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June 2007

**Motion-SPM**<sup>™</sup>

# FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR®

# FSBB30CH60B Smart Power Module

#### Features

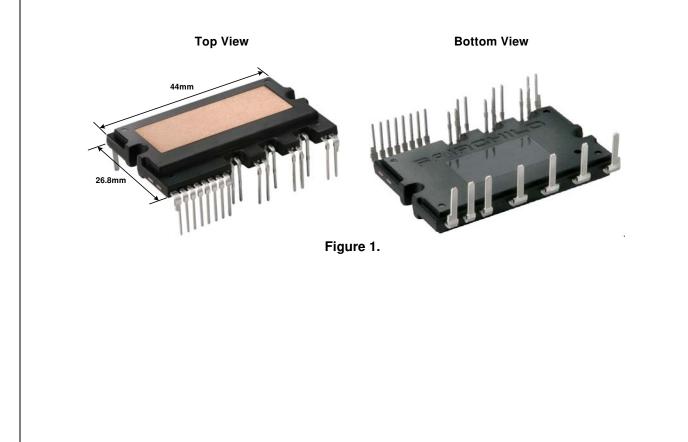
- UL Certified No.E209204(SPM27-EC package)
- · Very low thermal resistance due to using DBC
- · Easy PCB layout due to built in bootstrap diode
- 600V-30A 3-phase IGBT inverter bridge including control ICs for gate driving and protection
- Divided negative dc-link terminals for inverter current sensing applications
- Single-grounded power supply due to built-in HVIC
- Isolation rating of 2500Vrms/min.

## Applications

- AC 100V  $\sim$  253V three-phase inverter drive for small power ac motor drives
- Home appliances applications like air conditioner and washing machine

#### **General Description**

It is an advanced motion-smart power module (Motion-SPM<sup>TM</sup>) that Fairchild has newly developed and designed to provide very compact and high performance ac motor drives mainly targeting low-power inverter-driven application like air conditioner and washing machine. It combines optimized circuit protection and drive matched to low-loss IGBTs. System reliability is further enhanced by the integrated under-voltage lock-out and short-circuit protection. The high speed built-in HVIC provides opto-coupler-less single-supply IGBT gate driving capability that further reduce the overall size of the inverter system design. Each phase current of inverter can be monitored separately due to the divided negative dc terminals.



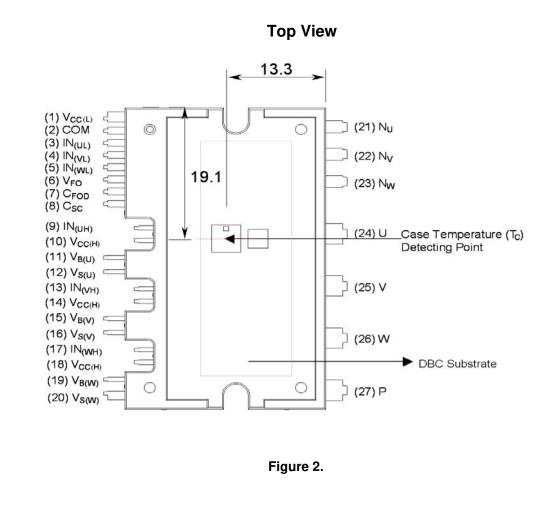
## **Integrated Power Functions**

• 600V-30A IGBT inverter for three-phase DC/AC power conversion (Please refer to Figure 3)

#### Integrated Drive, Protection and System Control Functions

- For inverter high-side IGBTs: Gate drive circuit, High voltage isolated high-speed level shifting
  Control circuit under-voltage (UV) protection
  Note) Available bootstrap circuit example is given in Figures 12 and 13.
- For inverter low-side IGBTs: Gate drive circuit, Short circuit protection (SC) Control supply circuit under-voltage (UV) protection
- · Fault signaling: Corresponding to UV (Low-side supply) and SC faults
- Input interface: 3.3/5V CMOS/LSTTL compatible, Schmitt trigger input

