kHz clock rate. The minimum clock speed specified by SMBus is 10 kHz.

Packet Error Checking (PEC): Although the power supply will respond to commands with or without the trailing PEC, it is highly recommended that PEC be used in all communications. The integrity of communications is compromised if packet error correction is not employed. There are many functional features, including turning OFF the main output, that should require validation to ensure that the correct command is executed. PEC is a CRC-8 error-checking byte, based on the polynomial  $C(x) = x^8 + x^2 + x + 1$ , in compliance with PMBus<sup>TM</sup> requirements. The calculation is based in all message bytes, including the originating write address and command bytes preceding read instructions. The PEC is appended to the message by the device that supplied the last byte.

**SMBAlert#:** The  $\mu$ C driven SMBAlert# signal informs the 'master/host' controller that either a STATE or ALARM change has occurred. Normally this signal is HI. The signal will change to its LO level if the power supply has changed states and the signal will be latched LO until the power supply either receives a 'clear' instruction as outlined below or executes a READ STATUS\_WORD. If the alarm state is still present after the STATUS registers were reset, then the signal will revert back into its LO state again and will latch until a subsequent reset signal is received from the host controller.

The signal will be triggered for any state change, including the following conditions;

- VIN under or over voltage
- Vout under or over voltage
- IOUT over current
- Over Temperature warning or fault
- Fan Failure
- Communication error
- PEC error
- Invalid command
- Detected internal faults

The power supply will clear the SMBusAlert# signal (release the signal to its HI state) upon the following events:

- Receiving a CLEAR\_FAULTS command
- The main output recycled (turned OFF and then ON) via the ENABLE signal pin
- The main output recycled (turned OFF and then ON) by the OPERATION command
- Execution of a READ of the STATUS\_WORD register

**Global broadcast:** This is a powerful command because it can instruct all power supplies to respond simultaneously in one command. But it does have a serious disadvantage. Only a single power supply needs to pull down the ninth *acknowledge* bit. To be certain that each power supply responded to the global instruction, a *READ* instruction should be executed to each power supply to verify that the command properly executed. The GLOBAL BROADCAST command should only be executed for write instructions to slave devices.

**Read back delay:** The power supply issues the SMBAlert # notification as soon as the first state change occurred. During an event a number of different states can be transitioned to before the final event occurs. If a read back is implemented rapidly by the host a successive SMBAlert# could be triggered by the transitioning state of the power supply. In order to avoid successive SMBAlert# s and read back and also to avoid reading a transitioning state, it is prudent to wait more than 2 seconds after the receipt of an SMBAlert# before executing a read back. This delay will ensure that only the final state of the power supply is captured.

Successive read backs: Successive read backs to the power supply should not be attempted at intervals faster than every one second. This time interval is sufficient for the internal

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

processors to update their data base so that successive reads provide fresh data.

#### PMBus<sup>™</sup> Commands

**Standard instruction:** Up to two bytes of data may follow an instruction depending on the required data content. Analog data is always transmitted as LSB followed by MSB. PEC is optional and includes the address and data fields.

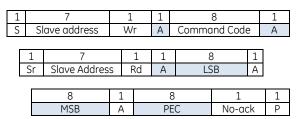
| 1                  | 8            | 1   | 8      | 8            |   |     |   |   |
|--------------------|--------------|-----|--------|--------------|---|-----|---|---|
| S Slave address Wr |              | r A | Comman | Command Code |   |     |   |   |
|                    |              |     |        |              |   |     |   |   |
| 8 1                |              |     | 8      | 1            | 8 | 1   | 1 |   |
| L                  | ow data byte | A H |        | h data byte  | Α | PEC | Α | Ρ |

Master to Slave 🔚 Slave to Master

SMBUS annotations; S – Start , Wr – Write, Sr – re-Start, Rd – Read,

A – Acknowledge, NA – not-acknowledged, P – Stop

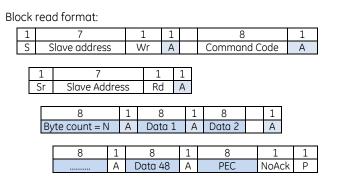
**Standard READ:** Up to two bytes of data may follow a READ request depending on the required data content. Analog data is always transmitted as LSB followed by MSB. PEC is mandatory and includes the address and data fields. PEC is optional and includes the address and data fields.



