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12 Output Buffer for 2 DDR and 3 SRAM DIMMS

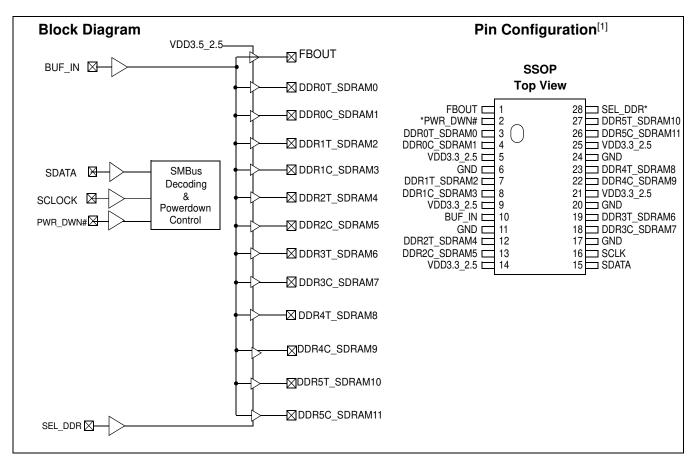
Features

- · One input to 12 output buffer/drivers
- Supports up to 2 DDR DIMMs or 3 SDRAM DIMMS
- · One additional output for feedback
- · SMBus interface for individual output control
- Low skew outputs (< 100 ps)
- Supports 266 MHz and 333 MHz DDR SDRAM
- · Dedicated pin for power management support
- · Space-saving 28-pin SSOP package

Functional Description

The W256 is a 3.3V/2.5V buffer designed to distribute high-speed clocks in PC applications. The part has 12 outputs. Designers can configure these outputs to support 3 unbuffered standard SDRAM DIMMs and 2 DDR DIMMs. The W256 can be used in conjunction with the W250-02 or similar clock synthesizer for the VIA Pro 266 chipset.

The W256 also includes an SMBus interface which can enable or disable each output clock. On power-up, all output clocks are enabled (internal pull-up).



Note:

1. Internal 100K pull-up resistors present on inputs marked with *. Design should not rely solely on internal pull-up resistor to set I/O pins HIGH.



Pin Summary

| Name | Pins | Description | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| SEL_DDR | 28 | Input to configure for DDR-ONLY mode or STANDARD SDRAM mode. 1 = DDR-ONLY mode. 0 = STANDARD SDRAM mode. When SEL_DDR is pulled HIGH or configured for DDR-ONLY mode, all the buffers will be configured as DDR outputs. Connect VDD3.3_2.5 to a 2.5V power supply in DDR-ONLY mode. When SEL_DDR is pulled LOW or configured for STANDARD SDRAM output, all the buffers will be configured as STANDARD SDRAM outputs. Connect VDD3.3_2.5 to a 3.3V power supply in STANDARD SDRAM mode. | | |
| SCLK | 16 | SMBus clock input. | | |
| SDATA | 15 | SMBus data input. | | |
| BUF_IN | 10 | Reference input from chipset . 2.5V input for DDR-ONLY mode; 3.3V input for STANDARD SDRAM mode. | | |
| FBOUT | 1 | Feedback clock for chipset. Output voltage depends on VDD3.3_2.5V. | | |
| PWR_DWN# | 2 | Active LOW input to enable Power Down mode; all outputs will be pulled LOW. | | |
| DDR[0:5]T_SDRAM [0,2,4,6,8,10] | 3, 7, 12, 19, 23, 27 | Clock outputs . These outputs provide copies of BUF_IN. Voltage swing depends on VDD3.3_2.5 power supply. | | |
| DDR[0:5]C_SDRAM [1,3,5,7,9, 11] | 4, 8, 13, 18, 22, 26 | Clock outputs. These outputs provide complementary copies of BUF_IN when SEL_DDR is active. These outputs provide copies of BUF_IN when SEL_DDR is inactive. Voltage swing depends on VDD3.3_2.5 power supply. | | |
| VDD3.3_2.5 | 5, 9, 14, 21, 25 | Connect to 2.5V power supply when W256 is configured for DDR-ONLY mode. Connect to 3.3V power supply, when W256 is configured for standard SDRAM mode. | | |
| GND | 6, 11, 17, 20, 24 | Ground. | | |