## **Pin Configuration**



| Pin Number | Pin Name           | Pin Description   |  |  |
|------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| 1          | V <sub>CC(L)</sub> | Low-side Common Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving         |  |  |
| 2          | СОМ                | Common Supply Ground  |  |  |
| 3          | IN <sub>(UL)</sub> | Signal Input for Low-side U Phase                             |  |  |
| 4          | IN <sub>(VL)</sub> | Signal Input for Low-side V Phase                             |  |  |
| 5          | IN <sub>(WL)</sub> | Signal Input for Low-side W Phase                             |  |  |
| 6          | V <sub>FO</sub>    | Fault Output  |  |  |
| 7          | C <sub>FOD</sub>   | Capacitor for Fault Output Duration Time Selection            |  |  |
| 8          | C <sub>SC</sub>    | Capacitor (Low-pass Filter) for Short-Current Detection Input |  |  |
| 9          | IN <sub>(UH)</sub> | Signal Input for High-side U Phase                            |  |  |
| 10         | V <sub>CC(H)</sub> | High-side Common Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving        |  |  |
| 11         | V <sub>B(U)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage for U Phase IGBT Driving               |  |  |
| 12         | V <sub>S(U)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage Ground for U Phase IGBT Driving        |  |  |
| 13         | IN <sub>(VH)</sub> | Signal Input for High-side V Phase                            |  |  |
| 14         | V <sub>CC(H)</sub> | High-side Common Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving        |  |  |
| 15         | V <sub>B(V)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage for V Phase IGBT Driving               |  |  |
| 16         | V <sub>S(V)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage Ground for V Phase IGBT Driving        |  |  |
| 17         | IN <sub>(WH)</sub> | Signal Input for High-side W Phase                            |  |  |
| 18         | V <sub>CC(H)</sub> | High-side Common Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving        |  |  |
| 19         | V <sub>B(W)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage for W Phase IGBT Driving               |  |  |
| 20         | V <sub>S(W)</sub>  | High-side Bias Voltage Ground for W Phase IGBT Driving        |  |  |
| 21         | NU                 | Negative DC-Link Input for U Phase                            |  |  |
| 22         | N <sub>V</sub>     | Negative DC-Link Input for V Phase                            |  |  |
| 23         | N <sub>W</sub>     | Negative DC-Link Input for W Phase                            |  |  |
| 24         | U                  | Output for U Phase  |  |  |
| 25         | V                  | Output for V Phase  |  |  |
| 26         | W                  | Output for W Phase  |  |  |
| 27         | Р                  | Positive DC-Link Input  |  |  |

FSBB30CH60B Smart Power Module

#### Internal Equivalent Circuit and Input/Output Pins P (27) (19) V VB (18) V<sub>CC</sub> VCC OUT COM (17) IN<sub>(V</sub> W (26) vs IN (20) V<sub>S(W)</sub> (15) V<sub>B(V</sub> VB (14) V<sub>cc</sub> VCC OUT COM (13) IN<sub>(VH)</sub> vs V (25) IN (1<u>6)</u> V<sub>S(V)</sub> (11) V<sub>B</sub> VB (10) V<sub>cc</sub> vcc OUT СОМ (9) IN<sub>(UH</sub> vs U (24) IN (12) V<sub>S(U)</sub> (8) C<sub>SC</sub> C(SC) OUT(WL (7) C<sub>FOD</sub> C(FOD) N<sub>w</sub> (23) (6) V<sub>FO</sub> VFO (5) IN(WL) IN(WL) OUT(VL) (4) IN<sub>(VL)</sub> IN(VL) N<sub>v</sub> (22) (3) IN<sub>(UL)</sub> IN(UL) (2) COM СОМ OUT(UL) (1) V<sub>CC(L)</sub> vcc $\rm V_{SL}$ N<sub>U</sub> (21)

#### Note:

1. Inverter low-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes for each IGBT and one control IC. It has gate drive and protection functions.

2. Inverter power side is composed of four inverter dc-link input terminals and three inverter output terminals.

3. Inverter high-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes and three drive ICs for each IGBT.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### **Inverter Part**

| Symbol                 | Parameter                          | Conditions  | Rating    | Units |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------|
| V <sub>PN</sub>        | Supply Voltage                     | Applied between P- N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub> | 450       | V     |
| V <sub>PN(Surge)</sub> | Supply Voltage (Surge)             | Applied between P- N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub> | 500       | V     |
| V <sub>CES</sub>       | Collector-emitter Voltage          |   | 600       | V     |
| ± I <sub>C</sub>       | Each IGBT Collector Current        | $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$                                     | 30        | А     |
| ± I <sub>CP</sub>      | Each IGBT Collector Current (Peak) | T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, Under 1ms Pulse Width                        | 60        | А     |
| P <sub>C</sub>         | Collector Dissipation              | T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C per One Chip                                  | 106       | W     |
| TJ                     | Operating Junction Temperature     | (Note 1)  | -40 ~ 150 | °C    |

Note:

1. The maximum junction temperature rating of the power chips integrated within the SPM is  $150^{\circ}C(@T_{C} \le 125^{\circ}C)$ .

