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130-dB, 32-Bit High-Performance DAC with Integrated Headphone Driver and Impedance Detection

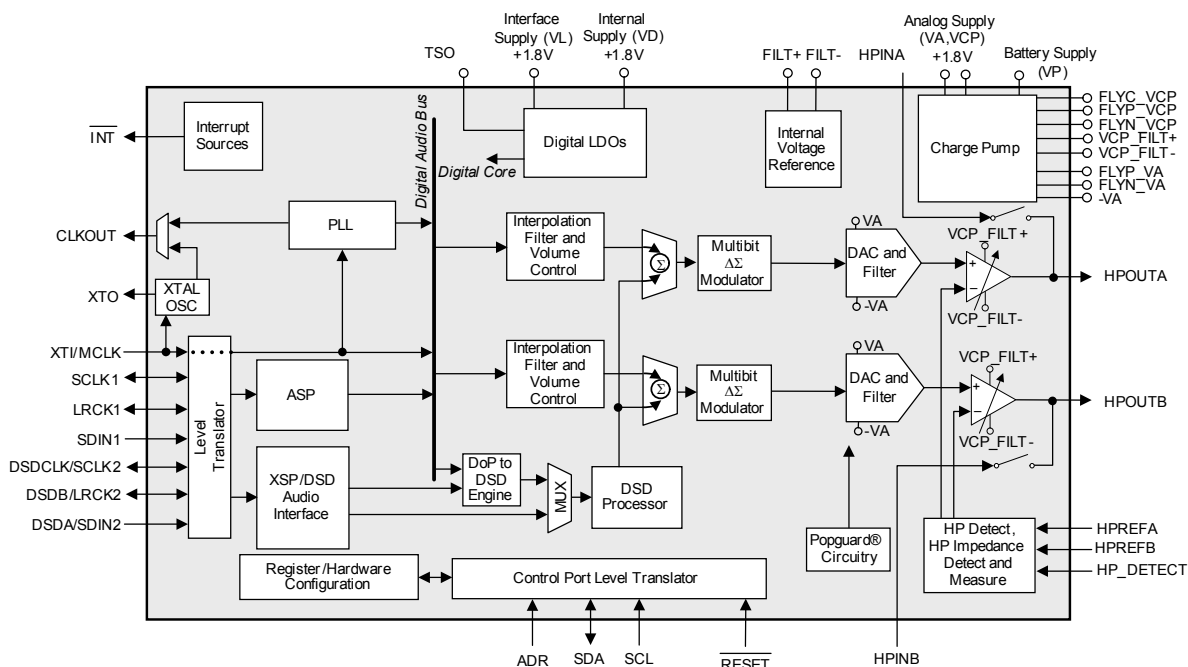
System Features

- Enhanced $\Delta\Sigma$ oversampling DAC architecture
 - 32-bit resolution
 - Up to 384-kHz sampling rate
 - Low clock jitter sensitivity
 - Auto mute detection
- Integrated high performance, ground-centered stereo headphone outputs
 - 130-dB dynamic range (A-weighted)
 - 115-dB total harmonic distortion + noise (THD+N)
 - 110-dB interchannel isolation
 - Up to 2- V_{rms} stereo output
 - Headphone power output
 - 30 mW per channel into 32 Ω
 - 5 mW per channel into 600 Ω
- Headphone detection
 - Headphone DC and AC impedance measurement
 - Headphone plug-in detection
 - Popguard® technology eliminates pop noise
- Integrated PLL
 - Support for 11.2896-/22.5792-, 12.288-/24.576-, 9.6-/19.2-, 12-/24-, and 13-/26-MHz system MCLK rates
 - Reference clock sourced from XT1/MCLK pin
 - System clock output
- Mono Mode (differential) support
- I²C control—up to 1 MHz
- Wideband Flatness Mode Support

- Direct Stream Digital (DSD®) path
 - Up to 256•Fs DSD
 - Patented DSD processor
 - On-chip 50-kHz filter to meet Scarlet Book Super Audio Compact Disk (SACD) recommendations
 - Matched PCM and DSD analog output levels
 - Nondecimating volume control with 0.5-dB step size and soft ramp
 - DSD and Pulse-code modulation (PCM) mixing for alerts
 - Dedicated DSD and DoP pin interface
- Serial audio input path
 - Programmable Hi-Fi digital filter
 - Five selectable digital filter responses
 - Low-latency Mode minimizes pre-echo
 - 110 dB of stopband attenuation
 - Supports sample rates from 32 to 384 kHz
 - I²S, right-justified, left-justified, TDM, and DSD-over-PCM (DoP) interface
 - Master or slave operation
 - Volume control with 0.5-dB step size and soft ramp
 - 44.1 kHz deemphasis and inverting feature
- Alternate headphone input
- 40-pin 5mm × 5mm QFN or 42-ball CSP package options

Applications

- Smart phones, tablets, portable media players, laptops, digital headphones, powered speakers, AVR, home theater systems, Blu-ray/DVD/SACD players, and pro audio



General Description

The CS43131 is a high-performance, 32-bit resolution, stereo audio DAC that supports up to 384-kHz sampling frequency with integrated low-noise ground-centered headphone amplifiers. The advanced 32-bit oversampled multibit modulator with mismatch shaping technology eliminates distortion due to on-chip component mismatch. Proprietary digital-interpolation filters support five selectable filter responses with pseudo-linear phase and ultralow latency to minimize pre-echos and ringing artifacts. An on-chip programmable filter is available for further response customization. Other features include volume control with 0.5-dB steps, wideband flatness mode support, and digital deemphasis for 44.1-kHz sample rate.

The integrated ground-centered stereo headphone amplifiers are capable of delivering more than 30 mW into 32- Ω load or 5 mW into 600- Ω load per channel at full performance. It is also capable of generating 2 V_{rms} on a 600- Ω load. Proprietary headphone impedance detection enables wide-band impedance detection for further digital post-processing. An internal stereo audio switch with true bypass supports an alternate analog input path for interfacing with external audio sources to minimize the overall bill-of-materials cost and PCB area.

The patented on-chip DSD processor preserves audio integrity by allowing signal processing such as volume control and 50-kHz Scarlet Book recommended filtering to be applied directly to the DSD stream without an intermediate decimation stage. Additional features like volume matching and channel mixing enable seamless transition between DSD and PCM playback paths.

The CS43131 accepts I²S, right-justified, left-justified, and TDM-format PCM data at sample rates from 32 to 384 kHz. The industry-standard high-speed I²C interface capable of up to 1-MHz operation provides easy configuration control. An integrated PLL allows for maximum clocking flexibility in any system. Popguard® technology eliminates output transients upon power-up or power-down events.

The CS43131 is available in a commercial-grade 42-ball WLCSP or 40-pin QFN package for operation from -10°C to +70°C.

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1 Pin Assignments and Descriptions

1.1 40-Pin QFN (Top-Down, Through-Package View)

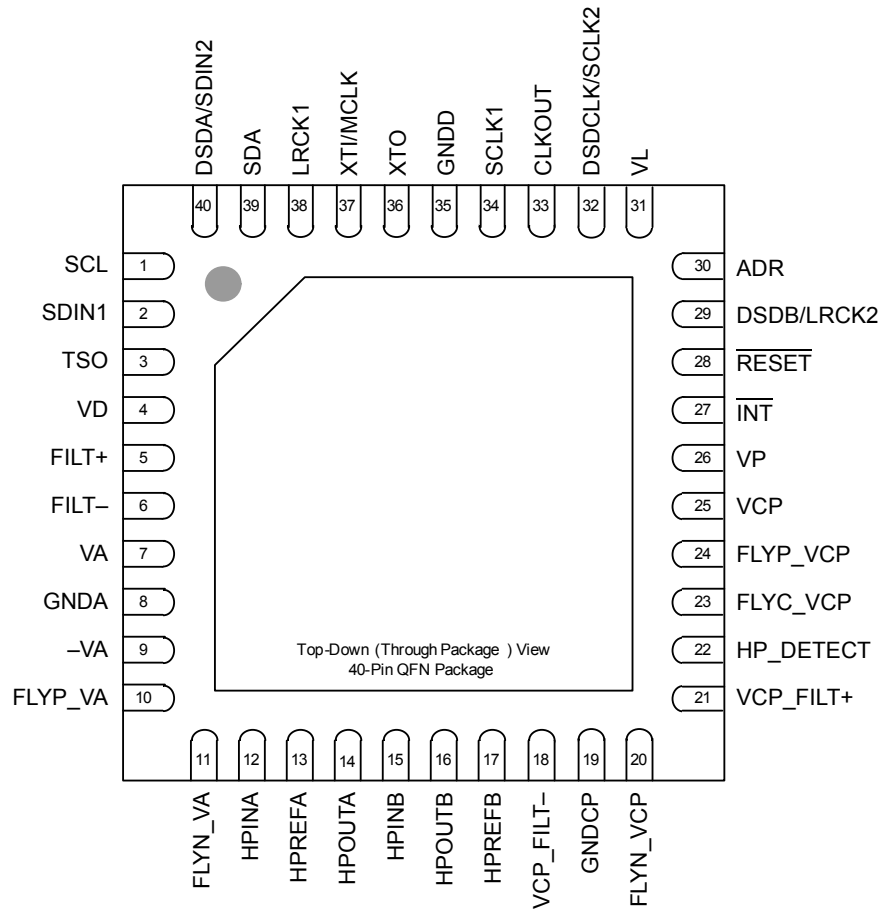
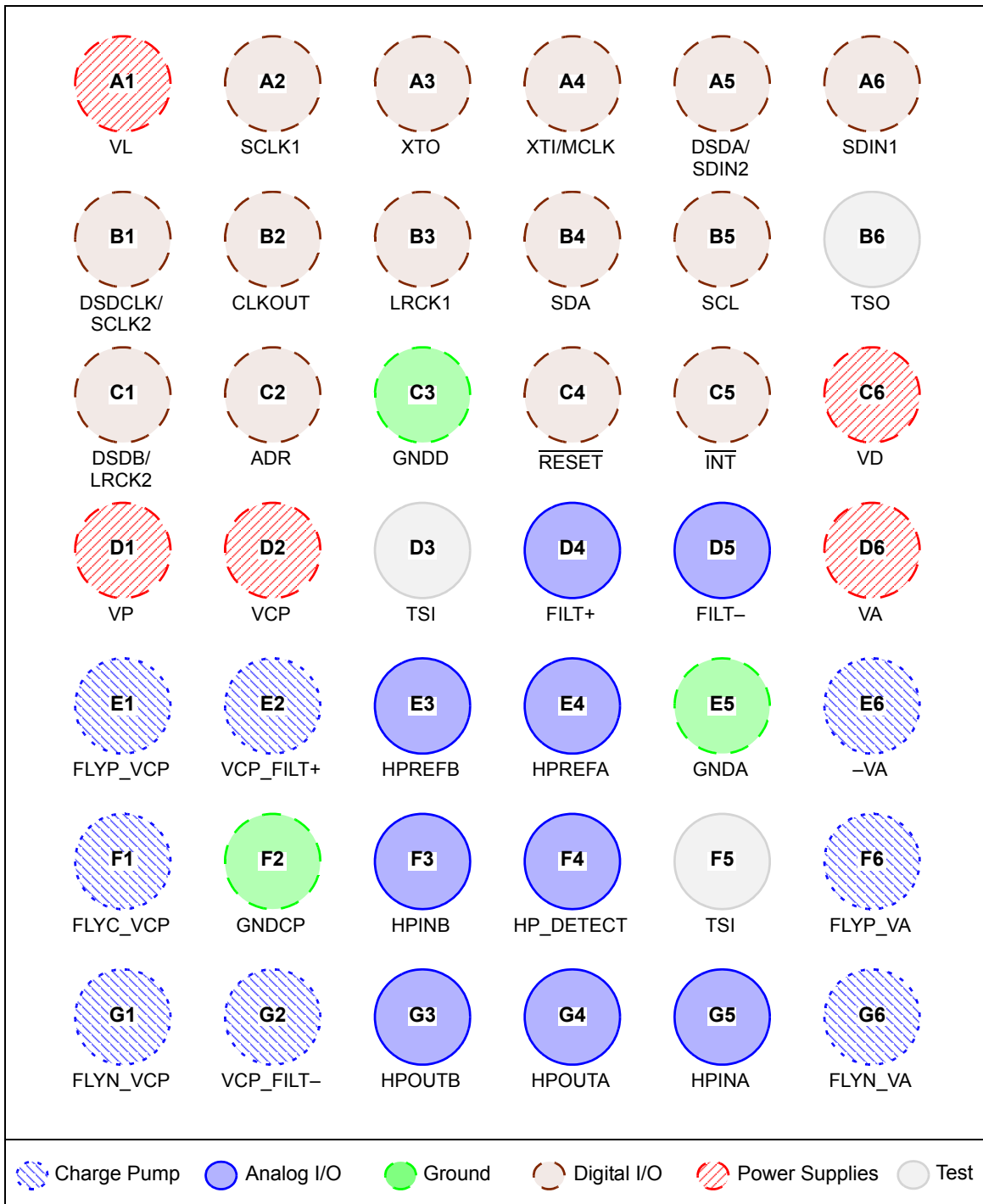


