



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



JTAG-Booster for AMD ÉlanSC520



P.O. Box 1103
Kueferstrasse 8
☎+49 (7667) 908-0
sales@fsforth.de

- D-79200 Breisach, Germany
- D-79206 Breisach, Germany
- Fax +49 (7667) 908-200
- <http://www.fsforth.de>

Copyright © 1995..2002:

FS FORTH-SYSTEME GmbH
Postfach 1103, D-79200 Breisach, Germany

Release of Document: March 12, 2002
Author: Dieter Fögele
Filename: JTAGEL5d.doc
Program Version: 3.xx

All rights reserved. No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of FS FORTH-SYSTEME GmbH.

Table of Contents

1. General 4

 1.1. System Requirements 4

 1.2. Connecting your PC to the target system 5

 1.3. First Example 7

 1.4. Trouble Shooting 9

 1.5. Error Messages 10

 1.6. Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI 14

 1.7. Supported flash devices 22

2. JTAGEL5 Parameter Description 27

 2.1. Programming a Flash Device 30

 2.2. Read a Flash Device to file 34

 2.3. Verify a Flash Device with file 36

 2.4. Dump target memory 38

 2.5. Program an I²C-Device 39

 2.6. Read an I²C-Device to file 41

 2.7. Verify an I²C-Device with file 43

 2.8. Dump an I²C-Device 45

 2.9. Toggle CPU pins 46

 2.10. Polling CPU pins 47

 2.11. Polling CPU pins while the CPU is running 48

 2.12. List of supported Flash Devices 49

3. Implementation Information 50

1. General

The program JTAGEL5 uses the JTAG port of the AMD ÉlanSC520 embedded microprocessor in conjunction with the small JTAG-BOOSTER:

- to program data into flash memory
- to verify and read the contents of a flash memory
- to make a memory dump
- to access a I2C Device
- to test CPU signals

All functions are done without any piece of software running in the target. No firmware or BIOS must be written. Bootstrap software may be downloaded to initially unprogrammed memories.

For latest documentation please refer to the file README.TXT on the distribution disk.

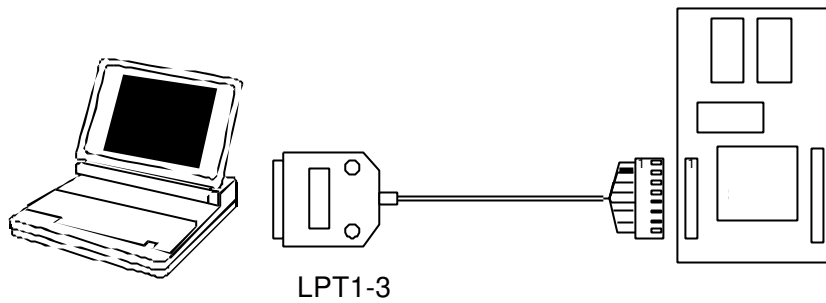
1.1.System Requirements

To successfully run this tool the following requirements must be met:

- MSDOS, WIN3.x, WIN9x or WinNT
(WinNT is supported with an additional support-kit)
- Intel 80386 or higher
- 205 kByte of free DOS memory
- no extended memory
- Parallel Port

1.2.Connecting your PC to the target system

The JTAG-Booster can be plugged into standard parallel ports (LPT1-3) with a DB25-Connector.



The target end of the cable has the following reference:

1	2*	3	4	5	6	7	8
TCK	GND	TMS	TRST#	NC	TDI	TDO	+3.3V

*PIN 2 can be detected by the white thick cable.

To connect your design to the JTAG-BOOSTER you need a single row berg connector with a spacing of 2.54mm on your PCB. The names refer to the target: Pin 7 is the target's TDO pin and is connected to the JTAG-Booster's TDI pin.

A 3.3V version of the JTAG-Booster is delivered for the AMD ElanSC520. Do not connect the 3.3V JTAG-Booster to a 5V power supply. The JTAG-Booster may be damaged.

Before you start the program, the JTAG-BOOSTER must be plugged to a parallel interface of your PC and to the 8 pin JTAG connector on the target.

The utility is started with the general command line format:

JTAGEL5 /function [filename] [/option_1] ... [/option_n].

Note that the function must be the first argument followed (if needed) by the filename.