#### **Control Part**

| Symbol          | Parameter                         | Conditions  | Rating                    | Units |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Control Supply Voltage            | Applied between V <sub>CC(H)</sub> , V <sub>CC(L)</sub> - COM                       | 20                        | V     |
| V <sub>BS</sub> | High-side Control Bias<br>Voltage | Applied between $V_{B(U)}$ - $V_{S(U)},V_{B(V)}$ - $V_{S(V)},V_{B(W)}$ - $V_{S(W)}$ | 20                        | V     |
| V <sub>IN</sub> | Input Signal Voltage              | $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$                                | -0.3~17                   | V     |
| V <sub>FO</sub> | Fault Output Supply Voltage       | Applied between V <sub>FO</sub> - COM   | -0.3~V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V     |
| I <sub>FO</sub> | Fault Output Current              | Sink Current at V <sub>FO</sub> Pin   | 5                         | mA    |
| V <sub>SC</sub> | Current Sensing Input Voltage     | Applied between C <sub>SC</sub> - COM   | -0.3~V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V     |

#### **Bootstrap Diode Part**

| Symbol           | Parameter                          | Conditions                                   | Rating    | Units |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------|-------|
| V <sub>RRM</sub> | Maximum Repetitive Reverse Voltage |  | 600       | V     |
| ١ <sub>F</sub>   | Forward Current                    | $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$              | 0.5       | А     |
| I <sub>FP</sub>  | Forward Current (Peak)             | T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, Under 1ms Pulse Width | 2         | А     |
| TJ               | Operating Junction Temperature     |  | -40 ~ 150 | °C    |

#### **Total System**

| Symbol           | Parameter                         | Conditions  | Rating    | Units            |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|------------------|
|                  |                                   | $\label{eq:V_CC} \begin{array}{l} V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 13.5 \sim 16.5 V \\ T_J = 150^\circ C, \ \mbox{Non-repetitive, less than } 2 \mu s \end{array}$ | 400       | V                |
| т <sub>с</sub>   | Module Case Operation Temperature | -40°C $\leq$ T <sub>J</sub> $\leq$ 150°C, See Figure 2  | -40 ~ 125 | °C               |
| T <sub>STG</sub> | Storage Temperature               |   | -40 ~ 150 | °C               |
| V <sub>ISO</sub> | Isolation Voltage                 | 60Hz, Sinusoidal, AC 1 minute, Connection<br>Pins to heat sink plate  | 2500      | V <sub>rms</sub> |

#### Thermal Resistance

| Symbol                | Parameter                | Conditions                          | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub> | Junction to Case Thermal | Inverter IGBT part (per 1/6 module) | -    | -    | 1.17 | °C/W  |
| R <sub>th(j-c)F</sub> | Resistance               | Inverter FWD part (per 1/6 module)  | -    | -    | 1.87 | °C/W  |

Note:

2. For the measurement point of case temperature(T\_C), please refer to Figure 2.

## Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### **Inverter Part**

| S  | ymbol               | Parameter                               | Cond  | itions   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|----|---------------------|---|---|--|------|------|------|-------|
| V  | CE(SAT)             | Collector-Emitter Saturation<br>Voltage | $V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15V$<br>$V_{IN} = 5V$                    | $I_{\rm C} = 20A, T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$ | -    | -    | 2.0  | V     |
|    | V <sub>F</sub>      | FWD Forward Voltage                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V  | $I_F = 20A, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$                   | -    | -    | 2.1  | V     |
| HS | t <sub>ON</sub>     | Switching Times                         | $V_{PN} = 300V, V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15V$                      |  | -    | 0.80 | -    | μS    |
|    | t <sub>C(ON)</sub>  |   | $I_{C} = 30A$<br>$V_{IN} = 0V \leftrightarrow 5V$ , Inducti | veload   | -    | 0.25 | -    | μS    |
|    | t <sub>OFF</sub>    |   | (Note 3) $(Note 3)$   | Ve Load  | -    | 0.70 | -    | μs    |
|    | t <sub>C(OFF)</sub> |   |   |  | -    | 0.10 | -    | μS    |
|    | t <sub>rr</sub>     |   |   |  | -    | 0.10 | -    | μS    |
| LS | t <sub>ON</sub>     |   | $V_{PN} = 300V, V_{CC} = V_{B2}$                            | <sub>S</sub> = 15V                               | -    | 0.60 | -    | μs    |
|    | t <sub>C(ON)</sub>  |   | $I_{C} = 30A$<br>$V_{IN} = 0V \leftrightarrow 5V$ , Inducti | veload   | -    | 0.45 | -    | μs    |
|    | t <sub>OFF</sub>    |   | (Note 3) $(Note 3)$   | Ve Load  | -    | 0.70 | -    | μs    |
|    | t <sub>C(OFF)</sub> |   |   |  | -    | 0.15 | -    | μs    |
|    | t <sub>rr</sub>     | ]                                       |   |  | -    | 0.15 | -    | μs    |
|    | I <sub>CES</sub>    | Collector-Emitter<br>Leakage Current    | V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>CES</sub>                          |  | -    | -    | 1    | mA    |

Note:

 t<sub>ON</sub> and t<sub>OFF</sub> include the propagation delay time of the internal drive IC. t<sub>C(ON)</sub> and t<sub>C(OFF)</sub> are the switching time of IGBT itself under the given gate driving condition internally. For the detailed information, please see Figure 4.

