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FL77944 Analog/PWM/Phase-cut Dimmable High Power LED Direct AC Driver

Features

- The simplest Direct AC LED Driver with Only Two External RC Passive Component
- Wide AC Input Range: 90~305 V_{AC}
- Four Integrated High-Voltage LED Constant Current Sinks of up to 150 mA (RMS) Capability
- TRIAC Dimmable (Leading/Trailing Edge)
- Rheostat Dimmable
- Analog/Digital PWM Dimming Function
- High Power Factor (above 0.98 typically)
- Adjustable LED Power with an External Current Sense Resistor
- Low Harmonic Content (THD under 20% typically)
- SOIC-16 EP Package
- Flexible LED Forward Voltage Configuration
- Power Scalability with Multiple Driver ICs
- Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

Applications

 General LED Driving Solution for Residential, Commercial and Industrial Lighting

Description

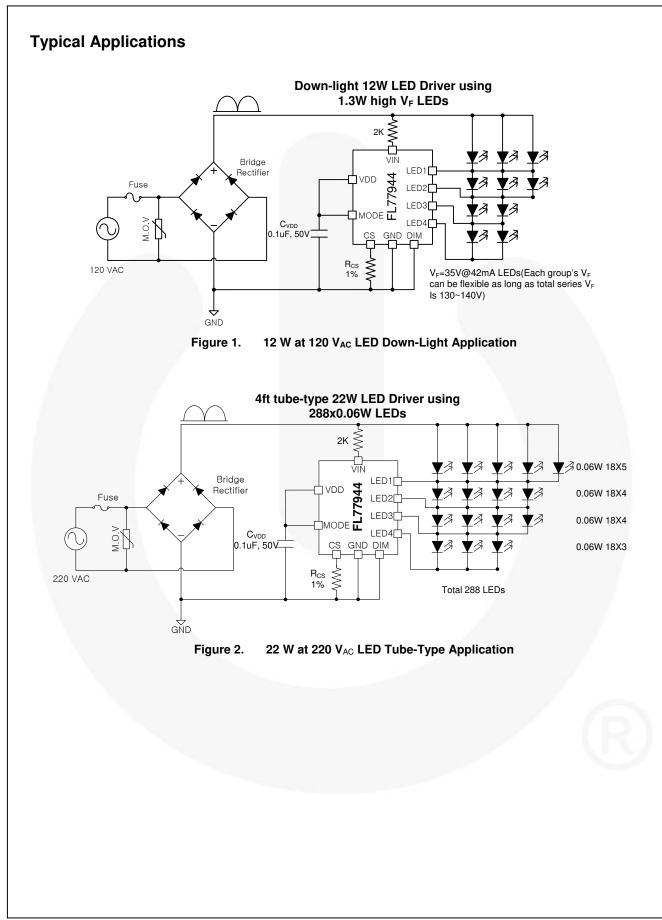
The FL77944 is a direct AC line LED driver with a minimal number of external RC passive components. In normal configuration, one resistor is to adjust LED power, and one capacitor is to provide a stable voltage to an internal biasing shunt regulator.

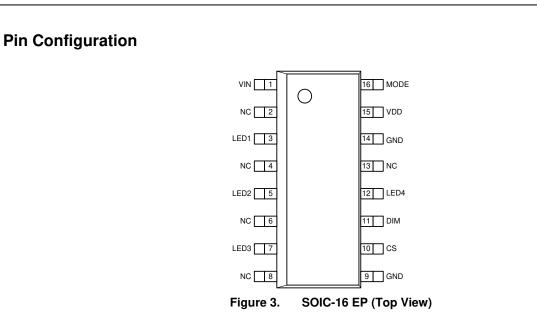
The FL77944 provides phase-cut dimming with wide dimming range, smooth dimming control and good dimmer compatibility. It achieves high efficiency with high PF and low THD, which makes the FL77944 suitable for high-efficiency LED lighting systems. The FL77944 has a dedicated DIM pin which can be used with analog or digital PWM dimming. The FL77944 can also be used with a rheostat dimmer switch which is suitable for desktop or indoor lamps.