If you want to cancel execution of JTAGEL5, press CTRL-Break-Key.

On any error the program aborts with an MSDOS error level of one.

1.3.First Example

In the following simple example it is assumed that the JTAG-Booster is connected to LPT1 of your PC and target power is on.

Typing

```
JTAGEL5 /P MYAPP.BIN /VERIFY
```

at the DOS prompt results in the following output:

```
JTAGEL5 --- JTAG utility for AMD ÉlanSC520
Copyright © FS FORTH-SYSTEME GmbH, Breisach
Version 3.0 of mm/dd/yyyy

(1) Configuration loaded from file JTAGEL5.INI
(2) Target: FS FORTH-SYSTEME, EVA520
(3) Using LPT at I/O-address 0378h
(4) JTAG Adapter detected

(5) More than 9 devices detected in JTAG chain or TDI pin stuck at low level
    Device 0: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 1: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 2: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 3: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 4: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 5: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 6: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 7: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1
    Device 8: IDCODE=10EFF003  AMD ÉlanSC520, Revision 1

(6) Sum of instruction register bits : 4
(7) CPU position                    : 0
(8) Instruction register offset     : 0

(9) AMD 29F040 detected
(10) Erasing Flash-EPROM Block #:6 7
    Programming File MYAPP.BIN
    131072 Bytes programmed
    Programming ok
```


Erase Time : 1.1 sec
Programming Time : 121.2 sec

- (1) The initialization file JTAGEL5.INI was found in the current directory.
- (2) The target identification line of the initialization file is printed here.
- (3) The resulting I/O-address of the parallel port is printed here.
- (4) A JTAG-Booster is found on the parallel port
- (5) The JTAG chain is analyzed. There may be several parts in the JTAG chain. The chain is analyzed and all parts except the AMD ÉlanSC520 are switched to bypass mode.
Please note: The current revision of the AMD ÉlanSC520 has a silicon bug with the JTAG identification register. As a result of that bug, the contents of the identification register is shifted out infinitely. If there are other devices in the JTAG chain, the AMD ÉlanSC520 must be the first part in the chain (nearest to TDI). Otherwise the JTAG-Booster does not work.
- (6) The length of all instruction registers in the JTAG chain are added.
- (7) The position of the AMD ÉlanSC520 in the JTAG chain is checked.
- (8) The position of the JTAG instruction register of the AMD ÉlanSC520 is checked
- (9) One Flash-EPROM AMD 29F040 selected with chip select BOOTCS# is found.
- (10) In this example two blocks must be erased.

1.4.Trouble Shooting

Avoid long distances between your Host-PC and the target. If you are using standard parallel extension cable, the JTAG-BOOSTER may not work. Don't use Dongles between the parallel port and the JTAG-BOOSTER.

Switch off all special modes of your printer port (EPP, ECP, ...) in the BIOS setup. Only standard parallel port (SPP) mode is allowed.

On very fast PCs there could be verify errors. To avoid this, watch for the 'IO recovery time'-switch in the BIOS Setup which must be turned on. Otherwise try to slow down your PC by setting the turbo switch off.

When using older flash devices (nearly maximum erase cycles reached), we propose to use the /VERIFY option. This is also true for the relatively slow 3 Volt only flash devices.

Some newer fast flash devices need a setup time between address/data and the write strobe signal. If programming of this devices fails, try with the option /WRSETUP again.

If there are problems with autodetection of the flash devices use the /DEVICE= option. To speed up autodetection specify the option /16BIT or /8BIT.

Don't use hardware protected flash memories.

The used chip selects must be defined as output and inactive in the initialization file (see chapter 1.6 "Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI"). Also the address bits must be defined as output.