Figure 1-1. Top-Down (Through-Package) View—QFN 40-Pin Diagram

1.2 42-Ball WLCSP (Top-down, Through-Package View)

Figure 1-2. Top-Down (Through-Package) View—42-Ball WLCSP Package

1.3 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1. Pin Descriptions







Pin Name	QFN Pin #	WLCSP Ball	Power Supply	I/O	Pin Description	Internal Connection	Digital I/O Driver	Digital I/O Receiver
Digital I/O 								
ADR	30	C2	VL	I	Address Bit (I²C). In I ² C Mode, ADR is a chip address pin.	—	—	—
CLKOUT	33	B2	VL	O	CLK Output. Single-ended clock output sourced from PLL or buffered crystal.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	—
SCLK1	34	A2	VL	I/O	Serial Audio Input Bit Clock 1. Serial bit clock for audio data on the SDIN pins.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	Hysteresis on CMOS input
LRCK1	38	B3	VL	I/O	Serial Audio Input Left/Right Clock. Word-rate clock for the audio data on the SDIN pins.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	Hysteresis on CMOS input
SDIN1	2	A6	VL	I	Serial Audio Input Data Port. Audio data serial input pin 1.	Weak pull-down	—	Hysteresis on CMOS input
DSDA/ SDIN2	40	A5	VL	I	DSD Data Input A/Serial Data In 2. DSD audio or PCM audio data serial input pin 2.	Weak pull-down	—	Hysteresis on CMOS input
DSDB/ LRCK2	29	C1	VL	I/O	DSD Data Input B/Serial Audio Input Left/Right Clock 2. DSD audio data serial input pin or word rate clock for the audio data on the SDIN2 pin.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	Hysteresis on CMOS input
DSDCLK/ SCLK2	32	B1	VL	I/O	DSD Clock Input/Serial Audio Input Bit Clock 2. DSD clock input. Serial bit clock for audio data on the SDIN2 pin.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	Hysteresis on CMOS input
$\overline{\text{INT}}$	27	C5	VP	O	Interrupt. When pulled up, works as system interrupt pin. Open drain, active low programmable.	—	CMOS open-drain output	—
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	28	C4	VP	I	System Reset. The device enters system reset when enabled.	—	—	Hysteresis on CMOS input
SDA	39	B4	VL	I/O	Serial Control Data I/O (I²C). In I ² C Mode, SDA is the control I/O data line.	—	CMOS open-drain output	Hysteresis on CMOS input
SCL	1	B5	VL	I	Software Clock (I²C). Serial control interface clock used to clock control data bits into and out of the CS43131.	—	—	Hysteresis on CMOS input
XTI/MCLK	37	A4	VL	I	Crystal/Oscillator Input/MCLK In. Crystal or digital clock input for the master clock.	Weak pull-down	—	Hysteresis on CMOS input
XTO	36	A3	VL	O	Crystal/Oscillator Output. Crystal output.	Weak pull-down	CMOS output	—
Analog I/O 								
FILT+	5	D4	VA	O	Positive/Negative Voltage Reference. Positive/negative reference voltage for DAC.	—	—	—
FILT-	6	D5						
HP_DETECT	22	F4	VP	I	Headphone Detect. Can be configured to be debounced on unplugged and plugged events before it is presented as a noninterrupt status bit (HPDETECT).	—	Hi-Z	—
HPINB	15	F3	VCP_	I	Headphone Audio Input. For interfacing low power audio source, an alternate analog input path for the headphone output. Refer to analog specification table for full-scale input level.	Weak pull-down	—	—
HPINA	12	G5	FILT±					
HPOUTB	16	G3	VCP_	O	Headphone Audio Output. Refer to analog specification table for full-scale output level.	—	—	—
HPOUTA	14	G4	FILT±					
HPREFB	17	E3	VCP_	I	Headphone Output Reference. Reference for headphone amplifier and detect.	—	—	—
HPREFA	13	E4	FILT±					
Power Supplies 								
VL	31	A1	N/A	I	Logic Power. Input/Output power supply, typically +1.8 V.	—	—	—
VD	4	C6	N/A	I	Internal Digital Power. Internal digital power supply, typically +1.8 V.	—	—	—
VA	7	D6	N/A	I	Analog Power. Power supply for the internal analog section.	—	—	—

Table 1-1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Pin Name	QFN Pin #	WLCSP Ball	Power Supply	I/O	Pin Description	Internal Connection	Digital I/O Driver	Digital I/O Receiver
VCP	25	D2	N/A	I	Charge Pump Supply. Provides charge pump voltage to the headphone Class H analog output circuit.	—	—	—
VP	26	D1	N/A	I	Battery supply. Provides voltage to the headphone Class H circuit.	—	—	—
Ground 								
GNDD	35	C3	N/A	I	Digital and I/O Ground. Ground for the I/O and core logic. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip.	—	—	—
GNDA	8	E5	N/A	I	Analog Ground. Ground reference for the internal analog section. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip.	—	—	—
GNDCP	19	F2	N/A	I	Charge Pump Ground. Ground reference for the charge pump section. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip.	—	—	—
Charge Pump 								
VCP_FILT+	21	E2	VCP/	I/O	Inverting Charge Pump Filter Connection. Power supply from the inverting charge pump that provides the positive/negative rail for the analog output. When operating in external VCP_FILT mode, these pins can directly take in supply voltage.	—	—	—
VCP_FILT–	18	G2	VP 1					
–VA	9	E6	VA	O	VA Negative Charge Pump Output. Negative charge pump output for DAC rail. It is derived from VA.	—	—	—
FLYP_VA	10	F6	VA	O	–VA Charge Pump Cap Positive/Negative Node. Positive/negative nodes for the DAC negative charge pump's flying capacitor.	—	—	—
FLYN_VA	11	G6						
FLYP_VCP	24	E1	VCP/	O	–VCP Charge Pump Cap Positive Node. Positive node for the analog output negative charge pump's flying capacitor.	—	—	—
FLYC_VCP	23	F1	VP 1					
FLYN_VCP	20	G1	VCP_	O	–VCP Charge Pump Cap Negative Node. Negative node for the analog output negative charge pump's flying capacitor.	—	—	—
			FILT±					
Test 								
TSO	3	B6	N/A	I/O	Test Output.	—	—	—
TSI	—	D3, F5			Test Input.	—	—	—

1. The power supply is determined by ADPT_PWR setting (see [Section 4.3.1](#)). VP is used if ADPT_PWR = 001 (VP_LDO Mode) or when necessary for ADPT_PWR = 111 (Adapt-to-Signal Mode).

1.4 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection Circuitry



ESD-sensitive device. The CS43131 is manufactured on a CMOS process. Therefore, it is generically susceptible to damage from excessive static voltages. Proper ESD precautions must be taken while handling and storing this device. This device is qualified to current JEDEC ESD standards.

Fig. 1-3 provides a composite view of the ESD domains showing the ESD protection paths between each pad and the substrate (GND), as well as the interrelations between some domains. Note that this figure represents the structure for the internal protection devices and that additional protections can be implemented as part of the integration into the board.

