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Temperature Controllers E5CSZ

Easy Setting Using DIP Switch and Simple Functions in DIN 48 \times 48 mm-size Temperature Controllers

- Easy setting using DIP and rotary switches.
- Models with two alarms added to Series, ideal for temperature alarm applications.
- Clearly visible digital display with character height of 13.5 mm.
- Models available with black or white cases.
- RoHS compliant (Scheduled for January 2006).



Model Number Structure

Model Number Legend

Models with Terminal Blocks



- 1. Output type
 - R: Relay
 - Q: Voltage for driving SSR

2. Number of alarms

- Blank: No alarm
- 1: 1 alarm

3. Input type

T: Thermocouple/platinum resistance thermometer (multi-input)

4. Power supply voltage Blank: 100 to 240 VAC D: 24 VAC/VDC

- 5. Case color
 - Blank: Light gray
 - B: Black

Note: A functional explanation is provided here for illustration, but models are not necessarily available for all possible combinations. Refer to Ordering Information when ordering.

Example

• Relay control output, one alarm output, multi-input, light gray: E5CSZ-R1T.

Ordering Information

List of Models

Size	Power supply voltage	Number of alarm points	Control output	TC/Pt multi-input Case color: Light gray
1/16 DIN	100 to 240 VAC	0	Relay	E5CSZ-RT
$48 \times 48 \times 78$ mm (W × H × D)			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CSZ-QT
, ,		1	Relay	E5CSZ-R1T
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CSZ-Q1T
	24 VAC/VDC	0	Relay	E5CSZ-RTD
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CSZ-QTD
		1	Relay	E5CSZ-R1TD
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CSZ-Q1TD

Note: Modules are available with a black case. Add the suffix "-B" to models with a black case.

Accessories (Order Separately)

Protective Cover

Туре	Model
Hard Protective Cover	Y92A-48B

Terminal Cover

Model
E53-COV10

Specifications

Ratings

Supply voltage		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	24 VAC/VDC, 50/60 Hz		
Operating	voltage range	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage			
Power cor	nsumption	5 VA	3 VA/2 W		
Sensor in	put	Multi-input (thermocouple/platinum resistance thermom	eter) type: K, J, L, Pt100		
	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3A (resistive load)			
output	Voltage output (for driving the SSR)	12 VDC, 21 mA (with short-circuit protection circuit)			
Control m	ethod	ON/OFF or 2-PID (with auto-tuning)			
Alarm out	put	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 1A (resistive load)			
Setting me	ethod	Digital setting using front panel keys			
Indication	method	3.5 digit, 7-segment digital display (character height: 13.5 mm) and deviation indicators			
Other fund		 Setting change prohibit (key protection) Input shift Temperature unit change (°C/°F) Direct/reverse operation Temperature range, Sensor switching (K/J/L, Pt100) Switching is performed between a thermocouple and control period switching 8-mode alarm output Sensor error detection 	olatinum resistance thermometer for multi-input models.		
Ambient temperature		-10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing)			
Ambient humidity		25% to 85%			
Storage te	emperature	-25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)			

Characteristics

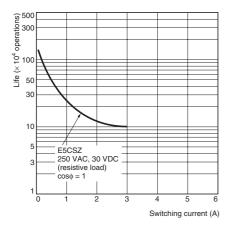
Sotting occurrent		Thermocouple (See note 1.):	(±0.5% of indication value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max.		
Setting accuracy		Platinum resistance thermometer (See note 2.): (±0.5% of indication value of ±1°C, whichever is greater) ±1 digit max.			
Indication accuracy (ambient temperature of 23°C)					
Influence of tempera	ture		% of PV or $\pm 4^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max.		
Influence of voltage		Platinum resistance thermometer inputs: (±1%	% of PV or $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, whichever is greater) ± 1 digit max.		
Hysteresis (for ON/O	FF control)	0.1% FS for multi-input (thermocouple/platinu	m resistance thermometer) models		
Proportional band (P	')	1 to 999°C (automatic adjustment using auto-	tuning/self-tuning)		
Integral time (I)		1 to 1,999 s (automatic adjustment using auto	o-tuning/self-tuning		
Derivative time (D)		1 to 1,999 s (automatic adjustment using auto	o-tuning/self-tuning)		
Alarm output range		Absolute-value alarm: Same as the control ra Other: 0% to 100% FS Alarm hysteresis: 0.2°C or °F (fixed)	nge		
Control period		2/20 s			
Sampling period		500 ms			
Insulation resistance)	20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)			
Dielectric strength		2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min between curre	nt-carrying terminals of different polarity		
Vibration	Malfunction	10 to 55 Hz, 20 m/s ² for 10 min each in X, Y, and Z directions			
resistance	Destruction	10 to 55 Hz, 0.75-mm single amplitude for 2 hr each in X, Y, and Z directions			
Shock resistance Malfunction		100 m/s ² min., 3 times each in 6 directions			
	Destruction	300 m/s ² min., 3 times each in 6 directions			
Life expectancy Electrical 100		100,000 operations min. (relay output models)		
Weight		Approx. 120 g (Controller only)			
Degree of protection		Front panel: Equivalent to IP50; Rear case: IP20; Terminals: IP00			
Memory protection		EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (number of v	vrites: 1,000,000)		
EMC		EMI Conducted: ESD Immunity:	EN 55011 Group 1 Class A EN 55011 Group 1 Class A EN 61000-4-2: 4 kV contact discharge (level 2) 8 kV air discharge (level 3) EN 61000 4 2: 10 ///m (99 1000 MHz 1 4 2 0 CHz amplitude medulated) (level 2)		
		Conducted Disturbance Immunity: Noise Immunity (First Transient Burst Noise):	EN 61000-4-3: 10 V/m (80-1000 MHz, 1.4-2.0 GHz amplitude modulated) (level 3) 10 V/m (900 MHz pulse modulated) EN 61000-4-6: 3 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 2) EN 61000-4-4 2 kV power-line (level 3), 1 kV I/O signal-line (level 3) EN 61000-4-5: Power line: Normal mode 1 kV; Common mode 2 kV Output line (relay output): Normal mode 1 kV; Common mode 2 kV EN 61000-4-11 0.5 cycle, 100% (rated voltage)		
Approved standards		UL 61010C-1 (listing) CSA C22.2 No.1010-1			
Conformed standards EN 61326, EN 61010-1, IEC 61010-1 VDE 0106 Part 100 (finger protection), when the terminal cover is mounted.			the terminal cover is mounted.		