**Block communications:** When writing or reading more than two bytes of data at a time BLOCK instructions for WRITE and READ commands must be used instead of the Standard Instructions **Error! Reference source not found.** write any number of bytes greater than two.

Block write format:

| 1 |    | 7             |     |   | 1      | 1 |   |     |             |  |   |     | 1 |   |
|---|----|---------------|-----|---|--------|---|---|-----|-------------|--|---|-----|---|---|
| S |    | Slave address |     |   | Wr     | Α |   |     | Command Cod |  |   | ode | Α |   |
|   |    |               |     |   |        |   |   |     |             |  |   |     |   |   |
|   |    | 8             | 8 1 |   | 8      |   | 1 | . 8 |             |  | 1 |     |   |   |
|   | By | ∕te count = N | 1   | A | Data 1 |   | А | D   | )ata 2      |  | Α |     |   |   |
|   |    |               |     |   |        |   |   |     |             |  |   |     |   | _ |
|   |    | 8             | 1   |   | 8      |   |   | L   | 8           |  |   | 1   | 1 |   |
|   |    |               | Α   |   | Data 4 | 8 | A | ł   | PEC         |  |   | А   | Ρ |   |



Linear Data Format The definition is identical to Part II of the PMBus Specification. All standard PMBus values, with the exception of output voltage related functions, are represented by the linear format described below. Output voltage functions are represented by a 16 bit mantissa. Output voltage has a E=9 constant exponent.

The Linear Data Format is a two byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent or scaling factor, its format is shown below.

|     | Data Byte High |     |      |        |   |   |   | Data Byte Low |                   |     |        |       |  |  |   |  |
|-----|----------------|-----|------|--------|---|---|---|---------------|-------------------|-----|--------|-------|--|--|---|--|
| Bit | 7              | 6   | 5    | 4      | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             | 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |     |        |       |  |  | 0 |  |
|     |                | Exp | oner | nt (E) |   |   |   |               |                   | Man | ntisso | 3 (M) |  |  |   |  |

The relationship between the Mantissa, Exponent, and Actual Value (V) is given by the following equation:

$$V = M * 2^{E}$$

Where: V is the value, M is the 11-bit, two's omplement mantissa, *E* is the 5-bit, two's complement exponent

#### PMBus<sup>™</sup> Command set:

| Comment                | Hex        | Data      | Function              |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Command                | Code<br>01 | Byte<br>1 | Function              |
| Operation              |            | 1         | Output ON/OFF         |
| ON_OFF_config          | 02         | -         | 09, output ON default |
| Clear_faults           | 03         | 0         | Clear Status          |
| Write_protect          | 10         | 1         | Write control         |
| Store_default_all      | 11         | 0         | Store permanently     |
| Restore_default_all    | 12         | 0         | Reset defaults        |
| Capability             | 19         | 1         | 30h, 400kHz, SMBAlert |
| Vout_mode              | 20         | 1         | Vout constants        |
| Vout_command           | 21         | 2         | Set Vout              |
| Vout_OV_fault_limit    | 40         | 2         | Set OV fault limit    |
| Vout_OV_fault_response | 41         | 1         |                       |
| Vout_OV_warn_limit     | 42         | 2         | Set OV warn limit     |
| Vout_UV_warn_limit     | 43         | 2         | Set UV warn limit     |
| Vout_UV_fault_limit    | 44         | 2         |                       |
| Vout_UV_fault_response | 45         | 1         |                       |
| lout_OC_fault_limit    | 46         | 2         |                       |
| lout_OC_fault_response | 47         | 1         | Latch or hiccup       |
| lout_OC_warn_limit     | 4A         | 2         | Set OC warn limit     |
| OT_fault_limit         | 4F         | 2         |                       |
| OT_fault_response      | 50         | 1         | Latch or hiccup       |
| OT_warn_limit          | 51         | 2         | Set OT warn limit     |
| UT_warn_limit          | 52         | 2         |                       |
| UT_fault_limit         | 53         | 2         |                       |
| UT_fault_response      | 54         | 1         |                       |