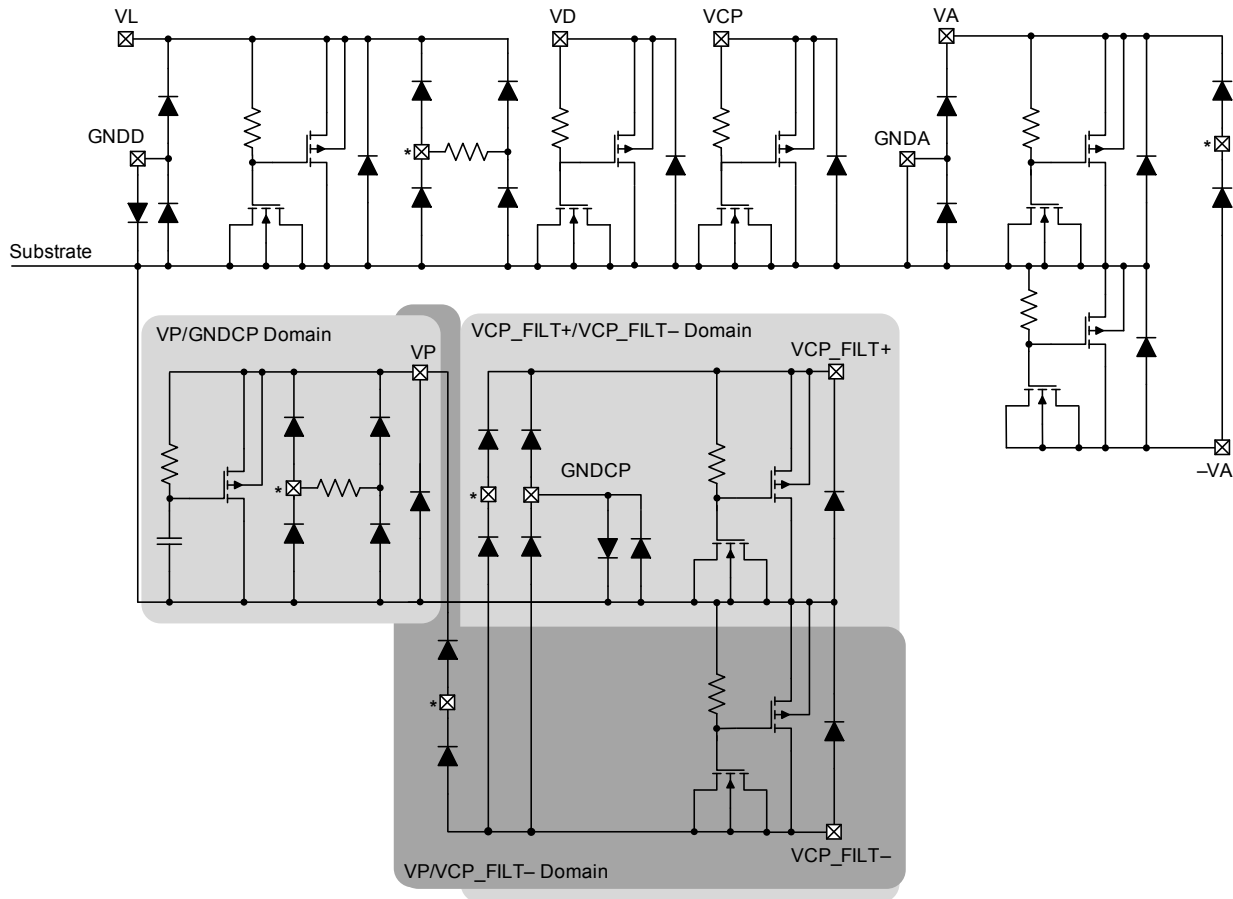


Figure 1-3. Composite ESD Topology

Table 1-2 shows the individual ESD domains and lists the pins associated with each domain.

Table 1-2. ESD Domains

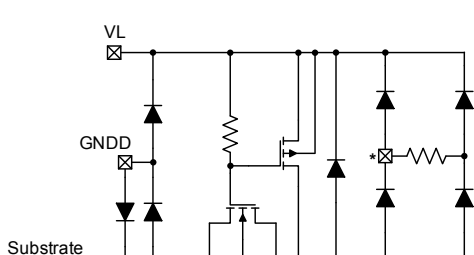
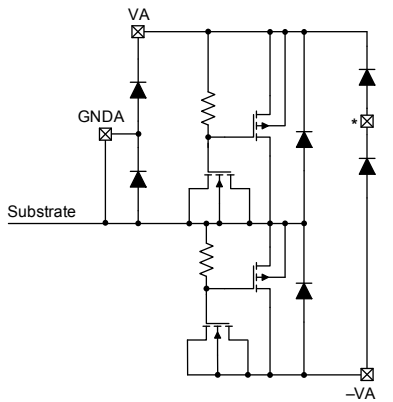
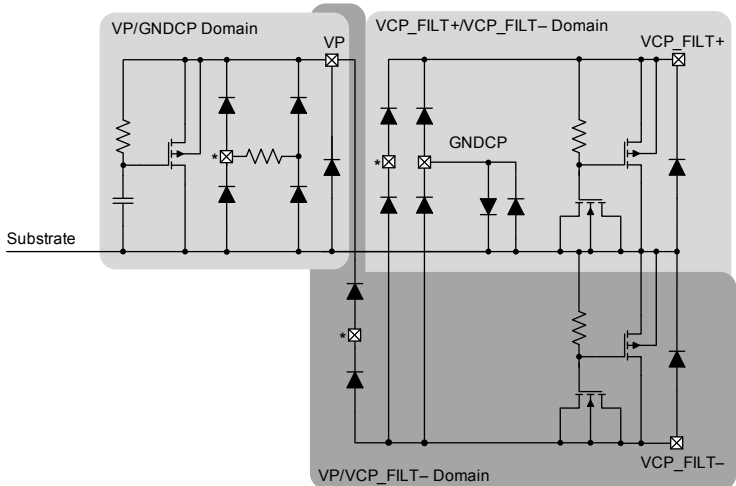
ESD Domain	Signal Name (See * in Topology Figures for Pad)	Topology
VL/GNDD	ADR DSDCLK/SCLK2 SCL SDA DSDB/LRCK2 DSDA/SDIN2 SDIN1 LRCK1 SCLK1 CLKOUT XTI/MCLK XTO	

Table 1-2. ESD Domains (Cont.)

ESD Domain	Signal Name (See * in Topology Figures for Pad)	Topology
VA/-VA	FLYN_VA FLYP_VA FILT+ FILT-	
VP/GNDCP	RESET INT	
VP/VCP_FILT-	FLYP_VCP FLYC_VCP HP_DETECT	
VCP_FILT+/ VCP_FILT-	FLYN_VCP HPINA HPINB HPOUTA HPOUTB HPREFA HPREFB	