1.5.Error Messages

- **80386 or greater required**
The JTAG-BOOSTER does not work on a 8088/8086 or a 80286 platform.
- **Adapter not connected or target power fail**
The JTAG-Booster wasn't found. Please check connection to parallel port and connection to target. Check target power. Check your BIOS-Setup.
- **Can't open x:\yyy\zzz\JTAGEL5.OVL**
The overlay file JTAGEL5.OVL must be in the same directory as JTAGEL5.EXE.
- **Configuration file XYZ not found.**
The file specified with the option /INI= wasn't found.
- **Device offset out of range**
The value specified with the option /OFFSET= is greater than the size of the detected flash device.
- **Disk full**
Writing a output file was aborted as a result of missing disk space.
- **Error creating file:**
The output file could not be opened. Please check free disk space or write protection.
- **Error: *Pin-Name* is an output only pin**
The specified pin cannot be sampled. Check the command line. Check the initialization file.
- **Error: *Pin-Name* is an input only pin**
The specified pin cannot be activated. Check the command line. Check the initialization file.
- **Error: *Pin-Name* may not be read back**
The specified pin can be switched to tristate, but cannot be read back. Check the command line.

- **illegal function:**
The first parameter of the command line must be a valid function. See chapter 2 “JTAGEL5 Parameter Description” for a list of supported functions.
- **illegal number:**
The specified number couldn't be interpret as a valid number. Check the relevant number base.
- **illegal option:**
See chapter 2 “JTAGEL5 Parameter Description” for a list of supported options.
- **illegal Pin Type:**
The name specified with the option /PIN= must be one of the list of chapter 1.6 “Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI”
- **illegal Flash Type:**
The name specified with the option /DEVICE= must be one of the list of chapter 1.7 “Supported flash devices”.
- **Input file not found:**
The specified file cannot be found
- **Input file is empty:**
Files with zero length are not accepted
- **" " is undefined**
Please check the syntax in your configuration file. (See chapter 1.6 “Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI”).
- **LPTx not installed**
The LPT port specified with /LPTx cannot be found. Please check the LPT port or specify a installed LPT port. Check your BIOS setup.
- **missing filename**
Most functions need a filename as second parameter.

- **missing option /I2CCLK=**
Some functions need the option /I2CCLK= to be defined.
- **missing option /I2CDAT=**
Some functions need the option /I2CDAT= or the options /I2CDATO= and /I2CDATI= to be defined.
- **missing option /LENGTH=**
Some functions need the option /LENGTH= to be defined.
- **missing option /PIN=**
Some functions need the option /PIN= to be defined.
- **More than 9 devices in the JTAG chain or TDI pin stuck at low level**
The JTAG chain is limited to 9 parts. Check target power. Check the target's TDO pin.
- **No devices found in JTAG chain or TDI pin stuck at high level**
A stream of 32 high bits was detected on the pin TDI. TDI may stuck at high level. Check the connection to your target. Check the target power. Check the target's TDO pin.
- **Option /CPUPOS= out of range**
The number specified with the option /CPUPOS= must be less or equal to the number of parts minus 1.
- **Option /IROFFS= out of range**
Please specify a smaller value
- **Part at specified position is not a AMD ÉlanSC520**
The option /CPUPOS= points to a part not a AMD ÉlanSC520
- **Pins specified with /I2CCLK= and /I2CDAT= must have different control cells**
The pin specified with the option /I2CDAT= must be able to be switched to high impedance while the pin specified with option /I2CCLK= is an active output. See chapter 1.6 "Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI".

- **Pins specified with /I2CCLK= and /I2CDATI= must have different control cells**
The pin specified with the option /I2CDATI= must be able to be switched to high impedance while the pin specified with option /I2CCLK= is an active output. See chapter 1.6 “Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI”.
- **Pins specified with /I2CDATO= and /I2CDATI= must have different control cells**
The pin specified with the option /I2CDATI= must be able to be switched to high impedance while the pin specified with option /I2CDATO= is an active output. See chapter 1.6 “Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI”.
- **Specify only one of that options:**
Some options are exclusive (i.e. /8BIT and /16BIT). Don't mix them.
- **There are unknown parts in the JTAG chain. Please use the option /IROFFS= to specify the instr. reg. offset of the CPU.**
If there are unknown parts in the JTAG chain, the program isn't able to determine the logical position of the CPU's instruction register.
- **There is no AMD ÉlanSC520 in the JTAG chain**
No AMD ÉlanSC520 was found in the JTAG chain. Check the target power. Try with option /DRIVER=4 again.
- **Value of option /FILE-OFFSET out of range**
The value of the option /FILE-OFFSET= points behind end of file.
- **wrong driver #**
The value specified with the option /DRIVER= is out of range.
- **wrong Identifier (xxxx)**
No valid identifier found. Check the specified chip select signal and the bus width. Try with the option /DEVICE= .