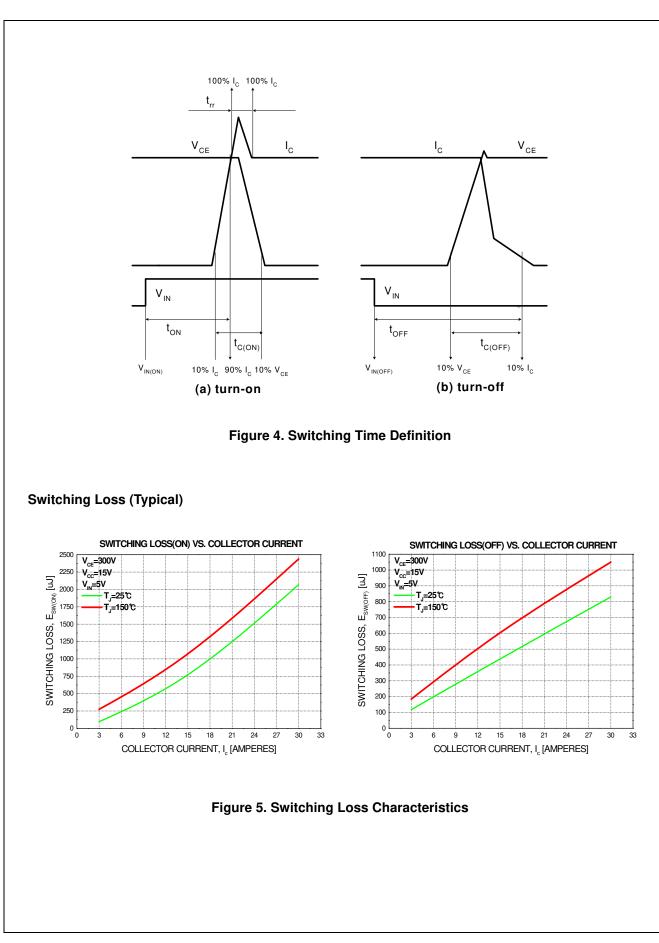
#### **Control Part**

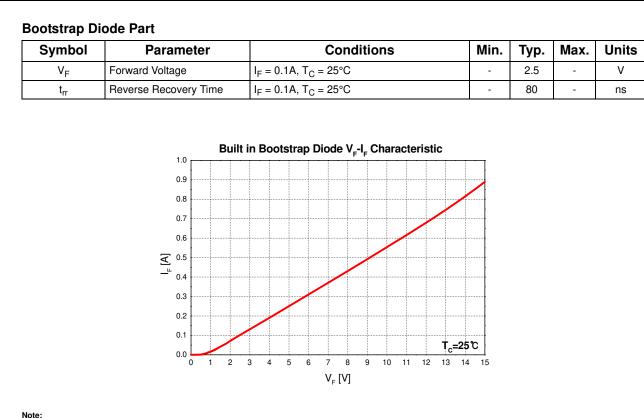
| Symbol               | Parameter                                   | Conditions  |  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|----------------------|---|---|--|------|------|------|-------|
| IQCCL                | Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> Supply<br>Current | V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V<br>IN <sub>(UL, VL, WL)</sub> = 0V      | V <sub>CC(L)</sub> - COM   | -    | -    | 23   | mA    |
| IQCCH                |   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V<br>IN <sub>(UH, VH, WH)</sub> = 0V      | V <sub>CC(H)</sub> - COM   | -    | -    | 600  | μA    |
| I <sub>QBS</sub>     | Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> Supply<br>Current | V <sub>BS</sub> = 15V<br>IN <sub>(UH, VH, WH)</sub> = 0V      | $ \begin{array}{c} V_{B(U)} \ \text{-} \ V_{S(U)}, \ V_{B(V)} \ \text{-} V_{S(V)}, \\ V_{B(W)} \ \text{-} \ V_{S(W)} \end{array} $ | -    | -    | 500  | μA    |
| V <sub>FOH</sub>     | Fault Output Voltage                        | $V_{SC} = 0V, V_{FO}$ Circuit: 4.7k $\Omega$ to 5V Pull-up    |  | 4.5  | -    | -    | V     |
| V <sub>FOL</sub>     |   | $V_{SC} = 1V$ , $V_{FO}$ Circuit: 4.7k $\Omega$ to 5V Pull-up |  | -    | -    | 0.8  | V     |
| V <sub>SC(ref)</sub> | Short Circuit Trip Level                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V (Note 4)                                |  | 0.45 | 0.5  | 0.55 | V     |
| TSD                  | Over-temperature protec-<br>tion            | Temperature at LVIC   |  | -    | 160  | -    | °C    |
| ∆TSD                 | Over-temperature protec-<br>tion hysterisis | Temperature at LVIC   | )  | -    | 5    | -    | °C    |
| UV <sub>CCD</sub>    | Supply Circuit Under-                       | Detection Level   |  | 10.7 | 11.9 | 13.0 | V     |
| UV <sub>CCR</sub>    | Voltage Protection                          | Reset Level   |  | 11.2 | 12.4 | 13.4 | V     |
| UV <sub>BSD</sub>    |   | Detection Level   |  | 10   | 11   | 12   | V     |
| UV <sub>BSR</sub>    | 1   | Reset Level   |  | 10.5 | 11.5 | 12.5 | V     |
| t <sub>FOD</sub>     | Fault-out Pulse Width                       | C <sub>FOD</sub> = 33nF (Note                                 | 5)   | 1.0  | 1.8  | -    | ms    |
| V <sub>IN(ON)</sub>  | ON Threshold Voltage                        | Applied between IN  | $_{(\text{UH})}, \text{ IN}_{(\text{VH})}, \text{ IN}_{(\text{WH})}, \text{ IN}_{(\text{UL})},$                                    | 2.8  | -    | -    | V     |
| V <sub>IN(OFF)</sub> | OFF Threshold Voltage                       | IN <sub>(VL)</sub> , IN <sub>(WL)</sub> - COM                 |  | -    | -    | 0.8  | V     |