2 Typical Connection Diagram

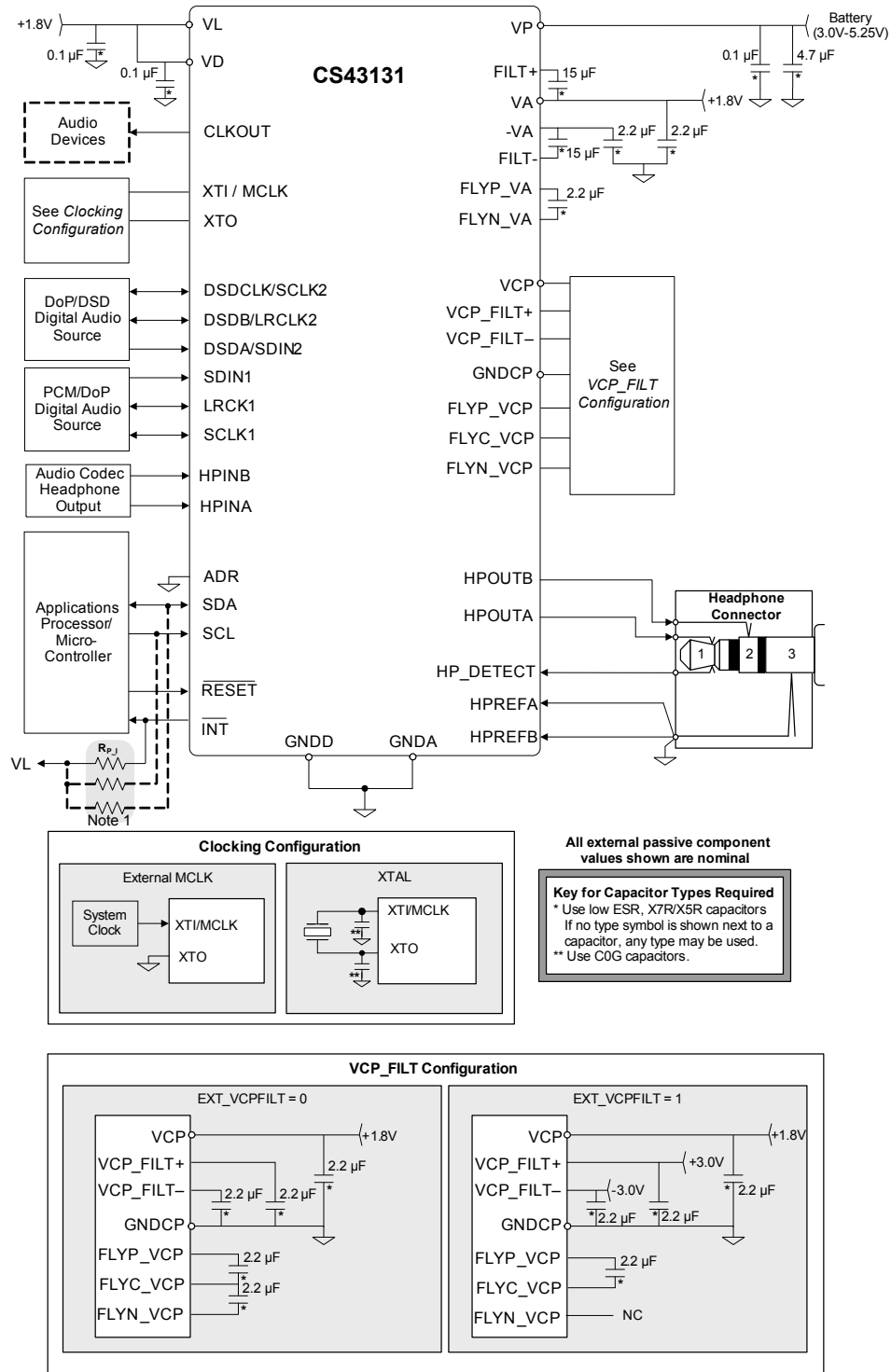


Figure 2-1. Typical Connection Diagram

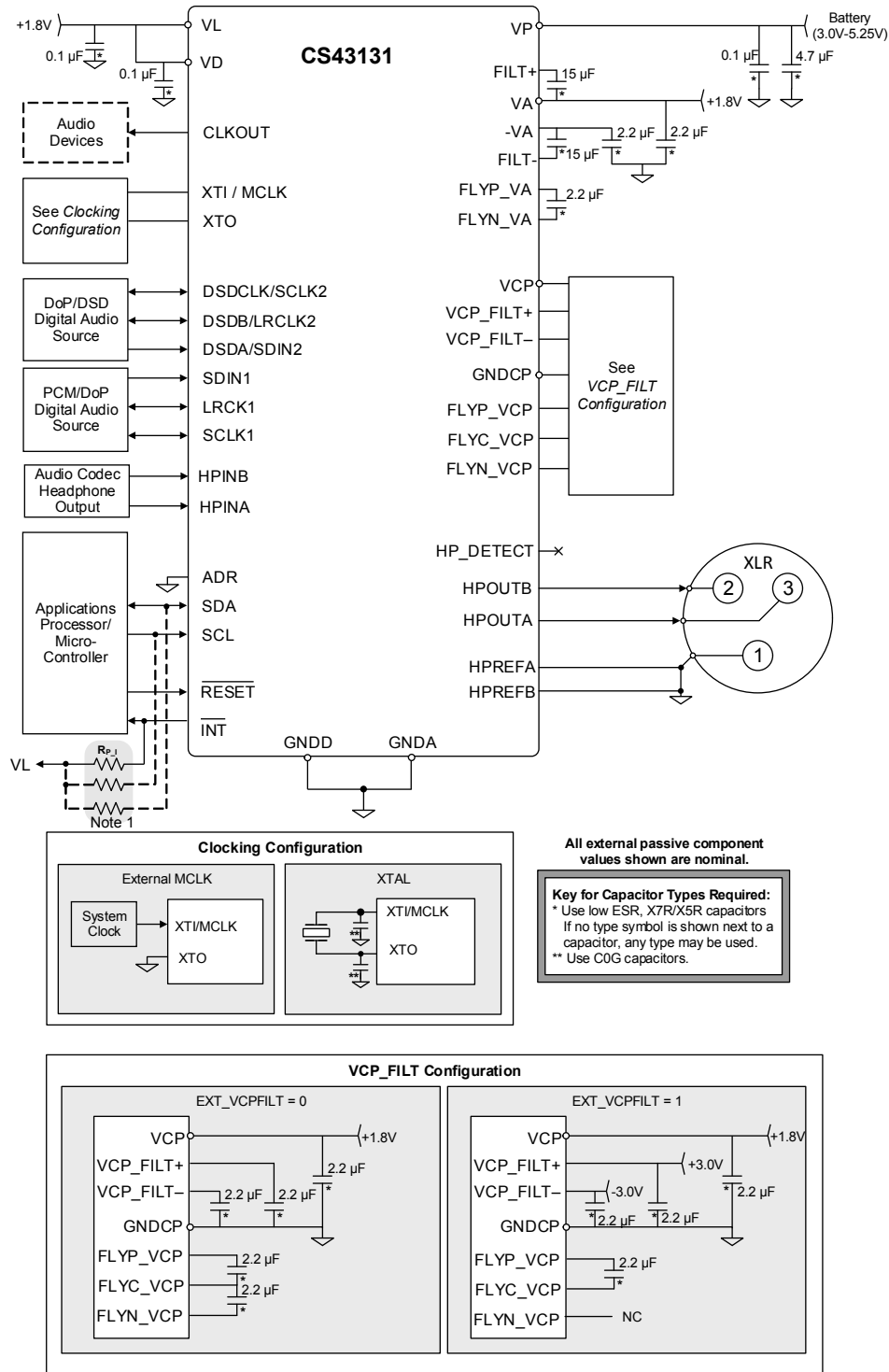


Figure 2-2. Typical Connection Diagram (Mono Mode)

Note:

1. The value for R_{p_1} can be determined by the interrupt pin specification in [Table 3-13](#).

3 Characteristics and Specifications

Table 3-1 defines parameters as they are characterized in this section.

Table 3-1. Parameter Definitions

Parameter	Definition
Dynamic range	The ratio of the rms value of the signal to the rms sum of all other spectral components over the specified bandwidth. A signal-to-noise ratio measurement over the specified bandwidth made with a –60-dB signal; 60 dB is added to resulting measurement to refer the measurement to full scale. This technique ensures that distortion components are below the noise level and do not affect the measurement. This measurement technique has been accepted by the Audio Engineering Society, AES17–1991, and the Electronic Industries Association of Japan, EIAJ CP–307. Dynamic range is expressed in decibel units.
Gain drift	The change in gain value with temperature, expressed in ppm/°C units.
Idle channel noise	The rms value of the signal with no input applied (properly back-terminated analog input, digital zero, or zero modulation input). Measured over the specified bandwidth.
Interchannel gain mismatch	The gain difference between left and right channel pairs. Interchannel gain mismatch is expressed in decibel units.
Interchannel phase mismatch	The phase difference between left and right channel pairs at 997-Hz sine wave input. Interchannel phase mismatch is expressed in degree units (with respect to 997-Hz sine wave input).
Interchannel isolation	A measure of cross talk between the left and right channel pairs. Interchannel isolation is measured for each channel at the converter's output with no signal to the input under test and a full-scale signal applied to the other channel. Interchannel isolation is expressed in decibel units.
Load resistance and capacitance	The recommended minimum resistance and maximum capacitance required for the internal op-amp's stability and signal integrity. The load capacitance effectively moves the band-limiting pole of the amp in the output stage. Increasing load capacitance beyond the recommended value can cause the internal op-amp to become unstable.
Output offset voltage	The DC offset voltage present at the amplifier's output when its input signal is in a mute state. The offset exists due to CMOS process limitations and is proportional to analog volume settings. When measuring the offset out of the headphone amplifier, the headphone amplifier is ON.
Total harmonic distortion + noise (THD+N)	The ratio of the rms sum of distortion and noise spectral components across the specified bandwidth (typically 20 Hz–20 kHz) relative to the rms value of the signal. THD+N is measured at –1 and –20 dBFS for the analog input and at 0 and –20 dB for the analog output, as suggested in AES17–1991 Annex A. THD+N is expressed in decibel units.
Turn-on time	Turn-on time is measured from when the PDN_HP = 0 ACK signal is received to when the signal appears on the HP output.

Table 3-2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): GNDD = GNDA = GNDPC = 0 V, all voltages with respect to ground.

Parameters ¹		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	
DC power supply	Analog	VA	1.66	1.94	V	
	Charge pump	VCP	1.66	1.94	V	
	Filtered charge pump ²	EXT_VCPFLT = 1	VCP_FILTER+	2.85	3.15	V
			VCP_FILTER–	–3.15	–2.85	V
	Battery supply	HV_EN = 0, EXT_VCPFLT = 0 HV_EN = 1, EXT_VCPFLT = 0 EXT_VCPFLT = 1	VP	3.0	5.25	V
				3.3	5.25	V
				3.3	5.25	V
Digital Interface		VL	1.66	1.94	V	
Digital Internal		VD	1.66	1.94	V	
External voltage applied to pin ^{3,4}	HP_DETECT pin	V _{INH1}	–0.3 – VCP_FILTER–	VP + 0.3	V	
	VCP_FILTER± domain pins ⁵	V _{VCPF}	–0.3 – VCP_FILTER–	0.3 + VCP_FILTER+	V	
	VL domain pins	V _{VL}	–0.3	VL + 0.3	V	
	VA domain pins	V _{VA}	–0.3	VA + 0.3	V	
	VP domain pins	V _{VP}	–0.3	VP + 0.3	V	
Ambient temperature		T _A	–10	+70	°C	

1. Device functional operation is guaranteed within these limits. Functionality is not guaranteed or implied outside of these limits. Operation outside of these limits may adversely affect device reliability.

2. If +1dB_EN = 1, the minimum VCP_FILTER+ voltage becomes 3.0 V, and the maximum VCP_FILTER– voltage becomes –3.0 V.

3. The maximum over/undervoltage is limited by the input current.

4. Table 1-1 lists the power supply domain in which each CS43131 pin resides.

5. VCP_FILTER± is specified in Table 3-18.

Table 3-3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

 Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): GNDD = GNDA = GND_{CP} = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	
DC power supply	Analog	VA	-0.3	2.33	V
	Battery	VP	-0.3	6.3	V
	Charge pump	VCP	-0.3	2.33	V
	Filtered charge pump (positive)	VCP_FILT+	-0.3	3.3	V
	Filtered charge pump (negative)	VCP_FILT-	-3.3	0.3	V
	Digital interface	VL	-0.3	2.33	V
	Digital internal	VD	-0.3	2.33	V
Input current ¹	I _{in}	—	±10	mA	
Ambient operating temperature (power applied)	T _A	-50	+115	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-65	+150	°C	

Caution: Stresses beyond “Absolute Maximum Ratings” levels may cause permanent damage to the device. These levels are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in [Table 3-2](#), “Recommended Operating Conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

1. Any pin except supplies and HPINx. Transient currents of up to ±100 mA on the analog input pins do not cause SCR latch-up.