Note: 1. The following exceptions apply to thermocouples.

L: ±2°C ±1 digit max.

 The following exceptions apply to platinum resistance thermometers. Input set values 0, 1, 2, 3 for E5CSZ: 0.5% FS ±1 digit max. Input set value 1 for E5CSZ: 0.5% FS ±1 digit max.

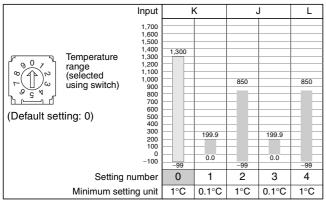
Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Relays (Reference Values)



Temperature Range

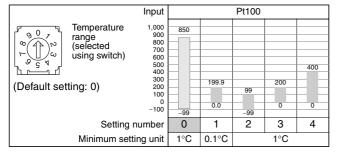
Multi-input (Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer) Models

• Using Thermocouple Sensors, Control Mode Switch 5: OFF



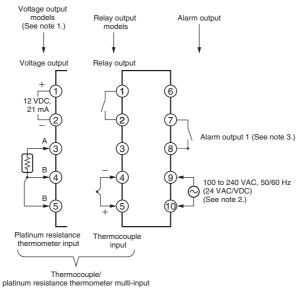
The shaded value indicates the default setting status. Do not set the temperature range switch to between No. 5 and No. 9.

• Using Platinum Resistance Thermometers, Control Mode Switch 5: ON



The shaded value indicates the default setting status. Do not set the temperature range switch to between No. 5 and No. 9.

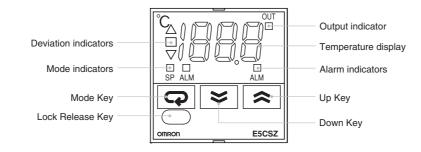
External Connection Diagram



- Note: 1. The voltage output (12 VDC, 21 mA) is not electrically isolated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect output terminals 1 or 2 to ground. Otherwise, unwanted current paths will cause measurement errors.
 - 2. Models with 100 to 240 VAC and 24 VAC/VDC are separate. Models using 24 VDC have no polarity.
 - 3. The number of alarm outputs (none or 1) depends on the model.

Nomenclature

E5CSZ Models with Terminal Blocks



Operation

E5CSZ

Deviation indicators

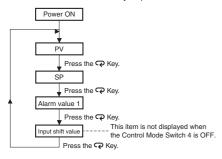
The \triangle indicator lights when the PV is greater than the SP and the \bigtriangledown indicator lights when the PV is less than the SP. The \square indicator (green) lights when the deviation is less than 0.25% FS. These indicators flash during ST (self-tuning)/AT (autotuning).

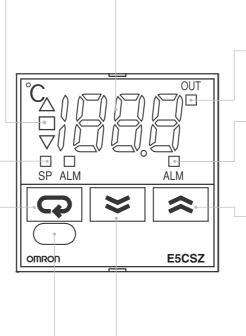
Mode indicators

The SP indicator lights when the setting temperature is being displayed. The ALM indicator lights when the alarm value 1 is being displayed and flashes when the alarm value 2 is being displayed.

