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ABRIDGED DATA SHEET MIXIM

8-Input, 14-Output, Dual DPLL Timing IC with Sub-ps Output Jitter and 1588 Clock

General Description

Features

The DS31408 is a flexible, high-performance timing IC for diverse frequency conversion and frequency synthesis applications. On each of its eight input clocks and fourteen output clocks, the device can accept or generate nearly any frequency between 2kHz and 750MHz. The device offers two independent DPLLs to serve two independent clock-generation paths. The input clocks are divided down, fractionally scaled as needed, and continuously monitored for activity and frequency accuracy. The best input clock is selected, manually or automatically, as the reference clock for each of the two flexible, high-performance digital PLLs. Each DPLL lock to the selected reference and provides programmable bandwidth, very high resolution holdover capability, and truly hitless switching between input clocks. The digital PLLs are followed by a clock synthesis subsystem that has seven fully programmable digital frequency synthesis blocks, three high-speed low-jitter APLLs, and 14 output clocks, each with its own 32-bit divider and phase adjustment. The APLLs provide fractional scaling and output jitter less than 1ps RMS. For telecom systems, the DS31408 has all required features and functions to serve as a central timing function or as a line card timing IC.

In addition the DS31408 has an embedded IEEE 1588 clock that can be steered by system software to follow a time master elsewhere in the system or elsewhere in the network. This clock has all necessary features to be the central time clock in a 1588 ordinary clock, boundary clock or transparent clock.

Applications

Frequency Conversion and IEEE1588 Time/Frequency Applications in a Wide Variety of Equipment Types

Telecom Line Cards or Timing Cards with Any Mix of SONET/SDH, Synchronous Ethernet and/or OTN Ports in WAN Equipment Including MSPPs, Ethernet Switches, Routers, DSLAMs, and Base Stations

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
DS31408GN	-40°C to +85°C	256 CSBGA
DS31408GN+	-40°C to +85°C	256 CSBGA

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

Eight Input Clocks

- ◆ Differential or CMOS/TTL Format
- ♦ Any Frequency from 2kHz to 750MHz
- ◆ Fractional Scaling for 64B/66B and FEC Scaling (e.g., 64/66, 237/255, 238/255) or Any Other Downscaling Requirement
- ◆ Continuous Input Clock Quality Monitoring

Two High-Performance DPLLs

- ♦ Hitless Reference Switching on Loss of Input
- ◆ Automatic or Manual Phase Build-Out
- ♦ Holdover on Loss of All Inputs
- ♦ Programmable Bandwidth, 0.5mHz to 400Hz

Seven Digital Frequency Synthesizers

- ◆ Each Can Slave to Either DPLL
- ◆ Produce Any 2kHz Multiple Up to 77.76MHz

Three Output APLLs

- ♦ Output Frequencies to 750MHz
- ♦ High Resolution Fractional Scaling for FEC and 64B/66B (e.g., 255/237, 255/238, 66/64) or Any Other Scaling Requirement
- ♦ Less than 1ps RMS Output Jitter
- ◆ Simultaneously Produce Three Low-Jitter Rates from the Same Reference (e.g., 622.08MHz for SONET, 255/237*622.08MHz for OTU2, and 156.25MHz for 10GE)

14 Output Clocks in Seven Groups

- ♦ Nearly Any Frequency from < 1Hz to 750MHz
- ◆ Each Group Slaves to a DFS Clock, Any APLL Clock, or Any Input Clock (Divided and Scaled)
- ◆ Each Has a Differential Output (3 CML, 4 LVDS/ LVPECL) and Separate CMOS/TTL Output
- ♦ 32-Bit Frequency Divider Per Output

IEEE 1588 Clock Features

- ◆ Steerable by Software with 2⁻⁸ns Time Resolution and 2⁻³²ns Frequency Resolution
- ◆ 4ns Input Timestamp Accuracy and Output Edge Placement Accuracy
- ◆ Programmable Clock and Time-Alignment I/O to Synchronize All 1588 Devices in Large Systems
- ◆ Supports 1588 OC, BC, and TC Architectures