Table 3-4. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 1) ¹

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): [Fig. 2-1](#) shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GND_{CP} = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 1; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, PLUS_1DB = 0, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{X_{TAL}} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4}				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUTx R _L = 10 kΩ C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 0, ⁵ unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	A-weighted	124	130	—	dB
			Unweighted	121	127	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	91	97	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	-115	-109	dB
			-20 dB	—	-97	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-67	-61	dB
			16-bit	0 dB	—	-94	-88
		DSD	-20 dB	—	-74	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-34	-28	dB
			0 dB	—	-108	-101	dB
			-20 dB	—	-97	—	dB
-60 dB	—	-67	-61	dB			
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	—	0.55	—	μV		
Full-scale output voltage		4.66	4.90	5.14	V _{pp}		
Interchannel isolation ⁶ (defined in Table 3-1)	217 Hz	—	120	—	dB		
	1 kHz	—	120	—	dB		
	20 kHz	—	100	—	dB		
HPOUTx R _L = 10 kΩ C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 1, unless otherwise specified	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	0 dB	—	-105	—	dB
	Full-scale output voltage		5.42	5.70	5.99	V _{pp}	

Table 3-4. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 1) ¹ (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 1; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, PLUS_1DB = 0, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4}				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUTx R _L = 600 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 0, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	A-weighted	124	130	—	dB
			Unweighted	121	127	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	91	97	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–115	–109	dB
			–20 dB	—	–97	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–67	–61	dB
			0 dB	—	–94	–88	dB
		16-bit	–20 dB	—	–74	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–34	–28	dB
			0 dB	—	–108	–101	dB
			–20 dB	—	–97	—	dB
DSD	–60 dB	—	–67	–61	dB		
	0 dB	—	—	—	dB		
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	—	0.55	—	μV		
Full-scale output voltage	—	4.66	4.90	5.14	V _{pp}		
Output power	—	—	5	—	mW		
Interchannel isolation (defined in Table 3-1)	217 Hz	—	120	—	dB		
	1 kHz	—	120	—	dB		
	20 kHz	—	100	—	dB		
HPOUTx R _L = 600 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 1, unless otherwise specified	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	0 dB	—	–105	—	dB
		—	—	—	—	—	—
	Full-scale output voltage	—	5.42	5.70	5.99	V _{pp}	
Output power	—	—	6.8	—	mW		
Other characteristics for HPOUTx	Interchannel gain mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±0.1	—	dB
	Interchannel phase mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	±0.01	°
	Output offset voltage: Mute (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±50	±100	μV
	Gain drift (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±100	—	ppm/°C
	Load resistance (R _L)			600	—	—	Ω
	Load capacitance (C _L)			—	—	1	nF
	Turn-on time (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	12	ms
Click/pop during PDN_HP enable or disable			A-weighted	—	±50	±100	μV

1. This table also applies to external VCP_FILTER supply mode: CS43131 power up procedure is per description in Section 5.13.1; EXT_VCPFILTER = 1;

VCP_FILTER+ and VCP_FILTER– comply to Table 3-2 when EXT_VCPFILTER = 1; in this mode, HV_EN must be set to 1.

2. One LSB of triangular PDF dither is added to PCM data.

3. Referred to the typical full-scale voltage. Applies to all THD+N and dynamic range values in the table.

4. DSD performance may be limited by the source recording. 0 dB-SACD = 50% modulation index.

5. The volume must be configured as indicated to achieve specified output characteristics.

6. Output test configuration. Symbolized component values are specified in the test conditions.

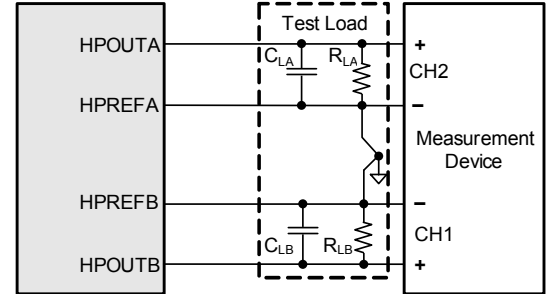


Table 3-5. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 0) 1

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GND_A = GND_{CP} = GND_D = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 0; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with V_A = V_{CP} = 1.8 V; V_L = V_D = 1.8 V; V_P = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREF_x.

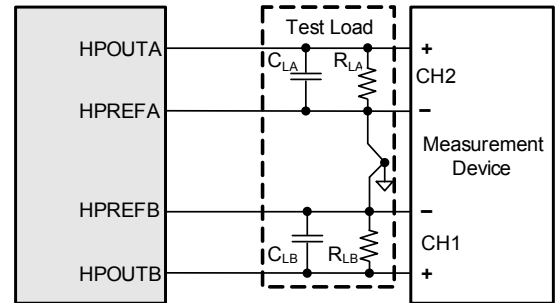
PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter 2,3,4				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUT _x ; R _L = 10 kΩ C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 10 Volume = 0 dB, ⁵ unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	A-weighted	122	128	—	dB
			Unweighted	119	125	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	91	97	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	-113	-107	dB
			-20 dB	—	-95	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-65	-59	dB
		16-bit	0 dB	—	-94	-88	dB
			-20 dB	—	-74	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-34	-28	dB
DSD	0 dB	—	-109	-103	dB		
	-20 dB	—	-95	—	dB		
	-60 dB	—	-65	-59	dB		
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD		—	0.55	—	μV	
Full-scale output voltage			3.76	3.96	4.16	V _{pp}	
Interchannel isolation ⁶ (defined in Table 3-1)		217 Hz	—	120	—	dB	
		1 kHz	—	120	—	dB	
		20 kHz	—	100	—	dB	
HPOUT _x ; R _L = 600 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 10 Volume = 0 dB, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	A-weighted	122	128	—	dB
			Unweighted	119	125	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	91	97	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	-113	-107	dB
			-20 dB	—	-95	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-65	-59	dB
		16-bit	0 dB	—	-94	-88	dB
			-20 dB	—	-74	—	dB
			-60 dB	—	-34	-28	dB
DSD	0 dB	—	-109	-103	dB		
	-20 dB	—	-95	—	dB		
	-60 dB	—	-65	-59	dB		
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD		—	0.55	—	μV	
Full-scale output voltage			3.76	3.96	4.16	V _{pp}	
Output power			—	3.3	—	mW	
Interchannel isolation ⁶ (defined in Table 3-1)		217 Hz	—	120	—	dB	
		1 kHz	—	120	—	dB	
		20 kHz	—	100	—	dB	

Table 3-5. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 0) ¹ (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 0; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4}				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUTx; R _L = 32 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 01 Volume = 0 dB, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	A-weighted	119	125	—	dB
			Unweighted	116	122	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	91	97	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–110	–104	dB
			–20 dB	—	–92	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–62	–56	dB
			0 dB	—	–94	–88	dB
		16-bit	–20 dB	—	–74	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–34	–28	dB
			0 dB	—	–106	–96	dB
		DSD	–20 dB	—	–92	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–62	–56	dB
			0 dB	—	—	—	dB
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	—	0.55	—	μV		
Full-scale output voltage	—	2.68	2.81	2.96	V _{pp}		
Output power	—	—	30.8	—	mW		
Interchannel isolation ⁶ (defined in Table 3-1)	217 Hz	—	110	—	dB		
	1 kHz	—	105	—	dB		
	20 kHz	—	90	—	dB		
HPOUTx; R _L = 16 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 00 Volume = 0 dB, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	A-weighted	113	119	—	dB
			Unweighted	110	116	—	dB
		16-bit	A-weighted	89	95	—	dB
			Unweighted	86	92	—	dB
	THD+N (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–100	–94	dB
			–20 dB	—	–86	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–56	–50	dB
			0 dB	—	–94	–88	dB
		16-bit	–20 dB	—	–74	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–34	–28	dB
			0 dB	—	–100	–94	dB
		DSD	–20 dB	—	–86	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–56	–50	dB
			0 dB	—	—	—	dB
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit, DSD	—	0.55	—	μV		
Full-scale output voltage	—	1.34	1.41	1.48	V _{pp}		
Output power	—	—	15.6	—	mW		
Interchannel isolation ⁶ (defined in Table 3-1)	217 Hz	—	105	—	dB		
	1 kHz	—	100	—	dB		
	20 kHz	—	85	—	dB		
Other characteristics for HPOUTx	Interchannel gain mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±0.1	—	dB
	Interchannel phase mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	±0.01	°
	Output offset voltage: Mute (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±50	±100	μV
	Gain drift (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±100	—	ppm/°C
	Load resistance (R _L)			16	—	—	Ω
	Load capacitance (C _L)			—	—	1	nF
	Turn-on time (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	12	ms
	Audio latency after RESET released ⁷			—	—	22	ms
	Click/pop during PDN_HP enable or disable			A-weighted	—	±50	±100

1. This table also applies to external VCP_FILTER supply mode: CS43131 power up procedure as described in Section 4.3.5; EXT_VCPFILTER=1; VCP_FILTER+ and VCP_FILTER- comply to Table 3-2 when EXT_VCPFILTER = 1; in this mode, HV_EN must be set to 1.
2. One LSB of triangular PDF dither is added to PCM data.
3. Referred to the typical full-scale voltage. Applies to all THD+N and dynamic range values in the table.
4. DSD performance may be limited by the source recording. 0 dB-SACD = 50% modulation index.
5. The volume must be configured as indicated to achieve specified output characteristics.
6. HP output test configuration. Symbolized component values are specified in the test conditions.



7. With I²C normal speed mode and 22.5792-MHz XTAL used as MCLK source, this specification is measured from reset released to when the audio signal appears on the output per power-up sequence listed in Section 5.13.1. PCM_SZC should be set to Immediate (PCM_SZC = 00) to hear audio at 20 ms after startup.