# GE

CAR2548DC series dc-dc converters Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

| Hex<br>Code | Data<br>Field  | Function  |  |  |   |   |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| 55          | 2  |   | Status Degister I  |  |   | Hon   |
| 57          |  | Set OV warn limit   | Status Register  | BIT AI   | oca   | tion:   |
| -           |  | Set LIV warn limit  | Register   | Code   | Bit   | Function  |
|             |  |   |  |  | 7   | Busy  |
|             |  | Set OV SHULDOWN   |  |  |   | DC_OFF  |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | Output OV Fault detected  |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | Output OC Fault detected  |
|             |  |   | Status_Byte  | 78   |   | Input UV Fault detected   |
|             |  |   |  |  | 2   | Temperature Fault/warnin<br>detected  |
| 7D          | 1  |   |  |  | 1   | CML (communication fault  |
| 7E          | 1  |   |  |  | -   | detected  |
| 7F          | 1  |   |  |  | 0   | None of Below   |
| 80          | 1  |   |  |  | 7   | OV Fault/Warning detecte  |
|             |  |   |  |  | 6   | OC Fault/Warning detecte  |
|             |  | Read output voltage   |  |  | 5   | Input Fault/Warning detec   |
|             |  |   |  |  | 4   | Mfr_specific register chan  |
|             |  |   | Status_word  | 70   |   | detected  |
|             |  |   | (includes Status_byte)   | 15   | 3   | DC_OFF  |
|             |  |   |  |  | 2   | Fan Fault or Warning  |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | detected  |
|             |  | FRU_ID  |  |  |   | Other fault   |
| -           | 15   |   |  |  | -   | Unknown   |
| 9B          | 4  |   |  |  |   | Vout OV Fault   |
| 9C          | 4  |   |  |  |   | Vout OV Warning   |
| 9D          | 6  |   | Status_Vout  |  |   | Vout UV Warning<br>Vout UV Fault  |
| 9E          | 15   |   |  | 7A   |   | N/A   |
| AO          | 2  | 36V (linear format)   |  |  |   | N/A   |
| A1          | 2  | 75V (linear format)   |  |  |   | N/A   |
| A2          | 2  | 27A (linear format)   |  |  | 0   | N/A   |
| A3          | 2  |   |  |  | 7   | IOUT OC Fault   |
|             |  | 10V (linear format)   |  |  |   | N/A   |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | IOUT OC Warning   |
|             |  |   |  | 70   | 4   | N/A   |
|             |  |   | Status_lout  | 7B   | 3   | N/A   |
|             |  |   |  |  | 2   | N/A   |
|             |  |   |  |  | 1   | N/A   |
|             |  | , ,   |  |  | 0   | N/A   |
|             |  | user memory space   |  |  | 7   | Vin OV Fault  |
| D0          | 1  |   |  |  | 6   | Vin OV Warning  |
| D3          | 2  | llimit set (1/100A)   |  |  |   | Vin UV Warning  |
| D4          | 2  | Vout set (1/512V)   | Status input   | 7C   |   | Vin UV Fault  |
|             | 1  |   |  |  |   | N/A   |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | N/A<br>N/A  |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | N/A<br>N/A  |
|             |  | 4/54014   |  |  |   |   |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | OT Fault<br>OT Warning  |
| E1          | 2  | 1/100A  |  |  |   | N/A   |
| E2          | 2  | Heat sink temp °C   | ]  |  |   | N/A   |
| E3          | 2  |   | Status_temperature   | 7D   |   | N/A   |
|             |  |   | -  |  |   | N/A   |
|             |  |   |  |  |   | N/A   |
| E5<br>E6    |  | ,   |  |  | 0   | N/A   |
|             | 2  | High OV fault (1/512V)  |  |  |   |   |
|             | Code       55       55       57       58       59       78       79       7A       7B       7C       7D       7E       7F       80       81       88       96       98       96       98       99       9A       9B       9C       9D       9E       A0       A1       A2       A3       A4       A5       A6       A7       A8       A9       B0       B1  D0       D3       D4       D6       D7       D8       E0       E1       E2       E3       E4 | Code     Field       55     2       57     2       58     2       59     2       78     1       79     2       78     1       79     2       78     1       79     2       78     1       79     2       78     1       78     1       78     1       78     1       78     1       78     1       78     1       77     1       78     1       78     1       77     1       78     1       80     1       80     1       81     1       98     4       90     6       91     5       92     4       90     6       91     15       A0     2 <tr< td=""><td>Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV warn limit       58     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1    </td><td>CodeFieldFunction552Set OV warn limit582Set UV warn limit592Set UV shutdown781Test Set UV shutdown781Set UV shutdown761Set UV shutdown801Set UV shutdown811Set Set UV shutdown82Read output voltoge842Read Temperature962Set UV Shutdown981Set Set UV shutdown995FRU_ID9415Set Set UV Shutdown95FRU_ID981Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set</td><td>Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV worn limit       57     2     Set OV worn limit       58     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1    </td><td>Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV worn limit       58     2     Set UV worn limit       59     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1    </td></tr<> | Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV warn limit       58     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1 | CodeFieldFunction552Set OV warn limit582Set UV warn limit592Set UV shutdown781Test Set UV shutdown781Set UV shutdown761Set UV shutdown801Set UV shutdown811Set Set UV shutdown82Read output voltoge842Read Temperature962Set UV Shutdown981Set Set UV shutdown995FRU_ID9415Set Set UV Shutdown95FRU_ID981Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set | Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV worn limit       57     2     Set OV worn limit       58     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1 | Code     Field     Function       55     2     Set OV worn limit       58     2     Set UV worn limit       59     2     Set UV shutdown       78     1 |