1.6.Initialization file JTAGEL5.INI

This file is used to set the CPU signals for input/output. In case of output signal an additional parameter is used to set the default level to high or low. This file can be used to adapt your own AMD ÉlanSC520 design to the JTAG-BOOSTER. The Target-Entry is used to identify your design which is displayed with most commands.

When the JTAGEL5 software is started it scans the current directory for an existing initialization file named JTAGEL5.INI. If no entry is found the default values are used. You may also specify the initialization file with the option /INI= . If the specified file isn't found, the program aborts with an error message.

The CPU pins can also be used with the functions /BLINK (chapter 2.9), /PIN? (chapter 2.10) and /SAMPLE (chapter 2.11) to test the signals on your design.

Example of JTAGEL5.INI:

```
// Description file for AMD ÉlanSC520
Target: FS FORTH-SYSTEME, EVA520
// All chip select signals are set to output and inactive.
// All signals should be defined. Undefined signals are set to their defaults.
// Pin names are defined in upper case.
// Low active signals are signed with a trailing #.

// Group A: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
//      This pins are tristateable outputs and may not be read back
BA1      Out,Lo // SDRAM, bank address
BA0      Out,Lo // SDRAM, kank address
MA12     Out,Lo // SDRAM, address
MA11     Out,Lo //
MA10     Out,Lo //
MA9      Out,Lo //
MA8      Out,Lo //
MA7      Out,Lo //
MA6      Out,Lo //
MA5      Out,Lo //
MA4      Out,Lo //
MA3      Out,Lo //
MA2      Out,Lo //
```

MA1 Out,Lo //
MA0 Out,Lo //

// Group B: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction

// This pins are bidirectional

MD31 Inp // SDRAM data bus
MD30 Inp //
MD29 Inp //
MD28 Inp //
MD27 Inp //
MD26 Inp //
MD25 Inp //
MD24 Inp //
MD23 Inp //
MD22 Inp //
MD21 Inp //
MD20 Inp //
MD19 Inp //
MD18 Inp //
MD17 Inp //
MD16 Inp //
MD15 Inp //
MD14 Inp //
MD13 Inp //
MD12 Inp //
MD11 Inp //
MD10 Inp //
MD9 Inp //
MD8 Inp //
MD7 Inp //
MD6 Inp //
MD5 Inp //
MD4 Inp //
MD3 Inp //
MD2 Inp //
MD1 Inp //
MD0 Inp //
MECC6 Inp // SDRAM, memory error correction code
MECC5 Inp //
MECC4 Inp //
MECC3 Inp //

MECC2 Inp //
MECC1 Inp //
MECC0 Inp //

// Group C: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

SCS3# Out,Hi // SDRAM, chip select
SCS2# Out,Hi //
SCS1# Out,Hi //
SCS0# Out,Hi //

// Group D: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

SRASB# Out,Hi // SDRAM, row address strobe
SRASA# Out,Hi //

// Group E: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

SCASB# Out,Hi // SDRAM, column address strobe
SCASA# Out,Hi //

// Group F: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

SWEB# Out,Hi // SDRAM, memory write enables
SWEA# Out,Hi //

// Group G: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

SDQM3 Out,Lo // SDRAM, data ubput/output mask
SDQM2 Out,Lo //
SDQM1 Out,Lo //
SDQM0 Out,Lo //

// Group H: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction
// This pins are bidirectional

AD31 Inp // PCI, address/data bus
AD30 Inp //
AD29 Inp //
AD28 Inp //
AD27 Inp //
AD26 Inp //

```

AD25      Inp    //
AD24      Inp    //
AD23      Inp    //
AD22      Inp    //
AD21      Inp    //
AD20      Inp    //
AD19      Inp    //
AD18      Inp    //
AD17      Inp    //
AD16      Inp    //
AD15      Inp    //
AD14      Inp    //
AD13      Inp    //
AD12      Inp    //
AD11      Inp    //
AD10      Inp    //
AD9       Inp    //
AD8       Inp    //
AD7       Inp    //
AD6       Inp    //
AD5       Inp    //
AD4       Inp    //
AD3       Inp    //
AD2       Inp    //
AD1       Inp    //
AD0       Inp    //