Note:

4. Short-circuit current protection is functioning only at the low-sides.

5. The fault-out pulse width  $t_{FOD}$  depends on the capacitance value of  $C_{FOD}$  according to the following approximate equation :  $C_{FOD} = 18.3 \times 10^{-6} \times t_{FOD}[F]$ 





Note:

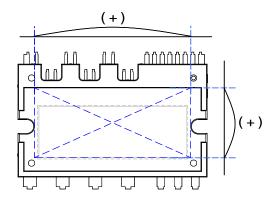
6. Built in bootstrap diode includes around  $15\Omega$  resistance characteristic.



## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

| Symbol  | Parameter                                 | Conditions  |      | Value |      | Units |
|---|---|---|------|-------|------|-------|
| Symbol  | Faiailletei                               | Conditions  | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Units |
| V <sub>PN</sub>                               | Supply Voltage                            | Applied between P - NU, NV, NW  | -    | 300   | 400  | V     |
| V <sub>CC</sub>                               | Control Supply Voltage                    | Applied between V <sub>CC(H)</sub> , V <sub>CC(L)</sub> - COM                                       | 13.5 | 15    | 16.5 | V     |
| V <sub>BS</sub>                               | High-side Bias Voltage                    | Applied between $V_{B(U)}$ - $V_{S(U)},V_{B(V)}$ - $V_{S(V)},V_{B(W)}$ - $V_{S(W)}$                 | 13.0 | 15    | 18.5 | V     |
| dV <sub>CC</sub> /dt,<br>dV <sub>BS</sub> /dt | Control supply variation                  |   | -1   | -     | 1    | V/µs  |
| t <sub>dead</sub>                             | Blanking Time for Preventing<br>Arm-short | For Each Input Signal   | 2.0  | -     | -    | μS    |
| f <sub>PWM</sub>                              | PWM Input Signal                          | $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_C \leq 125^{\circ}C, \ -40^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq 150^{\circ}C$                | -    | -     | 20   | kHz   |
| V <sub>SEN</sub>                              | Voltage for Current Sensing               | Applied between N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub> - COM<br>(Including surge voltage) | -4   |       | 4    | V     |

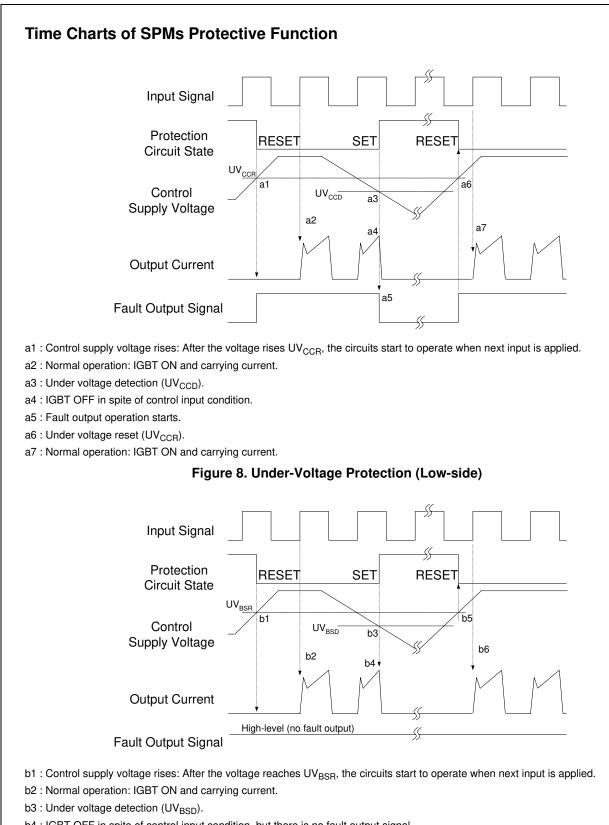
| Deveneter       |                      | anditiona           |      | Limits |      | Unite |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Parameter       |                      | onditions           | Min. | Тур.   | Max. | Units |
| Mounting Torque | Mounting Screw: - M3 | Recommended 0.62N•m | 0.51 | 0.62   | 0.80 | N•m   |
| Device Flatness |                      | Note Figure 5       | 0    | -      | +120 | μm    |
| Weight          |                      |                     | -    | 15.00  | -    | g     |



