



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



PRODUCT : LCD MODULE

MODEL NO. : TSB1G7000-E

SUPPLIER : TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS LTD.

DATE : July 29, 2008



CERT. No. QAC0946535
(ISO9001)



CERT. No. HKG002005
(ISO14001)

SPECIFICATION

Revision: 1.0

TSB1G7000-E

This module uses ROHS material

If there is no special request from customer, TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS Co., Ltd will not reserve the tooling of the product under the following conditions:

1. There is no response from customer in two years after TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS Co., Ltd submit the samples;
2. There is no order in two years after the latest mass production.

And correlated data (include quality record) will be reserved one year more after tooling was discarded.

TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS LTD:

CUSTOMER:

Quality Assurance Department: _____

Approved by:

Technical Department: _____

Approved by:

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| WRITTEN BY | CHECKED BY | APPROVED BY |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| XT LIU | WU JIN KUN | LUO SHAN LIANG |

GENERAL INFORMATION

| Item | Contents | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| LCD type | FSTN | / |
| Viewing direction | 6:00 | O' Clock |
| Glass area (W × H) | 66.0 × 27.7 | mm ² |
| Viewing area (W×H) | 61.0 × 15.7 | mm ² |
| Dot size (W × H) | 0.55 × 0.60 | mm ² |
| Dot pitch (W × H) | 0.60 × 0.65 | mm ² |
| Driver IC | NT7603 | / |
| Interface Type | Parallel | / |
| Input voltage | 3.3 | V |

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Customer No. :