Mode Key

When the power is turned ON, normally the display will use the display items in the following order each time the Mode Key is pressed.





Lock Release Key

When the protect switch is ON, the set value can be changed by pressing the Up and Down Keys while holding down the Lock Release Key.

Output indicator

Lights when the control output is ON.

Alarm indicator

ALM1 (Alarm 1): Lights when the alarm 1 output is ON.

Up Key

Pressing the Up Key increases the SP/alarm value display. Keeping the Up Key pressed continues to increase the display value. When the internal protect switch is ON, press the Up Key while holding down the Lock Release Key.

Down Key

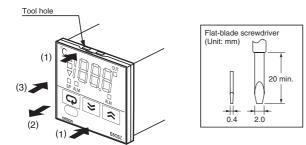
Pressing the Down Key decreases the SP/alarm value display. Keeping the Down Key pressed continues to decrease the display value. When the internal protect switch is ON, press the Down Key while holding down the Lock Release Key.

Settings before Turning ON the Power

E5CSZ

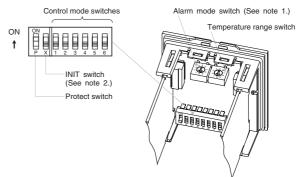
Remove the E5CSZ from the case to make the settings.

1. Insert the tool into the two tool insertion holes (one on the top and one on the bottom) and release the hooks.



2. Insert the tool in the gap between the front panel and rear case, and pull out the front panel slightly. Grip the front panel and pull out fully. Be sure not to impose excessive force on the panel.

3. When inserting the E5CSZ, check to make sure that the sealing rubber is in place and push the E5CSZ toward the rear case until it snaps into position. While pushing the E5CSZ into place, push down on the hooks on the top and bottom surfaces of the rear case so that the hooks are securely locked in place. Make sure that electronic components do not come into contact with the case.



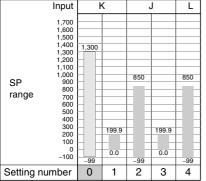
Note: 1. The alarm mode switch is not provided on models without an alarm.2. The INIT switch is always OFF during normal operation.

1. Sensor Type Specification

Select the number on the temperature range switch to change the temperature range.

Multi-input (Thermocouple/Platinum Resistance Thermometer) Models

Using Thermocouple Sensors, Control Mode Switch 5: OFF



The shaded value indicates the default setting status. Do not set the temperature range switch to between No. 5 and No. 9.

• The control range is –20°C to +20°C of the input temperature range.

- Note: 1. The input indication range is the range that can be displayed for the control range (-99 to 1999). If the input is within the control range but exceeds the display range (-99 to 1999), values below -99 will be displayed as "ccc" and values above 1,999 will be displayed as "ccc".
 - 2. If unit is changed to 1 degree when the SP and alarm value for the temperature range are displayed in 0.1-units from 0.0 to 199.9 or 0.0 to 99.9, the values will be multiplied by 10 (e.g., 0.5 becomes 5). If the unit is changed in the reverse direction, the values will be divided by 10. After changing the range, set the SP and alarm value again.

• Using Platinum Resistance Thermometers,

Control Mode Switch 5: ON

	Input			Pt100		
SP range	1,000 900 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 0 -100	-99	199.9	99	200	400
Setting n	umber	0	1	2	3	4

The shaded value indicates the default setting status. Do not set the temperature range switch

to between No. 5 and No. 9.

• The control range is -20°C to +20°C of the input temperature range.

- Note: 1. The input indication range is the range that can be displayed for the control range (-99 to 1999). If the input is within the control range but exceeds the display range (-99 to 1999), values below -99 will be displayed as "ccc" and values above 1,999 will be displayed as "ccc".
 - 2. If unit is changed to 1 degree when the SP and alarm value for the temperature range are displayed in 0.1-units from 0.0 to 199.9 or 0.0 to 99.9, the values will be multiplied by 10 (e.g., 0.5 becomes 5). If the unit is changed in the reverse direction, the values will be divided by 10. After changing the range, set the SP and alarm value again.

Mode Key Display Order

 If the SP falls outside the temperature Power ON range when the temperature range is changed, the SP will be displayed first. The SP will be changed automatically PV either to the minimum value or the maximum value, whichever is nearest. Press the 📿 Key SP · If the alarm value falls outside the Press the 📿 Key. temperature range when the temperature range is changed, the Alarm value 1 alarm value will be displayed first. The Press the 🖓 Key alarm value will be changed Input shift value automatically to the maximum value in Press the 📿 Key. the new temperature range.



when changing

2. Operation Settings

				N 2	3	4	5	6
Fu	nction selec	tion	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON/OFF	PID control		ON					
PID	ON/OFF co	ntrol	OFF					
Control	2 s			ON				
period	20 s			OFF				
Direct/ reverse	reverse (cooling)				ON			
opera- tion	Reverse op (heating)	eration			OFF			
Input	Enabled					ON		
shift display	Disabled					OFF		
Tempera- ture Sensor selection	Multi-input (thermo- couple/ platinum resistance thermome-	Platinum resis- tance thermom- eter input					ON	
	ter)	Thermo- couple input					OFF	
Temper-	°F							ON
ature unit	°C							OFF

3. Alarm Modes

the alarm mode. (The default is 2).

