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With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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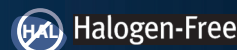
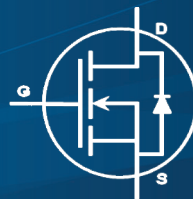
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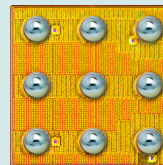


## EPC2039 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

 $V_{DS}$ , 80 V $R_{DS(on)}$ , 25 m $\Omega$  $I_D$ , 6.8 A

Gallium Nitride is grown on Silicon Wafers and processed using standard CMOS equipment leveraging the infrastructure that has been developed over the last 60 years. GaN's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low  $R_{DS(on)}$ , while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low  $Q_G$  and zero  $Q_{RR}$ . The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

Maximum Ratings			
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	80	V
	Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5ms pulses at 150°C)	96	
$I_D$	Continuous ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $R_{\theta JA} = 70^\circ\text{C/W}$ )	6.8	A
	Pulsed (25°C, $T_{PULSE} = 300 \mu\text{s}$ )	50	
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-4	
$T_J$	Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	



EPC2039 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bumps  
Die Size: 1.35 mm x 1.35 mm

**Applications**

- High Speed DC-DC conversion
- Wireless Power Transfer
- LiDAR/Pulsed Power Applications

**Benefits**

- Ultra High Efficiency
- Ultra Low  $R_{DS(on)}$
- Ultra low  $Q_G$
- Ultra small footprint

[www.epc-co.com/epc/Products/eGaNfets/EPC2039.aspx](http://www.epc-co.com/epc/Products/eGaNfets/EPC2039.aspx)

Static Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 300 \mu\text{A}$	80		V	
$I_{DSS}$	Drain Source Leakage	$V_{DS} = 64\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	20	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$	0.2	2	mA	
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$	20	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 2\text{ mA}$	0.8	1.6	2.5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 6\text{ A}$	20	25	m $\Omega$	
$V_{SD}$	Source-Drain Forward Voltage	$I_S = 0.5\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	2.5		V	

All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Thermal Characteristics			
		TYP	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	3	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board	28	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1)	81	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note 1:  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board.  
See [http://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote\\_Thermal\\_Performance\\_of\\_eGaN\\_FETs.pdf](http://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf) for details.

Dynamic Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{ISS}$	Input Capacitance		210	260	pF
$C_{RSS}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		2		
$C_{OSS}$	Output Capacitance		115	175	
$C_{OSS(ER)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related (Note 2)	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ to } 100 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	155		
$C_{OSS(TR)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related (Note 3)		190		
$R_G$	Gate Resistance		0.5		$\Omega$
$Q_G$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_D = 6 \text{ A}$	1910	2370	pC
$Q_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}, I_D = 6 \text{ A}$	760		
$Q_{GD}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge		420		
$Q_{G(TH)}$	Gate Charge at Threshold		560		
$Q_{OSS}$	Output Charge	$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	7640	11500	
$Q_{RR}$	Source-Drain Recovery Charge		0		

Note 2:  $C_{OSS(ER)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 50%  $BV_{DSS}$ .

Note 3:  $C_{OSS(TR)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 50%  $BV_{DSS}$ .

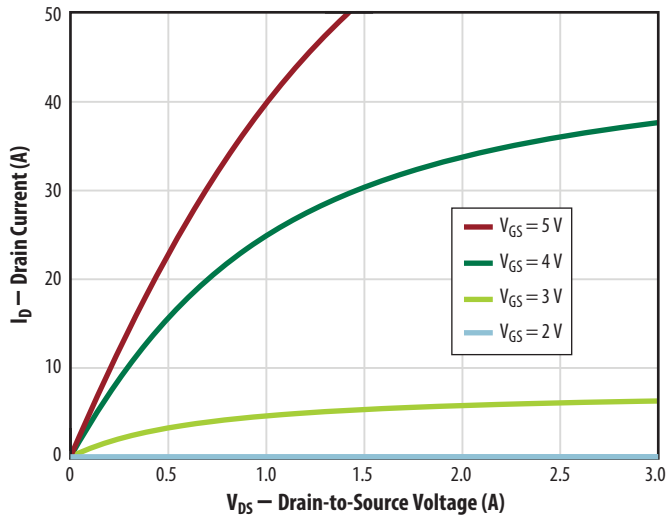
Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ 