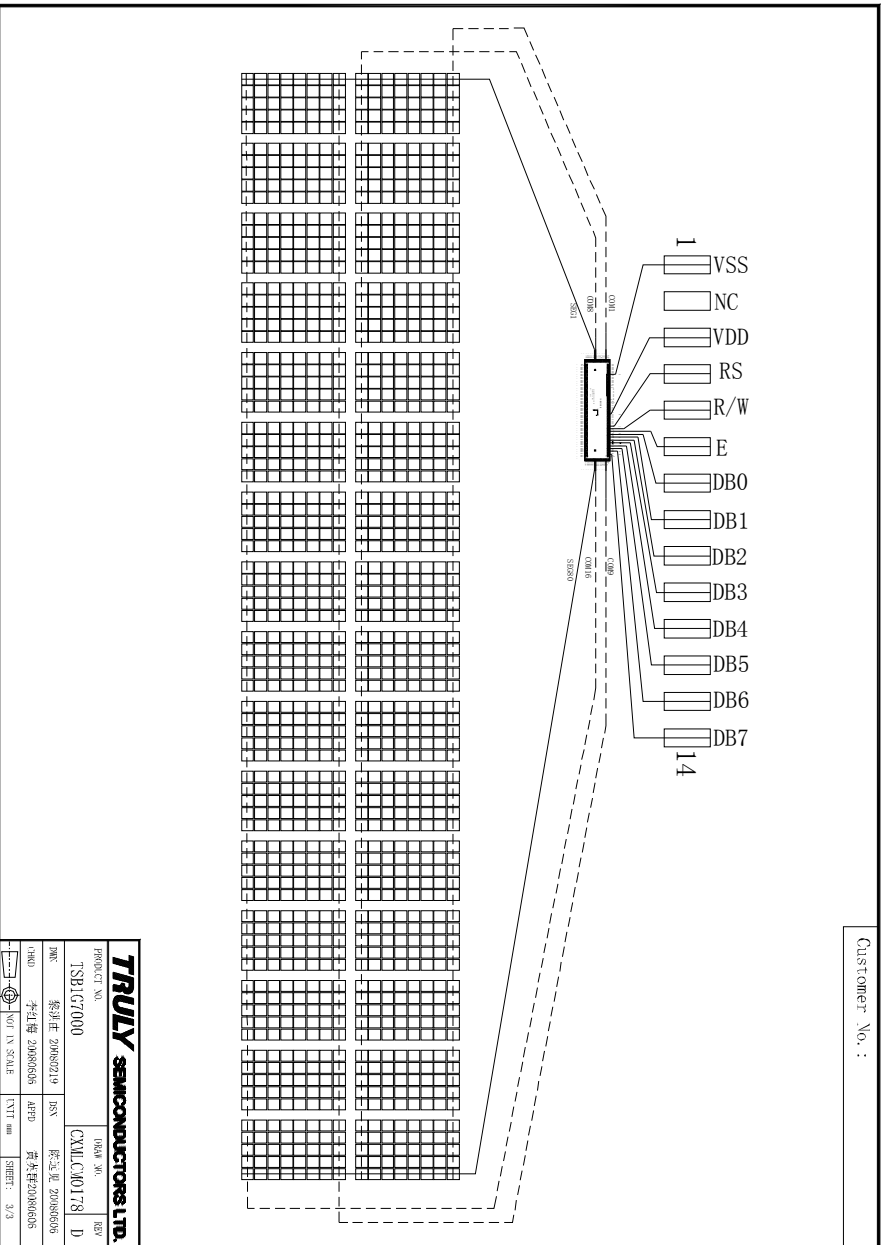
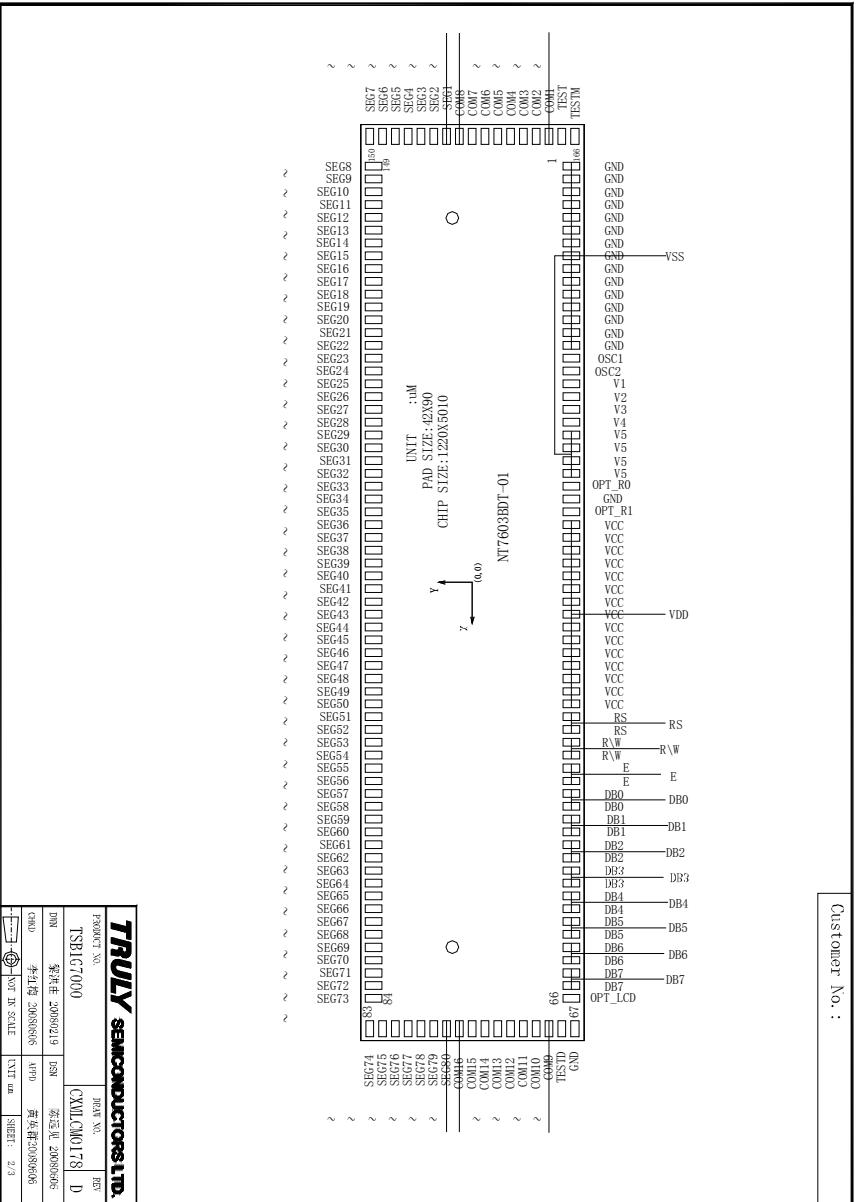
PIN DESCRIPTION

| | |
|----|-----|
| 1 | VSS |
| 2 | NC |
| 3 | VDD |
| 4 | RS |
| 5 | R/W |
| 6 | E |
| 7 | DB0 |
| 8 | DB1 |
| 9 | DB2 |
| 10 | DB3 |
| 11 | DB4 |
| 12 | DB5 |
| 13 | DB6 |
| 14 | DB7 |