Select the number of the alarm mode switch

Set Alarm output operation Alarm type value 0, 9 Alarm function OFF OFF Upper- and lower--X ON 1 limit OFF SF Upper-limit ON 2 OFF SF Lower-limit -x ON 3 OFF SF Upper- and lower-Х х ON 4 limit range OFF SF Upper- and lowerlimit with standby ON 5 sequence (See note OFF S 2.) Upper-limit with ٥N 6 standby sequence OFF (See note 2.) SI Lower-limit with -x-ON 7 standby sequence OFF (See note 2.) SF Absolute-value ON 8 upper-limit OFF

Note: 1. No alarm. The alarm value (alarm operation display) will not be displayed when the setting is 0 or 9 even if the selection key is pressed.

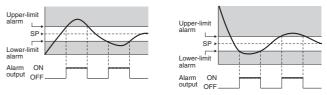
Alarm Setting Range

X: 0 to FS (full scale); Y: Within temperature range

<u>The value of X is the deviation setting for the SP (set point).</u> **2.** Standby Sequence Function (The standby sequence operates when the power is turned ON.)

Rising Temperature

Dropping Temperature



Note: Turn OFF the power before changing the DIP switch settings on the E5CSZ. Each of the switch settings will be enabled after the power is turned ON.

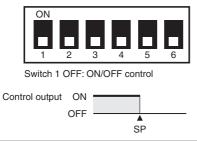
For details on the position of the temperature range switch, control mode switches, and alarm mode switch, refer to page 6.

4. Using the Control Mode Switches

(1) Using ON/OFF Control and PID Control

ON/OFF Control

The control mode is set to ON/OFF control as the default setting.



PID Control

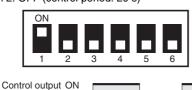
Turn ON switch 1 to use PID control.



Switch 1 ON: PID control

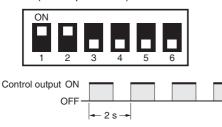
1. Set the control period. <u>Performing Control via Relay Output, External Relay, or</u> <u>Conductor</u>

Switch 2: OFF (control period: 20 s)



OFF _____ 20 s ____

Quick Control Response Using an SSR Switch 2: ON (control period: 2 s)



1 2 3 4 5 6

ON

To perform cooling control of freezers, etc., turn ON switch 3.



2. Set direct/reverse operation for the output. <u>Performing Heating Control for Heaters</u> Switch 3: OFF

Performing Cooling Control for Freezers Switch 3: ON



Executing AT (Auto-tuning)

 AT (auto-tuning) is executed by pressing the
 Up and
 Down Keys for at least 2 s while the PV is displayed. The deviation indicators flash during auto-tuning (AT) execution. AT will be cancelled by performing the same operation that AT is executing during AT operation. Flashing stops when AT is completed.

 AT execution
 Image: Complete and Complete a

Note: One of the deviation indicators (▲■▼) will flash.

AT execution in progress

ST (Self-tuning) Features

ST (self-tuning) is a function that finds PID constants by using step response tuning (SRT) when Controller operation begins or when the set point is changed. Once the PID constants have been calculated, ST is not executed when the next control operation is started as long as the set point remains unchanged. When the ST function is in operation, be sure to turn ON the power supply of the load connected to the control output simultaneously with or before starting Controller operation.

(2) Using the E5CSZ in Devices for Fahrenheit-scale Users

(Displaying in °F)

Turn ON switch 6 to display temperatures in °F.



Temperature Range for °F

The temperature is set to °F using the same temperature range switch as °C.

Multi-input (Thermocouple/ Platinum Resistance Thermometer)

Multi-input (Thermocouple/ Platinum Resistance Thermometer) Control mode switch 5: ON

Control mode switch 5: OFF				
Set- ting	°F			
0	К	-99 to 1999		
1		0.0 to 199.9		
2	J	-99 to 1500		
3		0.0 to 199.9		
4	L	-99 to 1500		

Control mode switch 5: ON					
Set- ting	°F				
0	Pt100	-99 to 1500			
1		0.0 to 199.9			
2		-99 to 99			
3		0 to 200			
4		0 to 400			

Note: The control range for multi-input (thermocouple/platinum resistance thermometer) models is -40 to +40°F of each temperature range.