Table 3-6. Wideband Flatness Mode Analog Output Characteristics 1

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); G_{ND}A = G_{ND}CP = G_{ND}D = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with V_A = VCP = 1.8 V; V_L = V_D = 1.8 V; V_P = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–90 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0110 (LRCK = 192-kHz mode); P_{DN}_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

Wideband Flatness Mode Parameter 2,3				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
HPOUTx R _L = 600 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 0 HV_EN = 1, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range	24-bit, 32-bit	A-weighted	122	128	—	dB	
	THD+N (20 Hz–20 kHz, defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–112	–106	dB	
			–20 dB	—	–97	—	dB	
			–60 dB	—	–67	–61	dB	
	Idle channel noise	24-bit, 32-bit	(A-weighted)	—	0.69	—	μV	
	(defined in Table 3-1)							
Full-scale output voltage				4.66	4.90	5.14	V _{pp}	
Output power				—	5	—	mW	
Interchannel isolation (defined in Table 3-1)			217 Hz	—	120	—	dB	
			1 kHz	—	120	—	dB	
			20 kHz	—	110	—	dB	
HPOUTx R _L = 600 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 Volume = 0 dB +1dB_EN = 1 HV_EN = 1, unless otherwise specified	THD+N (20 Hz–20 kHz, defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–105	–99	dB	
	Full-scale output voltage				5.42	5.7	5.99	V _{pp}
	Output power				—	6.8	—	mW

Table 3-6. Wideband Flatness Mode Analog Output Characteristics ¹ (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–90 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0110 (LRCK = 192-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

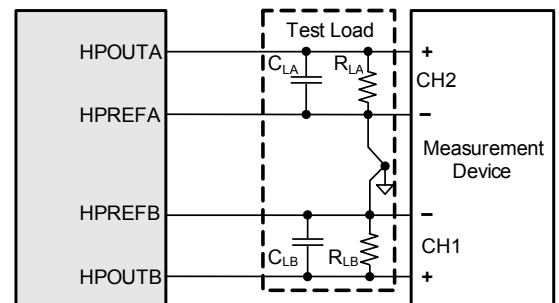
Wideband Flatness Mode Parameter ^{2,3}				Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUTx; R _L = 32 Ω C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 01 Volume = 0 dB HV_EN = 0, unless otherwise specified	Dynamic range	24-bit, 32-bit	A-weighted	117	123	—	dB
	Dynamic range (MCLK = 19.2 MHz, MCLK_SRC_SEL = 01, MCLK_INT = 1)	24-bit, 32-bit (DRE_EN = 1)	A-weighted	115	121	—	dB
			Unweighted	88	94	—	dB
		24-bit, 32-bit (DRE_EN = 0)	A-weighted	94	100	—	dB
			Unweighted	64	70	—	dB
	THD+N (20 Hz–20 kHz, defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–110	–104	dB
			–20 dB	—	–92	—	dB
			–60 dB	—	–62	–56	dB
	THD+N (20 Hz–90 kHz, defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit	0 dB	—	–89	–83	dB
			–20 dB	—	–78	—	dB
–60 dB			—	–38	–32	dB	
Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1)	24-bit, 32-bit		—	0.69	—	μV	
Full-scale output voltage			2.68	2.81	2.96	V _{pp}	
Output power			—	30.8	—	mW	
Interchannel isolation ⁴ (defined in Table 3-1)		217 Hz	—	110	—	dB	
		1 kHz	—	105	—	dB	
		20 kHz	—	90	—	dB	
Other characteristics for HPOUTx	Interchannel gain mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±0.1	—	dB
	Interchannel phase mismatch (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	±0.01	°
	Output offset voltage: Mute (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±50	±100	μV
	Gain drift (defined in Table 3-1)			—	±100	—	ppm/°C
	Load resistance (R _L)			6	—	—	Ω
	Load capacitance (C _L)			—	—	1	nF
	Turn-on time (defined in Table 3-1)			—	—	12	ms
	Click/pop during PDN_HP enable or disable	A-weighted		—	±50	±100	μV

1. This table also applies to external VCP_FILTER supply mode: CS43131 power up procedure is per description in Section 5.13.1; EXT_VCPFILTER = 1; VCP_FILTER+ and VCP_FILTER– comply to Table 3-2 when EXT_VCPFILTER = 1; in this mode, HV_EN must be set to 1.

2. One LSB of triangular PDF dither is added to PCM data.

3. Referred to the typical full-scale voltage. Applies to all THD+N and dynamic range values in the table.

4. HP output test configuration. Symbolized component values are specified in the test conditions.


Table 3-7. Headphone Load Measurement

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; TA = +25°C. MCLK_INT = 1, PDN_XTAL = 0, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz)

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency range	—	20	—	20k	Hz
Frequency resolution	—	—	5.94	—	Hz

Table 3-7. Headphone Load Measurement (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; TA = +25°C. MCLK_INT = 1, PDN_XTAL = 0, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency fXTAL = 22.5792 MHz)

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Low frequency impedance range	—	8	—	1200	Ω	
Relative impedance measurement capability ¹	—	-12 ²	—	+12	dB	
Impedance measurement accuracy ³	Gain error	—	-10	—	+10	%
	Offset	—	-1	—	1	Ω

1. Impedance measurement range is relative to low-frequency HP load impedance measured.
2. Or 4 Ω, whichever is greater.
3. Accuracy is referred to reported impedance.

Table 3-8. Alternate Headphone Path

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = 1.8 V, VA = 0 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; RL = 32 Ω; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10, PDN_XTAL = 1.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
Switch on characteristics (PDN_HP = 1 HP_IN_EN = 1)	Signal range when switch on ¹	V _{INAI}	—	—	3.00	V _{pp}	
	THD+N with 32 Ω @ 2.82 V _{pp}	—	—	-103	—	dB	
	Interchannel isolation	217 Hz	—	104	110	—	dB
		1 kHz	—	—	105	—	dB
		20 kHz	—	—	90	—	dB
HPINx turn-on time ²	EXT_VCPFILTER = 1 EXT_VCPFILTER = 0	t _{HPIN_ON}	—	—	80 1.1	μs ms	
Switch off characteristics (PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 0)	Analog signal range when switched off ^{3,4}	V _{INOFF}	—	—	0.3	V _p	
	Turn-off time ⁵	t _{HPIN_OFF}	—	—	20	μs	
	Off isolation ⁶	217 Hz	—	120	—	—	dB
		1 kHz	—	120	—	—	dB
20 kHz		—	100	—	—	dB	

1. When switch is on, maximally allowable voltage applied to HPINx pins.
2. HPINx turn-on time is measured when setting HP_IN_EN = 1. I²C ACK signal is received to when the signal appears on the HP out. MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00, PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1. For EXT_VCPFILTER = 1, VCP_FILTER± has been properly charged to expected nominal values.
3. When switch is off, maximally allowable voltage applied to HPINx pins.
4. Before switch off event, it is required HPINx signal is within this range before the switch is turned off. When the switch is in off state, HPINx signal cannot exceed this specified range.
5. HPINx turn-off time is measured when HP_IN_EN = 0 ACK signal is received to when the signal disappears from the HP out. This spec also applies when register settings are: MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00, PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1.
6. Off isolation specification is measured with V_{INOFF} = 0.1 V_p input.

Table 3-9. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (Fs) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by Fs. Single-Speed Mode refers to 32-, 44.1-, and 48-kHz sample rates. Double-Speed Mode refers to 88.2- and 96-kHz sample rates. Quad-Speed Mode refers to 176.4- and 192-kHz sample rates. Octuple-Speed Mode refers to 352.8- and 384-kHz sample rates. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of Fs; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
Fast Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) Single-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner	0	—	0.4535 ⁴	Fs
		to -3-dB corner	0	—	0.482	Fs
		attenuation @ Fs/2	8.44 ³	—	—	dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner ⁵	-0.01	—	+0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.547	—	—	Fs	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	110	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMP_LOWLATB = 1	—	39.5/Fs ⁷	—	s
Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	6.3/Fs ⁸	—	s	
Deemphasis error ⁹ (Relative to 1 kHz)	Fs = 44.1 kHz	—	—	±0.3	dB	

Table 3-9. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (F_s) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by F_s . Single-Speed Mode refers to 32-, 44.1-, and 48-kHz sample rates. Double-Speed Mode refers to 88.2- and 96-kHz sample rates. Quad-Speed Mode refers to 176.4- and 192-kHz sample rates. Octuple-Speed Mode refers to 352.8- and 384-kHz sample rates. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of F_s ; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

Parameter		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Fast Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) Double-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner attenuation @ $F_s/2$	0 0 7.77	— — —	0.227 0.48 —	F_s F_s dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner	-0.01	—	0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.583	—	—	F_s	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	80	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1	—	22.3/ F_s	—	s
	Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	7.5/ F_s	—	s
Fast Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) Quad-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner attenuation @ $F_s/2$	0 0 9.44	— — —	0.114 0.46 —	F_s F_s dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner	-0.01	—	0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.583	—	—	F_s	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	80	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1	—	20.7/ F_s	—	s
	Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	11.3/ F_s	—	s
Slow Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 1) Single-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner attenuation @ $F_s/2$	0 0 6.45 ¹⁰	— — —	0.417 0.482 —	F_s F_s dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner ⁵	-0.01	—	+0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.583	—	—	F_s	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	64	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1	—	34.5/ F_s ¹¹	—	s
	Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	5.6/ F_s ¹²	—	s
	Deemphasis error ⁹ (Relative to 1 kHz)	F_s = 44.1 kHz	—	—	±0.3	dB
Slow Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 1) Double-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner attenuation @ $F_s/2$	0 0 7	— — —	0.208 0.458 —	F_s F_s dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner	-0.01	—	0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.792	—	—	F_s	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	70	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1	—	22.3/ F_s	—	s
	Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	6.7/ F_s	—	s
Slow Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 1) Quad-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner attenuation @ $F_s/2$	0 0 7.00	— — —	0.104 0.43 —	F_s F_s dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corner	-0.01	—	0.01	dB	
	Stopband	0.792	—	—	F_s	
	Stopband attenuation ⁶	75	—	—	dB	
	Group delay (linear phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1	—	20.7/ F_s	—	s
	Group delay (minimum phase)	PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0	—	10.6/ F_s	—	s
Nonoversampling (NOS) (NOS = 1) Single-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner	0 0	— —	0.026 0.443	F_s F_s
	Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz	—	—	3.2 ¹³	dB	
	Group delay	—	2.7/ F_s	—	s	
Nonoversampling (NOS) (NOS = 1) Double-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner	0 0	— —	0.0246 0.446	F_s F_s
	Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz	—	—	0.73	dB	
	Group delay	—	4.5/ F_s	—	s	
Nonoversampling (NOS) (NOS = 1) Quad-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner to -3-dB corner	0 0	— —	0.026 0.405	F_s F_s
	Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz	—	—	0.17	dB	
	Group delay	—	8.4/ F_s	—	s	

Table 3-9. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (F_s) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by F_s . Single-Speed Mode refers to 32-, 44.1-, and 48-kHz sample rates. Double-Speed Mode refers to 88.2- and 96-kHz sample rates. Quad-Speed Mode refers to 176.4- and 192-kHz sample rates. Octuple-Speed Mode refers to 352.8- and 384-kHz sample rates. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of F_s ; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

Parameter		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Octuple-Speed Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.01-dB corner	0	—	0.0299	F_s
		to -3-dB corner	0	—	0.263	F_s
	Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz	—	—	0.04	dB	
	Group delay	—	17/ F_s	—	s	

1. Filter response is by design.
2. Response is clock-dependent and scales with F_s .
3. 8.5 dB for 32-kHz sample rate.
4. 0.454 F_s for 32-kHz sample rate.
5. Filter ripple specification is invalid with deemphasis enabled.
6. For Single-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 3 F_s .
For Double-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 3 F_s .
For Quad-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 1.34 F_s .
7. 39/ F_s for 32-kHz sample rate.
8. 5.9/ F_s for 32-kHz sample rate.
9. Deemphasis is available only in 44.1 kHz.
10. 6.5 dB for 32-kHz sample rate.
11. 34/ F_s for 32-kHz sample rate.
12. 5.2/ F_s for 32-kHz sample rate.
13. 3.9 dB for 32-kHz sample rate (passband droop 10 Hz to 15 kHz).

