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## FEATURES

1.8 V to 5.5 V single supply
$2 \Omega$ (typ) on resistance
Low on resistance flatness
-3 dB bandwidth > $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ M H z}$
Rail-to-rail operation
6-lead and 5-lead SC70 packages
Fast switching times
ton 18 ns
toff 12 ns
Typical power consumption ( $<0.01 \mu \mathrm{~W}$ )
TTL-/CMOS-compatible

## APPLICATIONS

## Battery-powered systems

## Communication systems

Sample-and-hold systems
Audio signal routing
Video switching
Mechanical reed relay replacement

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG741/ADG742 are monolithic CMOS SPST switches. These switches are designed using an advanced submicron process that provides low power dissipation, yet offers high switching speed, low on resistance, and low leakage currents. In addition, -3 dB bandwidths of greater than 200 MHz can be achieved.

The ADG741/ADG742 can operate from a single 1.8 V to 5.5 V supply, making them ideal for use in battery-powered instruments and with Analog Devices' new generation of DACs and ADCs.

As shown in the Functional Block Diagrams, with a logic input of 1 the switch of the ADG741 is closed, while that of the ADG742 is open. Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when on.

The ADG741/ADG742 are available in 6-lead and 5-lead SC70 packages.

## Rev. A

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## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS



SWITCH SHOWN FOR A LOGIC 1 INPUT

Figure 1.
 A LOGIC 1 INPUT

Figure 2.

## PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

1. 1.8 V to 5.5 V Single-Supply Operation. The ADG741/ADG742 offer high performance, including low on resistance and fast switching times. They are fully specified and guaranteed with 3 V and 5 V supply rails.
2. Very Low Ron ( $3 \Omega$ max at $5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \Omega$ max at 3 V ). At 1.8 V operation, Ron is typically $40 \Omega$ over the temperature range.
3. On Resistance Flatness $\mathrm{R}_{\text {FLat (on) }}(1 \Omega \mathrm{max})$.
4. -3 dB Bandwidth $>200 \mathrm{MHz}$.
5. Low Power Dissipation.

CMOS construction ensures low power dissipation.
6. Fast $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$.
7. Tiny 6-Lead and 5-Lead SC70 Packages.

[^0]
## ADG741/ADG742

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## ADG741/ADG742

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, GND $=0 \mathrm{~V}$. All specifications $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.
Table 1.

| Parameter | B Version |  | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| ANALOG SWITCH <br> Analog Signal Range On Resistance (Ron) <br> On Resistance Flatness (Rflat (ON)) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | 0 V to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ <br> 4 <br> 1.0 | V <br> $\Omega$ typ <br> $\Omega$ max <br> $\Omega$ typ <br> $\Omega$ max | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=-10 \mathrm{~mA}$; <br> Figure 11 <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=-10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| LEAKAGE CURRENTS ${ }^{1}$ <br> Source OFF Leakage Is (OFF) <br> Drain OFF Leakage $I_{D}$ (OFF) <br> Channel ON Leakage Io, Is (ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \\ & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \\ & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.35 \\ \pm 0.35 \\ \pm 0.35 \end{gathered}$ | nA typ nA max nA typ nA max nA typ nA max | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{D}}=1 \mathrm{~V} / 4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 12 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{D}}=1 \mathrm{~V} / 4.5 \mathrm{~V} ;$ <br> Figure 12 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \text {, or } 4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {; }$ <br> Figure 13 |
| DIGITAL INPUTS Input High Voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{INH}}$ Input Low Voltage, VINL Input Current lind or $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{INH}}$ | $0.005$ | 2.4 <br> 0.8 <br> $\pm 0.1$ | $\vee$ min <br> $V$ max <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ typ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ max | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {INL }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INH }}$ |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ${ }^{1}$ <br> ton <br> toff <br> Charge Injection <br> Off Isolation <br> Bandwidth -3 dB <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}$ (OFF) <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}$ (OFF) <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 8 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & -55 \\ & -75 \\ & 200 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 38 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 18 12 | ns typ ns max ns typ ns max pC typ dB typ dB typ MHz typ pF typ pF typ pF typ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V} ; \text { Figure } 14 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V} ; \text { Figure } 14 \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{nF} ; \text { Figure } 15 \\ & \mathrm{RL}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \text { Figure } 16 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} ; \text { Figure } 17 \end{aligned}$ |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS lod | 0.001 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ typ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ max | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{VDD}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Digital Inputs }=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { or } 5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |

[^1]
## ADG741/ADG742

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}$. All specifications $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.
Table 2.