NOTES:

1. DISPLAY TYPE :FSTN MODE
2. POLARIZER MODE: REFLECTIVE/POSITIVE
3. OPERATING TEMP: -10° C TO -60° C
4. STORAGE TEMP: -30° C TO +70° C
5. DRIVER IC: NT7603
6. ROHS COMPLIANT (环保材料)
7. PIN TYPE: W584070DK
GENERAL TOLERANCE: ±0.2MM

| CUSTOMER APPROVE | | AMEND | | 显示模块集成 | | TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS LTD. | | | |
|------------------|------------|-------|---------|----------|------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Mechanical | Electrical | NO. | CONTENT | DATE | 1/16 | DRIVE | PRODUCT NO. | DRAW NO. | REV |
| | | △ | IC 接线 | 20080630 | 1/5 | BIAS | TSB1G7000 | CXMLCM0178 | D |
| | | △ | 接口 | 20080529 | 12 | VDD | DRN 黎洪由 20080219 | DRN 蔡远见 20080606 | |
| | | △ | 接口 | 20080529 | 3.3 | VDD | CHKD 李红梅 20080606 | APPD 黄兴群 20080606 | |
| | | NO. | CONTENT | DATE | 6 | CLOCK | NOT IN SCALE | UNIT cm | SHEET: 1/3 |



■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| Supply voltage for logic | V _{DD} | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| Input voltage | V _{IN} | -0.3 | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Operating temperature | T _{OP} | -10 | 60 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T _{ST} | -30 | 70 | °C |
| Humidity | RH | | 90%(Max60°C) | RH |

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------------------|------|
| Supply voltage for logic | V _{DD} -V _{SS} | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | V |
| Input Current | I _{dd} | - | 0.6 | 1.5 | mA |
| Operating voltage for LCD | V _{OP} | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | V |
| Input voltage 'H' level | V _{IH} | 0.8V _{DD} | - | V _{DD} | V |
| Input voltage 'L' level | V _{IL} | -0.3 | - | 0.2V _{DD} | V |
| Output voltage 'H' level | V _{OH} | V _{DD} -0.6 | - | - | V |
| Output voltage 'L' level | V _{OL} | - | - | 0.6 | V |

■ TIMING OF POWER SUPPLY

PLEASE REFER TO THE DRIVER IC SPECIFICATION.

■ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Remark | Note |
|----------------|--------|------------------|------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|
| Response time | Tr+ Tf | θ=30° Ta=25°C | --- | 508.2 | 762.3 | ms | | 2 |
| Contrast ratio | Cr | | 5.35 | 10.7 | --- | --- | FIG4. | 1 |
| Reflectance | R% | | --- | 19.4 | --- | % | FIG4. | 4 |

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically : **Contrast Ratio** = $\frac{L_{MAX}}{L_0}$

Where

L_{MAX} :Luminance of maximal gray level

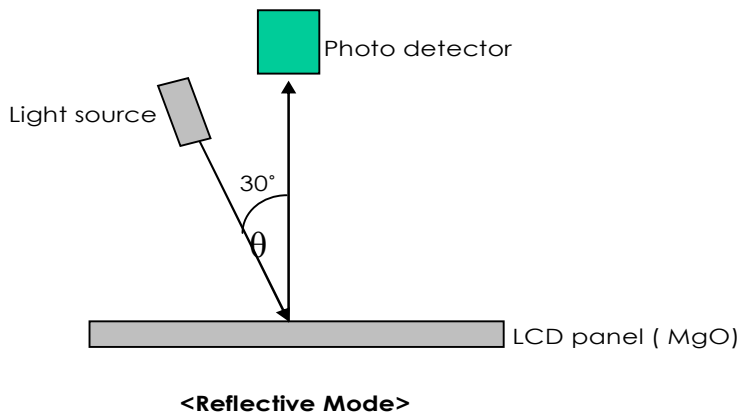
L_0 : Luminance of gray level 0

Note 2. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. series

Note 3. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x,y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5,and then make average value