#### Figure 7. Flatness Measurement Position

## Package Marking and Ordering Information

| Device Marking | Device      | Package  | Reel Size | Tape Width | Quantity |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| FSBB30CH60B    | FSBB30CH60B | SPM27-EC | -         | -          | 10       |

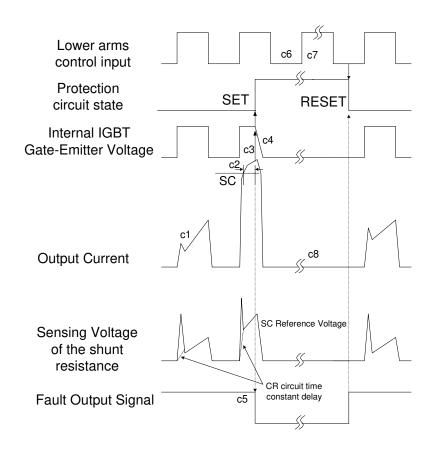


b4 : IGBT OFF in spite of control input condition, but there is no fault output signal.

b5 : Under voltage reset (UV<sub>BSR</sub>)

b6 : Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current

## Figure 9. Under-Voltage Protection (High-side)



(with the external shunt resistance and CR connection)

c1 : Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

c2 : Short circuit current detection (SC trigger).

c3 : Hard IGBT gate interrupt.

c4 : IGBT turns OFF.

c5 : Fault output timer operation starts: The pulse width of the fault output signal is set by the external capacitor  $C_{FO}$ .

c6 : Input "L" : IGBT OFF state.

c7 : Input "H": IGBT ON state, but during the active period of fault output the IGBT doesn't turn ON.

c8 : IGBT OFF state

Figure 10. Short-Circuit Current Protection (Low-side Operation only)

FSBB30CH60B Smart Power Module

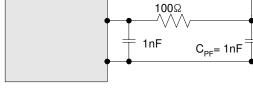
SPM

 $IN_{(UH)},\ IN_{(VH)},\ IN_{(WH)}$ 

 $IN_{(UL)},\ IN_{(VL)},\ IN_{(WL)}$ 

V<sub>FO</sub>

COM



Note:

1) RC coupling at each input might change depending on the PWM control scheme used in the application and the wiring impedance of the application's printed circuit board. The SPM input signal section integrates 5kΩ (typ.) pull-down resistor. Therefore, when using an external filtering resistor, please pay attention to the signal voltage drop at input terminal.

