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## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

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Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China







## **GP1S36**

#### ■ Features

- 1. Subminiature (4.0×4.2×3.8mm)
  (with built-in super compact ball for detecting tilt direction)
- 2. 2-phase output type
- Able to detect the tilt direction of both side (±90°) by the position of rolling ball.
- 4. High reliability due to non-contact structure

Abaaluta Maximum Datings

#### ■ Applications

- 1. Digital cameras
- 2. Camcoders

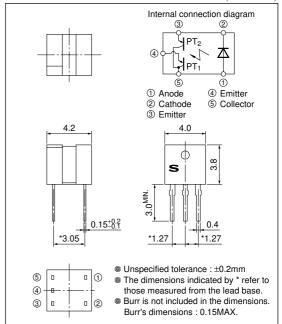
Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)								
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit				
	Forward current	IF	50	mA				
Input	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V				
	Power dissipation	P	Rating   50   6   75   35   6   20   75   100   -25 to +85   -40 to +100   260	mW				
	Collector-emitter	$V_{CE_{1}O}$	25	V				
	voltage	$V_{\text{CE}_2\text{O}}$	33					
0	Emitter-collector	$V_{E_1CO}$	(	V				
Output	voltage	V <sub>E2</sub> CO	0					
	Collector current	Ic	20	mA				
	Collector Power dissipation	Pc	75	mW				
	Total power dissipation		100	mW				
Operating temperature		Topr	-25 to +85	°C				
Storage temperature *1 Soldering temperature 1 *2 Soldering temperature 2		Tstg	-40 to +100	°C				
		Tsol	260	°C				
		Tsol	320	°C				

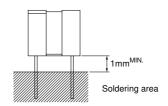
<sup>\*1</sup> For MAX. 5s

# Photointerrupter for Detecting Tilt Direction

#### **■** Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)





<sup>\*2</sup> For MAX. 2s at the position of 0.8mm from the bottomface of resin package by hand soldering.

#### **■** Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta	$=25^{\circ}$	C

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage		VF	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current		IR	$V_R=3V$	_	_	10	μΑ
*3 Output	t Collector dark current		Iceo	Vce=20V	-	_	100	nA
*3 Coupling Characteristics	Collector current		Ic	Vce=5V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	60	_	360	μΑ
	*4 Leak current		ILEAK	Vce=5V, I <sub>F</sub> =5mA			15	μΑ
	Response time	Rise time	tr	Vce=5V, Ic=100μA	_	50	150	μs
		Fall time	tf	$R_L=1~000\Omega$	-	50	150	μs
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>C</sub> =60μA	_	_	0.4	V

<sup>\*3</sup> Output and coupling characteristics are common to the both phototransistors.

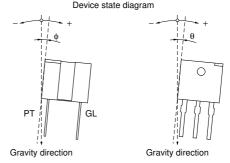
#### ■ Detecting Angle Characteristics

θ	-90° ← -	·75° ←→	-15°	$\leftrightarrow$	+15°	$\leftrightarrow$	+75°	$\leftrightarrow$	+90°	
Icı	ON					*5	OFF			
Ic2	OFF	*5				ON				

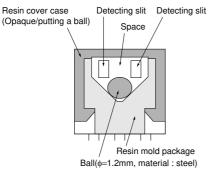
<sup>#</sup> Conditions : IF=5mA, VCC=5V, \$\phi<=\pm 5

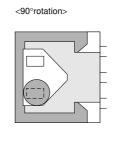
$$\begin{split} & I_{C1}: Output \ current \ of \ phototransistors \ PT_1 \\ & I_{C2}: Output \ current \ of \ phototransistors \ PT_2 \\ & \theta: Device \ condition: \ Refer \ to \ the \ figure \\ & \varphi: Device \ condition: \ Refer \ to \ the \ figure \end{split}$$

ON :Output current of phototransistors :  $60\mu A$  or more OFF : Output current of phototransistors :  $15\mu A$  or less \*\* Output current of ON/OFF is output when device is at a standstill



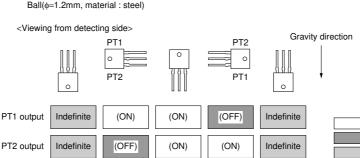
### ■ Supplement





PT : Detecting PT : Opaque

PT : Indefinite



<sup>\*4</sup> Characteristics except leak current is measured at  $\theta$ =0°,  $\phi$ =0°.

Leak current is the output current of transistor when  $\theta=\pm90^{\circ}$ ,  $\phi=0^{\circ}$  and IC=OFF.

<sup>\*5</sup> Indefinite

**GP1S36** 

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

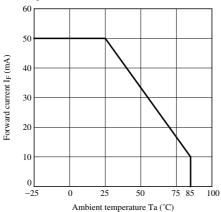


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

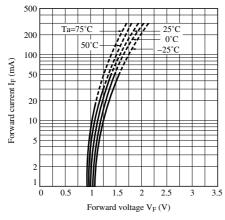


Fig.5 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

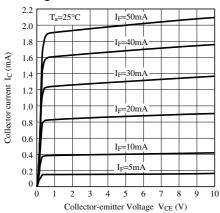


Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

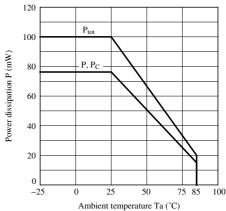


Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Forward Current

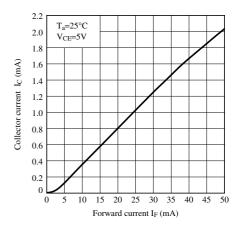
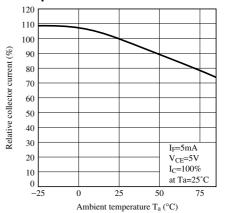


Fig.6 Relative Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature



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Fig.7 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

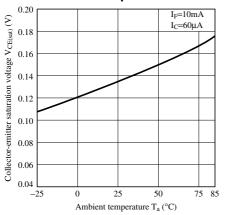


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

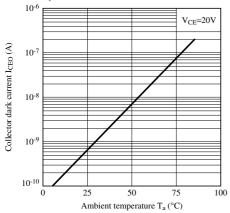


Fig.8 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

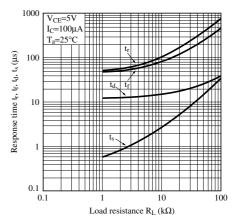
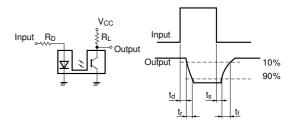


Fig.10 Test Circuit for Response Time



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