Note4. For Reflectance and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity,CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

FIG. 4 Measuring method for optical characteristics in Reflective mode



■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

| Pin No. | Symbol | Level | Description |
|---------|--------|-------|--|
| 1 | VSS | 0V | Ground |
| 2 | NC | --- | No connection |
| 3 | VDD | +3.3V | Power supply |
| 4 | RS | H/L | Register select signal 0: Instruction register (write), Busy flag, address counter (read) 1: Data register (write, read) |
| 5 | R/W | H/L | Read/Write control signal 0: Write 1: Read |
| 6 | E | H/L | Read/Write start signal |
| 7 | DB0 | H/L | Lower 4 tri-state bi-directional data bus for transmitting data between MPU and NT7603. Not used during 4-bit operation. |
| 8 | DB1 | | |
| 9 | DB2 | | |
| 10 | DB3 | | |
| 11 | DB4 | H/L | Higher 4 tri-state bi-directional data bus for transmitting data between MPU and NT7603. DB7 is also used as a busy flag. |
| 12 | DB5 | | |
| 13 | DB6 | | |
| 14 | DB7 | | |

■ APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

■ INITIAL CODE

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

■ RELIABILITY TEST

| No. | Test Item | Test Condition | Inspection after test |
|-----|----------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | High Temperature Storage | 70±2°C/200 hours | Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room temperature, the sample shall be free from defects: 1.Air bubble in the LCD; 2.Sealleak; 3.Non-display; 4.missing segments; 5.Glass crack; 6.Current Idd is twice higher than initial value. |
| 2 | Low Temperature Storage | -30±2°C/200 hours | |
| 3 | High Temperature Operating | 60±2°C/200 hours | |
| 4 | Low Temperature Operating | -10±2°C/200 hours | |
| 5 | Temperature Cycle | -10±2°C~25~60±2°C × 10cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.) | |
| 6 | Damp Proof Test | 50°C ± 5°C × 90%RH/120 hours | |
| 7 | Vibration Test | Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm, X, Y, Z direction for total 3hours (Packing condition) | |
| 8 | Dropping test | Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, every side of carton. (Packing condition) | |
| 9 | ESD test | Voltage: ±4KV R: 330 Ω C: 150pF Air discharge, 5time | |

Remark:

1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
2. Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
3. For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance > 10MΩ) should be used.
4. In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
Using ionizer(an antistatic blower) is recommended at working area in order to reduce electro-static voltage.
When removing protection film from LCM panel, peel off the tag slowly(recommended more than one second) while blowing with ionizer toward the peeling face to minimize ESD which may damage electrical circuit.
5. EL evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has.
6. Please use automatic switch menu(or roll menu) testing mode when test operating mode.

■ INSPECTION CRITERION

| | |
|---|------------------|
| TRULY [®] OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD | PAGE 1 OF 7 |
| TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA | Mono COG Product |
| <p>This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Mono COG Product.</p> <p>1 sample plan</p> <p>Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1 : 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:</p> <p>Major defect: AQL 0.65</p> <p>Minor defect: AQL 1.5</p> <p>2. Inspection condition</p> <p>Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 800 lux(20W~40W) light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.</p> <p>3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.</p> <div data-bbox="491 1155 1015 1384" data-label="Diagram"></div> <p>Zone A: character/Digit area Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area) Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer`s product)</p> <p>Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.</p> <p>Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer`s product.</p> | |

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4. Major Defect

All functional defects such as open(or missing segment), short and serious cosmetic defects Are classified as major defects.

5. Minor Defect

Except the Major defects above, cosmetic defects such as spot, glass defect are classified as minor defects.