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

| Register          | Co | de | Bit | Function                    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|----|----|-----|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                   |    | 7  |     | Invalid/Unsupported         |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    |    |     | Command                     |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 6  |     | Invalid/Unsupported Data    |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 5  |     | Packet Error Check Failed   |  |  |  |  |
| Status_cml        | 7E | 4  |     | Memory Fault Detected       |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 3  |     | Processor Fault Detected    |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 2  |     | Reserved                    |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 1  |     | Other Communications Fault  |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 0  |     | Other Memory or Logic Fault |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 7  |     | 3.3V_fault                  |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 6  |     | N/A                         |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 5  |     | Interrupt                   |  |  |  |  |
| Status_mfr_specif | 80 | 4  |     | Fault detected              |  |  |  |  |
| ic                | 00 | 3  |     | PS_remote_OFF               |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 2  |     | DC_fault                    |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 1  |     | INPUT_fault                 |  |  |  |  |
|                   |    | 0  |     | N/A                         |  |  |  |  |

#### **Command Descriptions**

**Operation (01)**: By default the Power supply is turned **ON** at power up as long as *Power ON/OFF* signal pin is active HI. The Operation command is used to turn the Power Supply ON or OFF via the PMBus. The data byte below follows the OPERATION command.

| FUNCTION | DATA BYTE |
|----------|-----------|
| Unit ON  | 80        |
| Unit OFF | 00        |

To **RESET** the power supply cycle the power supply OFF, wait at least 2 seconds, and then turn back ON. All alarms and shutdowns are cleared during a restart.

**Clear\_faults (03):** This command clears all STATUS and FAULT registers and resets the SMBAlert# line.

If a fault still persists after the issuance of the clear\_faults command the specific registers indicating the fault are reset and the SMBAlert# line is activated again.

