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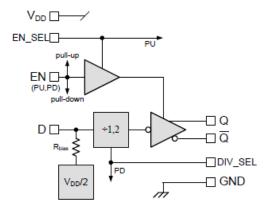




FEATURES

- LVPECL Outputs Optimized for Very Low Phase Noise (-165dBc/Hz)
- > Up to 800MHz Bandwidth
- Selectable ÷1, ÷2 Output
- Selectable Enable Logic
- > 3.0V to 3.6V Operation
- RoHS Compliant Pb Free Packages

BLOCK DIAGRAM



DESCRIPTION

The CTSLV353 is a sine wave/CMOS to LVPECL buffer/translator optimized for very low phase noise (-165dBc/Hz). It is particularly useful in converting crystal or SAW based oscillators into LVPECL outputs for up 800MHz of bandwidth. For greater bandwidth, refer to the <u>CTSLV363</u>.

The CTSLV353 is one of a family of parts that provide options of fixed ÷1, fixed ÷2 and selectable ÷1, ÷2 modes as well as active high enable or active low enable to oscillator designers. Refer to Table 1 for the comparison of parts within the CTSLV35x and CTSLV363 family.

ENGINEERING NOTES

Functionality

Table 1 details the differences between the family parts to assist designers in selecting the optimal part for their design.

Table 2 lists the specific CTSLV353 functional operation.

Figure 1 plots the S-parameters of the D input.

Part Number	Divide Ratio	EN Logic	EN Pull-Up / Pull-Down	Bandwidth
CTSLV351	÷1	active HIGH	Pull-up	> 800MHz
CTSLV353	Selectable ÷1 or ÷2	selectable	selectable	> 800MHz
CTSLV363	Selectable ÷1 or ÷2	selectable	selectable	≥ 1GHz

Table 1



	Inputs			Outputs	
Part Number	EN_SEL	EN	D	Q	`Q
CTSLV353	High, NC	Low, NC	Low	Low	High
			High	High	Low
		High	Х	Z	Z
	Low	High, NC High High Lo	Low	Low	High
			High	High	Low
			Z		
	DIV_SEL			Divide Ratio	
	Low, NC			÷1	
	High			÷2	

Table 2 - CTSLV353 Functional Operation, +1 mode

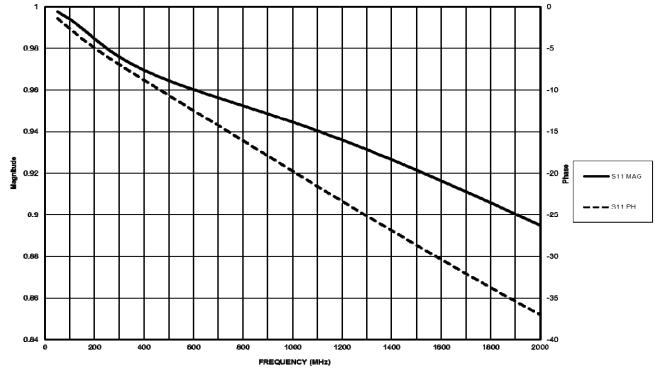


Figure 1 - S11, Parameters, D Input



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Input Termination

The D input bias is $V_{DD}/2$ fed through an internal $10k\Omega$ resistor. For clock applications, an input signal of at least 750mV_{PP} ensures the CTSLV353 meets AC specifications. The input should also be AC coupled to maintain a 50% duty cycle on the outputs. The input can be driven to any voltage between 0V and V_{DD} without damage or waveform degradation.

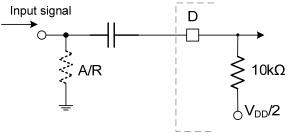


Figure 2 - Input Termination

Output Termination Techniques

The LVPECL compatible output stage of the CTSLV353 uses a current drive topology to maximize switching speed as illustrated below in Figure 3. Two current source PMOS transistors (M1-M2) feed the output pins. M5 is an NMOS current source which is switched by M3 and M4. When M4 is on, M5 takes current from M2. This produces an output current of 5.1mA (low output state). M3 is off, and the entire 21.1mA flows through the output pin. The associated output voltage swings match LVPECL levels when external 50 Ω resistors terminate the outputs.

Both Q and \overline{Q} should always be terminated identically to avoid waveform distortion and circulating current caused by unsymmetrical loads. This rule should be followed even if only one output is in use.

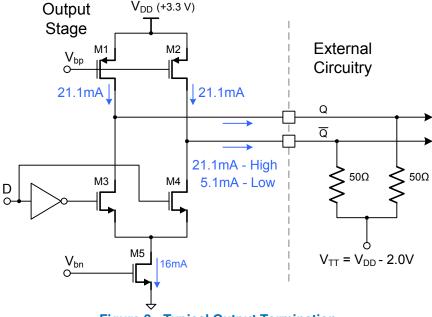


Figure 3 - Typical Output Termination



CTSLV353 Low Phase Noise LVPECL Buffer and Translator QFN8, SON8

Dual Supply LVPECL Output Termination

The standard LVPECL loads are a pair of 50Ω resistors connected between the outputs and V_{DD}-2.0V (Figure 3). The resistors provide both the DC and the AC loads, assuming 50Ω interconnect. If an additional supply is available within the application, a four resistor termination configuration is possible (Figure 4).