Operation of FL77944 admits driving higher-wattage systems, such as street lights and down lights, by simply parallel connecting the driver ICs.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Packing Method
FL77944MX	-40 to 125°C	16-Lead, Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC) Exposed Dap 150" Narrow Body	2,500 per Reel





Thermal Characteristics (1) (2)

Component	nponent Package		^{Ю_{ЈА} (2S2P PCB)}	Unit
FL77944MX	16-Pin Small-Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC-EP)	102	24	°C/W

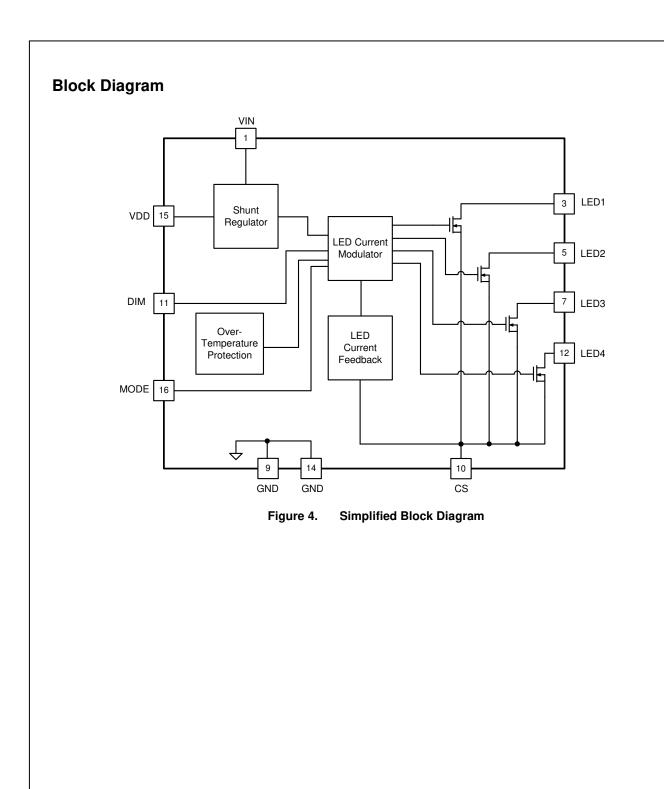
Notes:

 ⊖_{JA}: Thermal resistance between junction and ambient, dependent on the PCB design, heat sinking, and airflow. The value given is for natural convection with no heatsink using the 1S and 2S2P board, as specified in JEDEC standards JESD51-2, JESD51-5, and JESD51-7, as appropriate.

2. Junction-to-air thermal resistance is highly dependent on application and PCB layout. In application where the device dissipates high levels of power during operation, special care of thermal dissipation issues in PCB design must be taken.

Pin Definitions

Pin#	Name	Description		
1	VIN	Rectified AC Input Voltage. Connect this pin to rectified AC voltage after a bridge rectifier.		
3	LED1			
5	LED2	LED String Cathodes. Connect cathode(s) of each LED group to these pins.		
7	LED3	LED String Cathodes. Connect Cathode(s) of each LED group to these pills.		
12	LED4			
9, 14	GND	Ground Reference Pin . Tie this pin directly to local ground plane. This ground should not be tied to earth ground because it is not isolated from AC mains.		
10	CS	LED Current Sensing Pin . Limits the LED current depending on voltage across sensing resistor. The CS pin is used to set the LED current regulation target.		
11	DIM	Dimming Signal Input Pin . When MODE pin is tied to GND, this pin is used to further adjust LED current, based on given R_{CS} value. Apply 0 V to 5 V as the DIM signal. Both analog and digital PWM signal can be used.		
15	VDD	Internal Biasing Shunt regulator Output . Voltage on this pin supplies internal circuitry of FL77944. A 17-V shunt regulator is internally connected to this pin. A bypassing capacitor is recommended to be added to reduce noise from VIN.		
16	MODE	Mode Pin . Connect this pin to VDD to disable DIM pin. Connect this pin to GND to enable DIM-pin functionality.		
0	EP	Exposed Thermal Pad . EP is not tied to GND inside the IC. It is recommended to tie it to GND externally.		