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|---|---|---|------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------|---|---|------------|-------------------------|---|---|---------------|---|---|-------|
| 5.1 | Spot defect (Defects in spot form, such as dark/white spot) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="424 853 651 976" rowspan="2">Zone Size(mm)</th> <th colspan="3" data-bbox="651 853 1134 913">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="651 913 810 976">A</th> <th data-bbox="810 913 959 976">B</th> <th data-bbox="959 913 1134 976">C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="424 976 651 1066">$\Phi \leq 0.15$</td> <td colspan="3" data-bbox="651 976 1134 1066">Acceptable(clustering of spot not allowed)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="424 1066 651 1133">$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$</td> <td data-bbox="651 1066 810 1133">1</td> <td data-bbox="810 1066 959 1133">2</td> <td data-bbox="959 1066 1134 1133" rowspan="3">Acceptable</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="424 1133 651 1200">$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td data-bbox="651 1133 810 1200">0</td> <td data-bbox="810 1133 959 1200">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="424 1200 651 1267">$\Phi > 0.25$</td> <td data-bbox="651 1200 810 1267">0</td> <td data-bbox="810 1200 959 1267">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="424 1323 1010 1406">Remarks: For dark/white spot, size Φ is defined as $\Phi = (X+Y) / 2$</p> <div data-bbox="756 1447 895 1615" style="text-align: center;"> </div> | Zone Size(mm) | Acceptable Qty | | | A | B | C | $\Phi \leq 0.15$ | Acceptable(clustering of spot not allowed) | | | $0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 1 | 2 | Acceptable | $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ | 0 | 1 | $\Phi > 0.25$ | 0 | 0 | Minor |
| Zone Size(mm) | Acceptable Qty | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi \leq 0.15$ | Acceptable(clustering of spot not allowed) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 1 | 2 | Acceptable | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ | 0 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi > 0.25$ | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| <p>TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA</p> | <p>Mono COG Product</p> |