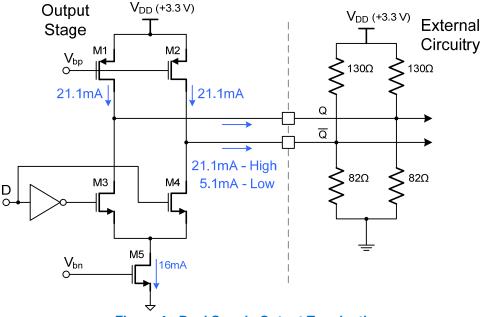
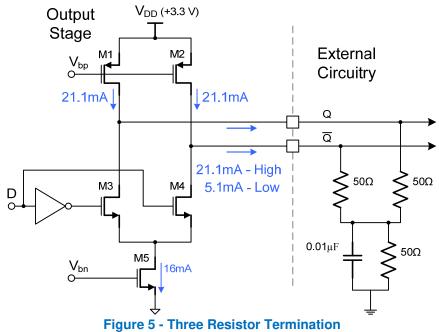


Figure 4 - Dual Supply Output Termination

Three Resistor Termination

Another termination variant eliminates the need for the additional supply (Figure 5). Alternately three resistors and one capacitor accomplish the same termination and reduce power consumption.



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Evaluation Board (EBP53)

CTS's evaluation board, EBP53, provides the most convenient way to test and prototype CTSLV353 series circuits. Built for the CTSLV353QG 1.5x1.0mm package, it is designed to support both dual and single supply operation. Dual supply operation (V_{DD} =+2.0V, V_{SS} =-1.3V) enables direct coupling to 50 Ω time domain test equipment (Figure 6).

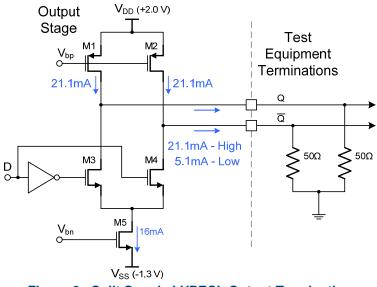
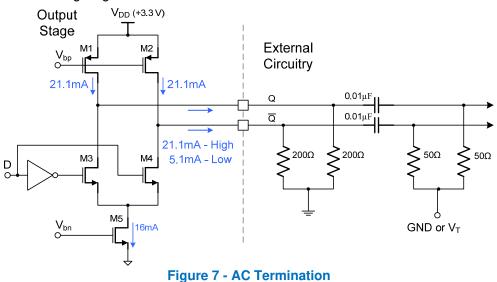


Figure 6 - Split Supply LVPECL Output Termination

AC Termination

Clock applications or phase noise/frequency domain testing scenarios typically require AC coupling. Figure 7 below shows the AC coupling technique. The 200Ω resistors form the required DC loads, and the 50Ω resistors provide the AC termination. The parallel combination of the 200Ω and 50Ω resistors results in a net 40Ω AC load termination. In many cases this will work well. If necessary, the 50Ω resistors can be increased to about 56Ω . Alternately, bias tees combined with current setting resistors will eliminate the lowered AC load impedance. The 50Ω resistors are typically connected to ground but can be connected to the bias level needed by the succeeding stage.





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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which device life may be impaired.

Symbol	Characteristic	Rating	Unit
V _{DD}	Power Supply	0 to +5.5	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
ESD _{HBM}	Human Body Model	2500	V
ESD _{MM}	Machine Model	200	V
ESD _{CDM}	Charged Device Model	2500	V

DC Characteristics

DC Characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.0V to 3.6V unless otherwise specified, T_A = -40°C to +85°C) Symbol Conditions Characteristic Min Тур Max Unit -40°C 2.05 2.415 Output HIGH Voltage¹ +25°C $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ 2.48 V V_{OH} 2.05 +85°C 2.05 2.54 -40°C 1.365 1.615 Output LOW Voltage¹ VOL +25°C $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ 1.43 1.68 V +85°C 1.49 1.74 Output Leakage Current, **EN=Disable** -10 10 I_7 μA Tri-state² EN SEL VIH High Level Input Voltage 2 V DIV SEL V VIL Low Level Input Voltage EN 0.8 2.2 I_{PU} Pull-up Current EN_SEL μΑ **Pull-down Current** -2.2 DIV_SEL I_{PD} μΑ Pull-up / Pull-down Current ±2.2 I_{P} EN μA D Input to Internal $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{BIAS}}$ **Bias Resistor** 10k Ω V_{DD}/2 Reference **Power Supply Current** 22 35 mΑ I_{DD} Power Supply Current -D Input $\leq V_{IL}$

 1 Specified with outputs terminated through 50 Ω resistors to V_{DD} -2V or Thevenin equivalent.

² Measured at Q / \overline{Q} pins.