```

// Group I: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction

// This pins are bidirectional

```

CBE3#     Out,Hi // PCI, command or byte enable
CBE2#     Out,Hi //
CBE1#     Out,Hi //
CBE0#     Out,Hi //

```

// Group J: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction

// Pins GPA14..0 are tristateable outputs but may not be read back

// Pins GPA25..15 are bidirectional

// For Flash programming this pins must be set to output

```

GPA25     Out,Lo // = DEBUG_ENTER config switch
GPA24     Out,Lo // = INST_TRCE config switch
GPA23     Out,Lo // = AMDEBUG_DIS config switch

```

GPA22	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD7 config switch
GPA21	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD6 config switch
GPA20	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD5 config switch
GPA19	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD4 config switch
GPA18	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD3 config switch
GPA17	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD2 config switch
GPA16	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD1 config switch
GPA15	Out,Lo	// = RSTLD0 config switch
GPA14	Out,Lo	//
GPA13	Out,Lo	//
GPA12	Out,Lo	//
GPA11	Out,Lo	//
GPA10	Out,Lo	//
GPA9	Out,Lo	//
GPA8	Out,Lo	//
GPA7	Out,Lo	//
GPA6	Out,Lo	//
GPA5	Out,Lo	//
GPA4	Out,Lo	//
GPA3	Out,Lo	//
GPA2	Out,Lo	//
GPA1	Out,Lo	//
GPA0	Out,Lo	//

// Group K: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction

// This pins are bidirectional

GPD15	Inp	//
GPD14	Inp	//
GPD13	Inp	//
GPD12	Inp	//
GPD11	Inp	//
GPD10	Inp	//
GPD9	Inp	//
GPD8	Inp	//

// Group L: All pins in this group must be set to the same direction

// This pins are bidirectional

GPD7	Inp	//
GPD6	Inp	//
GPD5	Inp	//
GPD4	Inp	//

```
GPD3      Inp    //
GPD2      Inp    //
GPD1      Inp    //
GPD0      Inp    //
```

```
// The direction of each following pin can be set independent of the others,
// but this pins can not be read back.
```

```
CLKMEMOUT Out,Lo// SDRAM, clock output
BOOTCS#   Out,Hi//
ROMRD#    Out,Hi//
FLASHWR#  Out,Hi//
ROMBUFOE# Out,Hi//
ROMCS1#   Out,Hi//
ROMCS2#   Out,Hi //
CLKPCIOUT Out,Lo // PCI, clock input
RST#      Out,Hi // PCI, reset
GNT4#     Out,Hi //
GNT3#     Out,Hi //
GNT2#     Out,H  i//
GNT1#     Out,Hi //
GNT0#     Out,Hi //
GPRESET   Out,Lo // some people connect GPRESET to the Boot-Flash!!
GPIORD#   Out,Hi //
GPIOWR#   Out,Hi //
GPMEMRD#  Out,Hi //
GPMEMWR#  Out,Hi //
SOUT1     Out,Lo //
RTS1#     Out,Lo //
DTR1#     Out,Lo //
SOUT2     Out,Lo //
RTS2#     Out,Lo //
DTR2#     Out,Lo //
SSI_CLK   Out,Hi //
SSI_DO    Out,Hi //
CMDACK    Out,Lo //
STOP/TX   Out,Lo //
TRIG/TRACE Out,Lo //
```

```
// The following pins are complete bidirectional pins.
// The direction of each pin can be set independent of the other pins.
// Each pin can be used as input.
```

