

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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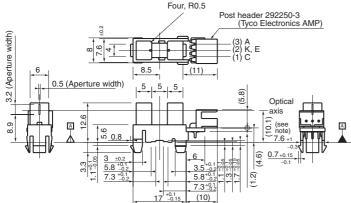
# Photomicrosensor (Transmissive) EE-SX1235A-P2

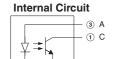


Be sure to read Precautions on page 25.

#### ■ Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.





Terminal No.	Name
Α	Anode
С	Collector
K, E	Cathode, Emitter

The asterisked dimension is specified by datum A only. Unless otherwise specified, the

tolerances are as shown below.

Dimensions	Tolerance
3 mm max.	±0.3
3 < mm ≤ 6	±0.375
6 < mm ≤ 10	±0.45
10 < mm ≤ 18	±0.55
18 < mm ≤ 30	±0.65

#### ■ Features

- Snap-in mounting model.
- Mounts to 1.0-, 1.2- and 1.6-mm-thick PCBs.
- High resolution with a 0.5-mm-wide aperture.
- 5-mm-wide slot.
- Connects to Tyco Electronics AMP's CT-series connectors.

#### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

	Item	Symbol	Rated value
Emitter	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 mA (see note)
	Pulse forward cur- rent	I <sub>FP</sub>	
	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	4 V
Detector	Collector-Emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	30 V
	Emitter-Collector voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	5 V
	Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	20 mA
	Collector dissipation	P <sub>C</sub>	100 mW (see note)
Ambient tem-	Operating	Topr	–25°C to 95°C
perature	Storage	Tstg	–40°C to 100°C
Soldering temperature		Tsol	

Note: Refer to the temperature rating chart if the ambient temperature exceeds 25°C.

② K, E

Recommended Mating Connectors: Tyco Electronics AMP 173977-3 (p 173977-3 (press-fit connector)

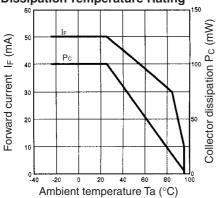
175778-3 (crimp connector) 179228-3 (crimp connector)

#### ■ Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

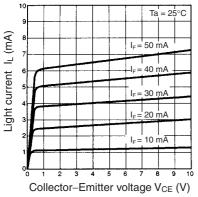
Item		Symbol	Value	Condition
Emitter	Forward voltage	$V_{F}$	1.2 V typ., 1.5 V max.	I <sub>F</sub> = 30 mA
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	0.01 μA typ., 10 μA max.	V <sub>R</sub> = 4 V
	Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_{P}$	940 nm typ.	I <sub>F</sub> = 30 mA
Detector	Light current	IL	0.6 mA min., 14 mA max.	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V
	Dark current	I <sub>D</sub>	200 nA max.	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V, 0 ℓx
	Leakage current	I <sub>LEAK</sub>		
	Collector–Emitter saturated voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> (sat)	0.1 V typ., 0.4 V max.	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}, I_L = 0.3 \text{ mA}$
	Peak spectral sensitivity wave- length	$\lambda_{P}$	850 nm typ.	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V
Rising time		tr	8 μs typ.	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 100 \Omega, I_{L} = 1 \text{ mA}$
Falling time	•	tf	8 μs typ.	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 100 \Omega, I_{L} = 1 \text{ mA}$

#### **■** Engineering Data

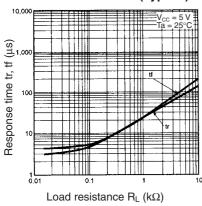
#### Forward Current vs. Collector Dissipation Temperature Rating



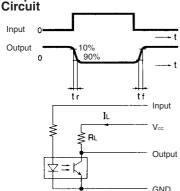
# Light Current vs. Collector–Emitter Voltage Characteristics (Typical)



# Response Time vs. Load Resistance Characteristics (Typical)

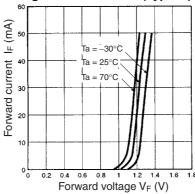


#### Response Time Measurement

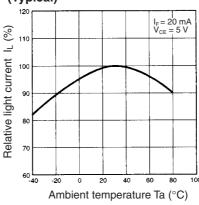


Refer to EE-SX4235A-P2 on page 140.

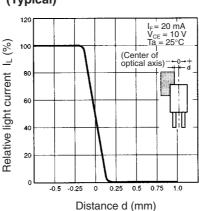
## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage Characteristics (Typical)



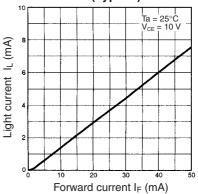
Relative Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristics (Typical)



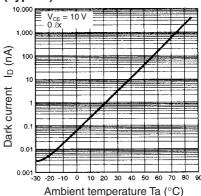
# Sensing Position Characteristics (Typical)



# Light Current vs. Forward Current Characteristics (Typical)



#### Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristics (Typical)



## Sensing Position Characteristics (Typical)