WRITE\_PROTECT register (10): Used to control writing to the PMBus device. The intent of this command is to provide protection against accidental changes. All supported command parameters may have their parameters read, regardless of the write\_protect settings. The contents of this register can be stored to non-volatile memory using the Store\_default\_code command. The default setting of this register is disable\_all\_writes except write\_protect 0x80h.

| FUNCTION   | DATA BYTE |
|--|-----------|
| Enable all writes  | 00        |
| Disable all writes except write_protect                  | 80        |
| Disable all writes except write_protect and<br>OPERATION | 40        |

Vout\_Command (21): This command is used to change the output voltage of the power supply. Changing the output voltage should be performed simultaneously to all power supplies operating in parallel using the Global Address (Broadcast) feature. If only a single power supply is instructed to change its output, it may attempt to source all the required power which can cause either a power limit or shutdown condition. Software programming of output voltage permanently overrides the set point voltage configured by the **Vprog** signal pin. The program no longer looks at the '**Vprog** pin' and will not respond to any hardware voltage settings. If power is removed from the  $\mu$ Controller it will reset itself into its default configuration looking at the **Vprog** signal for output voltage control. In many applications, the **Vprog** pin is used for setting initial conditions, if different that the factory setting. Software programming then takes over once I<sup>2</sup>C communications are established.

To properly hot-plug a power supply into a live backplane, the system generated voltage should get re-configured into either the factory adjusted firmware level or the voltage level reconfigured by the margin pin. Otherwise, the voltage state of the plugged in power supply could be significantly different than the powered system.

Vout\_OV\_warn\_limit (42): OV\_warning is extremely useful because it gives the system controller a heads up that the output voltage is drifting out of regulation and the power supply is close to shutting down. Pre-amative action may be taken before the power supply would shut down and potentially disable the system.

OC and OT\_fault\_response (47, 50): The default response for both OC and OT is auto\_restart (hiccup). Each register, individually, can be reconfigured into a latched state. Latched and hiccup are the only supported states.

**Restart after a latch off:** Either of four restart possibilities are available. The hardware pin **Remote ON/OFF** may be turned OFF and then ON. The unit may be commanded to restart via i2c through the *Operation* command by first turning OFF then turning ON . The third way to restart is to remove and reinsert the unit. The fourth way is to turn OFF and then turn ON ac power to the unit. The fifth way is by changing firmware from **latch off** to **restart**. Each of these commands must keep the power supply in the OFF state for at least 2 seconds, with the exception of changing to **restart**.

A power system that is comprised of a number of power supplies could have difficulty restarting after a shutdown event because of the non-synchronized behavior of the individual power supplies. Implementing the latch-off mechanism permits a synchronized restart that guarantees the simultaneous restart of the entire system.

A synchronous restart can be implemented by;

1. Issuing a GLOBAL OFF and then ON command to all power supplies,

Toggling Off and then ON the **Remote ON/OFF** signal
Removing and reapplying input commercial power to the entire system.

The power supplies should be turned OFF for at least 20 – 30 seconds in order to discharge all internal bias supplies and reset the soft start circuitry of the individual power supplies.

Auto\_restart: Auto-restart is the default configuration for recovering from over-current and over-temperature shutdowns.

An overvoltage shutdown is followed by three attempted restarts, each restart delayed 1 second, within a 1 minute window. If within the 1 minute window three attempted restarts failed, the unit will latch OFF. If less than 3 shutdowns occur within the 1 minute window then the count for latch OFF resets and the 1 minute window starts all over again.

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

Vin\_UV\_warn\_limit (58): This is another warning flag indicating that the input voltage is decreasing dangerously close to the low input voltage shutdown level.

**Status\_word (79):** returns two bytes of information. The upper byte bit functionality is tabulated in the Status\_word section. The lower byte bit functionality is identical to Status\_byte.

**Fan\_speed (D7):** This register can be used to 'read' the fan speed in adjustment percent (0 – 100%) or set the fan speed in adjustment percent (0 – 100%). The speed of the fan cannot be reduced below what the power supply requires for its operation. The register value is the percent number, it is not in linear format.

Invalid commands or data: The power supply notifies the MASTER if a non-supported command has been sent or invalid data has been received. Notification is implemented by setting the appropriate STATUS and ALARM registers and setting the SMBAlert# flag.

If a non-supported read is requested the power supply will return all 0x00h.