| Parameter | B Version |  | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| ANALOG SWITCH <br> Analog Signal Range On Resistance (Ron) On Resistance Flatness (Rflat (ON) | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | $0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ <br> 6 | V <br> $\Omega$ typ <br> $\Omega$ max <br> $\Omega$ typ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=-10 \mathrm{~mA}$; <br> Figure 11 <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=-10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| LEAKAGE CURRENTS ${ }^{1}$ <br> Source OFF Leakage Is (OFF) <br> Drain OFF Leakage $I_{D}$ (OFF) <br> Channel ON Leakage $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{o}}$ Is (ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \\ & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \\ & \pm 0.01 \\ & \pm 0.25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}  \pm 0.35 \\ \pm 0.35 \\ \pm 0.35 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | nA typ <br> nA max <br> nA typ <br> nA max <br> nA typ <br> nA max | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{D}}=1 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{~V} ; \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 12 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}=3 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{D}}=1 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{~V} ;$ <br> Figure 12 $V_{S}=V_{D}=1 \mathrm{~V} \text {, or } 3 \mathrm{~V} \text {; }$ <br> Figure 13 |
| DIGITAL INPUTS <br> Input High Voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{INH}}$ <br> Input Low Voltage, Vinl Input Current lind or $\mathrm{linh}^{\mathrm{n}}$ | 0.005 | 2.0 <br> 0.4 <br> $\pm 0.1$ | $V$ min <br> $\checkmark$ max <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ typ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ max | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {INL }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INH }}$ |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ${ }^{1}$ <br> ton <br> toff <br> Charge Injection <br> Off Isolation <br> Bandwidth - 3 dB <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}$ (OFF) <br> $C_{D}$ (OFF) <br> $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}(\mathrm{ON})$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 8 \\ & 4 \\ & -55 \\ & -75 \\ & 200 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | 20 13 | ns typ ns max ns typ ns max pC typ dB typ dB typ MHz typ pF typ pF typ pF typ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \text { Figure } 14 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \text { Figure } 14 \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{nF} ; \text { Figure } 15 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \text { Figure } 16 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} ; \text { Figure } 17 \end{aligned}$ |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS <br> IDD | 0.001 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ typ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ max | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{DD}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Digital Inputs }=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { or } 3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |

[^2]
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

| Parameters | Ratings |
| :---: | :---: |
| VDD to GND | -0.3 V to +7 V |
| Analog, Digital Inputs ${ }^{1}$ | $-0.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> or 30 mA , Whichever Occurs First |
| Continuous Current, S or D | 30 mA |
| Peak Current, S or D (Pulsed at 1ms, 10\% Duty Cycle Max) | 100 mA |
| Operating Temperature Range Industrial (B Version) | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction Temperature | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SC70 Package |  |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ Thermal Impedance | $494.8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\theta_{\text {jc }}$ Thermal Impedance | $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Lead Temperature, Soldering |  |
| Vapor Phase ( 60 sec ) | $215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Infrared (15 sec) | $220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD | 1.5 kV |

${ }^{1}$ Overvoltages at $\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{S}$, or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

Table 4. Truth Table

| ADG741 In | ADG742 In | Switch Condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 1 | OFF |
| 1 | 0 | ON |

## ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although this product features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.


## ADG741/ADG742

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



Figure 3. 6-Lead Pin Configuration


Figure 4. 5-Lead Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. (6-Lead) | Pin No. (5-Lead) | Mnemonic | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | D | Drain Terminal. May be an input or output. |
| 2 | 2 | S | Source Terminal. May be an input or output. |
| 3 | 3 | GND | Ground (0 V) Reference. |
| 4 | 4 | IN | Logic Control Input. |
| 5 | - | NC | No Connect. |
| 6 | 5 | VD | Most Positive Power Supply Potential. |

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 5. On Resistance as a Function of $V_{D}\left(V_{S}\right)$ Single Supplies


Figure 6. On Resistance as a Function of $V_{D}\left(V_{S}\right)$
for Different Temperatures $V_{D D}=3 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 7. On Resistance as a Function of $V_{D}\left(V_{S}\right)$ for Different Temperatures VDD $=5 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 8. Supply Current vs. Input Switching Frequency


Figure 9. Off Isolation vs. Frequency


Figure 10. On Response vs. Frequency

## ADG741/ADG742

## TERMINOLOGY

Ron
Ohmic resistance between D and S.

## $\mathrm{R}_{\text {flat (on) }}$

Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured.

Is (OFF)
Source leakage current with the switch off.

## $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}$ (OFF)

Drain leakage current with the switch off.

## $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}(\mathrm{ON})$

Channel leakage current with the switch on.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}(\mathrm{V})$
Analog voltage on Terminal D and Terminal S.
Cs (OFF)
Off switch source capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{o}}$ (OFF)
Off switch drain capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

## $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}$ (ON)

On switch capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.
ton
Delay time between the $50 \%$ and the $90 \%$ points of the digital input and switch on condition. See Figure 14.
toff
Delay time between the $50 \%$ and the $90 \%$ points of the digital input and switch off condition.

## Off Isolation

A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an off switch.

## Charge Injection

A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during on-off switching.

## Bandwidth

The frequency at which the output is attenuated by -3 dB .

## On Response

The frequency response of the on switch.
On Loss
The voltage drop across the on switch as how many dBs the signal is away from 0 dB at very low frequencies. See Figure 10.