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter		Max.	Unit
V _{IN}	VIN Voltage	-0.3	500.0	V
V _{LED1}	LED1 Pin Voltage	-0.3	500.0	V
V_{LED2}	LED2 Pin Voltage	-0.3	500.0	V
V _{LED3}	LED3 Pin Voltage	-0.3	500.0	V
V_{LED4}	LED4 Pin Voltage	-0.3	200.0	V
V _{CS}	CS Pin Voltage	-0.3	6.0	V
V _{DIM}	DIM Pin Voltage	-0.3	6.0	V
TJ	Junction Temperature		+150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65	+150	°C
I _{LED1}	LED1 Current		80	mA
I _{LED2}	LED2 Current		160	mA
I _{LED3}	LED3 Current		160	mA
I _{LED4}	LED4 Current		240	mA

Notes:

3. Stress beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

4. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the GND pin.

5. Human Body Model, ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2012: 0.9 kV at Pins 1, 3, 5, 7; 0.4 kV at Pin 12; 1.0 kV at Pins 10, 11, 15, 16.

6. Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101: 1.0 kV at all pins.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
Tj	Operating Junction Temperature	-40	+125	°C

FL77944 — Analog/PWM/Phase-cut Dimmable High Power LED Direct AC Driver

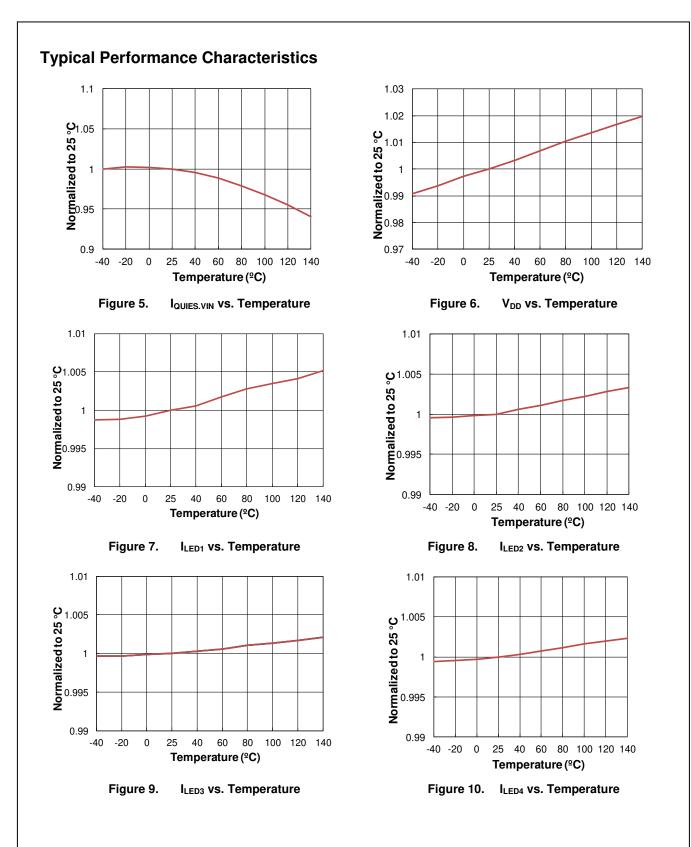
Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, R_{CS} = 10 Ω (1%), T_A = 25°C. Currents are defined as positive into the device and negative out of the device.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VIN Supply						
I _{QUIES.VIN}	VIN Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = 20 \text{ to } 500 \text{ V}$		1.2	1.5	mA
VDD Output						
V _{DD}	VDD Voltage	V _{IN} = 20.0 V	15.5	16.8	18	V
LED Curren	t					
I _{LED1}	LED1 Current	$V_{IN} = 20.0 V, V_{LED1} = 20.0 V$	9.0	16.9	21.0	mA
I _{LED2}	LED2 Current	$V_{IN} = 20.0 \text{ V}, V_{LED2} = 20.0 \text{ V}$	31.0	36.1	41.2	mA
I _{LED3}	LED3 Current	$V_{IN} = 20.0 \text{ V}, V_{LED3} = 35.0 \text{ V}$	77.0	82.8	88.6	mA
I _{LED4}	LED4 Current	$V_{IN} = 20.0 \text{ V}, V_{LED4} = 20.0 \text{ V}$	85.7	91.7	97.7	mA
Over-Tempe	erature Protection					
T _{OTP}	OTP Temperature ⁽⁷⁾			170		°C
Leakage Cu	rrent				•	
ILED1-LK	LED1 Leakage Current	$V_{LED1} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$			1	μA
I _{LED2-LK}	LED2 Leakage Current	$V_{LED2} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$			1	μA
I _{LED3-LK}	LED3 Leakage Current	$V_{\text{LED3}} = 500 \text{ V}, V_{\text{IN}} = 0 \text{ V}$			1	μA
I _{LED4-LK}	LED4 Leakage Current	V _{LED4} = 200 V, V _{IN} = 0 V			1	μA