(3) Setting Input Shift

Turn ON switch 4, and after turning ON the power, press the Mode Key until $\mathcal{H}_{\mathbf{a}}^{\mathbf{a}}$ (indicates input shift of 0) is displayed. Press the Up and Down Keys to set the shift value.



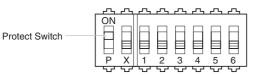
Shift Example

Input shift display	Measured temperature	Temperature display
អជី (no shift)	100°C	100°C
<i>Н</i> 9 (+9°С shift)	100°C	109°C
∠ 9°C shift)	100°C	91°C

Note: When control mode switch 4 is turned OFF (no input shift display), the input shift is not displayed but <u>the shift value is enabled</u>. To disable input shift, set the input shift value to HC. The shift range depends on the setting unit.

Setting unit	1°C	0.1°C
Compensation range	−99 to +99°C	–9.9 to +9.9°C
Input shift display	L99 to H99	L9.9 to H9.9

5. Protect Switch



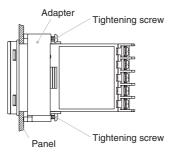
When the protect switch is ON, Up Key and Down Key operations are prohibited to prevent setting mistakes.

Installation

- All models in the E5CSZ Series conform to DIN 43700 standards.
- \bullet The recommended panel thickness is 1 to 4 mm.
- Be sure to mount the E5CSZ horizontally.

Mounting the E5CSZ

- 1. Insert the E5CSZ into the mounting hole in the panel.
- 2. Push the adapter from the terminals up to the panel, and temporarily fasten the E5CSZ.
- 3. Tighten the two fastening screws on the adapter. Alternately tighten the two screws little by little to maintain a balance. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.



Error Displays and Causes

In addition to the alarm indicator, errors notification is provided on the display. Be sure to remove the cause of the error promptly.

Display status	Cause	Control output
PV displayed as	The process value is higher than the control temperature range (overflow).	Heating control (reverse operation): OFF
FFF		Cooling control (direct operation): ON
PV displayed as	The process value is lower than the control temperature range (underflow).	Heating control (reverse operation): ON
		Cooling control (direct operation): OFF
FFF flashing	Multi-input (Thermocouple/platinum resistance thermometer) models: The process value is higher than the control temperature range or a Sensor error has occurred.	OFF
flashing	Multi-input (Thermocouple/platinum resistance thermometer) models: The process value is lower than the control temperature range or a Sensor error has occurred.	OFF
E 11 is displayed	A memory error (E11) has occurred. Turn the power ON again. If the display remains the same, the Controller must be repaired.	The control outputs and alarm outputs turn OFF.

Note: In models with an alarm, FFF appears or flashes on the display to indicate that the temperature has exceeded the maximum display temperature and the output is set according to the alarm mode. In the same way, --- appears or flashes on the display to indicate that the temperature has exceeded the minimum display temperature and the output is set according to the alarm mode.

Sensor Error Displays and Causes

Thermocouple

	Status	Display	Control output			
Burnout		FFF flashing	OFF			

Note: The room temperature is displayed if an input short-circuit occurs.

Platinum Resistance Thermometer

	Status	Display	Control output			
Burnout		FFF flashing	OFF			
		flashing	OFF			
	2 or 3 wires disconnected	FFF flashing	OFF			
Short-circuit		flashing	OFF			

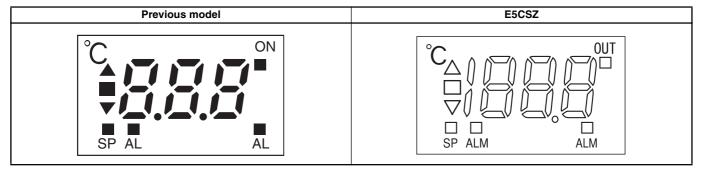
Note: The resistance value for platinum resistance thermometers is 100 Ω at 0°C and 140 Ω at 100°C.

Comparison with E5CST

Model Number Legend

		Previous	model		E5CSZ						
E5	CST 1 2 3			E5CSZ	 1 2 3 4 5						
	Classification	Symbol	Meaning	1		Classification	Symbol	Meaning			
1	Control output	R	Relay: SPDT (single-pole, double-throw)	1	1	Control output	R	Relay: SPST-NO (single-pole, single-throw, normally open)			
		Q	Voltage				Q	Voltage			
2	Alarm output	1	One alarm	11	2	Alarm output	Blank	No alarms			
3	Input type	KJ	Thermocouple (K, J)	11			1	One alarm			
		Р	Platinum resistance thermometer (Pt100, JPt100)		3	Input type	Т	Multi-input (thermocouple/ platinum resistance thermometer) models			
Mair	Differences				4	Voltage	Blank	100 to 240 VAC			
Terminal block models use the model number E5CSZ.						specifications	D	24 VAC/VDC			
The suffix "D" is added to models with a supply voltage of 24 VAC/VDC. The suffix "B" is added to models with a black case.					5	Case color	Blank B	Light gray Black			

Display



The display digits can be increased up to 1,999. The display "ON" has changed to "OUT" and "AL" has changed to "ALM."