## ADG741/ADG742

## TEST CIRCUITS




Figure 14. Switching Times


Figure 15. Charge Injection


Figure 16. Off Isolation


Figure 17. Bandwidth

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The ADG741/ADG742 belong to Analog Devices' family of CMOS switches. This series of general-purpose switches offers improved switching times, lower on resistance, higher bandwidth, low power consumption, and low leakage currents.

## SUPPLY VOLTAGES

Functionality of the ADG741/ADG742 extends from 1.8 V to 5.5 V single supply, which makes them ideal for batterypowered instruments where important design parameters are power, efficiency, and performance.

It is important to note that the supply voltage affects the input signal range, the on resistance, and the switching times of the part. By looking at the typical performance characteristics and the specifications, the effects of the power supplies can be clearly seen.

For $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$ operation, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{oN}}$ is typically $40 \Omega$ over the temperature range.

## ON RESPONSE VS. FREQUENCY

Figure 18 illustrates the parasitic components that affect the ac performance of CMOS switches (the switch is shown surrounded by a box). Additional external capacitances will further degrade some performance. These capacitances affect feedthrough, crosstalk, and system bandwidth.


Figure 18. Switch Represented by Equivalent Parasitic Components
The transfer function that describes the equivalent diagram of the switch (Figure 18) is of the form $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{s})$, as shown below.

$$
A(s)=R_{T}\left[\frac{s\left(R_{O N} C_{D S}\right)+1}{s\left(R_{O N} C_{T} R_{T}\right)+1}\right]
$$

where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C_{T}=C_{L O A D}+C_{D}+C_{D S} \\
& R_{T}=R_{L O A D} /\left(R_{L O A D}+R_{O N}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

The signal transfer characteristic is dependent on the switch channel capacitance, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{DS}}$. This capacitance creates a frequency zero in the numerator of the transfer function $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{s})$. Because the switch on resistance is small, this zero usually occurs at high frequencies. The bandwidth is a function of the switch output capacitance combined with $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Ds}}$ and the load capacitance. The frequency pole corresponding to these capacitances appears in the denominator of $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{s})$.

The dominant effect of the output capacitance, $C_{D}$, causes the pole breakpoint frequency to occur first. To maximize bandwidth, a switch must have a low input and output capacitance and low on resistance. The on response vs. frequency is shown in Figure 10.

## OFF ISOLATION

Off isolation is a measure of the input signal coupled through an off switch to the switch output. The capacitance, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{DS}}$, couples the input signal to the output load when the switch is off, as shown in Figure 19.


Figure 19. Off Isolation Affected by External Load Resistance and Capacitance

The larger the value of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{DS}}$, the larger the value of feedthrough that will be produced. The typical performance characteristic graph of Figure 9 illustrates the drop in off isolation as a function of frequency. From dc to roughly 1 MHz , the switch shows better than -75 dB isolation. Up to frequencies of 10 MHz , the off isolation remains better than -55 dB . As the frequency increases, more and more of the input signal is coupled through to the output. Off isolation can be maximized by choosing a switch with the smallest $C_{D S}$ possible. The values of load resistance and capacitance affect off isolation also, as they contribute to the coefficients of the poles and zeros in the transfer function of the switch when open.

$$
A(s)=\left[\frac{s\left(R_{L O A D} C_{D S}\right)}{s\left(R_{L O A D}\right)\left(C_{T}\right)+1}\right]
$$

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



Figure 20. 6-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Transistor Package [SC70] (KS-6)
Dimensions shown in millimeters


Figure 21. 5-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Transistor Package [SC70] (KS-5)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature Range | Brand ${ }^{1}$ | Package Description | Package Option |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADG741BKS-R2 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SFB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG741BKS-REEL | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SFB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG741BKS-REEL7 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SFB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG741BKSZ-REEL2 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S00 | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG741BKSZ5-REEL² | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S00 | 5-lead SC70 | KS-5 |
| ADG741BKSZ5-REEL7 ${ }^{2}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S00 | 5-lead SC70 | KS-5 |
| ADG742BKS-R2 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SGB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKS-REEL | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SGB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKS-REEL7 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SGB | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKSZ-R2 ${ }^{2}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S01 | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKSZ-REEL2 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S01 | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKSZ-REEL7 ${ }^{2}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S01 | 6-lead SC70 | KS-6 |
| ADG742BKSZ5-REEL² | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S01 | 5-lead SC70 | KS-5 |
| ADG742BKSZ5-REEL7 ${ }^{2}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | S01 | 5-lead SC70 | KS-5 |

[^3]
## ADG741/ADG742

## NOTES


[^0]:    One Technology Way, P.O. Box 9106, Norwood, MA 02062-9106, U.S.A.
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    Fax: 781.461.3113 © 2005 Analog Devices, Inc. All rights reserved.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Brand on these packages is limited to three characters due to space constraints.
    ${ }^{2} Z=P b$-free part.