Note:

7. Not tested in production. Internal over-temperature protection circuitry protects the device from permanent damage. LEDs shut down at the junction temperature of $T_J=170$ °C (typical).

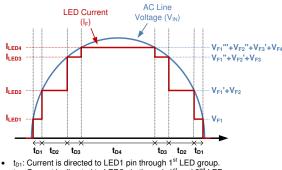


Functional Description

The FL77944 can drive LED strings attached directly to the rectified AC mains using only two external RC components (R_{CS} and C_{VDD}). With 4 integrated high voltage current sink, LED current in each string is precisely controlled with system compactness. High PF and low THD are obtained by the optimized current sink levels. Phase-cut dimming is easily obtained with wide dimming range and good dimmer compatibility. Dedicated DIM pin can be used to implement analog or digital dimming function. Flicker index in the direct AC drive topology can be improved by adopting proprietary self valley-fill solution.

Operation

When the rectified AC line voltage, V_{IN} , is higher than the forward voltage of the consecutive LED groups, each LED group turns on automatically as the corresponding current sink has enough voltage headroom across it. Each current sink increases up to the predefined current level and maintains that level until the following channel's current sink get enough voltage headroom across it.



- t_{02} : Current is directed to LED2 pin through 1st and 2rd LED groups. t₀₃: Current is directed to LED2 pin through 1st, 2rd, and 3rd LED groups. t₀₄: Current is directed to LED4 pin through 1st, 2rd, 3rd, and 4th LED groups.
- $V_{F1}/V_{F1}'/V_{F1}''/V_{F1}'''$ Forward voltage at forward current of I_{LED1}/I_{LED2} VF2/VF2": Forward voltage at forward current of ILED2/ILED3/ILED4 in 2nd LED group.
- \bar{V}_{F3} / \dot{V}_{F3} ': Forward voltage at forward current of I_{LED3} / I_{LED4} in 3rd LED group.
- V_{F4}: Forward voltage at forward current of I_{LED4} in 4th LED group.

Figure 11. FL77944 Operation

When V_{IN} reaches to the forward voltage across the 1st LED group (V_{F1}) at forward current $I_F = I_{LED1}$, the current drawn from the V_{IN} is directed to the LED1 through the 1st LED group. In sequence, when V_{IN} reaches forward voltage across 1st and 2nd LED groups $(V_{F1}'+V_{F2})$ at $I_F = I_{LED2}$, the current is directed to LED2 across 1st and 2nd LED groups. Then, when V_{IN} reaches V_{F1} "+ V_{F2} '+ V_{F3} at $I_{F=I_{LED3}}$, the LED current goes through 1st, 2nd, and 3rd LED groups and sinks to the LED3. Finally, when V_{1N} reaches $V_{F1}""+V_{F2}"+V_{F3}"+V_{F4}$ at $I_{F}{=}I_{LED4},$ the current goes Finally, through all 4 LED groups and is directed to the LED4.

Whenever the active channel (one that is sinking LED current) is changed from one channel to the adjacent channel with respect to the change in the V_{IN}, the new active channel's current increases gradually while the existing active channel's current decreases gradually.