Serial Configuration Map

 The Serial bits will be read by the clock driver in the following order:

- Byte N Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
- Reserved and unused bits should be programmed to "0".
- SMBus Address for the W256 is:

Table 1.

| A6 | A 5 | A4 | А3 | A2 | A 1 | A0 | R/W |
|----|------------|----|----|----|------------|----|-----|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

Byte 6: Outputs Active/Inactive Register (1 = Active, 0 = Inactive), Default = Active

| Bit | Pin # | Description | Default |
|-------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Bit 7 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 0 |
| Bit 6 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 0 |
| Bit 5 | - | Reserved, drive to 0 | 0 |
| Bit 4 | 1 | FBOUT | 1 |
| Bit 3 | 27, 26 | DDR5T_SDRAM10, DDR5C_S- DRAM11 | 1 |
| Bit 2 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |
| Bit 1 | 23, 22 | DDR4T_SDRAM8, DDR4C_S- DRAM9 | 1 |
| Bit 0 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |

Byte 7: Outputs Active/Inactive Register (1 = Active, 0 = Inactive), Default = Active

| Bit | Pin# | Description | Default |
|-------|--------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Bit 7 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |
| Bit 6 | 19, 18 | DDR3T_SDRAM6, DDR3C_SDRAM7 | 1 |
| Bit 5 | 12, 13 | DDR2T_SDRAM4, DDR2C_SDRAM5 | 1 |
| Bit 4 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |
| Bit 3 | - | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |
| Bit 2 | 7, 8 | DDR1T_SDRAM2, DDR1C_SDRAM3 | 1 |
| Bit 1 | _ | Reserved, drive to 0 | 1 |
| Bit 0 | 3, 4 | DDR0T_SDRAM0, DDR0C_SDRAM1 | 1 |



Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage to Ground Potential......-0.5 to +7.0V DC Input Voltage (except BUF_IN).....-0.5V to V_{DD}+0.5 Storage Temperature.....-65°C to +150°C Static Discharge Voltage.....>2000V (per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Operating Conditions^[2]

| Parameter | Description | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|---|-------|------|-------|------|
| V _{DD3.3} | Supply Voltage | 3.135 | | 3.465 | V |
| V _{DD2.5} | Supply Voltage | 2.375 | | 2.625 | V |
| T _A | Operating Temperature (Ambient Temperature) | 0 | | 70 | °C |
| C _{OUT} | Output Capacitance | | 6 | | pF |
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance | | 5 | | pF |

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

| Parameter | Description | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------|
| V _{IL} | Input LOW Voltage | For all pins except SMBus | | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage | | 2.0 | | | V |
| I _{IL} | Input LOW Current | V _{IN} = 0V | | | 50 | μΑ |
| I _{IH} | Input HIGH Current | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ | | | 50 | μΑ |
| I _{OH} | Output HIGH Current | V _{DD} = 2.375V V _{OUT} = 1V | -18 | -32 | | mA |
| I _{OL} | Output LOW Current | V _{DD} = 2.375V V _{OUT} = 1.2V | 26 | 35 | | mA |
| V _{OL} | Output LOW Voltage ^[3] | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}, V_{DD} = 2.375 \text{V}$ | | | 0.6 | V |
| V _{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage ^[3] | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}, V_{DD} = 2.375 \text{ V}$ | 1.7 | | | V |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current ^[3] (DDR-Only mode) | Unloaded outputs, 133 MHz | | | 400 | mA |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current (DDR-Only mode) | Loaded outputs, 133 MHz | | | 500 | mA |
| I _{DDS} | Supply Current | PWR_DWN# = 0 | | | 100 | μΑ |
| V _{OUT} | Output Voltage Swing | See Test Circuity (Refer to Figure 1) | 0.7 | | V _{DD} + 0.6 | V |
| V _{OC} | Output Crossing Voltage | | (V _{DD} /2) -0.1 | V _{DD} /2 | (V _{DD} /2) +0.1 | V |
| IN _{DC} | Input Clock Duty Cycle | | 48 | | 52 | % |