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

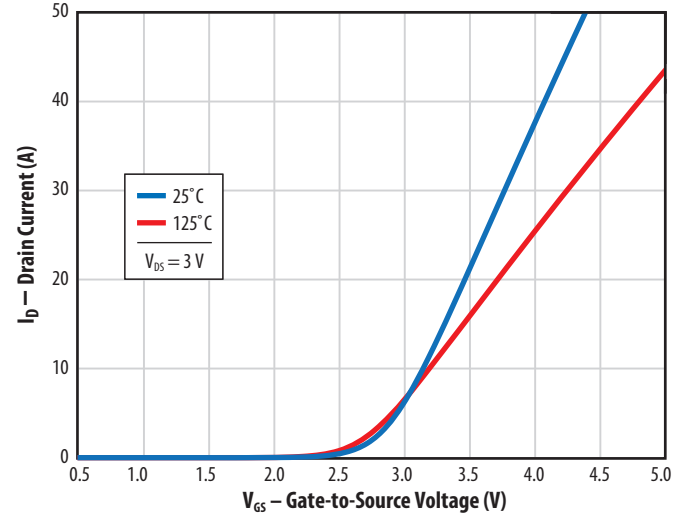
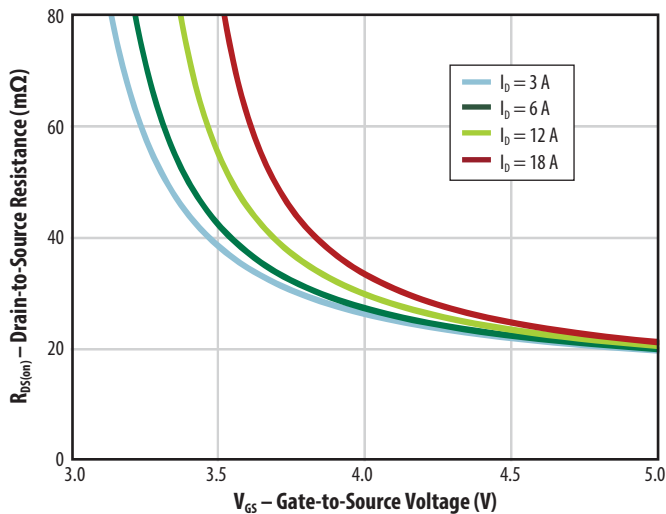
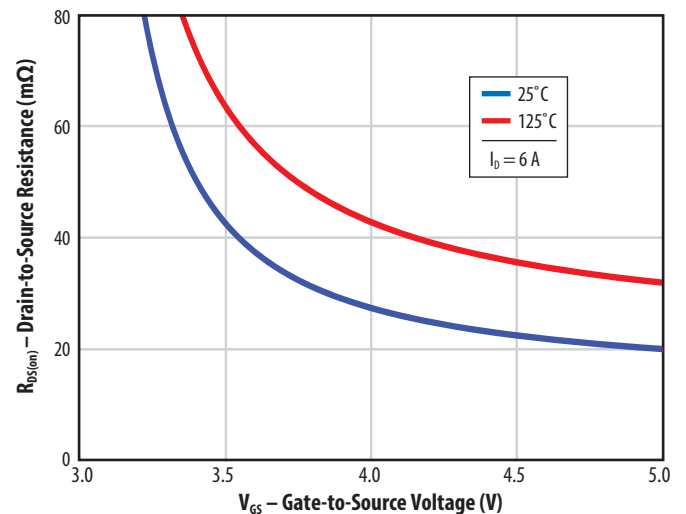
Figure 3:  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$  for Various Drain CurrentsFigure 4:  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$  for Various Temperatures



Figure 5a: Capacitance (Linear Scale)

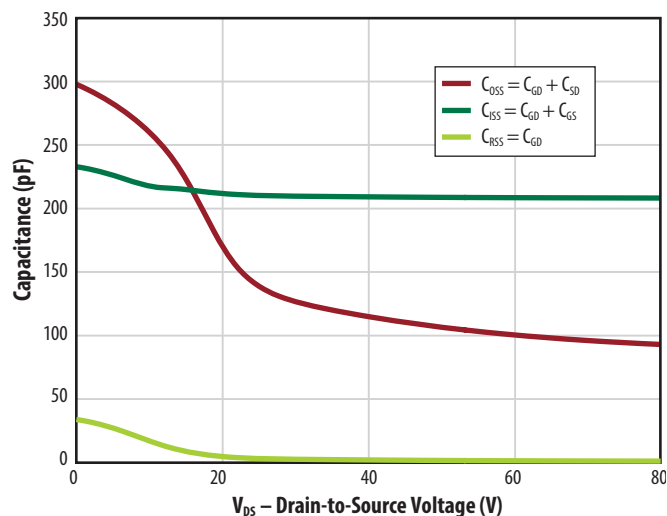


Figure 5b: Capacitance (Log Scale)