Table 3-10. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics (Wideband Flatness Mode)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (F_s) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by F_s . Wideband Flatness Mode refers to $F_s = 192$ kHz sample rates. PCM_WBF_EN = 1. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of F_s ; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

Parameter		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Wideband Flatness Mode ¹	Passband ²	to -0.003-dB corner	0	—	0.417	F_s
		to -3-dB corner	0	—	0.46	F_s
		attenuation @ $F_s/2$	3	—	—	dB
	Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.003-dB corner	-0.003	—	0.003	dB	
	Stopband	0.583	—	—	F_s	
Stopband attenuation ³	80	—	—	dB		
Group delay	—	20.7/ F_s	—	s		

1. Filter response is by design and may require calibration.
2. Response is clock-dependent and scales with F_s .
3. The measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 1.34 F_s .

Table 3-11. DAC High-Pass Filter (HPF) Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Gains are all set to 0 dB; $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Parameter ¹	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Passband ²	-0.05-dB corner	—	$0.195 \times 10^{-3}/N$	F_s
	-3.0-dB corner	—	$19.5 \times 10^{-6}/N$	F_s
Passband ripple ($0.417 \times 10^{-3}/N$ F_s to $0.417/N$ F_s ; normalized to $0.417/N$ F_s) ²	—	—	0.01	dB
Phase deviation @ $0.453 \times 10^{-3}/N$ F_s ²	—	2.45	—	°
Filter settling time ³	—	$24500 \times N / F_s^2$	—	s

1. Response scales with F_s in PCM Mode. Specifications are normalized to F_s and are denormalized by multiplying by F_s . For DSD Mode, F_s is 44.1 kHz.
2. For PCM Single-Speed Mode, $N = 1$.
For PCM Double-Speed Mode, $N = 2$.
For PCM Quad-Speed Mode, $N = 4$.
For PCM Octuple-Speed Mode, $N = 8$.
For DSD 64 x F_s Mode, $N = 1$.
For DSD 128 x F_s Mode, $N = 1$.
3. Required time for the magnitude of the DC component present at the output of the HPF to reach 5% of the applied DC signal.

Table 3-12. DSD Combined Digital and On-Chip Analog Filter Response ¹

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Digital gains are all set to 0 dB; $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$; $\text{PDN_XTAL} = 0$, $\text{MCLK_INT} = 1$, $\text{DSD_EN} = 1$, and $\text{MCLK_SRC_SEL} = 00$ (crystal frequency $f_{\text{XTAL}} = 22.5792$ MHz).

	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
DSD Mode	Passband to -3 -dB corner	—	50	—	kHz
	Frequency response 20 Hz to 20 kHz	-0.05	—	0.05	dB
	Roll-off	27	—	—	dB/Oct

1. Filter response is by design.

Table 3-13. Digital Interface Specifications and Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; $\text{GNDD} = \text{GNDCP} = \text{GNDA} = 0$ V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL and VP; typical performance data taken with $\text{VP} = 3.6$ V, $\text{VCP} = \text{VA} = 1.8$ V, $\text{VD} = 1.8$ V and $\text{VL} = 1.8$ V; min/max performance data taken with $\text{VP} = 3.6$ V, $\text{VCP} = \text{VA} = 1.8$ V, $\text{VD} = 1.8$ V and $\text{VL} = 1.8$ V; $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$; $C_L = 60$ pF.

Parameters ¹	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Input leakage current ^{2,3}	LRCK1, DSDB/LRCK2	—	± 4	μA
	SDIN1, SCLK1, DSDA/SDIN2, DSDCLK/SCLK2	—	± 3	μA
	SDA, SCL	—	± 100	nA
	INT, RESET	—	± 100	nA
Internal weak pull-down	—	550	2450	$\text{k}\Omega$
Input capacitance	—	—	10	pF
INT current sink ($V_{\text{OL}} = 0.3$ V maximum)	—	825	—	μA
VL Logic (non-I ² C)	High-level output voltage ($I_{\text{OH}} = -100$ μA)	V_{OH}	$0.9 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	Low-level output voltage	V_{OL}	$0.1 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	High-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$0.7 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	Low-level input voltage	V_{IL}	$0.3 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
VL Logic (I ² C only)	Hysteresis voltage (Fast Mode and Fast Mode Plus)	V_{HYS}	$0.05 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	Low-level output voltage	V_{OL}	$0.2 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	High-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$0.7 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
	Low-level input voltage	V_{IL}	$0.3 \cdot \text{VL}$	V
HP_DETECT ⁴	High-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$0.93 \cdot \text{VP}$	V
	Low-level input voltage	V_{IL}	2.0	V
HP_DETECT current to VCP_FILT ⁻ ⁴	$I_{\text{HP_DETECT}}$	1.00	2.91	μA
RESET pulse width low	—	1000	—	μs

1. See Table 1-1 for serial and control-port power rails.

2. Specification is per pin.

3. Includes current through internal pull-up or pull-down resistors on pin.

4. The HP_DETECT input circuit allows the HP_DETECT signal to be as low of a voltage as VCP_FILT⁻ and as high as VP. Section 4.5.1 provides configuration details.

Table 3-14. CLKOUT Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): $\text{GNDD} = \text{GNDCP} = \text{GNDA} = 0$ V; voltages are with respect to ground; $\text{VP} = 3.6$ V, $\text{VCP} = \text{VA} = 1.8$ V, $\text{VL} = \text{VD} = 1.8$ V; $C_L = 60$ pF; PLL reference input must meet the phase-noise mask specified in Fig. 4-15; $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$; Output jitter is measured from 100 Hz to half of the output frequency.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
CLKOUT output frequency	f_{CLKOUT}	2.8224	3	3.072	MHz
		5.6448	6	6.144	MHz
		7.5264	8	8.192	MHz
		11.2896	12	12.288	MHz
CLKOUT output duty cycle	—	40	50	60	%
CLKOUT output TIE jitter (RMS)	t_{JIT}	—	500	—	ps

Table 3-15. PLL Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): $\text{GNDD} = \text{GNDCP} = \text{GNDA} = 0$ V; voltages are with respect to ground; $\text{VP} = 3.6$ V, $\text{VCP} = \text{VA} = 1.8$ V, $\text{VL} = \text{VD} = 1.8$ V; PLL reference input must meet the phase-noise mask specified in Fig. 4-15; $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
PLL output frequency	f_{out}	22.5792	24	24.576	MHz
PLL lock time	t_{Lock}	—	620	1000	μs

Table 3-15. PLL Characteristics (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; PLL reference input must meet the phase-noise mask specified in Fig. 4-15; TA = +25°C.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
PLL reference clock input	—	—	11.2896	—	MHz
			22.5792	—	MHz
			12.2880	—	MHz
			24.5760	—	MHz
			9.6000	—	MHz
			19.2000	—	MHz
			12.0000	—	MHz
			24.0000	—	MHz
			13.0000	—	MHz
26.000	—	MHz			
PLL reference clock input jitter	—	—	—	50	ps

Table 3-16. Crystal Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; TA = +25°C

Parameters 1	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Crystal oscillator frequency	f _{XTAL}	22.57	22.5792/ 24.576	24.58	MHz
Crystal load capacitance	C _{L_XTAL}	5	—	8	pF
Equivalent series resistance	esr _{XTAL}	—	—	100	Ω
Startup time	t _{XTAL_pup}	—	—	6.5	ms
Shunt capacitance	C _O	—	—	0.8	pF
Maximum drive level	—	200	—	—	μW

1. Refer to Section 5.3 for supported crystal options.

Table 3-17. Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; input test signal held low (all zero data); GNDA = GNLD = GNDCP = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VL = VA = VD = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; When testing PSRR, PCM input test signal held low (all zero data); TA = +25°C; PCM_AMUTE = 0.

Parameter 1	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
HPOUTx PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VA supply PDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 0	217 Hz	—	75	dB
	1 kHz	—	75	dB
	20 kHz	—	70	dB
HPOUTx PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VCP supply PDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 0	217 Hz	—	80	dB
	1 kHz	—	80	dB
	20 kHz	—	60	dB
HPOUTx PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VP supply PDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 0	217 Hz	—	100	dB
	1 kHz	—	100	dB
	20 kHz	—	80	dB
HPOUTx (0-dB analog gain) PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VCP supply PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1, R _L = 32 Ω	217 Hz	—	80	dB
	1 kHz	—	80	dB
	20 kHz	—	60	dB
HPOUTx (0-dB analog gain) PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VP supply PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1, R _L = 32 Ω	217 Hz	—	100	dB
	1 kHz	—	100	dB
	20 kHz	—	80	dB

1. PSRR test configuration: Typical PSRR can vary by approximately 6 dB below the indicated values.

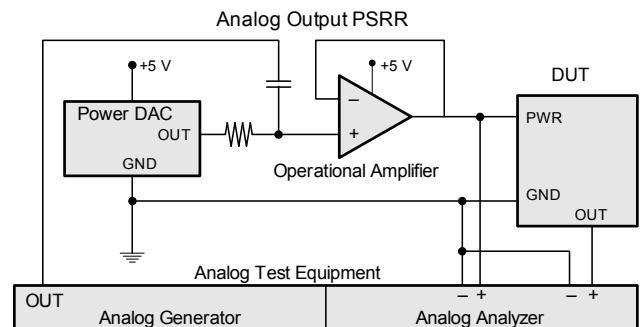


Table 3-18. DC Characteristics

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDD = GNDA = GNDPC = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.