PAR	Inp	//
PERR#	Inp	//
FRAME#	Inp	//
TRDY#	Inp	//
IRDY#	Inp	//
STOP#	Inp	//
DEVSEL#	Inp	//
PIO27	Inp	// = GPCS0#
PIO26	Inp	// = PMEMCS16#
PIO25	Inp	// = GPIOCS16#
PIO24	Out,Hi	// = GPDBUFOE#
PIO23	Inp	// = GPIRQ0
PIO22	Inp	// = GPIRQ1
PIO21	Inp	// = GPIRQ2
PIO20	Inp	// = GPIRQ3
PIO19	Inp	// = GPIRQ4
PIO18	Inp	// = GPIRQ5
PIO17	Inp	// = GPIRQ6
PIO16	Inp	// = GPIRQ7
PIO15	Inp	// = GPIRQ8
PIO14	Inp	// = GPIRQ9
PIO13	Inp	// = GPIRQ10
PIO12	Out,Hi	// = GPDACK0#
PIO11	Out,Hi	// = GPDACK1#
PIO10	Out,Hi	// = GPDACK2#
PIO9	Out,Hi	// = GPDACK3#
PIO8	Inp	// = GPDRQ0
PIO7	Inp	// = GPDRQ1
PIO6	Inp	// = GPDRQ2
PIO5	Inp	// = GPDRQ3
PIO4	Out,Lo	// = GPTC
PIO3	Out,Lo	// = GPAEN
PIO2	Inp	// = GPRDY
PIO1	Out,Hi	// = GPBHE#
PIO0	Out,Lo	// = CPALE
PIO28	Inp	// = CTS2#
PIO29	Inp	// = DSR2#
PIO30	Inp	// = DCD2
PIO31	Inp	// = RIN2#
CLKTIMER	Inp	//
DC	Out,Lo	//

```

DATASTRB    Out,Lo  //
CPUACT      Out,Lo  //
PITOUT2     Out,Lo  //
PITGATE2    Inp     //
TMRIN1     Inp     //
TMRIN0     Inp     //
TMROUT1    Out,Lo  //
TMROUT0    Out,Lo  //

```

// The following pins are input only.

// Setting to output of one of these pins results in an error.

// Declaration of the direction of these pins is optional.

```

CLKMEMIN    Inp     //
SERR#       Inp     //
CLKPCIIN    Inp     //
INTD#       Inp     //
INTC#       Inp     //
INTB#       Inp     //
INTA#       Inp     //
REQ4#       Inp     //
REQ3#       Inp     //
REQ2#       Inp     //
REQ1#       Inp     //
REQ0#       Inp     //
SIN1        Inp     //
CTS1#       Inp     //
DSR1#       Inp     //
DCD1#       Inp     //
RIN1#       Inp     //
SIN2        Inp     //
SSI_DI      Inp     //
PWRGOOD     Inp     //
PRGRESET    Inp     //
BR/TC       Inp     //

```

This example is equal to the default initialization which is used when no initialization file could be found in the current directory and no initialization file is specified with the option /INI=.

Changes to the structure of the file could result in errors. Remarks can be added by using //.

1.7.Supported flash devices

The following types could be used with the /DEVICE= option:

AM29F010	: AMD 29F010	
AM29F010*2	: Dual AMD 29F010	
* AM29LV010	: AMD 29LV010	(3.3V)
* AM29LV010*2	: Dual AMD 29LV010	(3.3V)
* AM29F100BW	: AMD 29F100B	(word mode)
* AM29F100BB	: AMD 29F100B	(byte mode)
* AM29F100TW	: AMD 29F100T	(word mode)
* AM29F100TB	: AMD 29F100T	(byte mode)
* AM29F200BW	: AMD 29F200B	(word mode)
* AM29F200BB	: AMD 29F200B	(byte mode)
* AM29F200TW	: AMD 29F200T	(word mode)
* AM29F200TB	: AMD 29F200T	(byte mode)
* AM29LV200BW	: AMD 29F200B	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV200BB	: AMD 29F200B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV200TW	: AMD 29F200T	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV200TB	: AMD 29F200T	(3.3V, byte mode)
AM29F040	: AMD 29F040	
AM29F040*2	: Dual AMD 29F040	
* AM29F400BW	: AMD 29F400B	(word mode)
* AM29F400BB	: AMD 29F400B	(byte mode)
AM29F400TW	: AMD 29F400T	(word mode)
AM29F400TB	: AMD 29F400T	(byte mode)
* AM29LV400BW	: AMD 29LV400B	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV400BB	: AMD 29LV400B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV400TW	: AMD 29LV400T	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV400TB	: AMD 29LV400T	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV004B	: AMD 29LV004B	(3.3V)
* AM29LV004T	: AMD 29LV004T	(3.3V)
AM29F080	: AMD 29F080	
* AM29F080*2	: Dual AMD 29F080	
* AM29LV081	: AMD 29LV081	(3.3V)
* AM29LV081*2	: Dual 29LV081	(3.3V)
* AM29F800BW	: AMD 29F800B	(word mode)
* AM29F800BB	: AMD 29F800B	(byte mode)
AM29F800TW	: AMD 29F800T	(word mode)
* AM29F800TB	: AMD 29F800T	(byte mode)
* AM29LV800BW	: AMD 29LV800B	(3.3V, word mode)