Outputs Tri-state¹

DDZ



EN=Disable

8

mΑ

AC Characteristics AC Characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.0V to 3.6V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

AC Specifications guaranteed by design Symbol **Characteristic** Min Тур Max Unit Output Rise/Fall^{1, 2} t_r / t_f 80 250 ps (20% - 80%) Maximum Input Frequency - Sine wave² ÷1 800 MHz \mathbf{f}_{MAX} ÷2 1300 Maximum Recommended Input Signal VINMAX V_{DD} V_{PP} VINMIN Minimum Recommended Input Signal 0.2 V_{PP} 938 **Propagation Delay** 1614 t_{PLH} ps **Propagation Delay** 938 1614 t_{PHL} ps RMS Jitter: 12kHz - 20MHz, 155MHz Center 36 fs Ĵrмs Freq Phase Noise^{1, 2} - 1MHz offset -165 dBc/Hz n_P

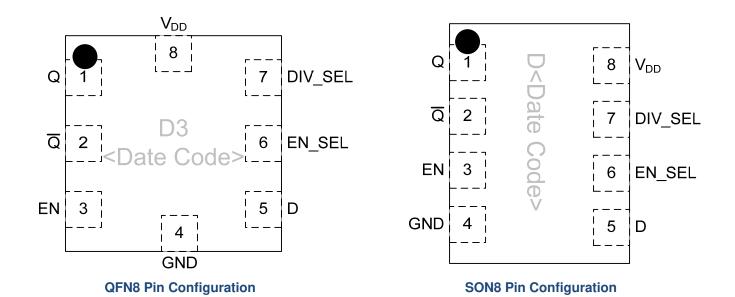
¹ Specified with outputs terminated through 50W resistors to V_{CC} -2V or Thevenin equivalent.

² 1.5 V_{P-P} sine wave input, AC coupled to D pin.



Pin Description and Configuration

Pin Assignments			
Pin	Name	Туре	Function
1	Q	Output	LVPECL Output
2	Q	Output	LVPECL Output
3	EN	Input	Enable
4	GND	Power	Negative Supply
5	D	Input	Sine or CMOS Input
6	EN_SEL	Input	Enable Select
7	DIV_SEL	Input	Divide Select
8	V _{DD}	Power	Positive Supply



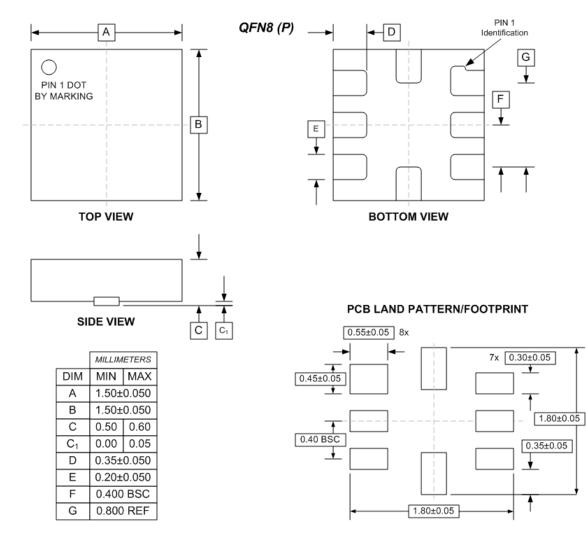
PART ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Marking
CTSLV353QG	QFN8	D3 / YW
CTSLV353PG	SON8	D YW

СТБ

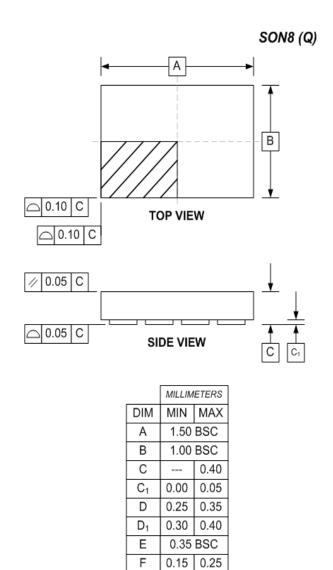
CTSLV353 Low Phase Noise LVPECL Buffer and Translator QFN8, SON8

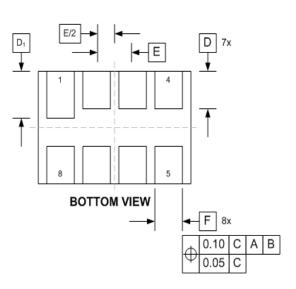
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





CTSLV353 Low Phase Noise LVPECL Buffer and Translator QFN8, SON8





PCB LAND PATTERN/FOOTPRINT