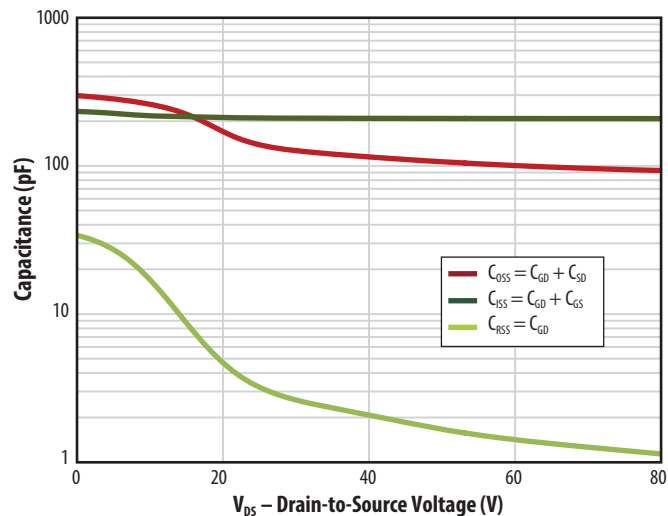


Figure 6: Gate Charge

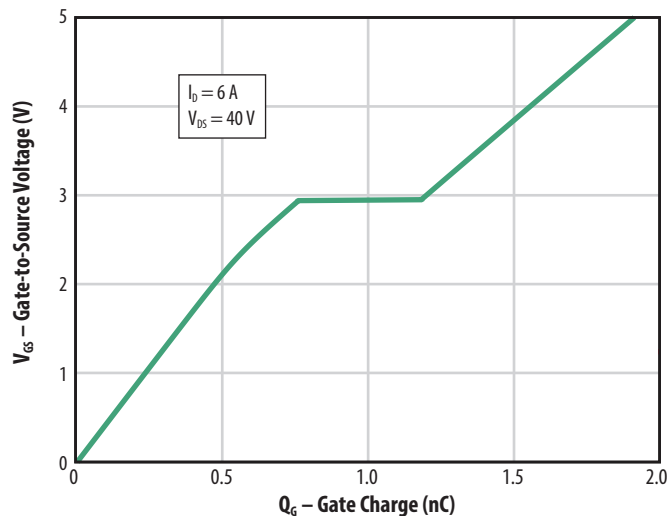


Figure 7: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

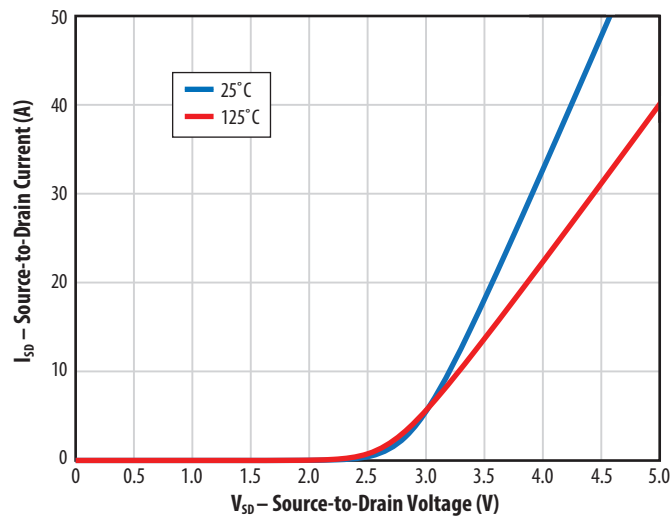


Figure 8: Normalized On Resistance vs. Temperature

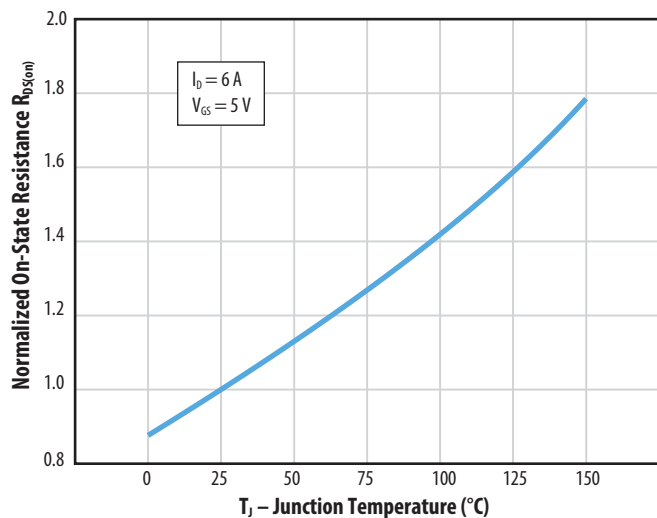
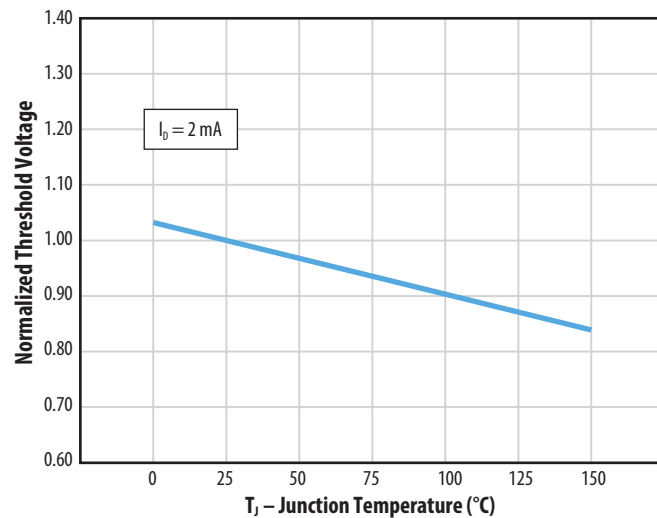


Figure 9: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Figure 10: Transient Thermal Response Curves