Notes:

Switching Characteristics^[4]

| Parameter | Name | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|------|----------------------|------|
| _ | Operating Frequency | | 66 | | 180 | MHz |
| _ | Duty Cycle ^[4,5] = $t_2 \div t_1$ | Measured at 1.4V for 3.3V outputs Measured at VDD/2 for 2.5V outputs. | IN _{DC} -5% | | IN _{DC} +5% | % |
| t ₃ | SDRAM Rising Edge Rate ^[4] | Measured between 0.4V and 2.4V | 1.0 | | 2.50 | V/ns |
| t ₄ | SDRAM Falling Edge Rate ^[4] | Measured between 2.4V and 0.4V | 1.0 | | 2.50 | V/ns |

......Document #: 38-07256 Rev. *C Page 4 of 7

^{2.} Multiple Supplies: The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is NOT required.

^{3.} Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.

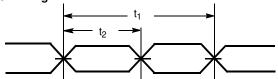


Switching Characteristics^[4]

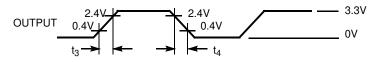
| Parameter | Name | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|
| t _{3d} | DDR Rising Edge Rate ^[4] | Measured between 20% to 80% of output (Refer to <i>Figure 1</i>) | 0.5 | | 1.50 | V/ns |
| t _{4d} | DDR Falling Edge Rate ^[4] | Measured between 20% to 80% of output (Refer to <i>Figure 1</i>) | 0.5 | | 1.50 | V/ns |
| t ₅ | Output to Output Skew ^[4] | All outputs equally loaded | | | 100 | ps |
| t ₆ | Output t4o Output Skew for SDRAM ^[2] | All outputs equally loaded | | | 150 | ps |
| t ₇ | SDRAM Buffer HH Prop. Delay ^[4] | Input edge greater than 1 V/ns | 5 | | 10 | ns |
| t ₈ | SDRAM Buffer LLProp. Delay ^[4] | Input edge greater than 1 V/ns | 5 | | 10 | ns |

Switching Waveforms

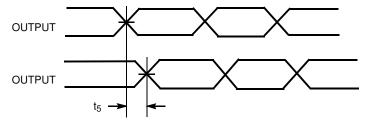
Duty Cycle Timing



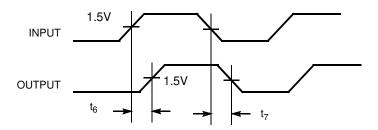
All Outputs Rise/Fall Time



Output-Output Skew



SDRAM Buffer HH and LL Propagation Delay



- All parameters specified with loaded outputs.
 Duty cycle of input clock is 50%. Rising and falling edge rate is greater than 1V/ns.

......Document #: 38-07256 Rev. *C Page 5 of 7



Figure 1 shows the differential clock directly terminated by a 120 Ω resistor.

