



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



DESCRIPTION

WARNING!

Do not look directly at operating LED.

This circuit produces light that can damage eyes.

Demonstration circuit 1405 is a Triple Boost or Buck/Boost LED Driver featuring the LT3492. The LT3492 is a triple output DC/DC converter designed to operate as current sources for driving LEDs.

The board can be configured into either boost (default) or buck-boost mode. The current for each output is 61mA in either mode. The over-voltage protection is at 58V. For a typical application with a LED voltage of 3.6V, each boost circuit can drive around 15 LEDs. Applications with different input voltages and load combinations can be demonstrated on this circuit with some board modifications. Call the LTC applications group for support.

Each of the three regulators on the demo board is independently operated. The PWM dimming feature of

the LT3492 allows True Color PWM dimming with the dimming ratio of 3000:1. Additional analog dimming is done through adjusting the CTRL voltages.

Setting CTRL voltage to be less than 1V will set the current sense voltage to be one-tenth of CTRL voltage, therefore, reduce the LED current. The output current should not exceed the rated current of the LEDs used. The LED current thermal de-rating should be considered to protect the LEDs.

The LT3492 datasheet gives complete description of the part, operation and application information. The datasheet must be read in conjunction with this quick start guide for working on or modifying the demo circuit 1405.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

LT, LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY Specifications are at TA = 25°C

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
PV _{IN}	Power Input Supply*	Boost Mode, I _{LED} = 61mA, LED String Voltage = 48V.	8		40	V
V _{IN}	Chip Bias Input Supply**		4.5	5	5.5	V
I _Q	Quiescent Current at V _{IN}	Boost Mode, I _{LED} = 61mA, PV _{IN} =12V, V _{IN} =5V, LED String Voltage = 48V.		29		mA
V _{OVP}	Output Over-voltage Protection			58.7		V
I _{LED}	Output LED Current, per Channel		59	61	63	mA
F _{SW}	Switching Frequency		0.77	1	1.23	MHz
η	Conversion Efficiency	Boost Mode, I _{LED} = 61mA, PV _{IN} =12V, V _{IN} =5V, LED String Voltage = 48V.		85		%
PWM _D	PWM Dimming Ratio	PWM Frequency: 100Hz		3000:1		

* MIN and MAX PV_{IN} are determined by switch current limit, minimum/maximum duty cycle, output voltage, etc.

** V_{IN} of the demo board is limited by the choice of the input capacitor. The LT3496 input range is 3V-30V with transient protection to 40V. A lower V_{IN} helps to reduce the power dissipation in the chip.

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1405 is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LT3492. Refer to 0 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

1. Make sure JP4=ON. With power off, select boost or buck/boost mode. The default setting is for boost mode. If buck/boost mode is selected, also remove C2, C4, C6 and populate C1, C3, C5.
2. Connect an input power supply to V_{IN} and GND. To achieve highest efficiency, a low voltage supply, such as 5V, is recommended.
3. With power off, connect a second input power supply to PV_{IN} and GND.

4. Connect LED strings as shown in Figure 1.
5. If LED string n is not used, the PWM_n should be tied to GND.
6. Turn on PV_{IN} power supply.
7. Turn on V_{IN} power supply.
8. Check for the proper LED current and LED string voltage.

NOTE. If there is no output, turn off the power supplies. Check all connections.

9. To observe PWM dimming, turn off all power supplies. Connect the PWM_n to a pulse generator. Then repeat step 6 – 8.

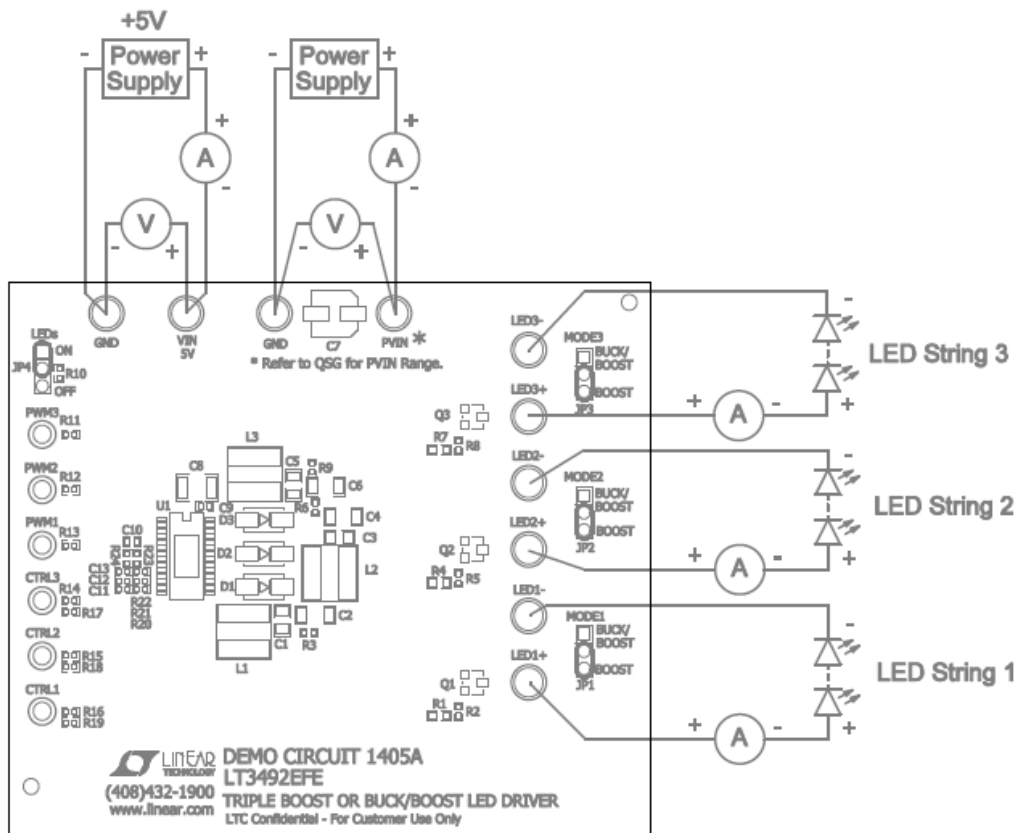


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup (LEDs on the High Side)