General Features

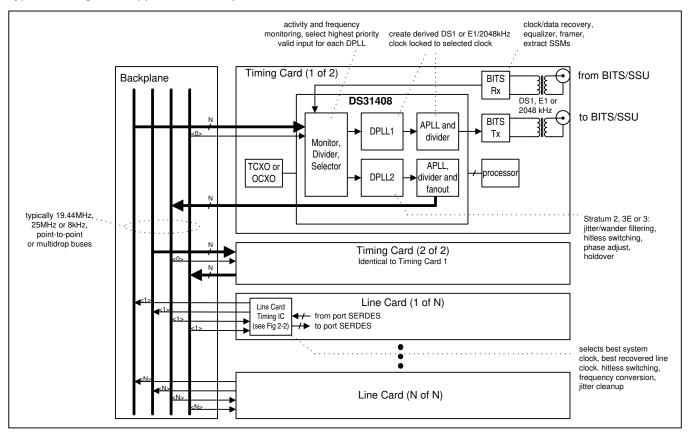
- ◆ Suitable Line Card IC or Timing Card IC for Stratum 2/3E/3/4E/4, SMC, SEC/EEC, or SSU
- ♦ Accepts and Produces Nearly Any Frequency from 1Hz Up to 750MHz
- ◆ Internal Compensation for Local Oscillator Frequency Error
- ◆ SPI™ Processor Interface
- ◆ 1.8V Operation with 3.3V I/O (5V Tolerant)

Maxim Integrated Products 1

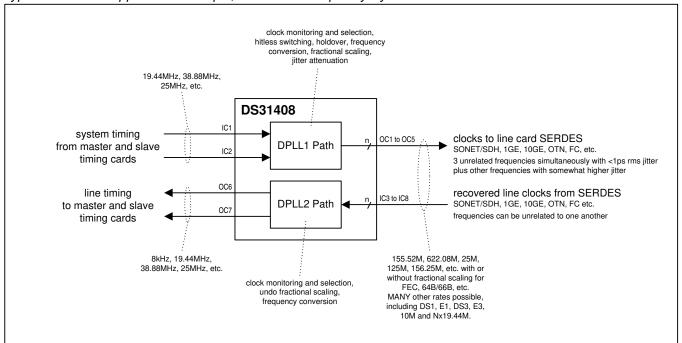
Some revisions of this device may incorporate deviations from published specifications known as errata. Multiple revisions of any device may be simultaneously available through various sales channels. For information about device errata, go to: www.maxim-ic.com/errata. For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

Application Examples

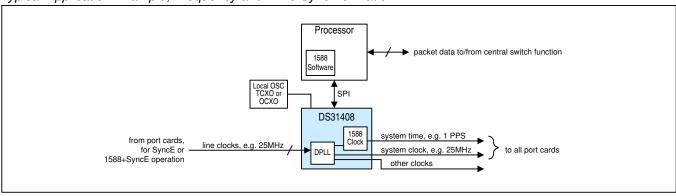
Typical Timing Card Application Example



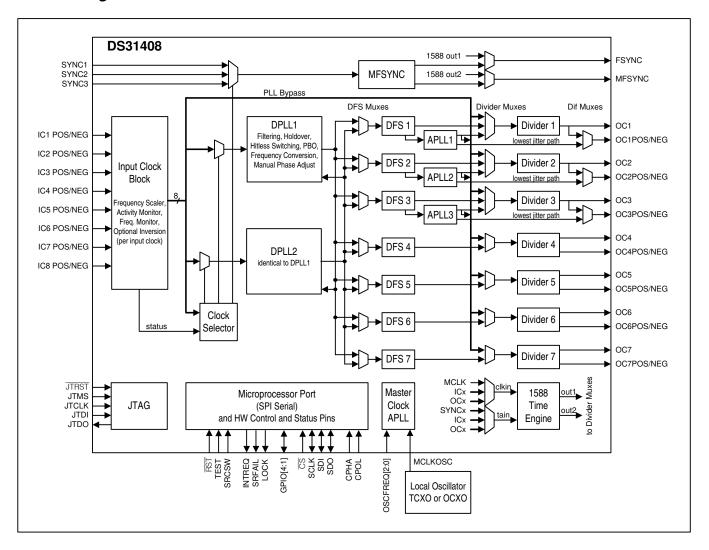
Typical Line Card Application Example, Traditional Frequency Synchronization



Typical Application Example, Frequency and Time Synchronization



Block Diagram



Detailed Features

Input Clock Features

- Eight input clocks, differential or CMOS/TTL signal format
- Input clocks can be any frequency from 2kHz up to 750MHz
- Supported telecom frequencies include PDH, SDH, Synchronous Ethernet, OTU-1, OTU-2, OTU-3
- Per-input fractional scaling (i.e., multiplying by N÷D where N is a 16-bit integer and D is a 32-bit integer and N < D) to undo 64B/66B and FEC scaling (e.g., 64/66, 238/255, 237/255, 236/255)
- Special mode allows locking to 1Hz input clocks
- All inputs constantly monitored by programmable activity monitors and frequency monitors
- Fast activity monitor can disqualify the selected reference after a few missing clock cycles
- Frequency measurement and frequency monitor thresholds with 0.2ppm resolution
- Three optional 2/4/8kHz frame-sync inputs