Parameters		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
VCP_FILT (No load connected to HPOUTx) EXT_VCPFILT = 0	VP_LDO Mode	VCP_FILT+ pin (HV_EN = 1)	—	3.0	—	V
		VCP_FILT+ pin (HV_EN = 0)	—	2.6	—	V
		VCP_FILT– pin (HV_EN = 1)	—	–3.0	—	V
		VCP_FILT– pin (HV_EN = 0)	—	–2.6	—	V
	VCP Mode	VCP_FILT+ pin	—	VCP	—	V
VCP_FILT– pin		—	–VCP	—	V	
–VA	–VA pin	—	–VA	—	V	
Alternate headphone path switch-on characteristics PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1	On-resistance	—	0.4	—	Ω	
	r _{ON} matching between channels	—	0.05	—	Ω	
Other DC characteristics	FILT+ voltage	—	–0.35	—	V	
	FILT– voltage	—	0.35	—	V	
	HP output current limiter on threshold.	—	120	160	mA	
	VD power-on reset threshold (V _{POR})	Up Down	—	1.15 0.950	—	V V

Table 3-19. Power Consumption

 Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDA = GNDPC = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; performance data taken with VA = VCP = VD = VL = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; ASP_SPRATE = 0001(44.1-kHz mode); MCLK_INT = 1 (22.5792 MHz); MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00; +1dB_EN = 1; all other fields are set to defaults; no signal on any input; control port inactive; all serial ports are set to Slave or Master Mode as indicated, input clock/data are held low unless active; test load is R_L = 32 Ω and C_L = 1 nF for HPOUTx; measured values include currents consumed by the DAC and do not include current delivered to external loads unless specified otherwise (e.g., from HPOUTx outputs); see Fig. 2-1.

Use Cases	Typical Current (μA)						Total Power (μW)
	P _{OUT}	i _{VCP}	i _{VA}	i _{VD}	i _{VL}	i _{VP}	
1 Off ¹	—	0	0	0	0	6	11
2 Standby ²	—	0	0	256	0	32	576
3 A Playback External MCLK = 22.5792 MHz, I ² S/DoP C Stereo HPOUT	Quiescent ³	3808	7835	2786	0	28	26074
	0.1mW	12363	7862	2004	40	32	40199
4 Alternate HP path stereo HPIN enabled ⁴	Quiescent	32	0	186	0	65	625

- Off configuration: Clock/data lines held low; RESET = LOW; VA = VD = VL = 0 V, VCP = 0 V, VP = 3.6 V.
- Standby configuration: Clock/data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = VD = VL = 1.8 V, VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; HP_DETECT_CTRL = 11 (enabled); HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK=0 (unmasked); PDN_XTAL = 1, MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10 (RCO selected as MCLK source).
- Quiescent configuration: data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = 1.8 V, VD = VL = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V. Serial port, I²S/DoP Mode (ASP and SDIN, ASP_M/Sb = 0); PDN_XTAL = 1.
- Quiescent configuration: PDN_XTAL = 1; MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10 (RCO selected as MCLK source); alternate headphone path (PDN_HP = 1, HPOUT_CLAMP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1, HP_IN_LP = 1); data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = 1.8 V, VD = VL = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V.

Table 3-20. Serial-Port Interface Characteristics

 Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDA = GNDPC = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL; typical performance data taken with VL = VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; min/max performance data taken with VL = 1.8 V; VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; C_L = 60 pF; Logic 0 = ground, Logic 1 = VL; output timings are measured at V_{OL} and V_{OH} thresholds (see Table 3-13).

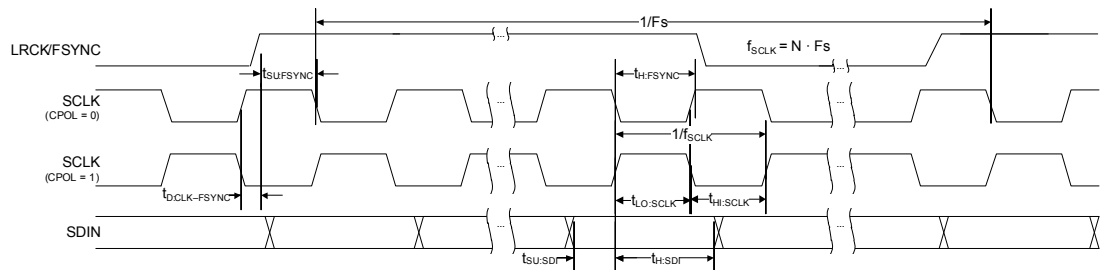
Parameters 1,2,3,4		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
FSYNC frame rate		F _s	(See Section 4.9.5)			kHz
FSYNC high period ⁵		t _{HI:FSYNC}	1/f _{SCLK}	—	(n–1)/f _{SCLK}	s
Master Mode	FSYNC duty cycle xSP_5050 = 1	—	45	—	55	%
	FSYNC delay time after SCLK launching edge ⁶	t _{D:CLK–FSYNC}	—	—	10	ns
	SCLK frequency	f _{SCLK}	—	—	f _{MCLK_INT}	MHz
	SCLK high period ⁷	t _{HI:SCLK}	1/(2•f _{SCLK}) – 1/f _{MCLK_INT}	—	1/(2•f _{SCLK}) + 1/f _{MCLK_INT}	ns
	SDIN setup time before SCLK latching edge ⁶	t _{SU:SDI}	—	—	—	ns
SDIN hold time after SCLK latching edge ⁶	t _{H:SDI}	—	5	—	ns	

Table 3-20. Serial-Port Interface Characteristics (Cont.)

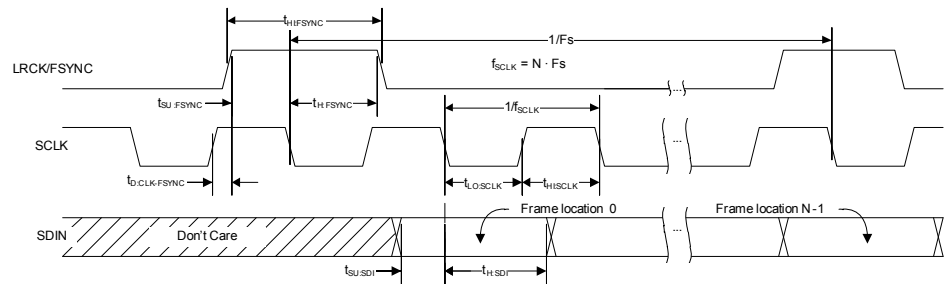
Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL; typical performance data taken with VL = VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; min/max performance data taken with VL = 1.8 V; VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; CL = 60 pF; Logic 0 = ground, Logic 1 = VL; output timings are measured at VOL and VOH thresholds (see Table 3-13).

Parameters 1,2,3,4		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Slave Mode	FSYNC setup time before SCLK latching edge ⁶	t _{SU:FSYNC}	10	—	—	ns
	FSYNC hold time after SCLK latching edge ⁶	t _{H:FSYNC}	5	—	—	ns
	SCLK frequency	f _{SCLK}	—	—	24.58	MHz
	SCLK high period	t _{HI:SCLK}	16	—	—	ns
	SCLK low period	t _{LO:SCLK}	16	—	—	ns
	SDIN setup time before SCLK latching edge ⁸	t _{SU:SDI}	10	—	—	ns
	SDIN hold time after SCLK latching edge ⁶	t _{H:SDI}	5	—	—	ns

1. Output clock frequencies follow the internal master clock (MCLK_INT) frequency proportionally. Any deviation of the clock source from the nominal supported rates are directly imparted to the output clock rate by the same factor (e.g., +100-ppm offset in the frequency of MCLK_INT becomes a +100-ppm offset in LRCK/FSYNC and SCLK).

2. I²S interface timing

3. TDM interface timing

(shown with xSP_FSD = 010, xSP_LCHI = 1)



4. Applies to Master and Slave Modes, unless specified otherwise.

5. Maximum LRCK duty cycle is equal to frame length, in SCLK periods, minus 1. Maximum duty cycle occurs when LRCK high (xSP_LCHI) is set to 768 SCLK periods and LRCK period (xSP_LCPR) is set to 769 SCLK periods.

6. Data may be latched/launched on either the rising or falling edge of SCLK.

7. SCLK duty cycle in Master Mode depends on Master Mode clock configuration, and can vary by up to 1 MCLK_INT period.

8. Data is latched/launched on the rising or falling edge of SCLK as determined by xSP_SCPOL_OUT, xSP_SCPOL_IN, and xSP_FSD bits. See the SCLK launching specs in Table 3-20.

Table 3-21. DSD Switching Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43131 connections; GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL; typical performance data taken with VL = VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; min/max performance data taken with VL = 1.8 V; VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; CL = 60 pF; Logic 0 = ground, Logic 1 = VL; output timings are measured at VOL and VOH thresholds (see Table 3-13).

Parameter 1,2	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
DSDCLK duty cycle	—	40	—	60	%
DSDCLK pulse width low	t _{SCLKL}	40	—	—	ns
DSDCLK pulse width high	t _{SCLKH}	40	—	—	ns
DSDCLK frequency	—	1.024 2.048 4.096	2.8224 5.6448 11.2897	f _{MCLK_INT/8} f _{MCLK_INT/4} f _{MCLK_INT/2}	MHz MHz MHz
DSDA/DSDB valid to DSDCLK rising setup time	t _{SDLRS}	10	—	—	ns
DSDCLK rising to DSDA or DSDB hold time	t _{SDH}	10	—	—	ns
DSD clock to data transition (Phase Modulation Mode)	t _{DPM}	—20 —10	—	20 10	ns ns