**Restart after a lachoff:** To restart after a latch\_off either of four restart mechanisms are available. The hardware pin **Remote ON/OFF** may be turned OFF and then ON. The unit may be commanded to restart via i2c through the *Operation* command by first turning OFF then turning ON . The third way to restart is to remove and reinsert the unit. The fourth way is to turn OFF and then turn ON ac power to the unit. The fifth way is by changing firmware from **latch off** to **restart.** Each of these commands must keep the power supply in the OFF state for at least 2 seconds, with the exception of changing to **restart.** 

A successful restart shall clear all alarm registers.

A power system that is comprised of a number of power supplies could have difficulty restarting after a shutdown event because of the non-synchronized behavior of the individual power supplies. Implementing the latch-off mechanism permits a synchronized restart that guarantees the simultaneous restart of the entire system.

A synchronous restart can be implemented by;

1. Issuing a GLOBAL OFF and then ON command to all power supplies,

2. Toggling Off and then ON the Remote ON/OFF signal

3. Removing and reapplying input commercial power to the entire system.

It is good practice to turn OFF the power supplies for about 20 – 30 seconds in order to discharge all internal bias supplies and reset the soft start circuitry of the individual power supplies.

#### Control and Read accuracy:

The estimates below are believed to be reasonable under most operating conditions. However, these are typical numbers and not hard bound values that cannot be exceeded. In most nominal operating conditions the returned values are significantly better than these estimates.

| FUNCTION            | ACCURACY   |
|---------------------|------------|
| Vout_command        | ± 2%       |
| Vout_OV_fault_limit | ± 3%       |
| lout_OC_warn_limit  | ± 4% of FL |
| OT_warn_limit       | ± 5°C      |
| Vin_UV_warn_limit   | ± 3%       |
| Vin_UV_fault_limit  | ± 3%       |
| Read_Vout           | ± 2%       |
| Read_lout           | ± 4% of FL |
| Read_temperature    | ± 5°C      |
| Read_Pout           | ±5%        |

#### EEPROM

The microcontroller has 96 bytes of EEPROM memory available for the system host.

A separate EEPROM IC, with write protect features, provides another 128 bytes of memory. This EEPROM contains the following FRU\_ID information:

EEPROM: model number, revision, date code, serial number etc.

| Offset | Length | Value | Description                            |
|--------|--------|-------|--|
| 00     | 7      |       | Serial number                          |
| 07     | 1      | 20    | ASCII space                            |
| 08     | 4      |       | Date code [YY,WW], ASCII numeric value |
| 0C     | 1      | 20    | ASCII space                            |
| 0D     | 17     |       | Model#, ASCII alphanumeric value       |
| 1E     | 1      | 20    | ASCII space                            |
| 1F     | 1      |       | Revision, ASCII value                  |
| 20-FF  | 224    | FF    |  |

#### **LEDs**

Three LEDs are located on the front faceplate. When the LEDs are ON GREEN then input and output are normal.

When the FAULT\_LED is RED then a fault condition exists and the power supply may not provide output power. The table below further defines these states:

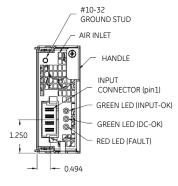
Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

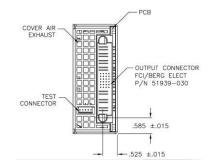
## Alarm Table

|   |                  | L        | Monitoring Signals |       |       |       |          |         |  |
|---|------------------|----------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|---------|--|
|   | Test Condition   | INPUT OK | DC OK              | FAULT | FAULT | DC OK | INPUT OK | TEMP OK |  |
| 1 | Normal Operation | Green    | Green              | OFF   | High  | High  | High     | High    |  |
| 2 | Low or NO INPUT  | OFF      | OFF                | Red   | Low   | Low   | Low      | High    |  |
| 3 | OVP              | Green    | OFF                | Red   | Low   | Low   | High     | High    |  |
| 4 | Over Current     | Green    | OFF                | Red   | Low   | Low   | High     | High    |  |
| 5 | Over Temp Alarm  | Green    | Green              | Red   | Low   | High  | High     | Low     |  |
| 6 | Over Temp Fault  | Green    | OFF                | Red   | Low   | Low   | High     | Low     |  |

Note: Test condition #2 has 2 modules working in parallel. One module is running and the other has no iNPUT.