Functions

The control outputs for relay outputs have been changed from SPDT (single-pole, double-throw) to SPST-NO (single-pole, single-throw, normally open) contacts.

The control method has been changed to 2-PID control.

An auto-tuning (AT) function has been added.

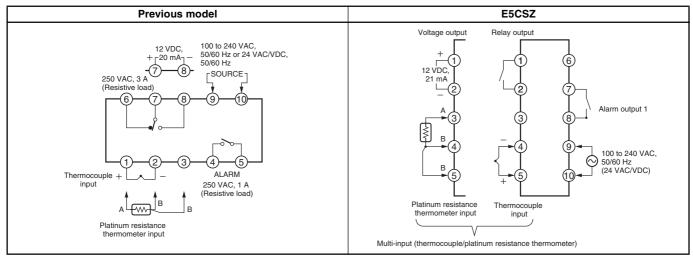
The deviation display flashes during self-tuning (ST) and auto-tuning (AT). The control calculation period has been improved from 2 s to 0.5 s.

External Dimensions

The depth has been shortened from 100 mm to 76 mm.

Terminal Arrangement

• The terminal arrangement has changed from a horizontal to vertical configuration.



DIP Switch and Rotary Switch Setting Methods

Previous model							E5CSZ									
Control N	<i>l</i> lodel Switch		ON 1	2	3	4 5	6		lodel Swite	ch		ON 1	2	3	4 5	5 6
Fu	nction selection	1	2	3	4	5	6	Fu	nction selec	tion	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON/OFF	PID control	ON						ON/OFF	PID contro	I	ON					
PID	ON/OFF control	OFF						PID	ON/OFF co	ontrol	OFF					
Control	2 s		ON					Control	2 s			ON				
period	20 s		OFF					period	20 s			OFF				
Direct/ reverse	Direct operation (cooling)			ON				Direct/ reverse	Direct operation (cooling)				ON			
opera- tion	Reverse operation (heating)			OFF				opera- tion	Reverse op (heating)	peration			OFF			
		•						Input	Enabled					ON	1	
								shift display	Disabled					OFF		
								Tempera- ture Sensor selection	Multi-input (thermo- couple/ platinum resistance thermome-	Platinum resis- tance thermom- eter input					ON	
									ter)	Thermo- couple input					OFF	
								Temper-	°F	1						ON
								ature	°C							OFF

	P	revious model					E5CSZ				
	E				الله المعامة Alarm Mode Switch (Alarm Model Only)						
		on Selection		4							
Alarm Modes	Lower-limit			ON	Set value	Alarm type	Alarm output operation				
		OFF SP			0, 9	Alarm function OFF	OFF				
	Upper-limit	ON I OFF	*	OFF	1	Upper- and lower- limit					
					2	Upper-limit	ON Internet of the second seco				
					3	Lower-limit					
					4	Upper- and lower- limit range	ON 0FF SP				
					5	Upper- and lower- limit with standby sequence (See note 2.)					
					6	Upper-limit with standby sequence (See note 2.)	ON CFF SP				
					7	Lower-limit with standby sequence (See note 2.)	ON				
					8	Absolute-value upper-limit					
	Function s		5	6	Te	emperature Rang	e Switch				
Temperature		J: 0 to 300°C	ON	ON	Set		Temperature Range				
Range		K: 0 to 999°C	OFF	ON	valu		,				
		K: 0 to 500°C	ON	OFF	0	Control Mode	K: 0 to 1,300°C/–99 to 1,999°F				
		K: 0 to 300°C	OFF	OFF	1	Switch 5: OFF	K: 0.0 to 199.9°C/0.0 to 199.9°F				
	P ·		ON	ON	2		J: -99 to 850°C/-99 to 1,500°F				
		Pt100: 0 to 300°C	OFF	ON	3		J: 0.0 to 199.9°C/0.0 to 199.9°F				
		Pt100: 0.0 to 99.0°C	ON	OFF	4		L: -99 to 850°C/-99 to 1,500°F				
		Pt100: 0.0 to 50.0°C	OFF	OFF	0	Control Mode	Pt100: -99 to 850°C/-99 to 1,500°F				
				•••	1	Switch 5: ON	Pt100: 0.0 to 199.9°C/0.0 to 199.9°F				
					2	1	Pt100: -99 to 99°C/-99 to 99°F				
					3		Pt100: 0 to 200°C/0 to 200°F				

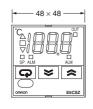
Dimensions

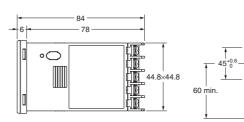
Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

Controller

E5CSZ



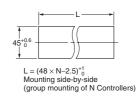




Note: Terminals cannot be removed.