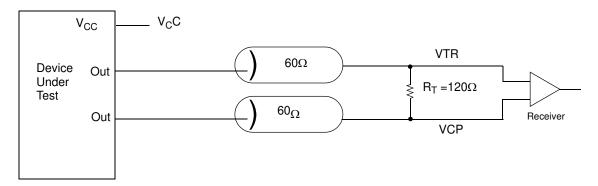
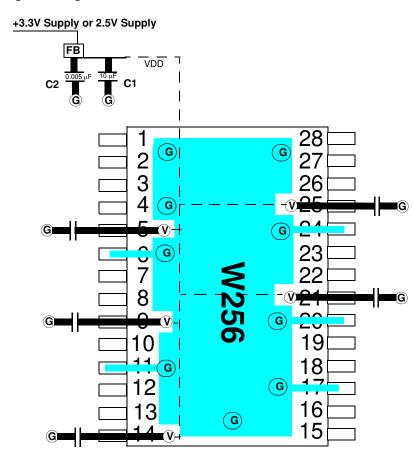


Figure 1. Differential Signal Using Direct Termination Resistor

Layout Example Single Voltage



FB = Dale ILB1206 – 300 (300 Ω @ 100 MHz)

Cermaic Caps C1 = 10–22 $\,\mu F$ C2 = 0.005 $\,\mu F$

 \bigcirc = VIA to GND plane layer \bigcirc = VIA to respective supply plane layer

Note: Each supply plane or strip should have a ferrite bead and capacitors All bypass caps = 0.1 μF ceramic

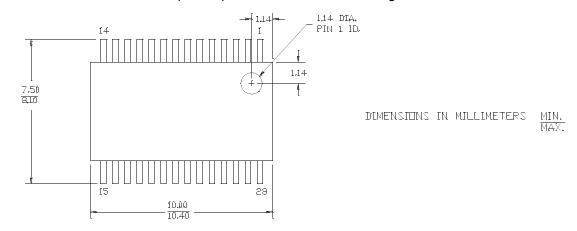


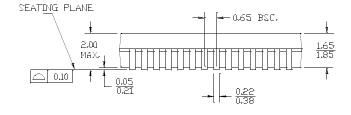
Ordering Information

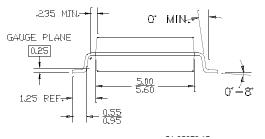
| Ordering Code | Package Type | Operating Range |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| W256H | 28-pin SSOP | Commercial |
| W256HT | 28-pin SSOP – Tape and Reel | Commercial |
| Lead Free | | • |
| CYW256OXC | 28-pin SSOP | Commercial |
| CYW256OXCT | 28-pin SSOP – Tape and Reel | Commercial |

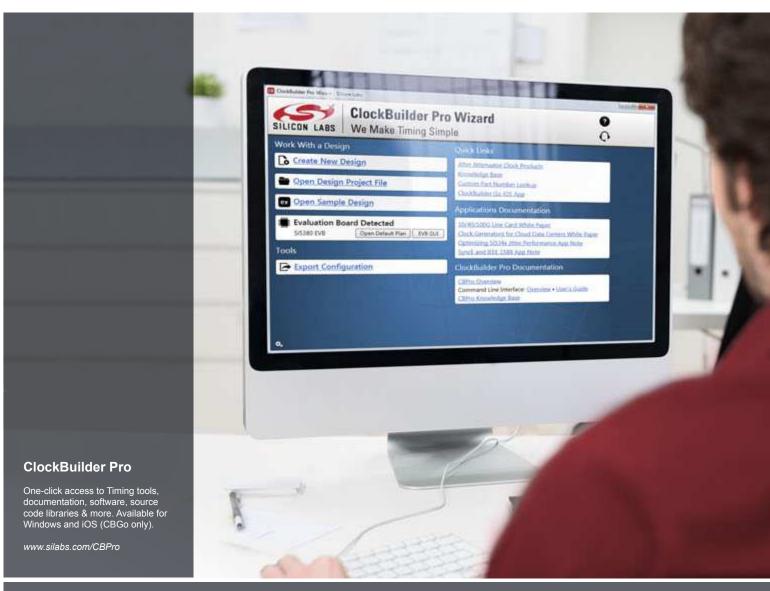
Package Drawings and Dimension

28-Lead (5.3 mm) Shrunk Small Outline Package O28

















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