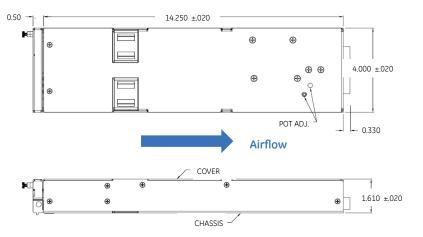
## **Outline Drawing**





Input connector: FCI Berg 51939-311 or TYCO 6450129-3 Input mate: FCI Berg 10080594-1E0101LF^{10}

Output connector: FCI Berg 51939-030 Output mate: FCI Berg 51915-051



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This is a cable harness with 10 foot of #10ga stranded wire (2 – black and 2 – red) not-terminated on user end

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

## **Connector Pin Assignments**

| P1 - DC input P3 + DC input<br>P2 - DC input P4 + DC input | POWER<br>PI P2 P3 P4 | Pin | Function   | Din | Function   |
|--|----------------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|
|  |                      | PIN |            | Pin |            |
| P2 - DC input P4 + DC input                                | PM PN PN PM          | P1  | - DC input | P3  | + DC input |
|  |                      | P2  | - DC input | P4  | + DC input |

#### Output

Input



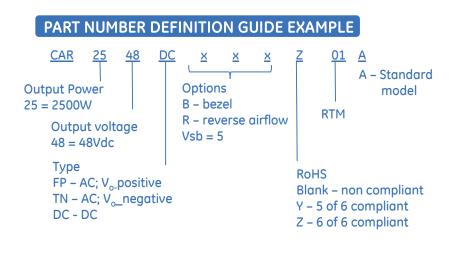
| Pin | Function           | Pin | Function                   | Pin | Function                      | Pin | Function       |
|-----|--------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|----------------|
| A1  | Vstb [3.3V]        | B1  | Fault                      | C1  | ISHARE                        | D1  | VProg          |
| A2  | Vstb [3.3V] Return | B2  | I Monitor (IMON)           | C2  | N/C                           | D2  | OVP Test Point |
| A3  | Signal Return      | B3  | PS Present                 | C3  | Over Temp Warning             | D3  | Remote ON/OFF  |
| A4  | Write Protect (WP) | B4  | Enable                     | C4  | I <sup>2</sup> C Address (A0) | D4  | DC OK          |
| A5  | Remote Sense (+)   | B5  | SDA (I²C bus)              | C5  | I <sup>2</sup> C Address (A1) | D5  | INPUT OK       |
| A6  | Remote Sense (-)   | B6  | SCL (I <sup>2</sup> C bus) | C6  | I <sup>2</sup> C Address (A2) | D6  | SMBAlert       |
|     |                    |     |                            |     |                               |     |                |
| P1  | N/C                | P2  | N/C                        | P3  | N/C                           |     |                |
| P4  | +Vout              | P5  | +Vout                      | P6  | Output Return                 | P7  | Output Return  |

Input: -36Vdc to -75Vdc; Output: 48Vdc @ 2500W; 3.3Vdc or 5 Vdc @ 1A

## **Ordering Information**

Please contact your GE Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

| PRODUCT         | DESCRIPTION                             | PART NUMBER      |  |  |
|-----------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| 2500W converter | 48Vdc dc-dc converter w/Bezel, 3.3Vaux  | CAR2548DCXXXZ01A |  |  |
| 10KW SHELF      | Shelf for CAR2548 modules holds 4 units | ACE254RUW48XZ01A |  |  |



# Contact Us

For more information, call us at USA/Canada: +1 888 546 3243, or +1 972 244 9288 Asia-Pacific: +86.021.54279977\*808 Europe, Middle-East and Africa: +49.89.878067-280

http://www.geindustrial.com/products/critical-power