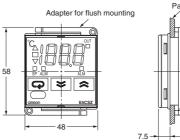
Panel Cutout Dimensions

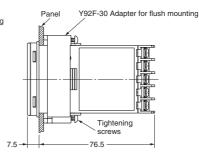
+ 45+0.6-



E5CSZ + Adapter for Flush Mounting (Provided)







Note: 1. The recommended panel thickness is 1 to 4 mm.2. Group mounting is possible in one direction only.

Hard Protective Cover

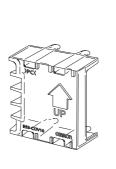
The Y92A-48B Protective Cover (hard type) is available for the following applications.

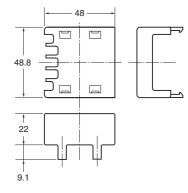
- To protect the set from dust and dirt.
- To prevent the panel from being accidentally touched causing displacement of set values.
- To provide effective protection against water droplets.



Terminal Cover

E53-COV10





Precautions

Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Doing so may occasionally result in minor injury due to electric shock. Do not allow pieces of metal, wire clippings, or fine metallic shavings or filings from installation to enter the product. Doing so may occasionally result in electric shock, fire, or malfunction.

Do not use the product where subject to flammable or explosive gas. Otherwise, minor injury from explosion may occasionally occur.

Never disassemble, modify, or repair the product or touch any of the internal parts. Minor electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occasionally occur.

CAUTION - Risk of Fire and Electric Shock

- a) This product is UL listed as Open Type Process Control Equipment. It must be mounted in an enclosure that does not allow fire to escape externally.
- b) More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment before servicing the product.
- c) Signal inputs are SELV, limited energy. (See note 1.)
- d) Caution: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not interconnect the outputs of different Class 2 circuits. (See note 2.)

If the output relays are used past their life expectancy, contact fusing or burning may occasionally occur. Always consider the application conditions and use the output relays within their rated load and electrical life expectancy. The life expectancy of output relays varies considerably with the output load and switching conditions.

Loose screws may occasionally result in fire. Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque of 0.74 to 0.90 $N{\cdot}m.$

Unexpected operation may result in equipment damage or accidents if the settings are not appropriate for the controlled system. Set the Temperature Controller as follows:

- Set the parameters of the Temperature Controller so that they are appropriate for the controlled system.
- Turn the power supply to the Temperature Controller OFF before changing any switch setting. Switch settings are read only when the power supply is turned ON.
- Make sure that the INIT switch in the control mode switches is turned OFF before operating the Temperature Controller.

A malfunction in the Temperature Controller may occasionally make control operations impossible or prevent alarm outputs, resulting in property damage. To maintain safety in the event of malfunction of the Temperature Controller, take appropriate safety measures, such as installing a monitoring device on a separate line.

Faulty terminal contact or decreased waterproofing capability may result in a fire or equipment malfunction. When inserting the Temperature Controller into the rear case after setting the switches, check the watertight packing and make sure that the top and bottom hooks are locked securely in place.



- Note: 1. A SELV circuit is one separated from the power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation, that does not exceed 30 V r.m.s. and 42.4 V peak or 60 VDC.
 - A class 2 power supply is one tested and certified by UL as having the current and voltage of the secondary output restricted to specific levels.

Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to observe the following precautions to prevent operation failure, malfunction, or adverse affects on the performance and functions of the product. Not doing so may occasionally result in unexpected events.

- 1. The product is designed for indoor use only. Do not use the product outdoors or in any of the following locations.
 - Places directly subject to heat radiated from heating equipment.
 - Places subject to splashing liquid or oil atmosphere.
 - Places subject to direct sunlight.
 - Places subject to dust or corrosive gas (in particular, sulfide gas and ammonia gas).
 - Places subject to intense temperature change.
 - Places subject to icing and condensation.
 - Places subject to vibration and large shocks.
- **2.** Use and store the product within the rated temperature and humidity ranges.

Group-mounting two or more Temperature Controllers, or mounting Temperature Controllers above each other may cause heat to build up inside the Temperature Controllers, which will shorten their service life. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Temperature Controllers.