DPLL Features

- Very high-resolution DPLL architecture
- Sophisticated state machine automatically transitions between free-run, locked, and holdover states
- Revertive or nonrevertive reference selection algorithm
- Programmable bandwidth from 0.5mHz to 400Hz
- Separately configurable acquisition bandwidth and locked bandwidth
- Programmable damping factor to balance lock time with peaking: 1.2, 2.5, 5, 10, or 20
- Multiple phase detectors: phase/frequency and multicycle
- Phase/frequency locking (±360° capture) or nearest edge phase locking (±180° capture)
- Multicycle phase detection and locking (up to ±8191UI) improves jitter tolerance and lock time
- Phase build-out in response to reference switching for true hitless switching
- Less than 1 ns output clock phase transient during phase build-out
- Output phase adjustment up to ±200ns in 6ps steps with respect to selected input reference
- High-resolution frequency and phase measurement
- Holdover frequency averaging over 1-second, 5.8-minute, and 93.2-minute intervals
- Fast detection of input clock failure and transition to holdover mode
- Low-jitter frame sync (8kHz) and multiframe sync (2kHz) aligned with output clocks

Digital Frequency Synthesizer Features

- Seven independently programmable DFS blocks
- Each DFS can slave to either of the DPLLs
- Each DFS can synthesize any 2kHz multiple up to 77.76MHz
- Per-DFS phase adjust (1/256UI steps)
- Approximately 40ps RMS output jitter

Output APLL Features

- Simultaneously produce three high-frequency, low-jitter, rates from the same reference clock, e.g., 622.08MHz for SONET, 255/237*622.08MHz for OTU2, and156.25MHz for 10GE
- Standard telecom output frequencies include 622.08MHz, 155.52MHz, and 19.44MHz for SONET/SDH and 156.25MHz, 125MHz, and 25MHz for Synchronous Ethernet
- Very high-resolution fractional scaling (i.e., noninteger multiplication)
- Less than 1ps RMS output jitter

Output Clock Features

- 14 output clock signals in seven groups
- Output clock groups OC1, OC2, OC3 have a very high-speed differential output (current-mode logic, ≤ 750MHz) and a separate CMOS/TTL output (≤ 125MHz)
- Output clock groups OC4—OC7 have a high-speed differential output (LVDS/LVPECL, ≤ 312.5MHz) and a separate CMOS/TTL output (≤ 125MHz)
- Supported telecom frequencies include PDH, SDH, Synchronous Ethernet, OTU-1, OTU-2, OTU-3
- Internal clock muxing allows each output group to slave to its associated DFS block, any of the APLLs, or any input clock (after being divided and scaled)
- Outputs sourced directly from APLLs have less than 1ps RMS output jitter
- Outputs sourced directly from DFS blocks have approximately 40ps RMS output jitter
- Optional 32-bit frequency divider per output
- 8kHz frame sync and 2kHz multiframe sync outputs have programmable polarity and pulse width and can be disciplined by a 2kHz or 8kHz frame sync input
- Per-output delay adjustment
- Per-output enable/disable
- All outputs disabled during reset

1588 Clock Features

- Initialized and steered by software on an external processor to follow an external 1588 master
- 2⁻⁸ns time resolution and 2⁻³²ns frequency resolution
- 4ns accuracy for input signal timestamping and output signal edge placement
- Three time/frequency controls: direct time write, high-resolution frequency adjustment, and time adjustment (i.e., frequency adjustment for an exact duration to achieve gradual, precise time change)
- Programmable clock and time-alignment I/O to synchronize all 1588 elements in large systems
 - Can frequency-lock to an input clock signal from a master elsewhere in the system.
 - o Can timestamp (TS) an input alignment signal to time-lock to a master elsewhere in the system (e.g., 1PPS)
 - o Can provide an output clock signal to slave components elsewhere in the system (e.g., 25MHz)
 - o Can provide an output time alignment signal to slaves elsewhere in the system (e.g., 1PPS)
- Two flexible programmable event generators (PEG) can output one pulse per second (1PPS), one pulse per period, and a wide variety of clock signals
- Full support for dual redundant timing cards for high-reliability, fault-tolerant systems
- Compatible with a wide variety of 1588 system architectures for 1588 ordinary clocks, boundary clocks, and transparent clocks

General Features

- SPI serial microprocessor interface
- Four general-purpose I/O pins
- Register set can be write-protected
- Operates from a 12.8MHz, 25.6MHz, 10.24MHz, 20.48MHz, 10MHz, 20MHz, 19.44MHz, or 38.88MHz local oscillator
- On-chip watchdog circuit for the local oscillator
- Internal compensation for local oscillator frequency error

Note to readers: This document is an abridged version of the full data sheet. To request the full data sheet, go to www.maxim-ic.com/DS31408 and click on **Request Full Data Sheet**.