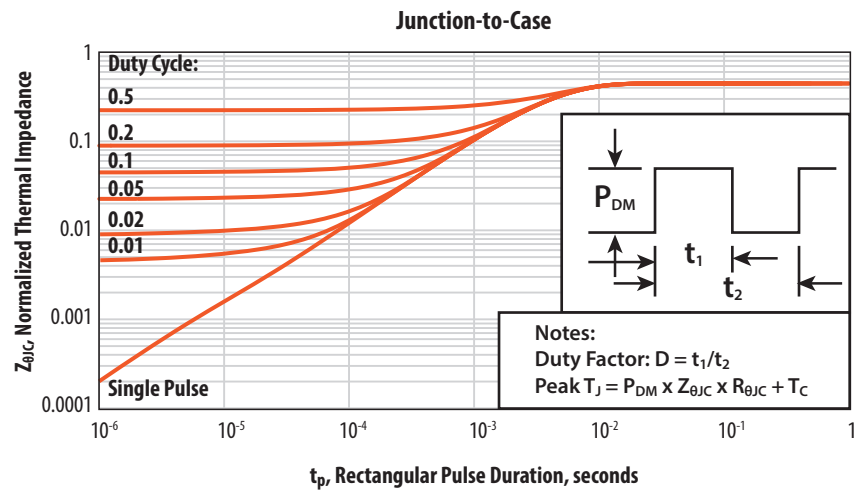
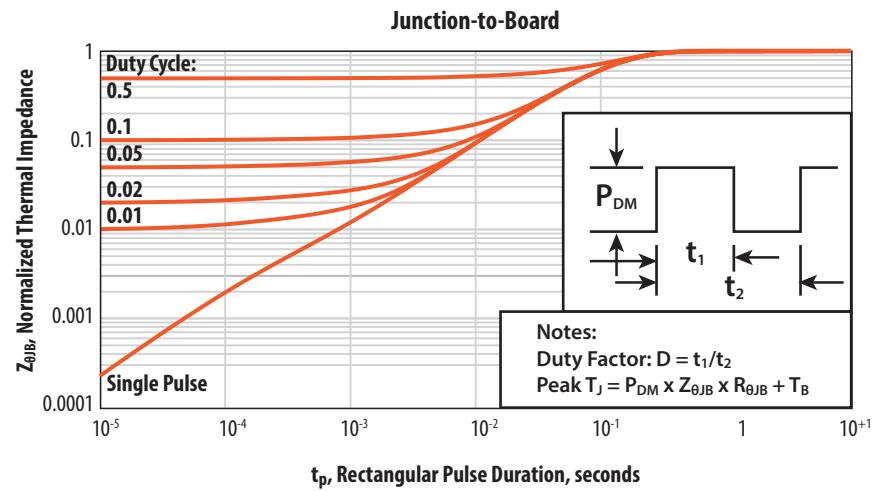
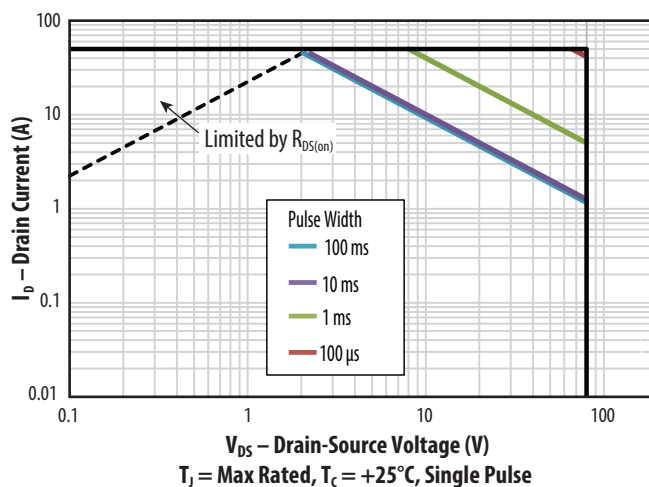
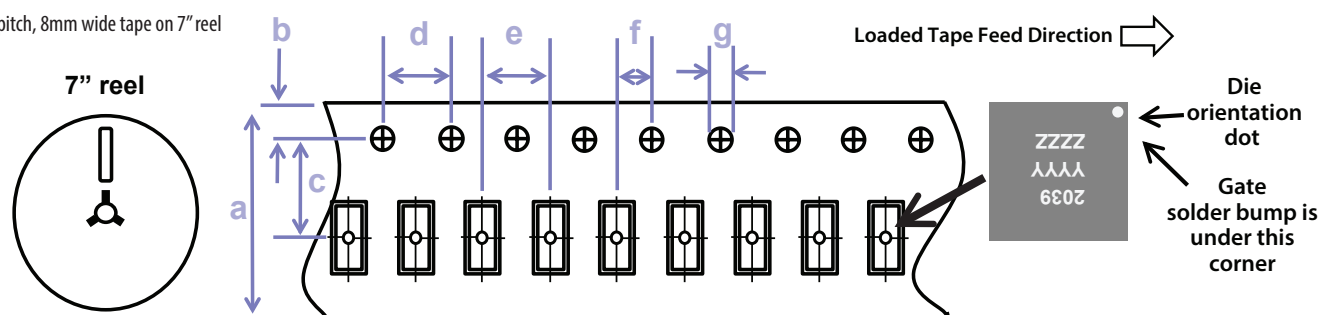


Figure 11: Safe Operating Area



## TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

4mm pitch, 8mm wide tape on 7" reel

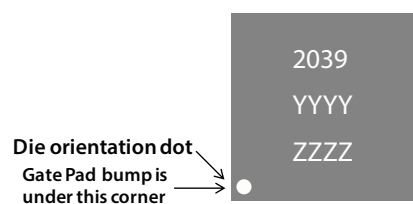


Die is placed into pocket  
solder bump side down  
(face side down)

Dimension (mm)	EPC2039 (note 1)		
	target	min	max
a	8.00	7.90	8.30
b	1.75	1.65	1.85
c (see note)	3.50	3.45	3.55
d	4.00	3.90	4.10
e	4.00	3.90	4.10
f (see note)	2.00	1.95	2.05
g	1.5	1.5	1.6

Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/JEDEC industry standard.  
Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