* AM29LV800BB	: AMD 29LV800B	(3.3V, byte mode)
AM29LV800TW	: AMD 29LV800T	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV800TB	: AMD 29LV800T	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV008T	: AMD 29LV008T	(3.3V)
* AM29LV008B	: AMD 29LV008B	(3.3V)
AM29F016	: AMD 29F016	
AM29F016*2	: Dual AMD 29F016	
* AM29F017	: AMD 29F017	
AM29F017*2	: Dual AMD 29F017	
AM29LV017*2	: Dual AMD 29LV017	(3.3V)
* AM29F160BW	: AMD 29F160B	(word mode)
* AM29F160BB	: AMD 29F160B	(byte mode)
* AM29F160TW	: AMD 29F160T	(word mode)
* AM29F160TB	: AMD 29F160T	(byte mode)
* AM29F160BB*2	: Dual AMD 29F160B	(byte mode)
* AM29F160TB*2	: Dual AMD 29F160T	(byte mode)
AM29LV160BW	: AMD 29LV160B	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV160BB	: AMD 29LV160B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV160TW	: AMD 29LV160T	(3.3V, word mode)
* AM29LV160TB	: AMD 29LV160T	(3.3V, byte mode)
AM29LV160BB*2	: Dual AMD 29LV160B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* AM29LV160TB*2	: Dual AMD 29LV160T	(3.3V, byte mode)
AM29F032	: AMD 29F032	
AM29F032*2	: Dual AMD 29F032	
* AM29LV033	: AMD 29LV033	(3.3V)
* AM29LV033*2	: Dual AMD 29F033	(3.3V)
* AM29LV640	: AMD 29LV160	(3.3V, word mode)
* I28F001T	: Intel 28F001T	
* I28F001T*2	: Dual Intel 28F001T	
* I28F001B	: Intel 28F001B	
* I28F200BW	: Intel 28F200B	(word mode)
* I28F200BB	: Intel 28F200B	(byte mode)
* I28F200TW	: Intel 28F200T	(word mode)
* I28F200TB	: Intel 28F200T	(byte mode)
* I28F002B	: Intel 28F002B	
* I28F002T	: Intel 28F002T	
* I28F400BW	: Intel 28F400B	(word mode)
* I28F400BB	: Intel 28F400B	(byte mode)
I28F400TW	: Intel 28F400T	(word mode)
I28F400TB	: Intel 28F400T	(byte mode)

* I28F004B	: Intel 28F004B	
* I28F004T	: Intel 28F004T	
* I28F400B3B	: Intel 28F400B3B	Boot Block Smart3 Bottom
* I28F400B3T	: Intel 28F400B3T	Boot Block Smart3 Top
* I28F004S5	: Intel 28F004	FlashFile Smart3/5
* I28F800BW	: Intel 28F800B	(word mode)
* I28F800BB	: Intel 28F800B	(byte mode)
I28F800TW	: Intel 28F800T	(word mode)
* I28F800TB	: Intel 28F800T	(byte mode)
* I28F800B3B	: Intel 28F800B3B	Boot Block Smart3 Bottom
* I28F800B3T	: Intel 28F800B3T	Boot Block Smart3 Top
* I28F008B	: Intel 28F008B	
* I28F008T	: Intel 28F008T	
I28F008SA	: Intel 28F008	FlashFile 12V
I28F008SA*2	: Dual Intel 28F008	FlashFile 12V
I28F008S5	: Intel 28F008	FlashFile Smart3/5
I28F008S5*2	: Dual Intel 28F008	FlashFile Smart3/5
I28F016W	: Intel 28F016	FlashFile (word mode)
* I28F016B	: Intel 28F016	FlashFile (byte mode)
* I28F016S5	: Intel 28F016	FlashFile Smart3/5
* I28F160B3B	: Intel 28F160	Boot Block Smart3 Bottom
* I28F160B3T	: Intel 28F160	Boot Block Smart3 Top
* I28F160S5W	: Intel 28F160	FlashFile Smart5 (word mode)
* I28F160S5B	: Intel 28F160	FlashFile Smart5 (byte mode)
I28F320S5W	: Intel 28F320	FlashFile Smart3/5 (word mode)
* I28F320S5B	: Intel 28F320	FlashFile Smart3/5 (byte mode)
* I28F320J5W	: Intel 28F320	StrataFlash (word mode)
* I28F320J5B	: Intel 28F320	StrataFlash (byte mode)
* I28F320J3W	: Intel 28F320	StrataFlash (3.3V, word mode)
* I28F320J3B	: Intel 28F320	StrataFlash (3.3V, byte mode)
* I28F640J5W	: Intel 28F640	StrataFlash (word mode)
* I28F640J5B	: Intel 28F640	StrataFlash (byte mode)
* I28F640J3W	: Intel 28F640	StrataFlash (3.3V, word mode)
* I28F640J3B	: Intel 28F640	StrataFlash (3.3V, byte mode)
* I28F128J3W	: Intel 28F128	StrataFlash (3.3V, word mode)
* I28F128J3B	: Intel 28F128	StrataFlash (3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29F200BW	: Fujitsu 29F200B	(word mode)
* MBM29F200BB	: Fujitsu 29F200B	(byte mode)
* MBM29F200TW	: Fujitsu 29F200T	(word mode)
* MBM29F200TB	: Fujitsu 29F200T	(byte mode)