- **3.** To allow heat to escape, do not block the area around the product. Do not block the ventilation holes on the product.
- 4. Use the specified size (M3.5, width of 7.2 mm or less) crimped terminals for wiring. To connect bare wires to the terminal block, use copper braided or solid wires with a gage of AWG24 to AWG18 (equal to a cross-sectional area of 0.205 to 0.832 mm²). (The stripping length is 5 to 6 mm.) Up to two wires of the same size and type, or two crimp terminals can be inserted into a single terminal.
- 5. Be sure to wire properly with correct polarity of terminals. Do not wire any of the I/O terminals incorrectly.
- 6. Do not wire the terminals that are not used.
- 7. The voltage output (control output) is not electrically isolated from the internal circuits. When using a grounded temperature sensor, do not connect any of the control output terminals to ground. Otherwise unwanted current paths will cause measurement errors.
- 8. To avoid inductive noise, keep the wiring for the Temperature Controller's terminal block away from power cables carrying high voltages or large currents. Also, do not wire power lines together with or parallel to Temperature Controller wiring. Using shielded cables and using separate conduits or ducts is recommended. Attach a surge suppressor or noise filter to peripheral devices that generate noise (in particular, motors, transformers, solenoids, magnetic coils or other equipment that have an inductance component).

When a noise filter is used at the power supply, first check the voltage or current, and attach the noise filter as close as possible to the temperature controller.

Allow as much space as possible between the Temperature Controller and devices that generate powerful high frequencies (high-frequency welders, high-frequency sewing machines, etc.) or surge.



- 9. Use the product within the rated load and power supply.
- 10.Use a switch, relay, or other contact so that the power supply voltage reaches the rated voltage within 2 seconds. If the applied voltage is increased gradually, the power supply may not be reset or malfunctions may occur.
- 11. When using PID operation (self-tuning), turn ON the power supply to the load (e.g., heater) at the same time or before turning the power supply to the Temperature Controller ON. If power is turned ON for the Temperature Controller before turning ON power supply to the load, self-tuning will not be performed properly and optimum control will not be achieved.
- **12.**Design the system (e.g., control panel) to allow for the 2 seconds of delay required for the Temperature Controller's output to stabilize after the power is turned ON.
- 13.A switch or circuit breaker should be provided close to this unit. The switch or circuit breaker should be within easy reach of the operator, and must be marked as a disconnecting means for this unit.
- 14. Approximately 30 minutes is required for the correct temperature to be displayed after turning the power supply to the Temperature Controller ON. Turn the power supply ON at least 30 minutes prior to starting control operations.
- **15.**Be sure that the platinum resistance thermometer type and the input type set on the Temperature Controller are the same.
- **16.** When extending the thermocouple lead wires, always use compensating conductors suitable for the type of thermocouple. Do not extend the lead wires on a platinum resistance thermometer. Use only low-resistance wire (5 Ω max. per line) for lead wires and make sure that the resistance is the same for all three wires.
- 17. When drawing out the Temperature Controller from the case, do not apply force that would deform or alter the Temperature Controller.
- 18. When drawing out the Temperature Controller from the case to replace the Temperature Controller, check the status of the terminals. If corroded terminals are used, contact faults with the terminals may cause the temperature inside the Temperature Controller to increase, possibly resulting in fire. If the terminals are corroded, replace the rear case as well.
- **19.**When drawing out the Temperature Controller from the case, turn the power supply OFF first, and absolutely do not touch the terminals or electronic components or apply shock to them. When inserting the Temperature Controller, do not allow the electronic components to come into contact with the case.
- **20.** Static electricity may damage internal components. Always touch grounded metal to discharge any static electricity before handling the Temperature Controller. When drawing out the Temperature Controller from the case, do not touch the electronic components or patterns on the board with your hand. Hold the Temperature Controller by the edge of the front panel when handling it.
- **21.**Do not use paint thinner or similar chemical to clean with. Use standard grade alcohol.
- **22.**Use tools when separating parts for disposal. Contact with the sharp internal parts may cause injury.

Precautions for Correct Use

Service Life

Use the Temperature Controller within the following temperature and humidity ranges:

Temperature: -10 to 55° C (with no icing or condensation) Humidity: 25% to 85%

If the Controller is installed inside a control board, the ambient temperature must be kept to under 55°C, including the temperature around the Controller.

The service life of electronic devices like Temperature Controllers is determined not only by the number of times the relay is switched but also by the service life of internal electronic components. Component service life is affected by the ambient temperature: the higher the temperature, the shorter the service life and, the lower the temperature, the longer the service life. Therefore, the service life can be extended by lowering the temperature of the Temperature Controller.

When two or more Temperature Controllers are mounted horizontally close to each other or vertically next to one another, the internal temperature will increase due to heat radiated by the Temperature Controllers and the service life will decrease. In such a case, use forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation to cool down the Temperature Controllers. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminals sections alone to avoid measurement errors.

Measurement Accuracy

When extending or connecting the thermocouple lead wire, be sure to use compensating wires that match the thermocouple type. Do not extend the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer. If the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer must be extended, be sure to use wires that have low resistance and keep the resistance of the three lead wires the same.

Mount the Temperature Controller so that it is horizontally level.

If the measurement accuracy is low, check whether the input shift has been set correctly.

Warranty and Application Considerations

Read and Understand this Catalog

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Application Considerations

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Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. Consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased product.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

Cat. No. H141-E1-01 In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

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