This smooth current transition reduces frequency harmonic contents and improves power factor as well as Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) characteristics.

By fully utilizing available headroom, the FL77944 offers maximum power, high efficiency, power factor and low harmonic distortion. Typically, power factor is higher than 0.98 and THD is lower than 20%. The efficiency heavily depends on a LED configuration.

LED Current and Power Setting

The LED current is managed by an external current sense resistor Rcs. Regulation target of each channel's current sink is calculated as follows.

$$I_{LED1} = \frac{0.18}{R_{CS}}, I_{LED2} = \frac{0.37}{R_{CS}},$$

$$I_{LED3} = \frac{0.83}{R_{CS}}, \text{ and } I_{LED4} = \frac{0.92}{R_{CS}}.$$
(1)

Root-mean-square (RMS) value of the input current can be calculated using the peak regulated current, ILED4, and crest factor. Since the LED current waveform is similar to the AC line voltage, the crest factor is close to the crest factor of a sine wave, $\sqrt{2}$ =1.414. But the actual crest factor depends on the flattened time of the ILED4 and LED configuration. With FL77944, the typical crest factor approximately is 1.4. Thus, based on estimated input power. PIN, the Rcs resistor value can be calculated as follows.

$$R_{CS} = \frac{0.92 \times V_{AC.RMS}}{1.4 \times P_{IN}} \tag{2}$$

The actual R_{CS} needs to be adjusted with respect to the LED configuration.

LED Configuration

In the LED configuration, it is required to increase the total LED forward voltage to improve efficiency. For example, compared to using 4 LEDs with V_F of 60 V (total $V_F = 60 V \times 4$ channels = 240 V) for each LED group, using 4 LEDs with V_F equal to 65 V (total V_F = $65 \text{ V} \times 4$ channels = 260 V) will improve the efficiency simply due to the higher total V_F. Each LED channel can have different V_F. For example, if a design is implemented with 144 pieces of 3-V LEDs for replacement of 2-feet fluorescent lamp, designer can assign flexible numbers of LEDs for LED channels such as 25s2p-32s2p-6s2p-18s1p ("s" stands for LEDs in series and "p" stands for LEDs in parallel) or 18s2p-18s2p-18s2p-36s1p.

Which needs to be considered is that V_F of first LED group should be higher than VIN-pin turn-on voltage, which is 20 V. If the V_F of the first LED group is configured to be lower than VIN-pin turn-on voltage, ILED1 will not have the correct regulation level when input voltage, V_{IN} , is just exceeds the V_{F} .

A good starting point for choosing a LED configuration is to have about 260 V~280 V of the total V_F for 220 V_{AC} mains and 130 V~140 V of the total V_F for 120 V_{AC}.

Internal Shunt Regulator Output, VDD

The system implemented with FL77944 does not require a bulk capacitor after bridge-rectification diodes. As a result, the V_{DD} , which supplies biasing voltage for the FL77944, has voltage ripple like the rectification voltage after the bridge diodes as shown in Figure 12.

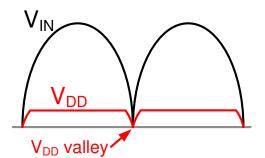


Figure 12. V_{DD} Ripple without C_{VDD}

The V_{DD} ripple can be reduced by a bypassing capacitor, C_{VDD}. If the C_{VDD} is not used, or its value is small, the V_{DD} voltage fluctuates and goes even down to 0 V. It makes the FL77944 reset, but the FL77944 automatically restarts every cycle when the AC line voltage reaches a certain level. For a much stable operation, to implement C_{VDD} is preferred. The recommended C_{VDD} value is 1 μ F with 50 V of voltage rating.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The FL77944 is with over temperature protection (OTP) inherently. When the driver's junction temperature exceeds a specified threshold temperature ($T_J = 170^{\circ}C$), the driver will shut down automatically and then recover automatically once the temperature drops lower enough than the internal threshold temperature. Without this protection, the lifetime of the FL77944 can be reduced and irreparable damage can occur when it operates above its maximum junction temperature (150°C). Good thermal management is required to achieve best performance and long life span of the FL77944.