1nF+

1nF≑

5V-Line

R<sub>PF</sub>=4.7kΩ

**100**Ω

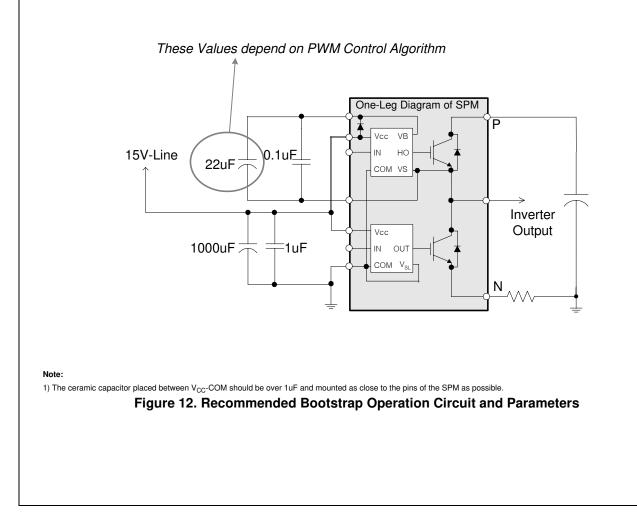
**100**Ω

 $\sim$ 

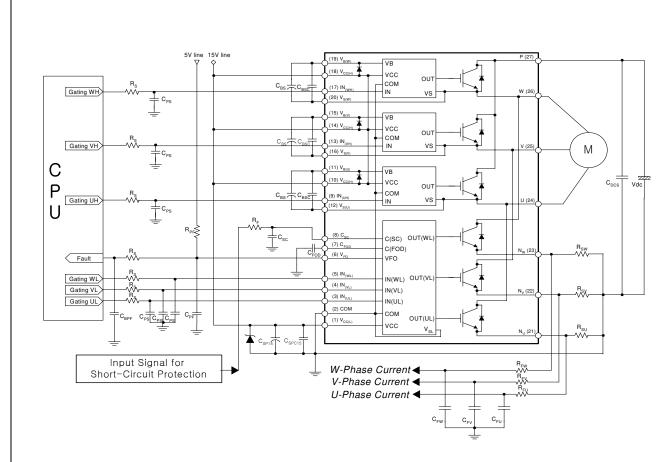
2) The logic input is compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL outputs.

CPU

#### Figure 11. Recommended CPU I/O Interface Circuit



FSBB30CH60B Smart Power Module



#### Note:

1) To avoid malfunction, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible. (less than 2-3cm)

2) By virtue of integrating an application specific type HVIC inside the SPM, direct coupling to CPU terminals without any opto-coupler or transformer isolation is possible.

3)  $V_{FO}$  output is open collector type. This signal line should be pulled up to the positive side of the 5V power supply with approximately 4.7k $\Omega$  resistance. Please refer to Figure 11. 4)  $C_{SP15}$  of around 7 times larger than bootstrap capacitor  $C_{BS}$  is recommended.

5)  $V_{FO}$  output pulse width should be determined by connecting an external capacitor( $C_{FOD}$ ) between  $C_{FOD}$ (pin7) and COM(pin2). (Example : if  $C_{FOD}$  = 33 nF, then  $t_{FO}$  = 1.8ms (typ.)) Please refer to the note 5 for calculation method.

6) Input signal is High-Active type. There is a 5kΩ resistor inside the IC to pull down each input signal line to GND. RC coupling circuits should be adopted for the prevention of input signal oscillation. R<sub>S</sub>C<sub>PS</sub> time constant should be selected in the range 50~150ns. C<sub>PS</sub> should not be less than 1nF.(Recommended R<sub>S</sub>=100Ω, C<sub>PS</sub>=1nF)

7) To prevent errors of the protection function, the wiring around  $\mathsf{R}_\mathsf{F}$  and  $\mathsf{C}_\mathsf{SC}$  should be as short as possible.

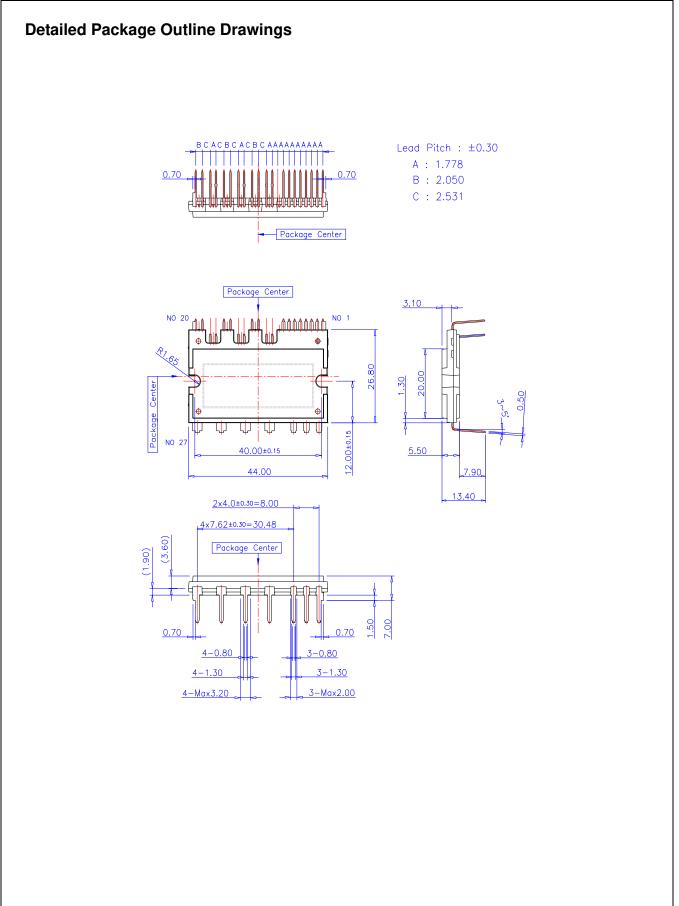
8) In the short-circuit protection circuit, please select the  $R_FC_{SC}$  time constant in the range 1.5~2 $\mu s.$ 