5. Cosmetic Defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|---|---|--|----------------|--|-----------|----------|------|--|--|--|------|---|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---|-----------|---------------|---|--------------|----------------------|---|-----------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|------------|---|-------|
| 5.2 | Line defect (Defects in line form) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" data-bbox="453 622 831 680">Size(mm)</th> <th colspan="2" data-bbox="831 622 1134 680">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="453 680 608 763">L(Length)</th> <th data-bbox="608 680 831 763">W(Width)</th> <th colspan="2" data-bbox="831 680 1134 725">Zone</th> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <th data-bbox="831 725 1002 763">A、 B</th> <th data-bbox="1002 725 1134 763">C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="453 763 608 824">$L \leq 10.0$</td> <td data-bbox="608 763 831 824">$W \leq 0.01$</td> <td data-bbox="831 763 1002 824">Acceptable</td> <td data-bbox="1002 763 1134 1070" rowspan="4">Accep-ta-ble</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="453 824 608 884">$L \leq 3.0$</td> <td data-bbox="608 824 831 884">$W \leq 0.03$</td> <td data-bbox="831 824 1002 884">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="453 884 608 945">$L > 3.0$</td> <td data-bbox="608 884 831 945">$W \leq 0.03$</td> <td data-bbox="831 884 1002 945">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="453 945 608 1005">$L \leq 2.5$</td> <td data-bbox="608 945 831 1005">$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td> <td data-bbox="831 945 1002 1005">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="453 1005 608 1066">$L > 2.5$</td> <td data-bbox="608 1005 831 1066">$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td> <td data-bbox="831 1005 1002 1066">0</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td data-bbox="608 1066 831 1160">$W > 0.05$</td> <td data-bbox="831 1066 1134 1160">Counted as spot defect (follows item 5.1)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="453 1211 1134 1294">Remarks: The total of spot defect and line defect shall not exceed four.</p> | Size(mm) | | Acceptable Qty | | L(Length) | W(Width) | Zone | | | | A、 B | C | $L \leq 10.0$ | $W \leq 0.01$ | Acceptable | Accep-ta-ble | $L \leq 3.0$ | $W \leq 0.03$ | 2 | $L > 3.0$ | $W \leq 0.03$ | 0 | $L \leq 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | 2 | $L > 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | 0 | | | | $W > 0.05$ | Counted as spot defect (follows item 5.1) | Minor |
| Size(mm) | | Acceptable Qty | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L(Length) | W(Width) | Zone | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | A、 B | C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L \leq 10.0$ | $W \leq 0.01$ | Acceptable | Accep-ta-ble | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L \leq 3.0$ | $W \leq 0.03$ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L > 3.0$ | $W \leq 0.03$ | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L \leq 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L > 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | $W > 0.05$ | Counted as spot defect (follows item 5.1) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Orientation defect (such as misalignment of L.C) | Not allowed inside viewinw area(Zone A and Zone B) | Minor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.4 | Polarizer defect | <p>5.4.1 Polarizer Position</p> <p>(i) Shifting in position should not exceed the glass outline dimension.</p> <p>(ii) Incomplete covering of the viewing area due to shifting is not allowed.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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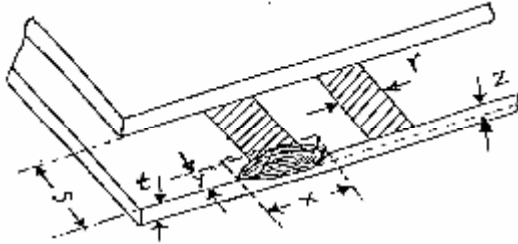
5. Cosmetic Defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|--|--|------|--|--|---|---|---|------------------|------------|--|------------|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|---|---|---------------|---|---|-------|
| 5.4 | Polarizer defect | <p>5.4.2 Seratches, bubble or dent on glass/polarizer/Reflector, bubble between polarizers & reflector/glass:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="3">Zize(mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="3">Zone</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.15$</td> <td colspan="2">Acceptable</td> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">Acceptable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.30$</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\Phi > 0.30$</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Zize(mm) | Acceptable Qty | | | Zone | | | A | B | C | $\Phi \leq 0.15$ | Acceptable | | Acceptable | $0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 3 | 5 | $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.30$ | 3 | 5 | $\Phi > 0.30$ | 0 | 0 | Minor |
| Zize(mm) | Acceptable Qty | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Zone | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi \leq 0.15$ | Acceptable | | Acceptable | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 3 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.30$ | 3 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi > 0.30$ | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.5 | Segment deformity | <p>5.5.1 Deformity (void or Excess)</p> <p>(i) void in segment Accept for $A \leq 0.10\text{mm}$</p> <p>(ii) Excess in segment Accept for $B < 0.02\text{mm}$</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>(iii) Thicker and Thinner</p> <p>Note: Permissible level</p> $ A-B \leq 0.10\text{mm}$ <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>Remarks: where d =segment width</p> | Minor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|---|------------------|
| TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA | Mono COG Product |
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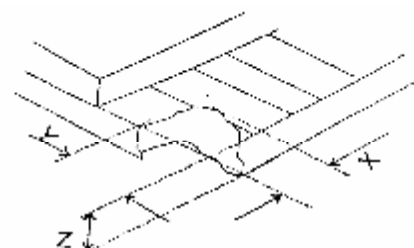
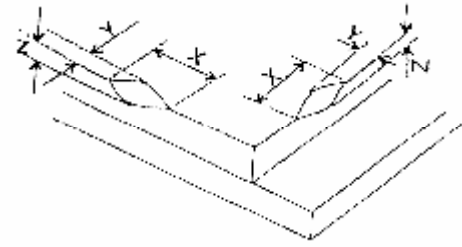
5. Cosmetic Defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|---|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|
| 5.5 | Segment deformity | <p>5.5.2 PIN Hole</p> <p>Acceptable if the following cases are fulfill: $0.1 \leq \Phi \leq 0.25$ mm acceptable MAX 5/PCS where $\Phi = 1/2(X+Y)$</p> | Minor | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.6 | Glass defect | <p>5.6.1 glass protrusion</p> <p>(i) Maximum protrusion of outline should not exceed the maximum outline dimension in product drawing.</p> | Major | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <p>5.6.2 Cracks on glass is not acceptable.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <p>5.6.3 Chipped glass definition:</p> <p>r=contact pad width s=contact pab length t=glass thickness x=width of chipped area y=length of chipped area z=depth of chipped area a=dimension of glass length</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>Fig. 2 glass chips on LCD.</p> <p>(i) Chips on contact pab(unit:mm)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">X</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Y</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Z</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>acceptable</td> <td>≤ 0.3</td> <td>$\leq t/2$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\leq a/8$</td> <td>≤ 0.8</td> <td>$\leq t$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\leq a/6$</td> <td>≤ 0.5</td> <td>$\leq t$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | X | Y | Z | acceptable | ≤ 0.3 | $\leq t/2$ | $\leq a/8$ | ≤ 0.8 | $\leq t$ | $\leq a/6$ | ≤ 0.5 |
| X | Y | Z | | | | | | | | | | | |
| acceptable | ≤ 0.3 | $\leq t/2$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\leq a/8$ | ≤ 0.8 | $\leq t$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\leq a/6$ | ≤ 0.5 | $\leq t$ | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| TRULY ® OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD | PAGE 6 OF 7 |
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| | |
|---|------------------|
| TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA | Mono COG Product |
|---|------------------|

