

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China









SparkFun Blocks for Intel® Edison - GPIO Block

Introduction and Overview

The General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) Block breaks out the simple GPIO functionality of the Intel Edison. Using selectable level shifters, it is possible to use VSYS or 3.3v logic levels with this Block.



GPIO Block

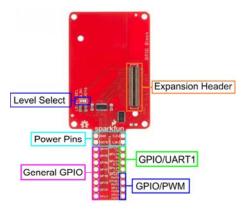
Suggested Reading

If you are unfamiliar with Blocks, take a look at the General Guide to Sparkfun Blocks for Intel Edison.

Other tutorials that may help you on your Edison adventure include:

- · Edison Getting Started Guide
- · Logic Levels

Board Overview



GPIO Block Functional Diagram

- Level Select Jumper selects GPIO reference voltage, Can be set to 3.3v or VSYS
- · Power Pins Raw access to power pins on Edison
 - GND Ground pin for all blocks and Edison
 - VSYS Raw input for Edison and all Blocks.
 - Normal output (with power blocks) 4.0V-4.1V.
 - You can power an Edison through this pin. Acceptable voltages 3.3V-4.5V
 - 1.8v 1.8v supplied by Edison internal power supply
 - 3.3v 3.3v supplied by Edison internal power supply
- · General GPIO Genaral use GPIO pins.
- GPIO/UART1 GPIO pins that can also be used as a second UART. (Useful for GPS receivers and other serial devices)
- GPIO/PWM GPIO pins capable of generating PWM waveforms. (Useful for LED dimming and Motor control)
- Expansion Header The 70-pin Expansion header breaks out the functionality of the Intel Edison. This header also passes signals and power throughout the stack. These function much like an Arduino Shield.

Using the GPIO Block

To use the GPIO Block, attach an Intel® Edison to the back of the board, or add it to your current stack. Blocks can be stacked without hardware, but it leaves the expansion connectors unprotected from mechanical stress.



GPIO Block Installed

We have a nice Hardware Pack available that gives enough hardware to secure three blocks and an Edison.

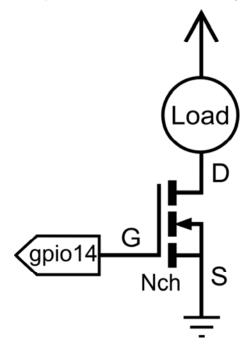


Intel Edison Hardware Pack

NOTE: The GPIO Block does not have console access or a voltage regulator. It is recommended to use a console communication block in conjunction with this block like ones found in the General Guide to Sparkfun Blocks for Intel Edison.

Using the GPIO Block as an output device

If you want to use the GPIO Block to control high power LED's or Relays, an external transistor or MOSFET will be required. It is possible to illuminate a small LED directly from the level shifter. It may not be as bright since the current output of the TXB0108 level converter is very low (~5ma).



Connection Diagram for Load (LED, Motor, or Relay)

In the terminal we will demonstrate how to activate and use a GPIO pin as an output.

First navigate to the GPIO directory on the Edison.

cd /sys/class/gpio

Select the GPIO pin to enable. In this case, we used GPIO 14.

```
echo 14 > export
```

Navigate to the newly created GPIO directory.

```
cd gpio14
```

If you type "Is", you should see a bunch of variables.

```
active_low direction power uevent device edge subsystem value
```

Let's set the "direction" of the port to output

```
echo out > direction
```

To confirm this, we will "cat" the value

```
cat direction
```

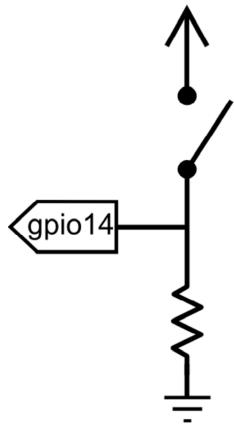
You should see the "out" in the command line. Now the device is configured as an output. "value" is where the status of the pin is set, 1 for high, 0 for low.

```
echo 1 > value
```

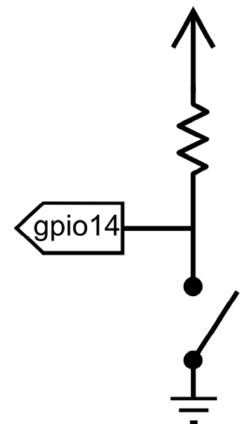
Testing with a multi-meter, small led, or oscilloscope, you should see a "high" status (3.3V) present on gpio14.

Using the GPIO Block as an input device.

If you want the GPIO Block to read switches, buttons, or other logic level inputs, you must pay attention to pull-up and pull-down resistors. The level converter on board is very weak. Here are two scenarios explained:



Connection Diagram for Active High Push Button



Connection Diagram for Active Low Push Button

In the terminal, we will demonstrate how to activate and use a GPIO pin as

an input configured as an active high.

First, navigate to the GPIO directory on the Edison.

```
cd /sys/class/gpio
```

Select the GPIO pin to enable. In this case let us use GPIO 14.

```
echo 14 > export
```

Navigate to the newly created GPIO directory.

```
cd gpio14
```

If you type "Is", you should see a bunch of variables.

```
active_low direction power uevent device edge subsystem value
```

Let's set the "direction" of the port to output.

```
echo in > direction
```

To confirm this, we will "cat" the value.

```
cat direction
```

You should see the "in" in the command line. Now the device is configured as an input. "value" is where the status of the pin is set, 1 for high, 0 for low.

```
cat value
```

With a button pressed, you should see a 1. When the button is not pressed you should see a 0. Using the up arrow, you can recall previously run commands.

Resources and Going Further

Now that you have had a brief overview of the GPIO Block, take a look at some of these other tutorials. These tutorials cover programming, Block stacking, and interfacing with the Intel Edison ecosystems.

Edison General Topics:

- · General Guide to Sparkfun Blocks for Intel Edison
- · Edison Getting Started Guide Programming with Arduino
- · Loading Debian (Ubilinix) on the Edison

Block Specific Topics:

- Logic Levels
- GPIO Block Github repo

Check out these other Edison related tutorials from SparkFun:

SparkFun Blocks for Intel®

Edison Getting Started

E	dison	- B	atte	ry Bl	ock
				- C 41	C 1

A quick overview of the features of the Battery Block.

Guide

An introduction to the Intel® Edison. Then a quick walk through on interacting with the console, connecting to WiFi, and doing...stuff.

Loading Debian (Ubilinux) on Installing libmraa on Ubilinux for Edison

libmraa is a tool kit for interacting with various Intel single board computers.

the Edison

How to load a Debian distribution (specifically Ubilinux) onto the Edison.