Analog/PWM Dimming Function

The FL77944 uses the DIM pin for analog, 0 V to 10 V, or pulse width modulation (PWM) dimming by applying a voltage signal between 0 to 5 V or PWM signals with 5-V peaks to the DIM pin.

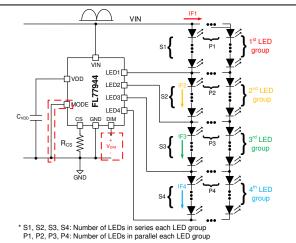
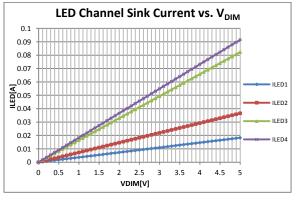
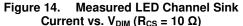


Figure 13. Analog or PWM dimming Application

To enable dimming mode, the MODE pin should be tied to GND. The LED channel sink and total RMS current through LEDs will be linearly adjusted with the V_{DIM} level as shown Figure 14 and Figure 15.





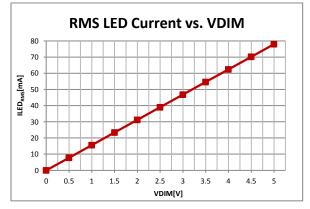
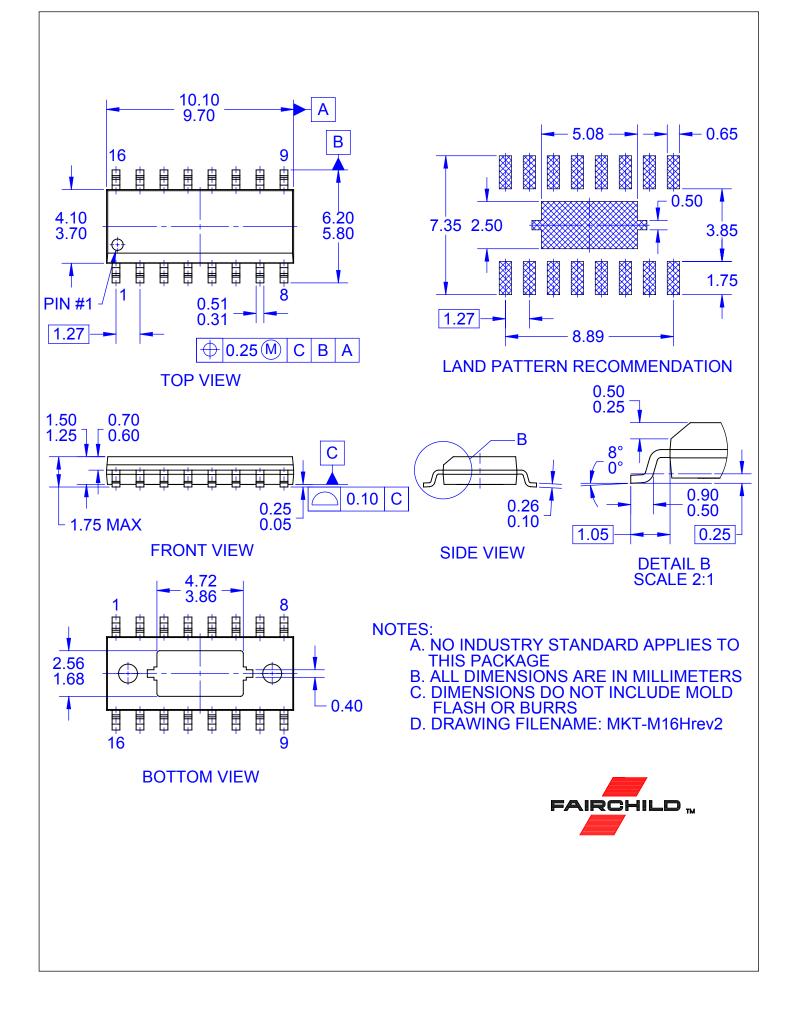


Figure 15. Current vs. V_{DIM} (Simulation results: R_{CS} =10 Ω / V_{AC} = 120 V)



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