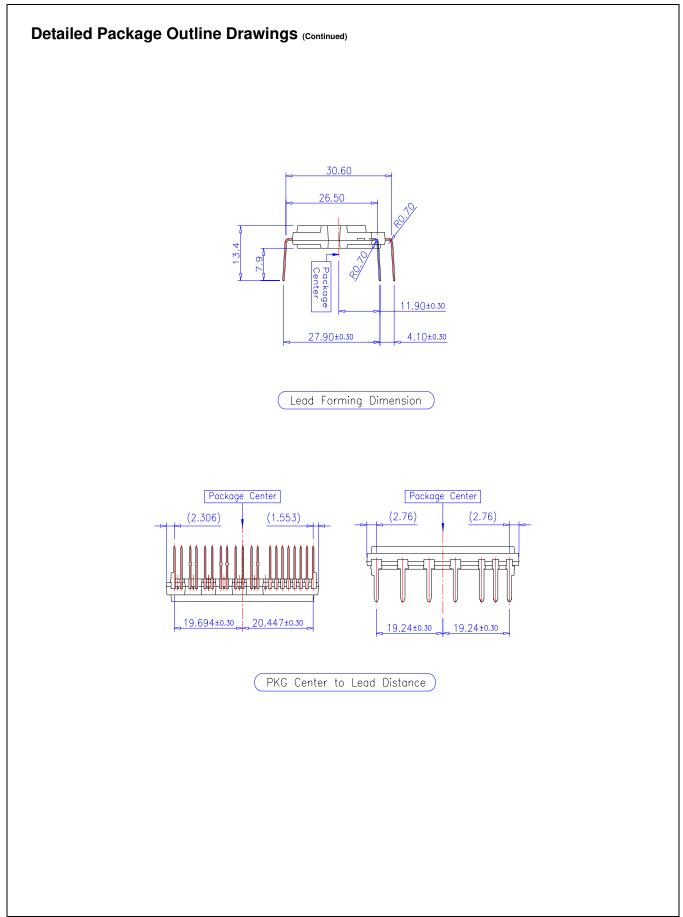
9) Each capacitor should be mounted as close to the pins of the SPM as possible.

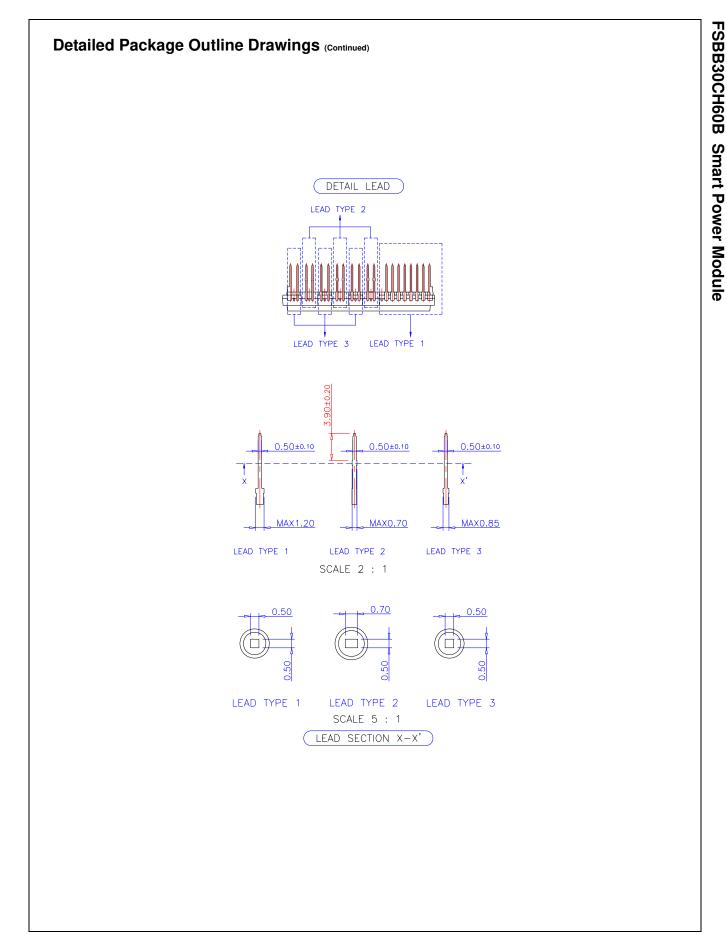
10) To prevent surge destruction, the wiring between the smoothing capacitor and the P&GND pins should be as short as possible. The use of a high frequency non-inductive capacitor of around 0.1~0.22µF between the P&GND pins is recommended.

11) Relays are used at almost every systems of electrical equipments of home appliances. In these cases, there should be sufficient distance between the CPU and the relays.
 12) C<sub>SPC15</sub> should be over 1µF and mounted as close to the pins of the SPM as possible.

#### Figure 13. Typical Application Circuit









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