5. Cosmetic Defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|---|---|------------|------------|---|---|---|---|------------|------------|-----|------------|------------|-----|------------|------------|---|-------|
| 5.6 | Glass defect | <p>(ii) Chips between top/bottom glass. Acceptable for chips not extend to seal part.</p> <p>(ii) chips inside viewing area:spot chips located inside viewing area should be treated as spot defect.</p> <p>(iii) Crack on corner</p>  <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Z</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">≤ 5.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\leq S/3$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">t</td> </tr> </table> <p>Notes: 1. Not to reach B zone 2. Target mark must be remained. 3. At least 2/3 of the electrode area should be remained .</p> <p>(iv) Usual surface cracks</p>  <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Z</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Acceptable</td> <td style="text-align: center;">≤ 0.3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">T/2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\leq A/6$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">≤ 1.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">T/2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\leq A/8$</td> <td style="text-align: center;">≤ 1.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">T</td> </tr> </table> <p>Notes: 1. Not to reach B zone 2. The total number of the glass defect should not be more than five.</p> | X | Y | Z | ≤ 5.0 | $\leq S/3$ | t | X | Y | Z | Acceptable | ≤ 0.3 | T/2 | $\leq A/6$ | ≤ 1.5 | T/2 | $\leq A/8$ | ≤ 1.0 | T | Minor |
| X | Y | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ≤ 5.0 | $\leq S/3$ | t | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X | Y | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acceptable | ≤ 0.3 | T/2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\leq A/6$ | ≤ 1.5 | T/2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\leq A/8$ | ≤ 1.0 | T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

Mono COG Product

5. Cosmetic Defect

| Item No | Items to be inspected | Inspection Standard | Classification of defects |
|---------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 5.7 | Distance between foreign | The distance between the foreign dot must exceed 30mm. | |
| 5.8 | Total number of dot | The total number of luminous dot, dart defect, contamination particle, bubble, scratch defect, pinhole must not exceed 4/piece. | |

■ PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Handling precaution for LCM

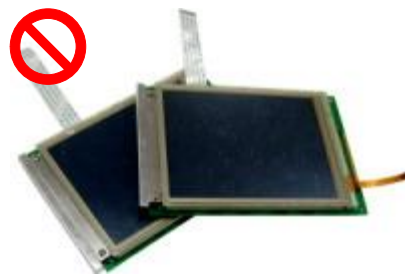
LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling.

Correct handling:

As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

Incorrect handling:

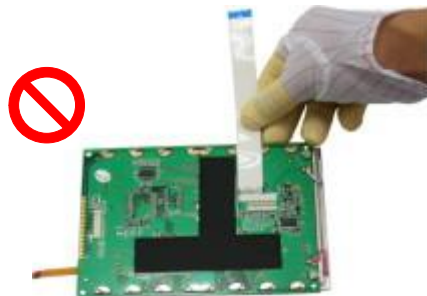
Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't stack LCM.



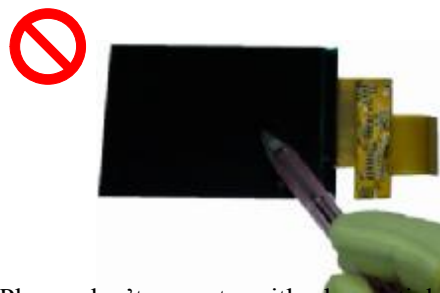
Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't hold the surface of IC.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped.

Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

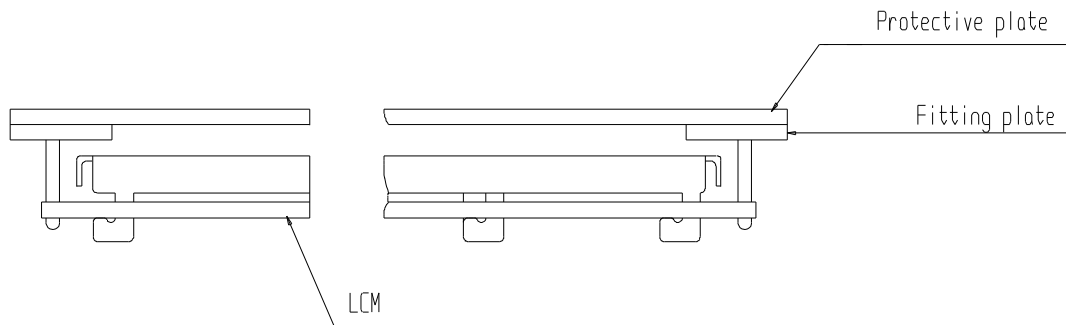
- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.

■ USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

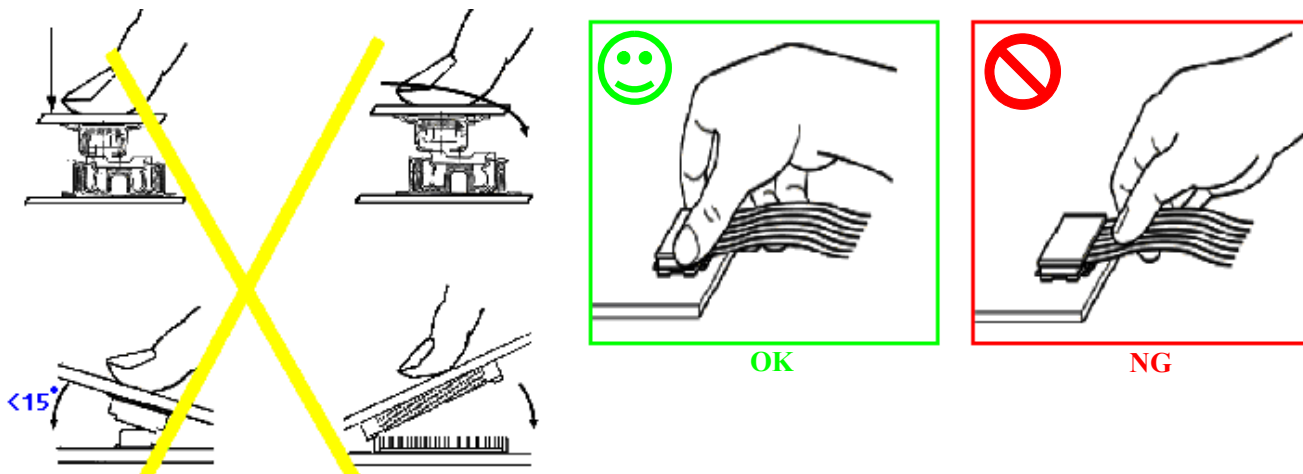
- (1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



- (2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering the LCM

| | Manual soldering | Machine drag soldering | Machine press soldering |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| No ROHS product | 290°C ~350°C. Time : 3-5S. | 330°C ~350°C. Speed : 4-8 mm/s. | 300°C ~330°C. Time : 3-6S. Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa |
| ROHS product | 340°C ~370°C. Time : 3-5S. | 350°C ~370°C. Time : 4-8 mm/s. | 330°C ~360°C. Time : 3-6S. Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa |

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input logic voltage before apply analog high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analog high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

Limited Warranty

Unless agreed between TRULY and customer, TRULY will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with TRULY LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to TRULY within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability of TRULY limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. TRULY will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

■ PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1.①For Truly standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.
- ②For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- 2.If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.

■ FACTORY

FACTORY NAME: TRULY SEMICONDUCTORS LTD.

FACTORY ADDRESS: Truly Industrial Area, ShanWei City,GuangDong,China

P.C: 516600 **URL:** <http://www.truly.com.hk> <http://www.trulysemi.com>