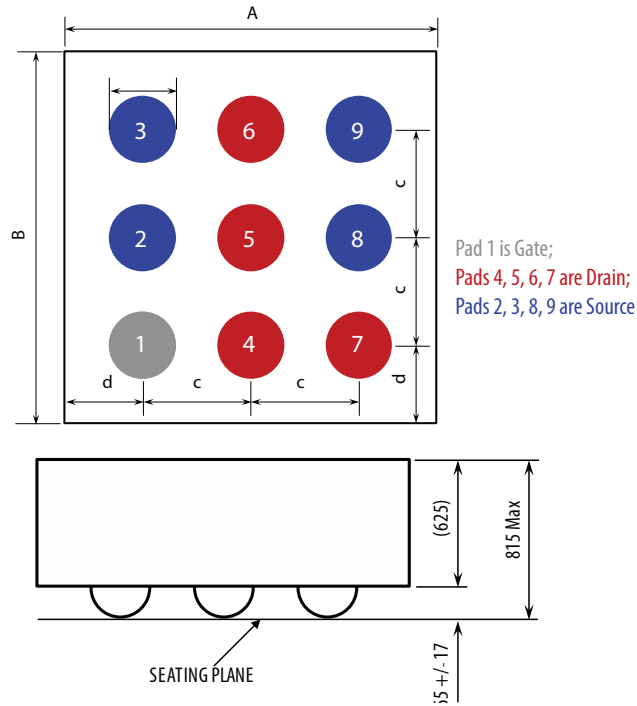
## DIE MARKINGS



Part Number	Laser Markings		
	Part # Marking Line 1	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 2	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 3
EPC2039	AA	YYYY	ZZZZ

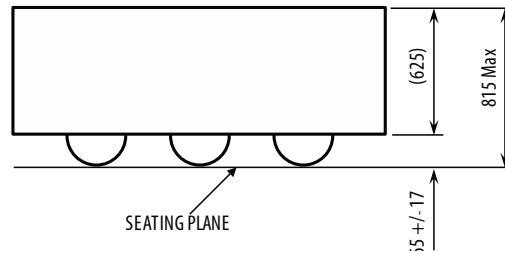
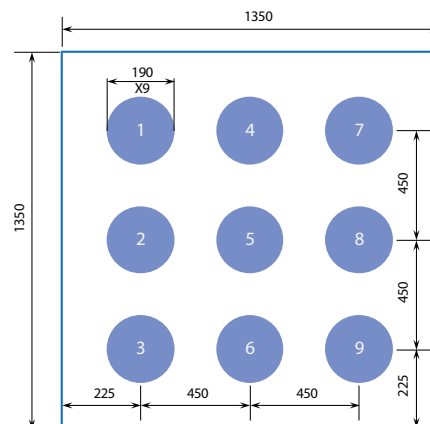
**DIE OUTLINE**

Solder Bump View



DIM	MIN	Nominal	MAX
A	1320	1350	1380
B	1320	1350	1380
c	450	450	450
d	210	225	240
e	187	208	229

Side View

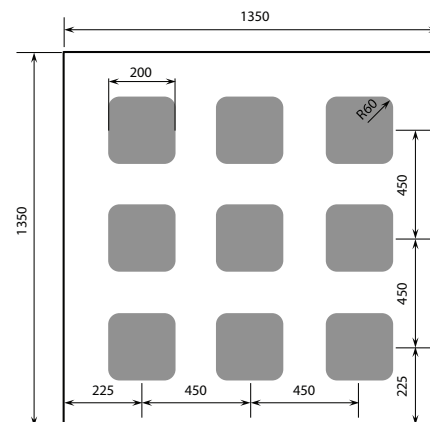
**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**(measurements in  $\mu\text{m}$ )

The land pattern is solder mask defined  
Solder mask is  $10\mu\text{m}$  smaller per side than bump

Pad 1 is Gate;

Pads 4, 5, 6, 7 are Drain;

Pads 2, 3, 8, 9 are Source

**RECOMMENDED STENCIL DRAWING**(measurements in  $\mu\text{m}$ )

Recommended stencil should be 4mil ( $100\mu\text{m}$ ) thick, must be laser cut, openings per drawing.

Intended for use with SAC305 Type 4 solder, reference 88.5% metals content.

Additional assembly resources available at  
<http://epc-co.com/epc/DesignSupport/AssemblyBasics.aspx>

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EPC Patent Listing: [epc-co.com/epc/AboutEPC/Patents.aspx](http://epc-co.com/epc/AboutEPC/Patents.aspx)

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