* MBM29LV200BW	: Fujitsu 29LV200B	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV200BB	: Fujitsu 29LV200B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29LV200TW	: Fujitsu 29LV200T	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV200TB	: Fujitsu 29LV200T	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29F002B	: Fujitsu 29F002B	
* MBM29F002SB	: Fujitsu 29F002SB	(TSOP40)
* MBM29LV002B	: Fujitsu 29LV002B	(3.3V)
* MBM29F002T	: Fujitsu 29F002T	
* MBM29F002ST	: Fujitsu 29F002ST	(TSOP40)
* MBM29LV002T	: Fujitsu 29LV002T	(3.3V)
* MBM29F040	: Fujitsu 29F040	
* MBM29F400BW	: Fujitsu 29F400B	(word mode)
* MBM29F400BB	: Fujitsu 29F400B	(byte mode)
* MBM29F400TW	: Fujitsu 29F400T	(word mode)
* MBM29F400TB	: Fujitsu 29F400T	(byte mode)
* MBM29LV400BW	: Fujitsu 29LV400B	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV400BB	: Fujitsu 29LV400B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29LV400TW	: Fujitsu 29LV400T	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV400TB	: Fujitsu 29LV400T	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29LV004B	: Fujitsu 29LV004B	(3.3V)
* MBM29LV004T	: Fujitsu 29LV004T	(3.3V)
* MBM29F080	: Fujitsu 29F080	
* MBM29LV080	: Fujitsu 29LV080	(3.3V)
* MBM29F800BW	: Fujitsu 29F800B	(word mode)
* MBM29F800BB	: Fujitsu 29F800B	(byte mode)
* MBM29F800TW	: Fujitsu 29F800T	(word mode)
* MBM29F800TB	: Fujitsu 29F800T	(byte mode)
* MBM29LV800BW	: Fujitsu 29LV800B	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV800BB	: Fujitsu 29LV800B	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29LV800TW	: Fujitsu 29LV800T	(3.3V, word mode)
* MBM29LV800TB	: Fujitsu 29LV800T	(3.3V, byte mode)
* MBM29LV008B	: Fujitsu 29LV008B	(3.3V)
* MBM29LV008T	: Fujitsu 29LV008T	(3.3V)
* MBM29F016	: Fujitsu 29F016	
* MBM29F016*2	: Dual Fujitsu 29F016	
* MBM29F017	: Fujitsu 29F017	
* MBM29F017*2	: Dual Fujitsu 29F017	
* MBM29F160BW	: Fujitsu 29LV160B	(word mode)
* MBM29F160BB	: Fujitsu 29LV160B	(byte mode)
* MBM29F160TW	: Fujitsu 29LV160T	(word mode)
* MBM29F160TB	: Fujitsu 29LV160T	(byte mode)